



MPLAB® Harmony Help - Demo Apps

MPLAB Harmony Integrated Software Framework v1.11

Applications Help

This section provides information on the various application demonstrations that are included in MPLAB Harmony.

Description

Applications determine how MPLAB Harmony libraries (device drivers, middleware, and system services) are used to do something useful. In a MPLAB Harmony system, there may be one main application, there may be multiple independent applications or there may be one or more Operating System (OS) specific applications. Applications interact with MPLAB Harmony libraries through well defined interfaces. Applications may operate in a strictly polling environment, they may be interrupt driven, they may be executed in OS-specific threads, or they may be written so as to be flexible and easily configured for any of these environments. Applications generally fit into one of the following categories.

Demonstration Applications

Demonstration applications are provided (with MPLAB Harmony or in separate installations) to demonstrate typical or interesting usage models of one or more MPLAB Harmony libraries. Demonstration applications can demonstrate realistic solutions to real-life problems.

Sample Applications

Sample applications are extremely simple applications provided with MPLAB Harmony as examples of how to use individual features of a library. They will not normally accomplish anything useful on their own. They are provided primarily as documentation to show how to use a library.

Audio Demonstrations

This section provides information on the Audio Demonstrations provided in your installation of MPLAB Harmony.

Introduction

MPLAB Harmony Audio Demonstrations Help.

Description

This help file contains instructions and associated information about MPLAB Harmony Audio demonstration applications, which are contained in the MPLAB Harmony Library distribution.

Demonstrations

Provides instructions on how to run the demonstration applications.

audio_microphone_loopback

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

In this demonstration application, the AK4642 Codec Driver sets up the AK4642 Codec, which is the on-board device on the Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642EN, and can receive audio data through the microphone onboard the daughter board and sends this audio data out through the on-board headphones. The Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642EN, which is available for purchase from Microchip, can be connected to the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit.

The demonstration application also shows how to configure the I2S client and DMA channels for applications that need two-way data communication between the Codec and the PIC32 microcontroller.

Refer to the *Framework Help > Driver Libraries Help > Decoder Libraries Help > AK4642 Codec Driver Library* section for more information on the driver, including configuration details as well as the available APIs.

The DRV_CODEC_IO_INTENT_READWRITE mode of the AK4642EN Codec Driver is useful when the application can guarantee that the I2S playback buffers (even if it is zeros) are the same size and same sampling rate as the microphone (record) buffers that are received over I2S.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `audio_microphone_loopback.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/audio/audio_microphone_loopback`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>audio_microphone_loopback.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/audio/audio_microphone_loopback/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
bt_audio_dk_16bit	bt_audio_dk	<p>This demonstration runs on the PIC32MX470F512L PIM mounted on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit and the Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642EN. The default configuration is for 16-bit data width, 48000 Hz sampling frequency, and I2S Audio protocol.</p> <p>In MHC, the Audio protocol can be changed in the I2S driver and the Codec Driver is automatically configured for the appropriate audio data format corresponding to I2S protocol set.</p> <p>The Data width can be changed to be 24-bit as that is supported by the Codec. The SPI communication width setting and the I2S audio data format should be selected corresponding to 24-bit width by the application user. The Codec Driver automatically configures itself to the correct data format once the I2S format is specified.</p>
pic32mx270f512l_pim_bt_audio_dk	pic32mx270f512l_pim+bt_audio_dk	<p>This demonstration runs on the PIC32MX270F512L PIM mounted on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit and the Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642EN. The default configuration is for 16-bit data width, 48000 Hz sampling frequency, and I2S Audio protocol.</p> <p>In MHC, the Audio protocol can be changed in the I2S driver and the Codec Driver is automatically configured for the appropriate audio data format corresponding to I2S protocol set.</p> <p>The Data width can be changed to be 24-bit as that is supported by the Codec. The SPI communication width setting and the I2S audio data format should be selected corresponding to 24-bit width by the application user. The Codec Driver automatically configures itself to the correct data format once the I2S format is specified.</p>
pic32mz_ef_pim_bt_audio_dk	pic32mz_ef_pim+bt_audio_dk	<p>This demonstration runs on the PIC32MZ2048EFH144 PIM mounted on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit and the Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642EN. The default configuration is for 16-bit data width, 48000 Hz sampling frequency, and I2S Audio protocol.</p> <p>In MHC, the Audio protocol can be changed in the I2S driver and the Codec Driver is automatically configured for the appropriate audio data format corresponding to I2S protocol set.</p> <p>The Data width can be changed to be 24-bit as that is supported by the Codec. The SPI communication width setting and the I2S audio data format should be selected corresponding to 24-bit width by the application user. The Codec Driver automatically configures itself to the correct data format once the I2S format is specified.</p>

Configuring the Hardware

This section describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit with PIC32MX270F512L PIM for Bluetooth Audio Development Kit and the Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642EN (see **Note**)

Switch S1 on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Board should be set to PIM_MCLR.

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit with the PIC32MX470F512L and the Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642EN (see **Note**)

Switch S1 on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Board should be set to PIC32_MCLR.

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit with PIC32MZ2048EFH144 Plug-in Module (PIM) and the Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642EN (see **Note**)

Switch S1 on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Board should be set to PIM_MCLR.



Note: The PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit includes an Audio DAC Daughter Board; however, the Audio DAC Daughter Board must be replaced by the Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642.

Running the Demonstration

This section demonstrates how to run the demonstration.

Description



Important!

Prior to using this demonstration, it is recommended to review the MPLAB Harmony Release Notes for any known issues. A PDF copy of the release notes is provided in the `<install-dir>/doc` folder of your installation.

Do the following to run the demonstration:

1. Compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the appropriate MPLAB X IDE project configuration based on the demonstration board. Refer to [Building the Application](#) for details.
2. Connect speakers or headphones to the line-out line connector on the Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642EN.
3. The on-board microphone (MIC3) will begin capturing surrounding audio and start looping it through the Codec to the microprocessor and back to the Codec headphones where you should be able to audibly observe the microphone input. An easy way to test this is to gently rub the microphone with your fingertip and listen for the resulting sound in your speaker or headphones.

audio_tone

This section provides instructions and information about the MPLAB Harmony Codec Driver demonstration application, which is included in the MPLAB Harmony Library distribution.

Description

In this demonstration application, the Codec Driver sets up the Codec, which is present on the development board. The demonstration sends out generated audio waveforms (sine tone and chirp) with parameters modifiable through a Graphic User Interface (GUI) based on the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library graphics and on-board push buttons. Success is indicated by an audible output corresponding to displayed parameters.

The sine tone is of any frequency that is four times less than the sampling rate using a 32-bit fixed point algorithm. The tone can be continuously modified in frequency so as to also generate a chirp waveform. A timer is used control the duration of the sine tone or chirp, based on displayed settings modified by the buttons.

To know more about the MPLAB Harmony Codec Drivers, configuring the Codec Drivers, and the APIs provided by the Codec Drivers, refer to Codec Driver Libraries.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `audio_tone.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/audio/audio_tone`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
audio_tone.X	<code><install-dir>/apps/audio/audio_tone/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
bt_audio_dk_16bit_48000_RJ	bt_audio_dk	This demonstration runs on the PIC32MX470F512L device on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit and the Audio DAC Daughter Board. The configuration is for a sine tone or chirp signal with 16-bit data width, 48000 Hz sampling frequency, and right-justified audio protocol.
bt_audio_dk_24bit_44100_I2S	bt_audio_dk	This demonstration runs on the PIC32MX470F512L device on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit and the Audio DAC Daughter Board. The configuration is for a sine tone or chirp signal with 24-bit data width, 44100 Hz sampling frequency, and right-justified audio protocol.

Configuring the Hardware

This section describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit and Audio DAC Daughter Board
Switch S1 on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Board should be set to PIC32_MCLR.

Running the Demonstration


This section demonstrates how to run the demonstration.

Description


Both continuous sine tones and finite length sine tones and chirps can be generated. **Table 1** provides a summary of the button actions that can be used to control the audio output waveform characteristics. **Figure 2** shows the location of the display functionality that interacts with the buttons controls and how it reflects the current state of the audio output.

Compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the appropriate MPLAB X IDE project configuration based on the demonstration board. Refer to [Building the Application](#) for details.

1. Connect speakers or headphones to the line-out line connector of the Audio DAC/Codec Daughter Board (see **Figure 1**).
2. The tone can be quite loud, especially when using a pair of headphones. Before running the demonstration, turn the volume control, P2, which is located on the back of the PIC32 Audio DAC Daughter Board, all the way clockwise, and then turn it counterclockwise until the tone can be heard clearly.
3. Initially, a continuous 440 Hz sine tone can be heard, as indicated on the "f1 Hz" digital meter display.
4. SW4 will turn the audio on or off, as indicated by the audible output and the display of "Sine Tone - OFF" or "Sine Tone - ON"
5. Modifiable parameters are selected by pressing SW1, which cycles through the parameters displayed as "f1 (Hz)", f2 (Hz), and "t (ms)". Initially, the "f1 (Hz)" parameter is selected. The value of any selected parameter can be changed by using SW5/SW6 to raise or lower the value, respectively. The "f2 (Hz)" parameter, is the chirp final frequency. The "t (ms)" parameter is the duration of the signal in milliseconds. Note that as SW1 is pressed, there will be no change on the display; however, the demonstration is advancing to the next parameter, and then wraps around.

 **Note:** A long press (5 seconds) of SW 1 will set the selected parameter value to its minimum allowable value. A long press of SW2 will set the maximum value.

5. The Sine Tone or Chirp modes are selected by pressing SW2. The output automatically turns off when a new mode is selected. Pressing SW4 initiates the audible output based on the current settings of the parameters.

 **Notes:**

1. When the "t (ms)" parameter is displayed as 99999, a continuous sine tone is generated at the "f1 (Hz)" frequency for either mode. Incrementing the value by pressing SW3 will initiate finite length chirps or sine tones starting from 0 and increasing by 10 ms steps for each increment/decrement.
2. Long presses of SW5/SW3 will accelerate the incrementing/decrementing of the selected value.

6. The displayed sampling frequency can be verified by probing the point "LRCK Pin Point" of the Audio DAC/Codec Daughter Board (PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit configurations), as shown in **Figure 1**.
7. The signal frequency of the continuous Sine Tone output can be verified by probing the "Line Out Point" of the Audio DAC/Codec Daughter Board, as shown in **Figure 1**. The frequency should match the "f1 (Hz)" display value. Finite length sine tones and chirp parameters can also be verified by probing this point with a storage oscilloscope.

Figure 1: Audio DAC Daughter Board on PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit

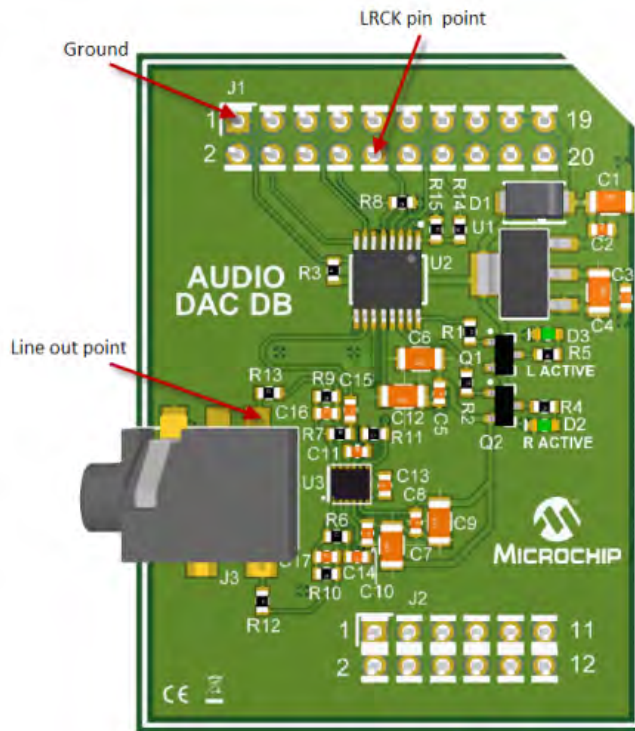


Figure 2: Audio Tone Graphics Display



Control Descriptions

Table 1: Button Controls


Control	Description
SW1	f1/f2/t parameter selection (long press - parameter minimum value).
SW2	Chirp/Sine mode selection (long press - parameter maximum value).
SW3/SW5	Parameter increment/decrement (long press - accelerates increment/decrement).
SW4	Audio ON/OFF Note: Finite length waveforms will play, and then turn OFF.

mac_audio_hi_res

Demonstrates a USB Audio 2.0 Device that emulates a USB speaker.

Description

This demonstration application uses the USB Audio 2.0 Device class to implement a speaker. This demonstration is considered a Beta version and will be updated in a future release of MPLAB Harmony.

 **Note:** This demonstration can be used only with an Apple Mac personal computer such as the Apple MacBook Air OS X 10.9.4 with iTunes 11.2.1 or VLC media player version 2.2.1. Any versions prior to those listed may not work with this demonstration.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the High-resolution Audio Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `mac_audio_hi_res.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/audio/mac_audio_hi_res.`

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>mac_audio_hi_res.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/audio/mac_audio_hi_res/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config.`

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ef_pim_bt_audio_dk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_pim+bt_audio_dk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation. This configuration also requires the PIC32MZ2048EFH144 Audio PIM.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit or PIC32MZ2048EFH144 Audio Plug-in Module (PIM)

1. Insert the PIC32MZ Audio PIM onto the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit.
2. Switch S1 on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit should set to PIM_MCLR.
3. Connect headphones to the jack on the Audio DAC Daughter Board, which is included with the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the High-resolution Audio Demonstration.

Description

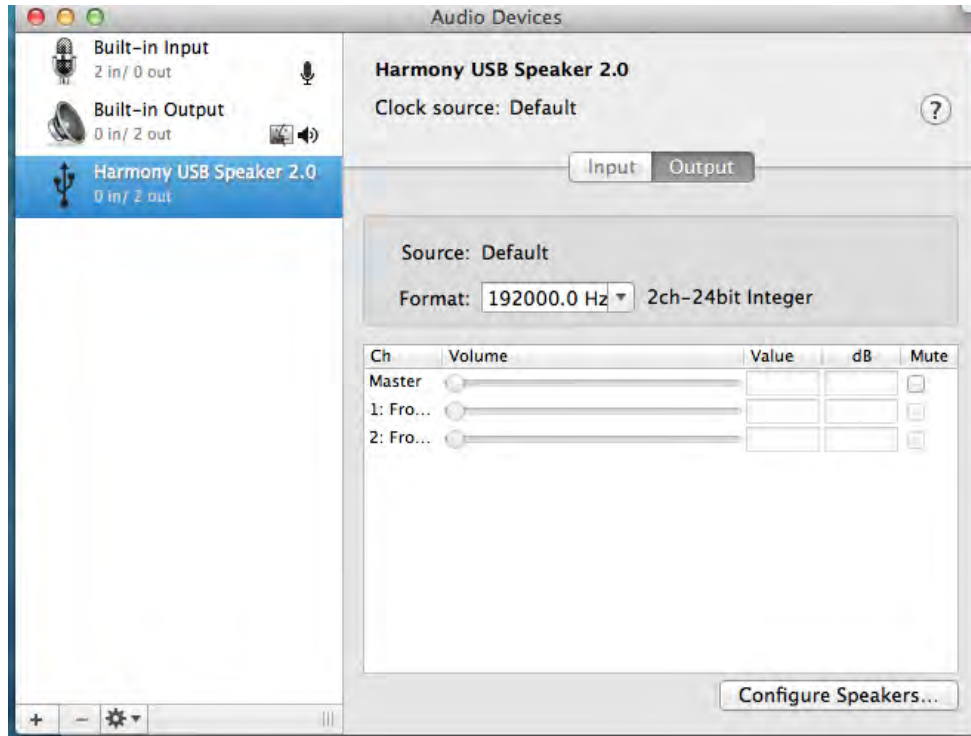
This demonstration functions as a speaker when plugged into a computer that supports USB Audio 2.0 devices.



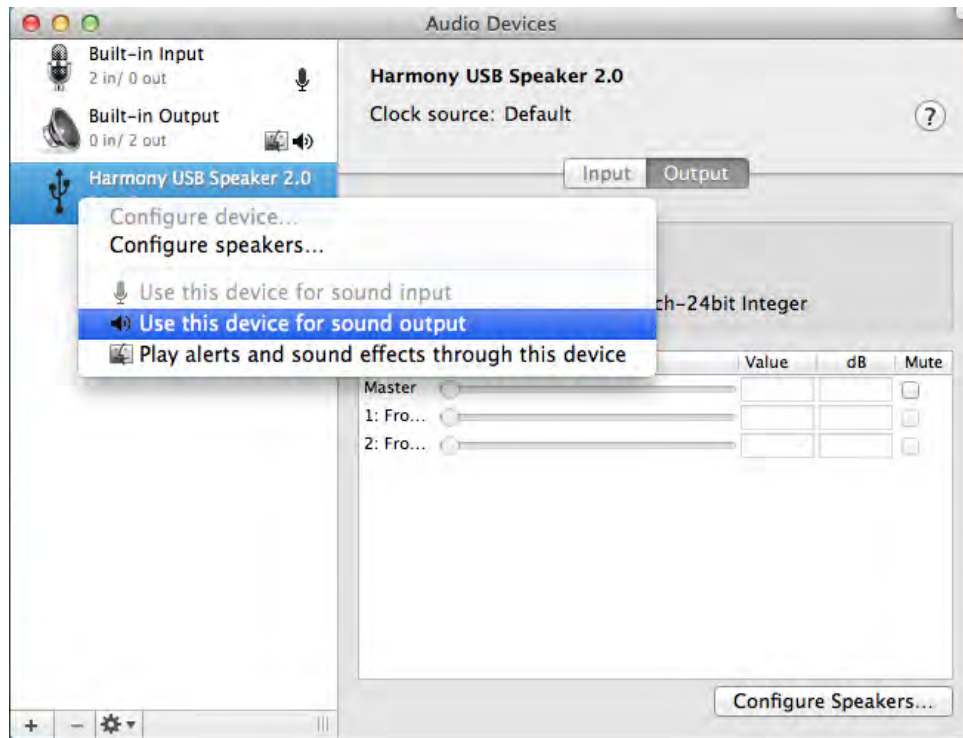
- Notes:**
1. At the time of release, only Apple MAC personal computers natively support Audio 2.0 USB devices.
 2. The demonstration has been tested with a third-party Audio 2.0 USB device driver on Windows[®] 7.

Do the following to run the demonstration:

1. Build the demonstration application and program the device.
2. Connect the device to a computer. For example, an Apple Mac book.
3. Use a feature of the computer that outputs sound to a speaker. On the Apple Mac book with OS X 10.9.4, the Audio MIDI Setup application could be used, as follows:
 - Open Audio MIDI Setup



- Right click **Harmony USB Speaker 2.0**, which is listed in the left column
- Select **Use this device for sound output**



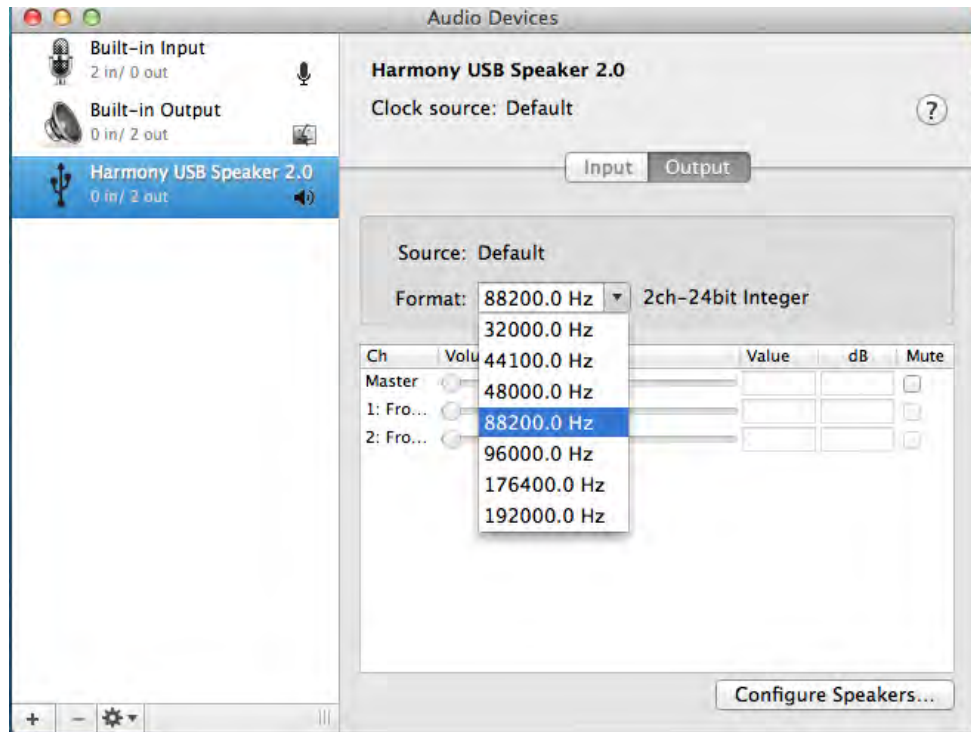
4. Open the Audio player (iTunes or VLC) and play the audio of your choice.
5. The feature unit only supports Mute control. Audio being played can also be muted using switch SW4 on the development board.
6. The audio volume can be controlled through the computer media player (iTunes or VLC on Apple Mac book) and also through the switches SW1 and SW2 on the development board.
7. Note that some applications lock into a sound source when they open or close (such as some Web browsers or plug-ins). Therefore, if the speaker is plugged in with a Web page or an already playing video, the sound may not be redirected to the USB-based speakers until the browser is closed and reopened.
8. The audio device created in this demonstration has the following characteristics:
 - Supported sampling rates:
 - 32000 Hz

- 44100 Hz
- 48000 Hz
- 88200 Hz
- 96000 Hz
- 176400 Hz
- 192000 Hz
- 2-Channel (Stereo)
- PCM format (24 bits per sample)

Sampling Rate

The demonstration application allows the default sampling rate (set to 192000 Hz) to be changed. This can be done using the following procedure on an Apple Mac book.

1. If audio is being played, Stop it (PAUSE on iTunes).
2. Open the Audio MIDI Setup application.
3. Select Harmony USB Speaker 2.0 listed in the left column.
4. In the right pane, select the desired sampling rate from the *Format* drop-down menu, as shown in the following figure.



5. Verify that the sampling rate has changed on the display on the board.
6. Select 'PLAY' on the Audio player to play the audio with the changed sampling rate.


sdcard_usb_audio

Demonstrates playback of audio files stored on a SD card and audio data streamed over a USB interface.

Description

This application demonstrates an audio player application by playing audio files stored on a SD card. This demonstration also acts as a USB speaker with audio data streaming from a personal computer to PIC32 device.

Full-Speed USB is used for communication between the host computer and PIC32 device. The application also provides a Graphical User Interface with touch screen support to access and randomly select media tracks, and also provides controls to increase or decrease volume and mute or unmute the audio output. Additionally, the demonstration provides an option to select the media source, either a SD card or USB. The application supports playing 48 kHz, 16-bit audio.

 **Note:** The Audio Player application only support playback of WAVE (.wav) files.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `sdcard_usb_audio.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/audio/sdcard_usb_audio`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>sdcard_usb_audio.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/audio/sdcard_usb_audio/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	<p>This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the MEB II.</p> <p>The micro SD card is used in SPI mode and is configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation. The USB library is configured for Full-Speed operation in Audio Device mode.</p> <p>The Codec is interfaced over I2C for command and I2S for data and uses DMA for data transfers. The Codec is also configured for 16-bit data width and 48kHz sampling frequency.</p> <p>The graphical display is driven by the LCC driver and uses DMA for data transfers. The touch screen driver is interfaced using I2C configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.</p>

Configuring the Hardware

This section describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary. However, ensure that the micro SD card with `.wav` audio files is inserted into the SD Card slot.

Running the Demonstration

This section demonstrates how to run the demonstration.

Description



Note: Prior to using this demonstration, it is recommended to review the MPLAB Harmony Release Notes for any known issues. A PDF copy of the release notes is provided in the `<install-dir>/doc` folder of your installation.

In MPLAB X IDE, compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the appropriate MPLAB X IDE project configuration for the demonstration board. These configurations set the target processor and the board, to be used in the output interface.

This demonstration plays `.wav` audio files stored on SD card as the storage media, when the source of audio is selected as SD card (default audio source).

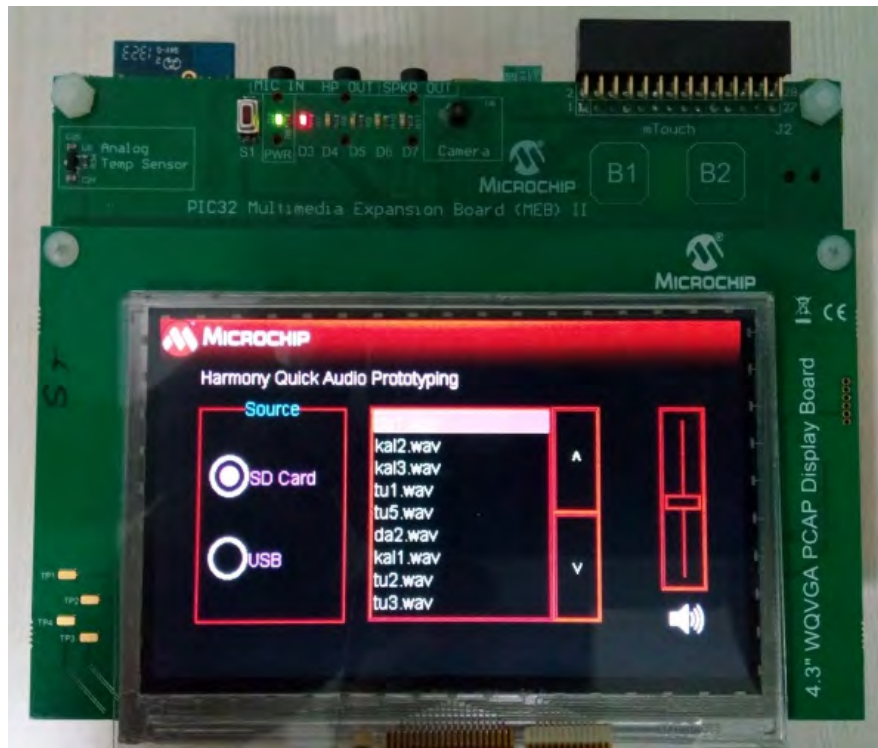
When the source of audio is selected as USB, the demonstration plays audio data streamed by PC over a USB interface. The device can then be used as USB speaker.

Refer to [Building the Application](#) for details.

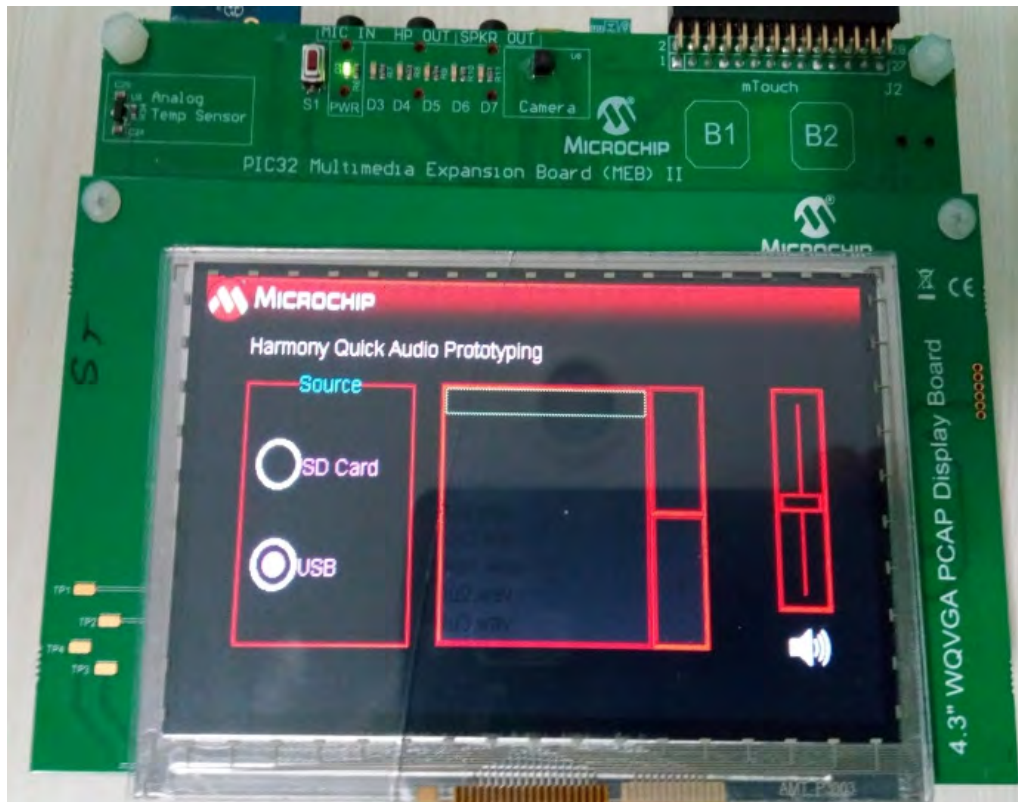
Do the following to run the demonstration:

1. Insert your micro SD card into the SD card slot (J8) on the MEB II board. Ensure that the SD card contains `.wav` audio files.
2. Connect speakers or headphones to the headphone out (HP OUT) on the MEB II.
3. Connect power to the board.
4. By default, the application has the SD card selected as the audio source. After the board powers up, the GUI should appear like the following figure. As shown in the figure, the default audio source selected is SD card, with tracks displayed in the tracks list box. You can scroll through the tracks list using the up/down scroll buttons allowing you to select and play random tracks. The volume slider will allow you to

increase/decrease the volume and the mute button to mute/unmute audio.



6. Plug in the headphones and you should be able to hear the audio track being played from the SD card.
7. Connect the board using the USB micro-B connector for the MEB II to the Host computer with a standard USB cable.
8. Change the audio source to USB, by selecting the 'USB' radio button on the GUI. The GUI should now appear like the following figure. The track list will be blank and the scroll buttons disabled, as the audio will be streamed by the host computer.



9. Allow the Host computer to acknowledge, install drivers (if needed), and enumerate the device. No special software is necessary on the host side.
10. If needed, configure the Host computer to use the MPLAB Harmony USB speaker as the selected audio device. This may be done in the system configuration or Control Panel depending on the operating system.
11. Play audio on the Host computer. This may be done with a standard media player or through a variety of sources including operating system

generated sounds or video.

12. Listen to the audio output on the speakers or headphones connected to the board. You can adjust the volume and mute/unmute either by the application running on the host, or from the on board GUI.
13. You can easily switch between the two sources of audio, SD card and USB, through the radio button selection on the GUI.

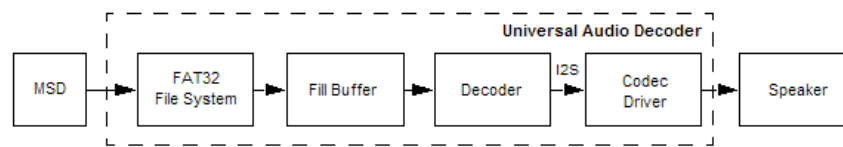
universal_audio_decoders

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

The Universal Audio Decoder application configures the development board to be in USB Host mode. The application supports the FAT32 file system. When a mass storage device is connected to the development board, the application begins to scan the root directory. Once the scan is complete, the first track in the list will be opened and played. The fill buffer routine will read a chunk of data as an input to the decoder of the supported file format. The decoder will decode the packet and send the first frame of audio data to the codec driver through I2S Driver and the output will be audible through the speakers. The following block diagram depicts a representation of the application.

Button controls provide support to traverse the directory tree and play audio files from other directories or sub-directories. By default, the application only supports WAVE (.wav) format files.




In addition to WAVE formats, the application also supports MP3, AAC, WMA, ADPCM, and Speex provided the decoder libraries and the supported source files are added as plug-ins. The MP3, AAC, and WMA are premium packages and must be purchased. Refer to the Microchip Premium MPLAB Harmony Audio web page (www.microchip.com/pic32harmonypremiumaudio) for information.

Once purchased, the MP3, AAC, and WMA decoder modules can be added to the application as described in [Selecting the Decoders Using MHC](#).

If support for any decoder is not available or was removed using MHC, the particular file format will not be scanned.

Audio Format	Package	Sampling Rates (kHz)	Description
ADPCM	Free of charge	8, 16	Adaptive Delta Pulse Code Modulation (ADPCM) is a sub-class of the Microsoft waveform (.wav) file format. In this demonstration, it only decodes ADPCM audio, which has a WAV header. The extension name for this format is pcm or PCM.
Speex	Free of charge	8, 16	Speex is an Open Source/Free Software patent-free audio compression format designed for speech. In this demonstration, only Speex bit-streams within an Ogg container can be decoded. The extension name for this format is spx or SPX.
WAVE	Free of charge	8 through 96	The WAVE file format is the native file format used by Microsoft Windows for storing digital audio data.
AAC	Premium (must be purchased)	8, 11.025, 12, 16, 22.05, 24, 32, 44.1, 48, 64, 88.2, and 96	The AAC format is a lossy digital compression format of audio data with an ADTS header. The AAC decoder supports MPEG-2 and MPEG-4 AAC. To make sure the AAC audio files work with the AAC decoder, you can always convert any audio files to MPEG-2, 4 AAC files by a MPEG-2, 4 AAC encoder, one known working encoder is FAAC (Freeware Advanced Audio Coder).
MP3	Premium (must be purchased)	32, 44.1, and 48	The MPEG1 Layer 3 is a lossy digital compression format for audio data.
WMA	Premium (must be purchased)	8, 11.025, 16, 22.05, 32, 44.1, and 48	The Windows Media Application (WMA) format allows storing digital audio using lossy compression algorithm. The WMA decoder supports the ASF container format. The Windows Media Encoder 9 Series can be downloaded from the Microsoft website to convert any audio files to WMA v9.2 files to work with this WMA decoder.

 **Note:** The AAC and MP3 Decoder Libraries have two versions: PIC32MX (for use with PIC32MX devices) and microAptiv (for use with PIC32MZ devices with the microAptiv core). When selecting either the AAC or MP3 library in MHC, for PIC32MX devices, the PIC32MX version of the library will be automatically added in the project. For PIC32MZ devices that have the microAptiv core, the microAptiv version of the library will be added in the project. Theoretically, MHC will automatically add the correct library; however, be sure to use the correct libraries on different devices.

The macro DISK_MAX_DIRS and DISK_MAX_FILES in `system_config.h` under each configuration, determines the maximum number of directories that should be scanned at each level, and the maximum number of songs in total the demonstration should scan. For each

configuration, the value could be different. For example, for the PIC32MX270F512L PIM, DISK_MAX_FILES can be approximately 600, while for the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit, DISK_MAX_FILES may be as large as 800.

Refer to AAC Decoder Library, MP3 Decoder Library, and WMA Decoder Library in the Framework Help, as well as the Microchip Premium MPLAB Harmony Audio web page (www.microchip.com/pic32harmonypremiumaudio) for additional information on the Decoder Libraries.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `universal_audio_decoders.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/audio/universal_audio_decoders.`

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>universal_audio_decoders.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/audio/universal_audio_decoders/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config.`

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>ak7755_bt_audio_dk</code>	<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit with the AK7755 Codec Daughter Board.
<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit with the Audio DAC Daughter Board included with the kit.
<code>270f512pim_bt_audio_dk</code>	<code>pic32mx270f512l_pim+bt_audio_dk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MX270F512L PIM and the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit with the Audio DAC Daughter Board included with the kit.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk+meb2+wvga</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit and the Multimedia Expansion Board II.

Configuring the Hardware

This section describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit

Attach the desired Codec Daughter Board (AK7755 or PIC32 DAC Audio) to the PIC32 Bluetooth Development Board. Switch S1 should be set to PIC32_MCLR.

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit and PIC32MZ Audio PIM or PIC32MX270F512L Plug-in Module (PIM)

Attach the PIC32 DAC Audio Daughter Board to the PIC32 Bluetooth Development Board. Switch S1 should be set to PIM_MCLR.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit and MEB II with the 5" WVGA PCAP Display Board (see **Note**)

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.




Note: Please contact your local Microchip sales office for information on obtaining the 5" WVGA PCAP Display Board.

Selecting the Decoders Using MHC

This topic describes how to select the decoders using the MPLAB Harmony Configurator (MHC).

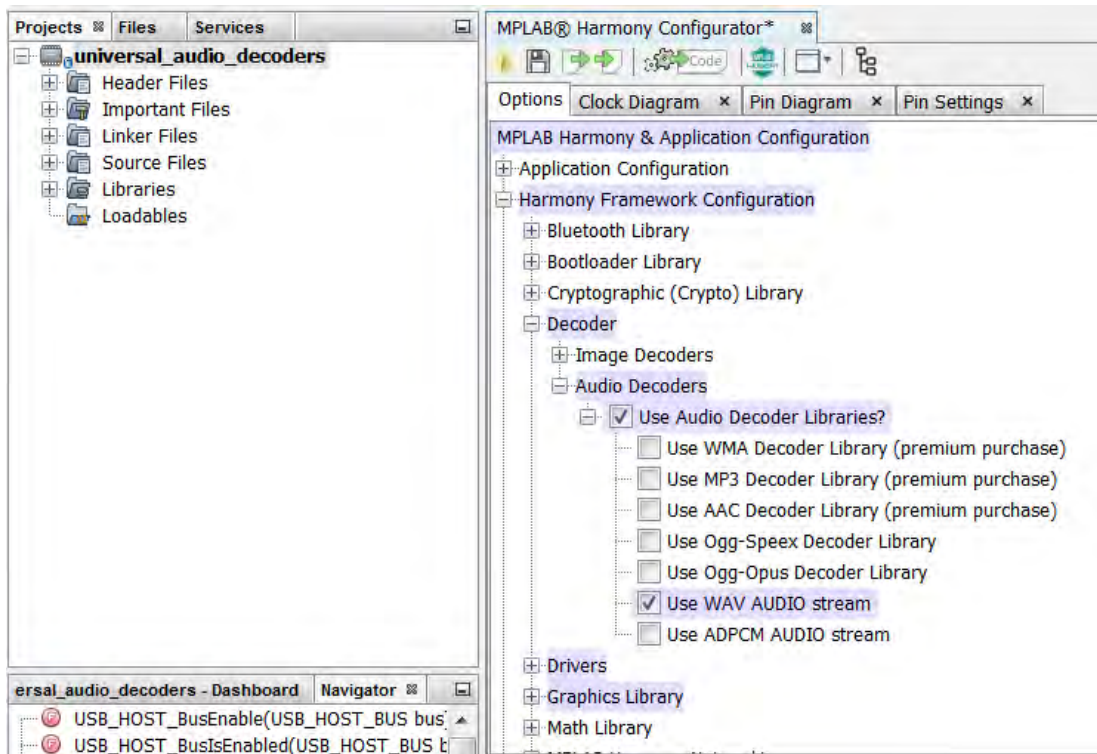
Description

The application supports the WAVE, Compact MP3, AAC (ADTS header), WMA (v9.2), ADPCM (WAV header), and Speex (Ogg container) audio formats.

 **Note:** The MP3, AAC, and WMA Decoder Libraries are premium packages and must be purchased. Refer to the Microchip Premium MPLAB Harmony Audio web page (www.microchip.com/pic32harmonypremiumaudio) for information.

The audio format can be chosen as required using MHC as follows:

1. Open the project on MPLAB X IDE and select the project configuration depending upon the hardware.
2. Open the MHC and select the Decoder, as shown in the following figure.




3. Select **Use audio decoders libraries?** and the list of available decoders will be listed in the drop-down menu.
4. Select the decoders that are required and click **Generate** to add the supporting decoder files and libraries to the project.

Running the Demonstration

This section demonstrates how to run the demonstration.

Description

 **Note:** Prior to using this demonstration, it is recommended to review the MPLAB Harmony Release Notes for any known issues. A PDF copy of the release notes is provided in the <install-dir>/doc folder of your installation.

Compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the appropriate MPLAB X IDE project configuration based on the demonstration board. These configurations set the target processor, the board and the Codec to be used in the output interface.

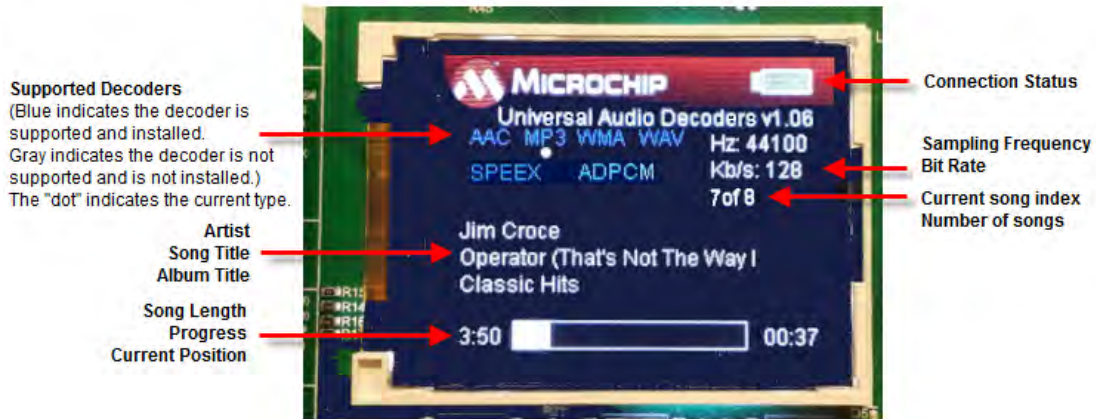
Refer to [Building the Application](#) for details.

Do the following to run the demonstration:

1. Connect speakers or headphones to the output line connector on the Audio DAC Daughter Board (included with the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit), or the headphone (HP Out) connector on the Audio Codec Daughter Board AK7755, or the Speaker Out/Line Out connectors on the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II), as appropriate.
2. Connect power to the board. The system will be in a wait state for USB to be connected. The LEDs, D5, D6, and D7 (PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Board only), will be OFF during the wait state. Screen displays are for the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Board configurations.



3. Connect a USB mass storage device that contains songs of supported audio format. The application by default can stream WAVE (.wav) format audio files.
4. When the USB device is connected the system will scan for audio files. The LEDs, D5 and D7 (PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Board only), will be ON during scanning.
5. Once the scanning is complete, listen to the audio output on the speakers or headset connected to the board. The LED, D5, will be ON for WAVE audio, the LED, D6, will be ON for AAC, and the LED, D7, will be ON for MP3 (PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Board only).



LED States (PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Board only)

State	D5	D6	D7
Wait for USB	OFF	OFF	OFF
Scan for files	ON	OFF	ON
WAVE audio stream	ON	OFF	OFF
AAC audio stream	OFF	ON	OFF
MP3 audio stream	OFF	OFF	ON
WMA audio stream	OFF	ON	ON

Demonstration Controls

Component	Label	PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit	PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit
Switch	SW1	N/A	Next Track (Toggle)/Fast Forward (Long Hold)
Switch	SW2	N/A	Play/Pause (Toggle)
Switch	SW3	Next Track (Toggle)/Fast Forward (Long Hold)	Previous Track (Toggle)/Fast Rewind (Long Hold)
Switch	SW4	Play/Pause (Toggle)	N/A
Switch	SW5	Previous Track (Toggle)/Fast Rewind (Long Hold)	N/A

usb_headset

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

In this demonstration application, the system is configured as a USB headset. The system will interface to a USB Host (such as a personal computer), which can accommodate a USB device class headset. The embedded system will enumerate with a USB audio device endpoint and enable the system to send playback audio and receive record audio simultaneously from the USB port. This uses a standard USB Full-Speed implementation.

The system is capable of multiple configurations that deal with different hardware platforms and Codecs.

The output audio stream is then available in analog format via a hardware connection, typically to headphones or speakers. The input audio stream is an internal onboard microphone when using the AK4642EN Daughter Board on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit, or from an external condenser microphone connected to the MEB II.

The AK4642 Codec with I2S audio is used for the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit. The AK4953 Codec drivers with I2S audio is utilized for the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit. The Codec Driver uses a common API for each Codec type with the application requiring separate read and write clients to handle record data from the microphone and playback to the speaker.

The embedded system will configure the AK4642 or AK4953 Codec using the I2C port. Bidirectional audio will be streamed over the I2S port to or from the Codec. The embedded system will take the data from the audio USB interface, and format it for output using a Codec driver. The Codec Driver sets up the audio output interface, timing, DMA channels and buffer to enable a continuous audio stream to or from the Codec I2S channel. A I2S data channel can operate at various sampling rates. Stereo (utilizing a left and right audio channel) is used for both audio playback and recording from the microphone, despite only one channel (mono) audio provided by the microphone. The microphone audio will be on only one of the channels with the other being zero (0). The stereo I2S data that is received on the record channel of the USB is converted to single channel audio before being sent over USB. Three sampling rates are provided by the USB connection: 16, 32, and 48 kHz. The I2S sampling rate is changed to match the USB rate whenever USB rate is changed.

The usb_headset demonstration application uses the MPLAB Harmony USB Library and Codec Driver to demonstrate simultaneous speaker playback and microphone record functions at a selectable 16, 32, or 48 kHz sampling rate to a windows computer.

When either the record or playback channel sampling rate is changed, it also changes to the same rate for the other. Therefore, the rates on the Host computer must be consistent for both record and playback.

The demonstration has two working configurations, for the following implementation hardware:

- bt_audio_dk_ak4642 configuration:
 - Board - PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit
 - Processor - PIC32MX470F512L
 - Codec - AK4642
 - Mic - mems internal
- pic32MZ_ef_sk_meb2 configuration:
 - Board - PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit (SK) mounted on a Multimedia Expansions Board II (MEB II)
 - Processor - Pic32MZ2048EFM144
 - Codec - AK4953 (on the MEB II)
 - Mic - external condenser

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `usb_headset.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/audio/usb_headset`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
usb_headset.X	<install-dir>/apps/audio/usb_headset/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
bt_audio_dk_ak4642	bt_audio_dk	This configuration runs on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit with the Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642EN.
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with the MEB II.

Configuring the Hardware

This section describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit and Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642EN

Switch S1 on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Board should be set to PIC32_MCLR.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

LCD_PCLK should be jumpered to the EBIOE pin for the EBI Memory. This jumper is located on the bottom of the starter kit when it is connected.

Running the Demonstration

This section demonstrates how to run the demonstration.

Description



Important!

Prior to using this demonstration, it is recommended to review the MPLAB Harmony Release Notes for any known issues. A PDF copy of the release notes is provided in the `<install-dir>/doc` folder of your installation.

Compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the appropriate MPLAB X IDE project configuration based on the demonstration board. These configurations set the target processor, the board and the CODEC to be used in the output interface. Refer to [Building the Application](#) for details.

Do the following to run the demonstration:

1. Connect speakers or headphones to the Line Out or headphone (HP Out) connector on the PIC32 Audio DAC Daughter Board AK4642EN or the HP Out connector on the MEB II. The MEB II requires that an external condenser microphone be attached to the MIC IN.
2. Connect power to the board.
3. Connect the development hardware (Device) to the Host computer with a standard USB cable (mini-B connector for the PIC32 Audio Development Board, or micro-B connector for the MEB II).
4. Allow the Host computer to acknowledge, install drivers (if needed) and enumerate the device. No special software is necessary on the host side.
5. Configure the Host computer to use the "USB Headset Example" as both the playback and recording device at the same sampling rate. This is done by opening the Sound Window (i.e., right clicking the Loudspeaker icon, located at the lower right of the tool bar), and selecting either **Record devices** or **Playback devices**. First, find the record and playback devices associated with the demonstration and make them the default device. The sample rate can be changed for both record and playback devices and must be the same. This is done by right clicking the device and using the Advanced tab.



Note:

The Skype Echo/Sound Recorder Test is a simple way to demonstrate headset operation, where you will hear audio from a remote source and it will record voice for playback from this source.

6. Play audio on the host computer. This may be done with a standard media player or through a variety of sources. You should hear this audio through the headphones connected to the HP Out jack of the board.
7. At the same time as playback, audio can be recorded via the microphone connected to the MIC IN jack of the board using an application such as Windows Sound Recorder or Audacity.



Note:

The Codec Record/Playback sampling rate may not align with the separate USB playback and record sampling rates until the "Record and Playback" tabs of the "Sound" window have been selected in sequence.

usb_microphone

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

In this demonstration application, the system is configured as a USB microphone. The system will interface to a USB Host (such as a personal

computer), which can accommodate a USB device class microphone. The embedded system will enumerate with a USB audio device endpoint and enable the system to input audio from the USB port. This demonstration uses a standard USB Full-Speed implementation.

The embedded system will take the data from a microphone via the Codec Driver and send it to the audio USB interface. The Codec Driver sets up the audio output interface, timing, DMA channels and buffer to enable a continuous audio stream. The digital audio is processed through an I2S data channel at typically 16 kHz. The input audio stream is then available to the host computer. The AK4642 Codec is utilized with the PIC33MX470F512L microcontroller on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `usb_microphone.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/audio/usb_microphone`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>usb_microphone.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/audio/usb_microphone/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>bt_audio_dk_ak4642</code>	<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit with the Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642EN.

Configuring the Hardware

This section describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit with the Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642EN

Switch S1 on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Board should be set to PIC32_MCLR/

Running the Demonstration

This section demonstrates how to run the demonstration.

Description



Important!

Prior to using this demonstration, it is recommended to review the MPLAB Harmony Release Notes for any known issues. A PDF copy of the release notes is provided in the `<install-dir>/doc` folder of your installation.

Compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the appropriate MPLAB X IDE project configuration based on the demonstration board. These configurations set the target processor, the board and the Codec to be used in the output interface. Refer to [Building the Application](#) for details.

Do the following to run the demonstration:

1. PIC32 Audio DAC Daughter Board AK4642EN provides an on-board microphone. Place it near the source of audio to be recorded.
2. Connect power to the board.
3. Connect the board using the USB mini-B connector (Device) to the Host computer with a standard USB cable.
4. Allow the Host computer to acknowledge, install drivers (if needed), and enumerate the device. No special software is necessary on the Host side.
5. If needed, configure the Host computer to use the `usb_microphone` as the selected audio recording device. For Windows, this is done in the "Recording Devices" dialog accessed by right clicking the loudspeaker icon in the taskbar.



Note:

The device "Harmony USB Microphone Example" should be available along with a sound level meter indication audio input.

6. Open a recording application and record from the USB microphone source.

7. Playback of the recording should demonstrate that the audio is being received from the microphone and saved on the Host Computer.

usb_speaker

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

In this demonstration application, the system is configured as a USB speaker. The system will interface to a USB Host (such as a personal computer), which can accommodate a USB device class headset. The embedded system will enumerate with a USB audio device endpoint and enable the system to output audio from the USB port. This demonstration uses a standard USB Full-Speed implementation.

The embedded system will take the data from the audio USB interface, and format it for output using a Codec driver. The Codec driver sets up the audio output interface, timing, DMA channels and buffer to enable a continuous audio stream. The digital audio is processed through an I2S data channel at typically 48 kHz.

The output audio stream is then available in analog format via a hardware connection, typically to headphones or speakers.

The system is capable of multiple configurations that deal with different hardware platforms and Codecs.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `usb_speaker.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/audio/usb_speaker`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>usb_speaker.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/audio/usb_speaker/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit using the Audio DAC Daughter Board included with the kit.
<code>bt_audio_dk_ak4642</code>	<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit with the Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642EN.
<code>pic32mx270f512l_pim_bt_audio_dk</code>	<code>pic32mx270f512l_pim+bt_audio_dk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit configured with the PIC32MX270F512L PIM and the Audio DAC Daughter Board included with the kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_pim_bt_audio_dk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_pim+bt_audio_dk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit configured with the PIC32MZ2048EFH144 PIM and the Audio DAC Daughter Board included with the kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with the MEB II.

Configuring the Hardware

This section describes how to configure the supported hardware.


Description

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit and the Audio DAC Daughter Board (included in the kit)

Switch S1 on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Board should be set to `PIC32_MCLR`.

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit and the Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642EN (see **Note**)

Switch S1 on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Board should be set to `PIC32_MCLR`.

 **Note:** The PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit includes an Audio DAC Daughter Board; however, the Audio DAC Daughter Board must be replaced by the Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642.


PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit with PIC32MX270F512L PIM and the Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4384EN
Switch S1 on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Board should be set to PIC32_MCLR.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II)
No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

This section demonstrates how to run the demonstration.

Description

 **Important!** Prior to using this demonstration, it is recommended to review the MPLAB Harmony Release Notes for any known issues. A PDF copy of the release notes is provided in the `<install-dir>/doc` folder of your installation.

Compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the appropriate MPLAB X IDE project configuration based on the demonstration board. These configurations set the target processor, the board and the CODEC to be used in the output interface. Refer to [Building the Application](#) for details.

Do the following to run the demonstration:

1. Connect speakers or headphones to the headphone (HP) or line-out connector on the Audio DAC Daughter Board or the PIC32 Audio Codec Daughter Board AK4642EN, or the MEB II, as appropriate.
2. Connect power to the board.
3. Connect the board using the USB mini-B connector (Device) for the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Board, or the USB micro-B connector for the MEB II to the Host computer with a standard USB cable.
4. Allow the Host computer to acknowledge, install drivers (if needed) and enumerate the device. No special software is necessary on the host side.
5. If needed, configure the Host computer to use the `usb_speaker` outputs as the selected audio device. This may be done in the system configuration or "Control Panel" depending on the operating system. For Windows, this is done in the Playback Devices dialog, which is accessed by right clicking the loudspeaker icon in the taskbar.
6. Play audio on the Host computer. This may be done with a standard media player or through a variety of sources including operating system generated sounds or video.
7. Listen to the audio output on the speakers or headphones connected to the board. The volume will typically be adjusted by the host.

Bluetooth Demonstrations

This section provides descriptions of the PIC32 Bluetooth® Stack Library demonstrations.

Introduction

PIC32 Bluetooth Stack Library Demonstration Applications Help.

Description

The standard installation of MPLAB Harmony contains a variety of Bluetooth-related firmware projects that demonstrate the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony PIC32 Bluetooth Stack Library. This library, which is considered the "basic" Bluetooth Stack, includes basic demonstrations that are referred to as "Data Demonstrations". This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run these Basic Bluetooth Stack firmware projects on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

In addition to the Data Demonstrations provided with the PIC32 Bluetooth Basic Stack Library, additional "Premium Demonstrations", which are available for purchase, demonstrate the capabilities of the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Stack Library. Information is provided in the [Premium Demonstrations](#) section on how to obtain, configure, and run these demonstrations.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This section provides information on the standard Data Demonstrations, as well as the purchased Premium Demonstrations.

Demonstration Functionality

Describes the functionality of the demonstrations.


Description

Basic Functionality

Bluetooth Module


The PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit and the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit provide hardware support for the BlueCore® CSR8811™. *CSR8811*

The CSR8811 is a single-chip radio and baseband IC for Bluetooth 2.4 GHz systems including Enhanced Data Rate (EDR) to 3 Mbps and Bluetooth low energy. The CSR8811 supports Bluetooth Class 1 transmission, and supports multiple device connection. The PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit and the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit use a module based on the CSR8811 radio in its default configuration (see **Note**).

 **Note:** The Flairmicro BTM805 module using the CSR8811 device is integrated in the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit and is integrated in the BTM805 Bluetooth Daughter Board that is mounted on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit.

Bluetooth Device IDs

The Bluetooth software remembers and stores in Flash memory the last 10 unique Bluetooth device IDs to which it successfully paired to facilitate faster automatic reconnection when there is no currently active Bluetooth connection. If Bluetooth is turned OFF on a user smartphone that is currently connected and re-enabled later, it will automatically reconnect if in range or when it comes back into range.

 **Note:** Currently, the demonstration does not have support for SPI Flash memory due to limitations in MPLAB Harmony, and therefore, the pairing information will not be stored or recovered on a power or hardware reset.

Bluetooth Device Address

When the development kit is powered on, it generates a random unique Bluetooth Device Address for any given development kit hardware. Optionally, at design time, the user can specify a Bluetooth Device Address in the application code of the development kit.

The device address is a six byte hexadecimal value. The macro, `BT_DEVICE_ID`, defines the first four bytes of the hexadecimal value and `BT_DEVICE_ID_2LSB` defines the last two bytes of the hexadecimal value. The last two bytes of the device address can be randomized by enabling `BT_DEVICE_ID_2LSB_RANDOMIZE`. These macros are defined in `btconfig.h`.

Setting a specific hard-coded device address is not recommended during the design and development state, as Bluetooth connection problems may be experienced if another development board with the same Bluetooth Device Address is within range.

Additional Bluetooth Resources

Provides information on additional Bluetooth demonstration resources.

Description

In addition to the demonstration capabilities described in the [Demonstrations](#) section, additional Bluetooth demonstration resources are available.

Other Android Applications

The Bluetooth data smartphone demonstration can also be executed using the Bluetooth SPP-pro application. This app can be downloaded by visiting:

https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=mobi.dzs.android.BLE_SPP_PRO&hl=en

Once installed, the commands can be sent and received in CMD line mode/Keyboard mode of the terminal emulator of the application. The commands will be sent and received in the format shown in the following table.

Windows Handset Applications

For a Windows mobile handset, the commands can be sent and received via data terminal. The application can be downloaded by visiting:

<http://www.windowsphone.com/en-us/store/app/bt-terminal/09d679af-bdd8-40b2-b54e-56d68aeb03e0>

Once installed, the commands can be sent and received from the terminal emulator of the application. The commands can be sent and received in the format shown in the following table.

Bluetooth Data Windows Personal Computer Demonstration Setup

Program the device with the hex file, `data_temp_sens_rgb.X.production.hex`.

1. On the Windows personal computer, select *Start > Control Panel > Hardware and Sounds > Add a device*. A list of available Bluetooth devices appears.
2. From the list, select **BTSK**.
3. Open a terminal emulator. For this example PuTTY was used. This Windows application can be obtained by visiting: <http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/download.html>
4. A connection is required to be established between PuTTY and the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit development board. This can be done by selecting the "Serial" Connection type and the COM port assigned to the board in the PuTTY configuration window. The assigned COM ports can be identified from *Device Manager > Ports*.
5. Once connection is established, the following commands can be sent.

Command	Description
R	Programs LED for 100% of Red
G	Programs LED for 100% of Green
B	Programs LED for 100% of Blue
r	Programs LED for 50% of Red
g	Programs LED for 50% of Green
b	Programs LED for 50% of Blue

Data Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the PIC32 Bluetooth Basic Stack Library "Data Demonstration" applications that are included free-of-charge in this release of MPLAB Harmony.

data_basic

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration performs full duplex data transfer over the Bluetooth link. The demonstration allows a user to perform terminal emulation and echo characters from an Android Smartphone over a Bluetooth connection to the development boards, and then back to the Smartphone emulation application screen.

The data transfer from the smartphone to the development board is demonstrated by the user sending (by keying in characters from the Android Smartphone application). The reception of data is shown by blinking of two LEDs from OFF to ON and back to the OFF state.

The data transfer from the development board to the smartphone is demonstrated by the user sending (by pressing buttons on top of the board). The data received by the smartphone is displayed on its screen as 'Button 1', 'Button 2', etc.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Bluetooth Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `data_basic.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/bluetooth/data_basic`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>data_basic.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/bluetooth/data_basic/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit.
<code>pic32mx270f512l_pim_bt_audio_dk</code>	<code>pic32mx270f512l_pim+bt_audio_dk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit using the PIC32MX270F512L PIM.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit attached to the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II).
<code>bt_audio_dk_freertos</code>	<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_pim_bt_audio_dk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_pim+bt_audio_dk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit using the PIC32MZ2048EFH144 Audio Plug-in Module (PIM).

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit and PIC32MX270F512L Plug-in Module (PIM)

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Bluetooth basic data demonstration.

Description

This demonstration performs basic SPP full-duplex data transmission.

Note: Before running the demonstration, it is necessary to install the Bluetooth SPP-pro Android application. See *Additional Bluetooth Resources > Other Android Applications* in the [Demonstrations](#) section for details.

Running the Demonstration

1. Compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the appropriate MPLAB X IDE project configuration based on the

demonstration board. Refer to [Building the Application](#) for details.

- The running of Bluetooth device demonstration is indicated when LED1 and LED2 turn ON.
- Enable Bluetooth on your smartphone.
- Start the Android application on your smartphone.
- Scan for the available Bluetooth devices. The target Bluetooth device should also be displayed in the list of available devices on your smartphone.
- The name of the target Bluetooth device will be one of the following:

Configuration	Device Name
bt_audio_dk	BTAD
pic32mx270f512l_pim_bt_audio_dk	BTAD



Note: Occasionally, the name of the Bluetooth device is not resolved and will appear as "null". After some time the name will change from "null" to the configuration specific name mentioned previously. The visible MAC Address will be fixed for the first eight digits and the last four will vary (12:34:45:78:XX: XX).

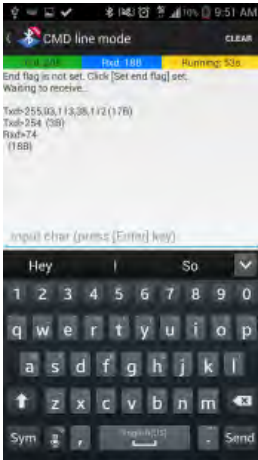
- Select the device to pair and connect.



- If the connection is successful, the message "connected to <Device Name>" appears on top of the screen.
- Select the "CMD Line Mode" tab, enter characters and press the "Send" button. The reception of characters by the Bluetooth device is indicated by the LEDs, 'LED4' and 'LED5', switching from OFF to ON and back to OFF. Every time data is received the Bluetooth device repeats this sequence.



- Data can also be sent from the Bluetooth device to the connected smartphone. This can be done by pressing the switches SW1 to SW5 placed on the development board. When the switch is pressed the two LEDs, 'LED4' and 'LED5', should toggle from OFF to ON and back to OFF. The smartphone receives the data and displays "Button 1" for the SW1/S1 switch, "Button 2" for the SW2 switch, "Button 3" for the SW3 switch, "Button 4" for the SW4 switch, and "Button 5" for the SW5 switch.

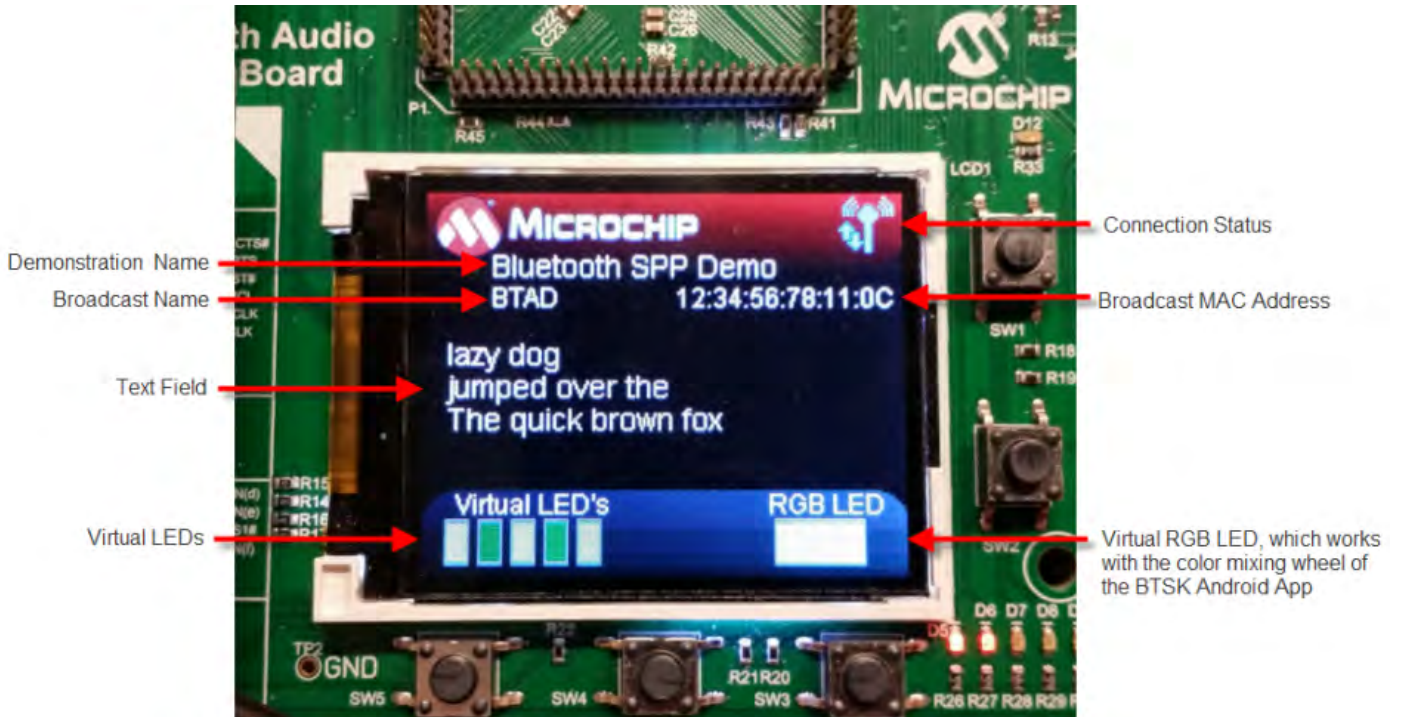


The following table describes the controls used in the supported configuration of the demonstration.

Control	bt_audio_dk
LED1	Red Color LED 'D5' on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit development board.
LED2	Red Color LED 'D6' on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit development board.
LED3	Red Color LED 'D7' on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit development board.
LED4	Red Color LED 'D8' on the of the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit development board.
LED5	Red Color LED 'D9' on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit development board.
SW1/S1	SW1 switch located on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit development board.
SW2	SW2 switch located on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit development board.
SW3	SW3 switch located on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit development board.
SW4	SW4 switch located on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit development board.
SW5	SW5 switch located on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit development board.




Demonstration Display

The following figure describes the display format when running the demonstration.



Connection Status

The color of the Connection Status icon on the display indicates the Bluetooth status of the demonstration, as described in the following table.

Icon Color	Display Example	Description
Gray		Bluetooth is not paired and connected.
White		Bluetooth is paired, but is not connected.
Blue		Bluetooth is paired and connected.

Demonstration Commands

Commands to control different aspects of the demonstration are listed in the following table. Note that all commands are case-sensitive and commands that are recognized by the demonstration will not display in the Text Field by default. To see all text that is transmitted, a "DISPLAY_ALL" or "DAI" command must be sent first.

Commands Sent Over Bluetooth

Command	Shortcut	Action	Example
DISPLAY_ALL	DAI	Displays all text.	DISPLAY_ALL
DISPLAY_ALL_STOP	DAS	Stop displaying all messages and will only display non-recognized commands (default).	DISPLAY_ALL_STOP
ledx on ('x' = 1-5)		Turns on the specified virtual LED (LED1 = left, LED5 = right).	led3on
ledx off ('x' = 1-5)		Turns off the specified virtual LED (LED1 = left, LED5 = right).	led3off
ledx toggle ('x' = 1-5)		Toggles the state of the specified virtual LED (LED1 = left, LED5 = right).	led3toggle
Lx ('x' = 1-31)		Displays a binary pattern using the virtual LEDs (MSB = left, LSB = right).	L21
255,03,R,G,B		The color of the virtual RGB LED is modified to the specified RGB value, varying from 0-254, respectively.	255,03,127,127,127

data_temp_sens_rgb

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration performs full duplex data transfer over the Bluetooth link. The demonstration allows the user to send and receive SPP data with an Android OS-based Smartphone using Microchip's PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit application. The PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit Android Application allows users to send and receive SPP data with an Android OS-based smartphone to Microchip's PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit. Please refer to the "*PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit User's Guide*" (DS70005190) for additional information. The application file, *BTSK_Android_App.apk*, is located in the `<install-dir>/apps/bluetooth/data_temp_sens_rgb/android_app` folder of your MPLAB Harmony installation.

The data transfer from the Android phone to the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit is demonstrated by the user sending the red, green, and blue data by operating the 'COLOR' tab on the intuitive GUI of the Android application to create a color. The resulting color, once received, would be displayed by the Cree high output multi-color LED on the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit.

The data transfer from the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit to the Android phone is demonstrated by the user requesting the temperature measurement value by operating the 'TEMPERATURE' tab on the intuitive GUI of the Android application. The request, once received by the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit application, sends the latest values by reading the temperature sensor on the starter kit. The Android application receives the temperature values and displays them on the dynamically updating 'TEMPERATURE' tab.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Bluetooth Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `data_temp_sens_rgb.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/bluetooth/data_temp_sens_rgb`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
data_temp_sens_rgb.X	<install-dir>/apps/bluetooth/data_temp_sens_rgb/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_bt_sk	pic32mx_bt_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Bluetooth temperature sensor and RGB data demonstration.

Description

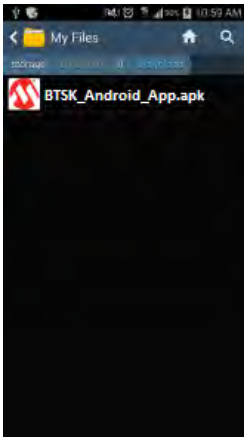
This demonstration allows the SPP data transfer/receive of temperature sensor and RGB data.



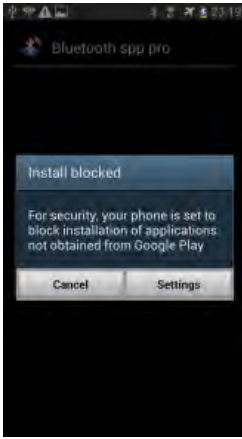
Note: Before running the demonstration, it is necessary to install the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit Android application to your Android v4.0 or later smartphone.

Installing the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit Android Application

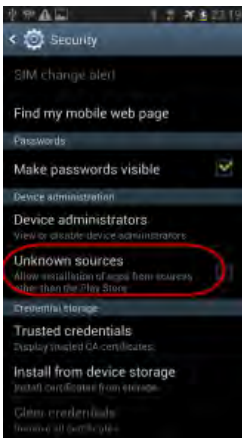
1. Install the Android application, `BTSK_Android_App.apk`, to your Android 4.0 or later smartphone. This file is available in the following MPLAB Harmony installation folder: `<install-dir>/apps/bluetooth/data_temp_sens_rgb/android_app`.
2. Connect the Android device to a computer using a mini-B USB connector.
3. It is suggested to copy the Android application into the `Download` folder of the Android device.
4. On the Android device, select `My Files>All Files>Download>BTSK_Android_App.apk`.



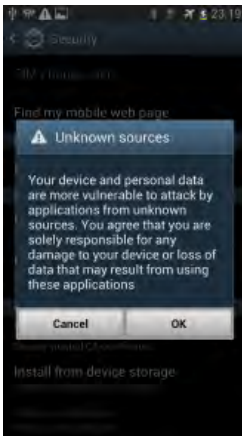
5. After selecting the `.apk` file, the warning message, "blocking installation", will appear.



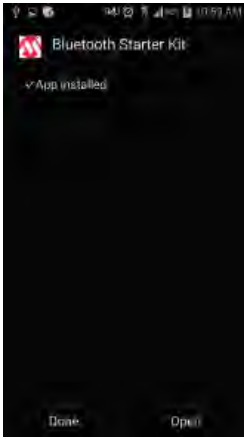
6. Select **Settings** and the security window will appear.
7. Choose the option to install applications from unknown sources.



8. Once the option is selected, a warning will appear, as shown in the following figure.



9. After selecting **OK** a window will appear requesting confirmation for installing the application.
10. Once the installation is complete, select **Open** to run the application, as shown in the following figure.

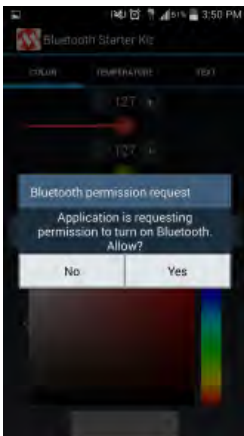


Running the Temperature Sensor and RGB Demonstration

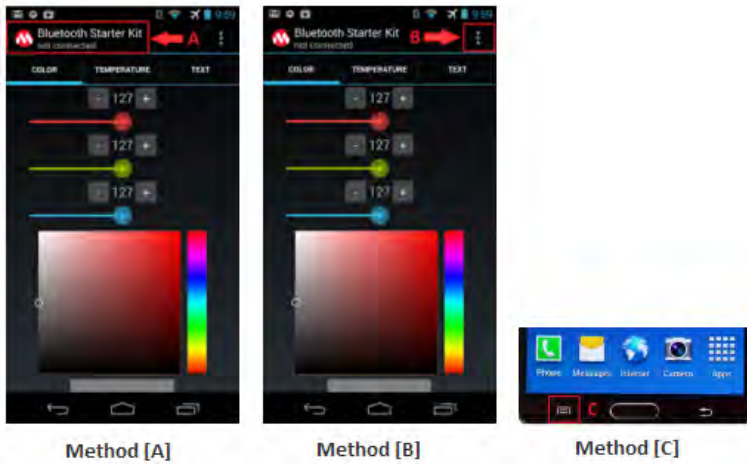
1. Compile and program the target device with the hex file, `data_temp_sens_rgb.X.production.hex`.
2. Select the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit on the Android device and a window will appear, as shown in the following figure.



3. Select the Bluetooth Starter Kit icon in the application window.
4. If prompted, turn on Bluetooth by selecting **Yes**.



5. There are three methods for performing the next steps depending on the phone and Android version you are using. **[A]** Pressing the Microchip logo and the words "Bluetooth Starter Kit", **[B]** pressing the on-screen Menu button **[B]** (if supported), or **[C]** Pressing the Menu button (hardware). In general, if you have a hardware button you will not have an on-screen button and vice versa. After opening the menu, select **Connect a device - Insecure**.

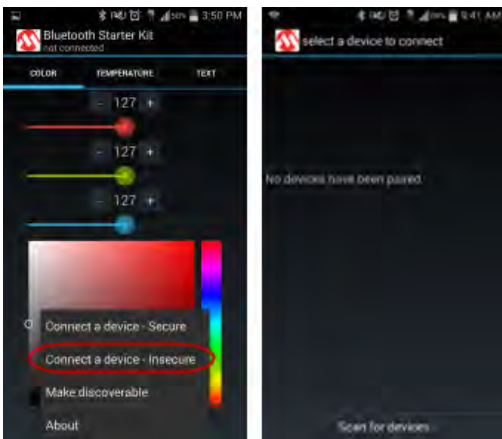


Method [A]

Method [B]

Method [C]

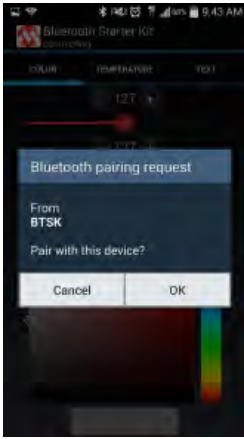
6. Select the option "Connect a device – Insecure" and a window will appear showing a list of paired device and option to scan for devices, as shown in the following figure.



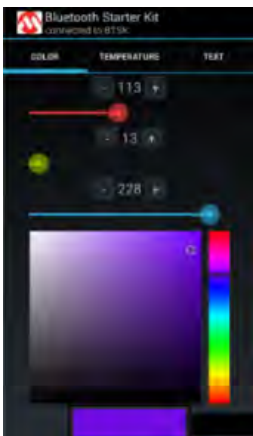
7. A list of paired devices will appear. If this is the first time connecting with the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit, select **Scan for Devices**. It should be noted that sometimes the name is not resolved and will appear as "null". After some time the name will change from "null" to "BTSK". The MAC Address will be fixed for the first eight digits and the last four will vary (12:34:45:78: XX: XX) when the device is programmed with code.



8. When selected, the Android application will pair and connect with the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit. Accept any pair requests, as follows.



9. Status indicators will confirm that the connection was successful, as shown in the following figure.



Note: If the application was unable to connect, verify that the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit is powered on, within range, and is not connected to another Bluetooth device.

LED Color Control

The application consists of three color sliders for Red (R), Green (G), and Blue (B), respectively. The color of the LED is programmed as the slider **(1)** is modified. The color of the LED can also be modified using the increment button or the decrement button **(2)**. Similarly, the color can be modified by selecting the color based on hue and saturation on the color palette **(3)**. The slider and the increment/decrement buttons send commands to the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit via SPP to program the LED color. The colors of R, G, and B can vary from 0 to 254, respectively. The color bar **(4)** indicates the resulting modified color of the RGB combination. The LED changes in real-time to approximate the color in the color bar. The LED color will be of an uncalibrated nature of the integrated three color diodes.

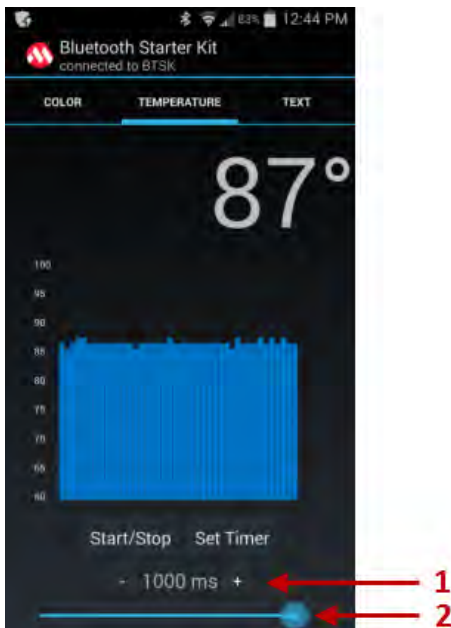
This is a demonstration of full-duplex data transmission from and to the Android device to the development board. Each time the color is modified, a command is sent in a string format via SPP to the development board. The command sent can be viewed in the Text menu.



Temperature Sensor

Select the Temperature menu on the Android application and the window will appear as shown in the next figure. Fahrenheit temperature readings are shown in a graph, which updates automatically as new readings are received. The graph is zoomable and scrollable in the X direction. The last received reading is also displayed as large text.

The PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit has a temperature sensor and once Start is selected, the temperature will be updated for every second by default in a periodic mode. The update rate can be modified from 250 milliseconds to 8 seconds by using the increment or the decrement button **(1)**. The time duration can also be modified by the slider provided in the application **(2)**. Once the time duration is set, select **Set Timer** to initiate periodic update for the modified duration. The temperature update can be halted by selecting **Stop**. Start/Stop and Set Timer sends/receives commands to/from the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit through SPP full-duplex transmission. The commands sent and received can be viewed in the Text menu.



Text Control

LED Control

The LED color can be modified by sending command via Terminal emulator of the app. Select the Text menu to view the terminal window of the application. To modify the LED color the following command is sent in the format, 255, 03, R, G, B, where:

- 255 is the command to modify the LED color.
- 03 determines the number of Bytes to be sent, currently it is 3 (R, G, B)

- R specifies the value for Red color from 0-254
- G specifies the value for Green color from 0-254
- B specifies the value for Blue from 0-254

For example, 255, 03, 127, 60, 128 (R = 127, G = 60, B = 128)

The commands 'r' or 'g' or 'b' set the LED to 50% of Red, Green, or Blue, respectively. Similarly, the commands 'R' or 'G' or 'B' set the LED to 100% of Red, Green, or Blue, respectively. Refer to **Table 1: Text Commands** for details.

Temperature Control

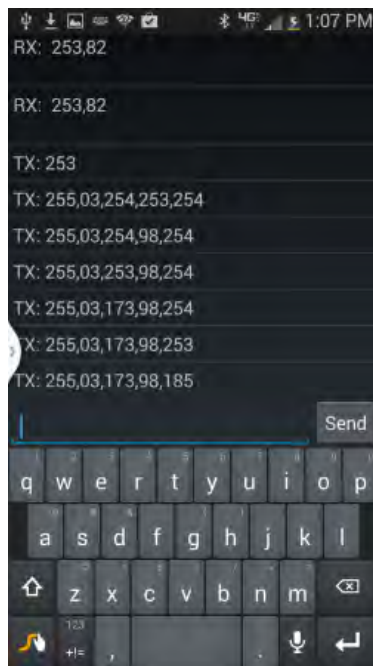
The command 254 is sent to the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit via SPP data transmission. This command transmits the current temperature to the Android device terminal emulator once on request. Similarly, command 253 is sent to the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit to receive the current temperature on a periodic time period for every one second by default. The rate of the update can be modified by the following command 252, with the time in milliseconds.

252 - Command the update timer rate change. The periodic temperature update can be stopped by sending command 253.

Refer to **Table 1: Text Commands** for details.

Table 1: Text Commands

Feature	Command	TX Format	RX Format	Description	Example
LED	255	255,03,R,G,B	N/A	The led color is modified depending on the value of R, G and B varying from 0-254 respectively.	255,03,127,127,127
LED	R	R	N/A	Programs LED for 100% of Red	R
LED	G	G	N/A	Programs LED for 100% of Green	G
LED	B	B	N/A	Programs LED for 100% of Blue	B
LED	r	r	N/A	Programs LED for 50% of Red	r
LED	g	g	N/A	Programs LED for 50% of Green	g
LED	b	b	N/A	Programs LED for 50% of Blue	b
Temperature	254	254	Temperature in Fahrenheit	On transmitting 254 command , the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit sends the current temperature once per request	254
Temperature	253	253	253, temperature in Fahrenheit	On transmitting 253, the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit updates the temperature for every one second	TX: 253 RX:253,80
Temperature	252	252, rate in milliseconds	253, temperature	Programs LED for 100% of Green	TX: 253,399 RX: 253,80
Temperature	253	253	N/A	The periodic display can be halted by resending 253	N/A



Premium Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to obtain, build, configure, and run the purchased "Premium" demonstration.

Description

For information on purchasing the premium demonstration, please refer to the Microchip Premium MPLAB Harmony Audio web page (www.microchip.com/pic32harmonypremiumaudio).

a2dp_avrcp



Note: The Premium Demonstrations are not included in the standard release of MPLAB Harmony and must be purchased. Refer to the Microchip Premium MPLAB Harmony Audio web page (www.microchip.com/pic32harmonypremiumaudio) for more information.

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration performs streaming of wireless Bluetooth audio from any smartphone (i.e., Apple, Samsung, Google, etc.), personal computer, or Bluetooth-enabled device. The demonstration supports the following features:

- A2DP
- AVRCP
- SSP
- SBC Decoder

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Premium Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `a2dp_avrcp.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/bluetooth/premium/audio/a2dp_avrcp`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>a2dp_avrcp.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/bluetooth/premium/audio/a2dp_avrcp/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>ak7755_bt_audio_dk</code>	<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit with the AKM AK7755 Codec.
<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk+meb2</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit attached to the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II).
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit attached to the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II).
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit attached to the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II).
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2_wvga</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2+wvga</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit attached to the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) and the 5.0" WVGA display.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit and MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit and AK7755 Codec

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

Move jumper J9 to short pins 1 and 2 (external LCCG mode).

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and MEB II and 5.0" WVGA Display

Move jumper J9 to short pins 1 and 2 (external LCCG mode).


Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Premium audio demonstration

Description

1. Build and program the target device. While building, select the appropriate MPLAB X IDE project configuration based on the demonstration board. Refer to [Building the Application](#) for details.
2. When LED2 and LED3 turn ON, this indicates that the demonstration is running on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit.
3. Enable Bluetooth on the Bluetooth audio device (for example, Smartphone).
4. Scan for the available Bluetooth devices. The target Bluetooth device should also be displayed in the list of available devices on your Bluetooth audio device.
5. The name of the target Bluetooth device will be as follows:

Configuration	Device Name
bt_audio_dk	Microchip A2DP
ak7755_bt_audio_dk	Microchip A2DP
pic32mz_da_sk_meb2	BT_DA + MEB-II
pic32mz_ec_sk_meb2	BT_MZ EC + MEB-II
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2	BT_MZ EF + MEB-II
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2_wvga	BT_MZ EF + MEB-II + WVGA

 **Note:** Occasionally, the name of the Bluetooth device is not resolved and will appear as "null". After some time the name will change from "null" to the configuration-specific name previously mentioned. The visible MAC Address will be fixed for the first eight digits and the last four will vary (12:34:45:78:XX: XX).

6. Select the device to pair and connect.
7. If prompted by your device for a PIN, enter 0000.
8. If the connection is successful, the message "connected to <Device Name>" appears at the top of the screen of your Bluetooth audio device.
9. Connect a speaker or headphones to the line-out/headphone jack of the development board.
10. Select the music track and tap **Play**.

Demonstration Controls










Bluetooth Mode	Control	bt_audio_dk and ak7755_bt_audio_dk	pic32mz_da_sk_meb2
Shuffle (Toggle) / Force Bluetooth Device to Unpair	SW1	Switch, SW1, located on top of the board.	N/A

Repeat Track (Toggle) / Bluetooth Device Disconnect	SW2	Switch, SW2, located on top of the board.	N/A
Next Track/Fast Forward	SW3	Switch, SW3, located on top of the board.	N/A
Play/Pause (Toggle) / Soft Mute (toggle)	SW4	Switch, SW4, located on top of the board.	N/A
Previous Track / Rewind	SW5/S1	Switch, SW5, located on top of the board.	N/A
N/A	LED1	Red LED, D5, located on top of the board.	Red LED, D3, located on top of the board.
Bluetooth Device Connection Ready	LED2	Red LED, D6, located on top of the board.	Red LED, D4, located on top of the board.
Bluetooth Device Connection Ready	LED3	Red LED, D7, located on top of the board.	Red LED, D5, located on top of the board.
Audio Stream Indication	LED4	Red LED, D8, located on top of the board.	Red LED, D6, located on top of the board.
N/A	LED5	Red LED, D9, located on top of the board.	Red LED, D7, located on top of the board.
CPU Exception Error	LED1-LED5	Red LEDs, D5-D9, located on top of the board.	Red LEDs, D3-D7, located on top of the board.

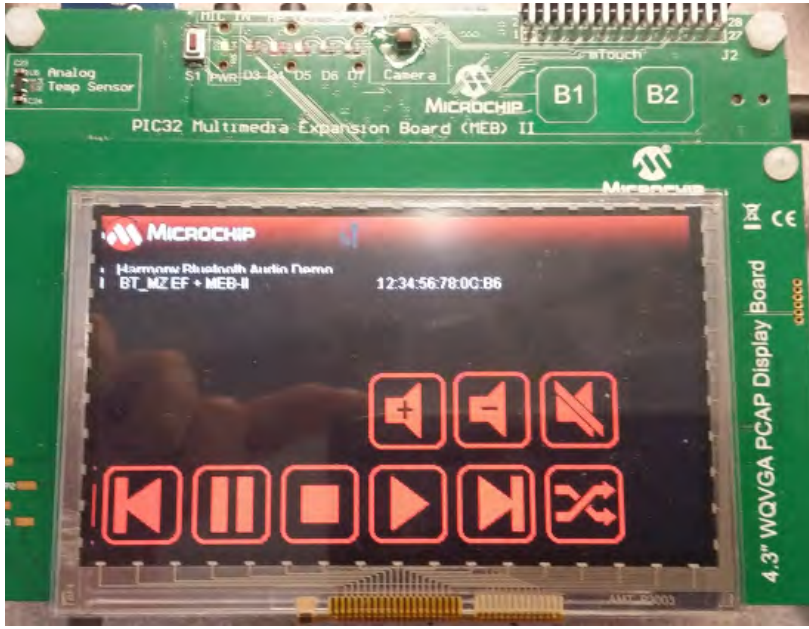
a2dp_avrcp Premium Demonstration Touch Display Controls

The touch screen demonstration controls listed in the following table are available for these configurations:

- pic32mz_ec_sk_meb2
- pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2
- pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2_wvga

Icon	Function
	Plays music and audio.
	Stops music and audio, and in most instances, will also close the device application.
	Pauses music and audio.
	Plays the previous track.
	Plays the next track.
	Increases the volume using the AVRCP Volume Up command. Note: Not all device applications will change volume with this command.
	Decreases the volume using the AVRCP Volume Down command. Note: Not all device applications will change volume with this command.
	Mutes (silences) the device using the AVRCP Volume Mute command. Note: Not all device applications will change volume with this command.
	Shuffles tracks.

The following figure illustrates the display.



Bootloader Demonstrations

This section provides descriptions of the Bootloader demonstrations.

Introduction

Bootloader Demonstration Applications Help.

Description

This distribution package contains firmware projects that demonstrate the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Bootloader. This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run these firmware projects on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Bootloader demonstration applications included in this release.

basic

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration implements a Bootloader that resides in boot Flash. With the Bootloader operating on the target device, the device can then be programmed with application code without the need for an external programmer or debugger.

The Bootloader is, operationally, similar to the bootloader described in AN1388 "PIC32 Bootloader", and will work with the personal computer application provided with the related source archive file. The application note and archive file are available for download from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Bootloader Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `basic.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/bootloader/basic`.

MPLAB X IDE Project






This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>basic.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/bootloader/basic/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP(s) Used	Description
<code>udp_pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstrates the UDP Ethernet mode on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.
<code>udp_pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the UDP Ethernet mode on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
<code>udp_pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the UDP Ethernet mode on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
<code>udp_pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates the UDP Ethernet mode on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.
<code>uart_pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstrates the UART bootloader on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.

usart_pic32mz_ec_sk	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates UART bootloader on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.  Note: This demonstration does not rely on the hardware encryption module.
usart_pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates UART bootloader on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.  Note: This demonstration does not rely on the hardware encryption module.
usart_pic32mz_da_sk	pic32mz_da_sk	Demonstrates UART bootloader on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.  Note: This demonstration does not rely on the hardware encryption module.
usbdevice_pic32mx_usb_sk2	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Demonstrates the USB Device mode on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
usbdevice_pic32mz_ec_sk	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates the USB Device mode on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
usbdevice_pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates the USB Device mode on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
usbhost_pic32mx_usb_sk2	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Demonstrates the USB Host bootloader on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
usbhost_pic32mz_ec_sk	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates the USB Host bootloader on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.  Note: This demonstration does not rely on the hardware encryption module.
usbhost_pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates the USB Host bootloader on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.  Note: This demonstration does not rely on the hardware encryption module.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

The following configuration information is for UART mode.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit, PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II, or PIC332 USB Starter Kit II

UART communication is done through the UART2 module. The U2RX and U2TX pins can be accessed through the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board. One way to do this is with the MCP2200 Breakout Module. Connect the TX pin of the module to pin 46 on connector J11. Connect the RX pin of the module to pin 48 on connector J11. Connect GND pins together to ensure shared grounding.

Figure 1 and Figure 2 show the hardware configuration and close-ups of the jumper wire connections.

Figure 1 - Hardware Configuration

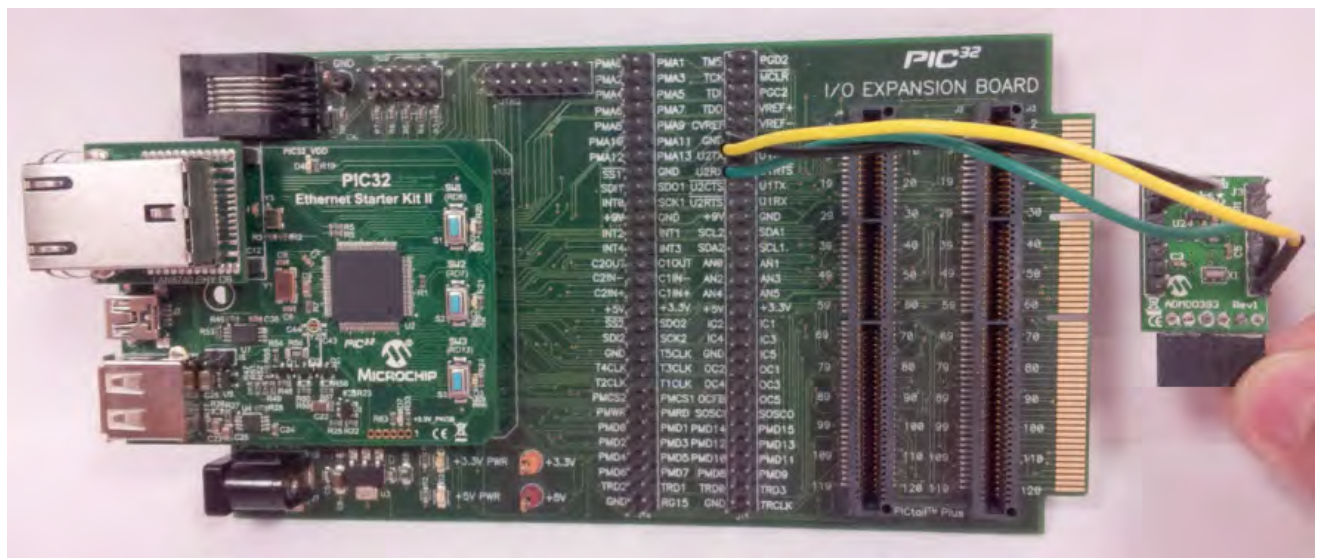
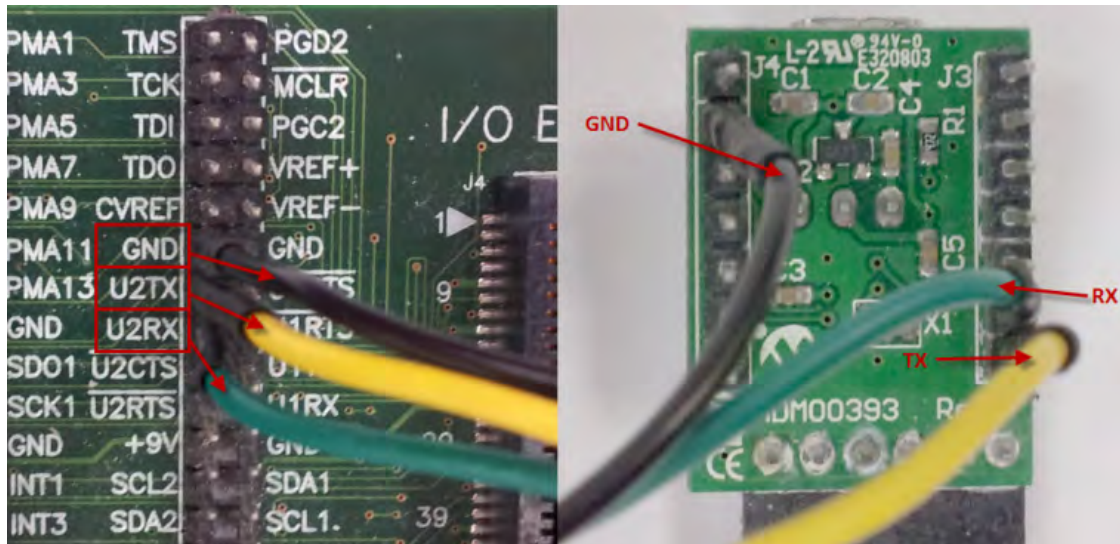



Figure 2 - Jumper Wire Connections



PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

UART communication is done through the UART1 module, routed through PPS to RPF0 and RPF1. The U1RX and U1TX pins can be accessed through the PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board. One way to do this is with the MCP2200 Breakout Module. Connect the TX pin of the module to the EBID10 pin of JP3 on the underside of the adapter. Connect the RX pin of the module to the EBID11 pin of JP1 on the underside of the adapter. Connect grounds between the module and the starter kit to ensure shared grounding.

 **Note:** When running the UDP bootloader on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit, the bootloader may not run due to a connection issue between the starter kit and the LAN8740 PHY daughter card.

Please refer to the Product Change Notice for the LAN8740 PHY Daughter card for options to correct this issue. This PCN is available from the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit web page at:

<http://www.microchip.com/Developmenttools/ProductDetails.aspx?PartNO=Dm320006>

Figure 3 and Figure 4 show the hardware configuration.

Figure 3 - Hardware Configuration (Front)

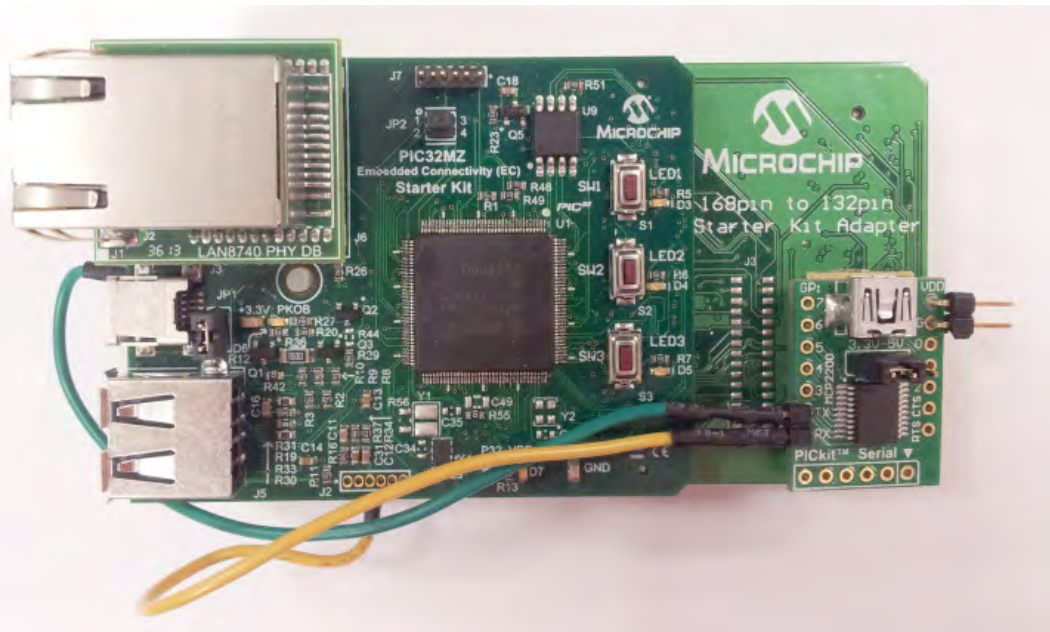
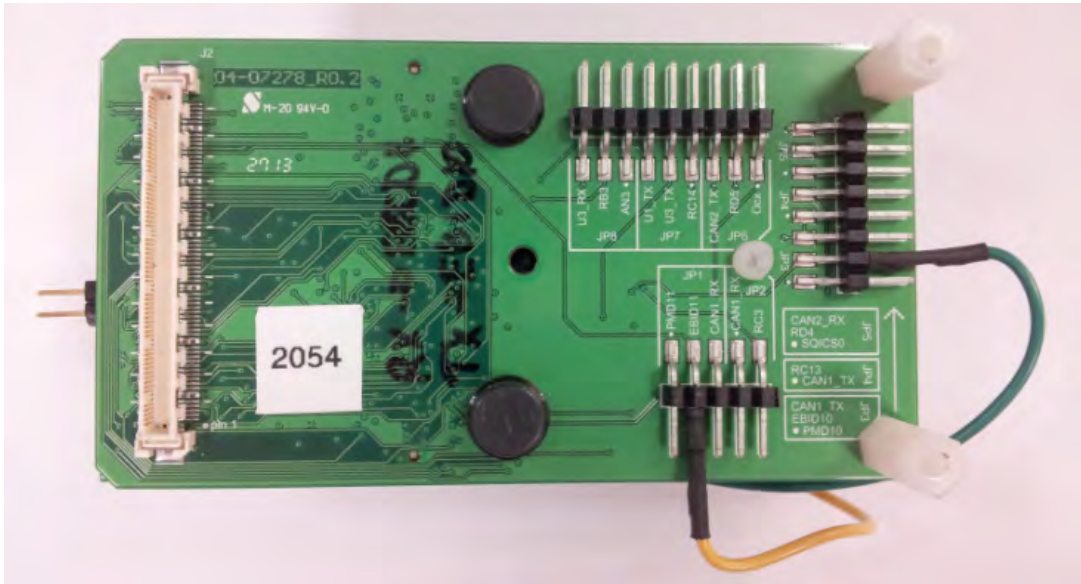


Figure 4 - Hardware Configuration (Back)



PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

Connect the host computer to J11 of the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit

Connect the host computer to J5 of the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Bootloader demonstration.

Description

Personal Computer-based Host Demonstration

Do the following when using the configurations:

Operation

The bootloader is operated as follows:

1. Select the configuration suitable for the target hardware.
2. Compile and program the device.
3. Hold down SW3 on the starter kit to force bootloader operation.
4. LED1 will start blinking to indicate the bootloader is operating. If a program had previously been programmed, it may be necessary to hold down SW3 prior to applying power to the board or resetting the board.
5. Open the personal computer Host program from the AN1388 source archive file.
6. Select the appropriate communication path:
 - UART - Leave the baud rate at 115,200
 - UDP - Keep the IP address at 192.168.1.11 and the UDP port at 6234
 - USB Device - Keep the VID at 0x4D8 and the PID at 0x03C
7. Click **Connect** to connect to the bootloader and get the version.
8. If the bootloader connects, the personal computer Host application will indicate the version of the bootloader.

At this point, the bootloader is ready to accept a new application for programming into the program Flash. A demonstration application is provided, which is configured in a linker script to only operate in program Flash.

Setup

The demonstration application is prepared as follows:

1. Open the `dma_led_pattern.X` project from `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/dma/firmware`.
2. Select the configuration suitable for the target hardware.
3. Compile the program, but **do not program the device**.

Programming the Device

With the demonstration application compiled, the generated hex file can now be programmed into the device using the bootloader.

To program the application into the device:

1. On the personal computer Host application described in AN1388, click **Load Hex File**.
2. Navigate to `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/dma/firmware/dma_led_pattern.X/dist/<configuration>/production/<configuration>.X.production.hex`. Select it and click **Open**.
3. Click **Erase-Program-Verify**.
4. The program will then be transferred to the bootloader, which will program the application.
5. When the program has been programmed, click **Run Application** to start the program.
6. If the application has been programmed correctly, the green and red LEDs will blink in an alternating pattern.
7. Click **Disconnect** to release the Host Application.

USB Host-based Demonstration

Do the following when using the configurations:

Operation

The bootloader is operated as follows:

1. Select the configuration suitable for the target hardware.
2. Compile and program the device.
3. Hold down SW3 on the starter kit to force bootloader operation.

If a program had previously been programmed, it may be necessary to hold down SW3 prior to applying power to the board or resetting the board.

Setup

The demonstration application is prepared as follows:

1. Open the `dma_led_pattern.X` project from `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/dma/firmware/`.
2. Select the configuration suitable for the target hardware.
3. Compile the program, but do not program the device.
4. Copy the resultant `.hex` file to the flash drive that will be inserted into the target USB port. The file can be located at `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/dma/firmware/dma_led_pattern.X/dist/<platform>/production/dma_led_pattern.X.production.hex`.
5. Rename the hex file on the Flash drive to `image.hex`.

Programming the Device

With the demonstration application compiled, the generated hex file can now be programmed into the device using the bootloader.

To program the application into the device:

1. Insert the Flash drive into the type-A USB port on the starter kit.
2. The program will be loaded from the Flash drive and programmed into the device.
3. Remove the Flash drive when the program starts running.

LiveUpdate

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration implements a live update bootloader that looks for a change during start-up that swaps the Flash panels on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit. The same sample application as the basic bootloader demonstration can be used as the application source for a programming example with this bootloader demonstration.

The bootloader is, operationally, similar to the bootloader described in AN1388 "*PIC32 Bootloader*", and will work with the personal computer application provided with the related source archive file. The application note and archive file are available for download from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Bootloader Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `liveUpdate.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/bootloader/LiveUpdate`.



MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
liveUpdate.X	<install-dir>/apps/bootloader/LiveUpdate/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP(s) Used	Description
usart_pic32mz_ec_sk	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates the UART bootloader on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.  Note: This demonstration does not rely on the hardware encryption module.
usart_pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates the UART bootloader on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.  Note: This demonstration does not rely on the hardware encryption module.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

UART communication is done through the UART1 module, routed through PPS to RPF0 and RPF1. The U1RX and U1TX pins can be accessed through the PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board. One way to do this is with the MCP2200 Breakout Module. Connect the TX pin of the module to the EBID10 pin of JP3 on the underside of the adapter. Connect the RX pin of the module to the EBID11 pin of JP1 on the underside of the adapter. Connect grounds between the module and the starter kit to ensure shared grounding.

Figure 3 and Figure 4 show the hardware configuration.

Figure 3 - Hardware Configuration (Front)

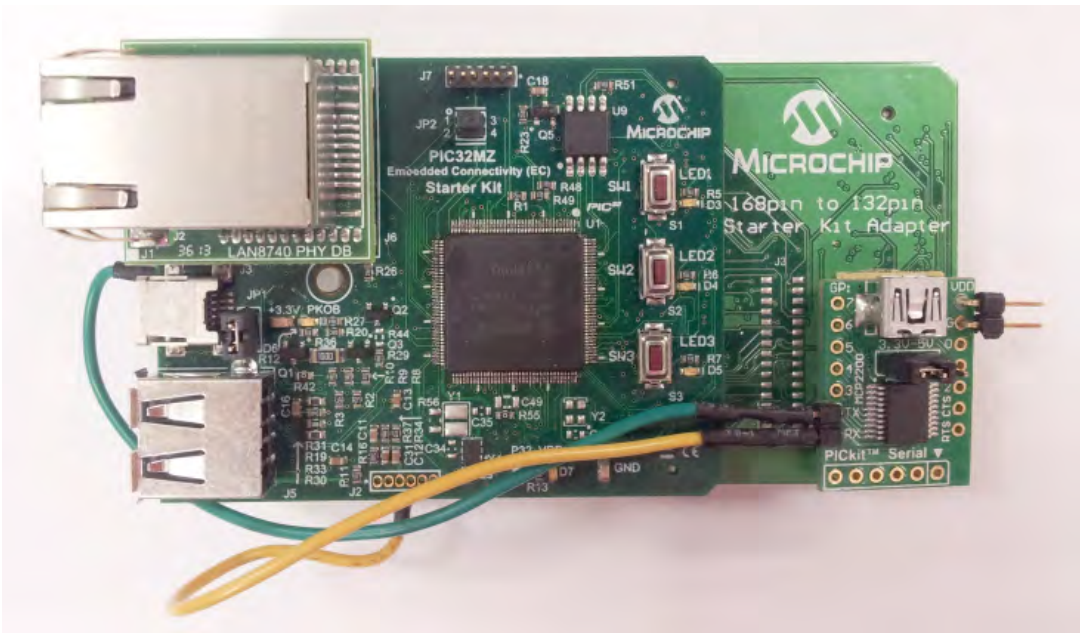
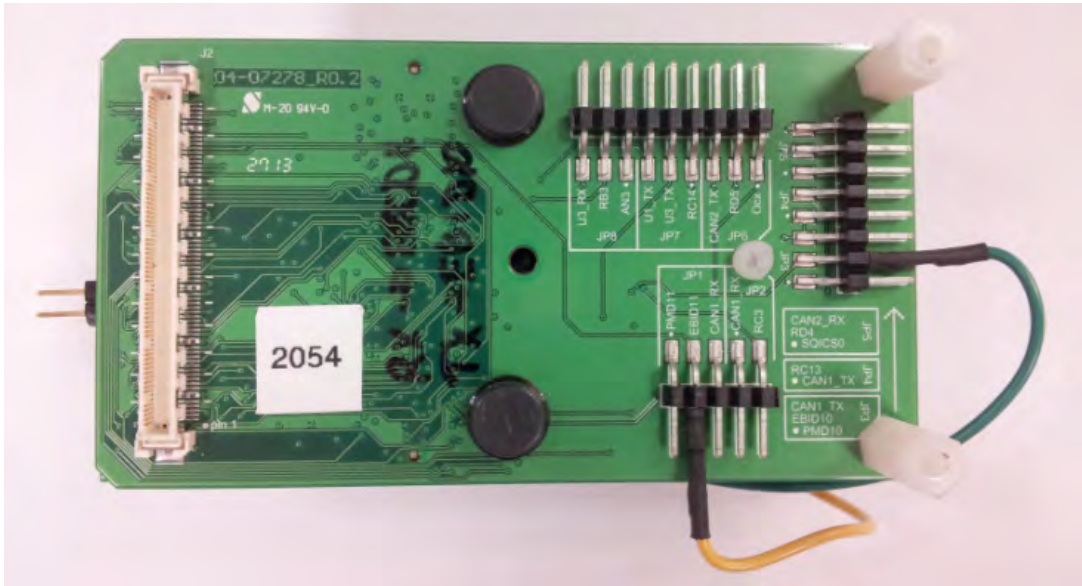


Figure 4 - Hardware Configuration (Back)



PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

Connect the host computer to J11 of the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit

Connect the host computer to J5 of the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Bootloader demonstration.

Description

Personal Computer-based Host Demonstration

Do the following when using the configurations:

Operation

The bootloader is operated as follows:

1. Select the configuration suitable for the target hardware.
2. Compile and program the device.
3. LED1 will start blinking to indicate the program is operating.
4. Open the personal computer Host program from the AN1388 source archive file.
5. Select the appropriate communication path:
 - UART - Leave the baud rate at 115,200
 - UDP - Keep the IP address at 192.168.1.11 and the UDP port at 6234
 - USB Device - Keep the VID at 0x4D8 and the PID at 0x03C
6. Click **Connect** to connect to the bootloader and obtain the version.
7. If the program connects, the personal computer Host application will indicate the version of the bootloader.

At this point, the bootloader is ready to accept a new application for programming into the program Flash. A demonstration application is provided, which is configured in a linker script to only operate in program Flash.

Setup

The demonstration application is prepared as follows:

1. Open the `dma_led_pattern.X` project from `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/dma/firmware`.
2. Select the configuration suitable for the target hardware.
3. Compile the program, but **do not program the device**.

Programming the Device

With the demonstration application compiled, the generated hex file can now be programmed into the device using LiveUpdate.

To program the application into the device:

1. On the personal computer Host application described in AN1388, click **Load Hex File**.
2. Navigate to `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/dma/firmware/dma_led_pattern.X/dist/<configuration>/production/<configuration>.X.production.hex`.

- Select it and click **Open**.
3. Click **Erase-Program-Verify**.
 4. The program will then be transferred to the device, which will program the application into the second Flash panel.
 5. When the program has been programmed, click **Run Application** to start the program.
 6. If the application has been programmed correctly, the green and red LEDs will blink in an alternating pattern.
 7. Click **Disconnect** to release the Host Application.

USB Host-based Demonstration

Do the following when using the configurations:

Operation

The bootloader is operated as follows:

1. Select the configuration suitable for the target hardware.
2. Compile and program the device.

Setup

The demonstration application is prepared as follows:

1. Open the `dma_led_pattern.X` project from `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/dma/firmware/`.
2. Select the configuration suitable for the target hardware.
3. Compile the program, but do not program the device.
4. Copy the resultant `.hex` file to the flash drive that will be inserted into the target USB port. The file can be located at `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/dma/firmware/dma_led_pattern.X/dist/<platform>/production/dma_led_pattern.X.production.hex`.
5. Rename the hex file on the Flash drive to `image.hex`.

Programming the Device

With the demonstration application compiled, the generated hex file can now be programmed into the device using the bootloader.

To program the application into the device:

1. Insert the Flash drive into the type-A USB port on the starter kit.
2. The program will be loaded from the Flash drive and programmed into the device.
3. Remove the Flash drive when the program starts running.

Class B Library Demonstrations

This section provides descriptions of the Class B Library demonstrations.

Introduction

Class B Library Demonstration Applications Help.

Description

This distribution package contains one Class B-related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Class B Library. This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run these firmware projects on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Class B Library demonstration applications included in this release.

ClassBDemo

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This application invokes each of the Class B Safety software Library interfaces one at a time and collects the responses into a single structure. This demonstrates the use of the library, as well as some of the prerequisites that must be met to use the library.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Class B Library demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `ClassBDemo.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/crypto/ClassBDemo`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
ClassBDemo.X	<install-dir>/apps/crypto/ClassBDemo/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP(s) Used	Description
pic32mx_eth_sk2	pic32mx_eth_sk2	Demonstrates each of the Class B Safety Library functions on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II.
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates each of the Class B Safety Library functions on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Class B Library demonstration.

Description

This demonstration tests device core components and demonstrates the use of the Class B Software Safety Library API.

1. Select the desired MPLAB X IDE project configuration:
 - pic32mz_ef_sk (for PIC32MZ EF devices)
 - pic32mx_eth_sk (for PIC32MX devices)
2. Build the selected configuration in the MPLAB X IDE project and program the demonstration board by selecting Debug Main Project from the Debug Menu. The program should build, download, and run.
3. Either single step into, or step over each test in turn. As each test completes, look at the appropriate bit of the ClassB_Test_Flags structure. They will be set with either a '1' indicating failure or a '0' indicating success.

Crypto Demonstrations

This section provides descriptions of the Crypto demonstrations.

Introduction

Crypto Library Demonstration Applications Help.

Description

This distribution package contains three Crypto-related firmware projects that demonstrate the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Crypto Library. This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run these firmware projects on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Crypto Library demonstration applications included in this release.

encrypt_decrypt

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration exercises several cryptographic functions, including MD5, TDES, DES, AES, RSA, ECC, and Random Number Generation, to verify that the software or hardware is performing correctly. While the demonstration is running, the yellow LED on the starter kit will light to indicate processing. If all functions execute successfully, the green LED on the starter kit will illuminate.

When testing hardware encryption, the Starter Kit with Crypto Engine (DM320006-C) must be used. Software encryption can be performed on either PIC32MX795F512L or any version of PIC32MZ device.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Crypto Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `encrypt_decrypt.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/crypto/encrypt_decrypt`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>encrypt_decrypt.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/crypto/encrypt_decrypt/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP(s) Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstrates encryption, decryption, hashing, and random number generation using Software Libraries on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_hw</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates encryption, decryption, hashing, and random number generation using the Hardware Encryption module on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit with Crypto.

pic32mz_ef_sk_hw	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates encryption, decryption, hashing, and random number generation using the Hardware Encryption module on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit with Crypto.
pic32mz_da_sk_hw	pic32mz_da_sk	Demonstrates encryption, decryption, hashing, and random number generation using the Hardware Encryption module on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit with Crypto.
pic32mz_ec_sk_sw	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates encryption, decryption, hashing, and random number generation using Software Libraries on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ef_sk_sw	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates encryption, decryption, hashing, and random number generation using Software Libraries on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EC) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Crypto demonstration.

Description

This demonstration exercises various encryption, decryption, hashing, and random number functions.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration for the hardware in use.
2. Observe the status of LEDs on the starter kit. The yellow LED will be illuminated while the demonstration executes. If all function passes succeed, the green LED will illuminate. If an error occurred, the red LED is illuminated.

large_hash

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This application demonstrates how to execute hashes on large blocks of data. In this case, the demonstration performs MD5, SHA-1, SHA-256, SHA-384, and SHA-512 hashing on a 512 * 1024 block of the letter 'a'.

On PIC32MZ devices, which have adequate Flash memory, the linker script is configured to create the 512 * 1024 block starting at physical address 0x9D08_0000.

The application runs the hashes in two ways:

- On PIC32MZ devices, the first way it runs it is by passing the entire 512 * 1024 block in one function call.
- With the second way, which is the only one that runs on PIC32MX devices, it passes a 1024 block of the letter 'a' that is allocated on the stack to the engine, doing it 512 times.

After the hashing has been performed, the application outputs via the system console the results of the hashing, and the time it took to perform each form. It then compares the generated hashes with known values for each algorithm. If all tests pass, the green LED is lit, and a message is presented through the system console. If any tests fail, the red LED is lit, and a corresponding message is presented through the system console.

When testing hardware encryption, the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit configured with the Crypto Engine (DM320006-C) must be used. Software encryption can be performed on any version of a PIC32MX or PIC32MZ device.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Crypto Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `large_hash.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/crypto/large_hash`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>large_hash.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/crypto/large_hash/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP(s) Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstrates hashing large blocks of data using Software Libraries on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_hw</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates hashing large blocks of data using the Hardware Encryption module on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit with Crypto.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_hw</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates hashing large blocks of data using the Hardware Encryption module on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit with Crypto.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk_hw</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates hashing large blocks of data using the Hardware Encryption module on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit with Crypto.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_sw</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates hashing large blocks of data using Software Libraries on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_sw</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates hashing large blocks of data using Software Libraries on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit

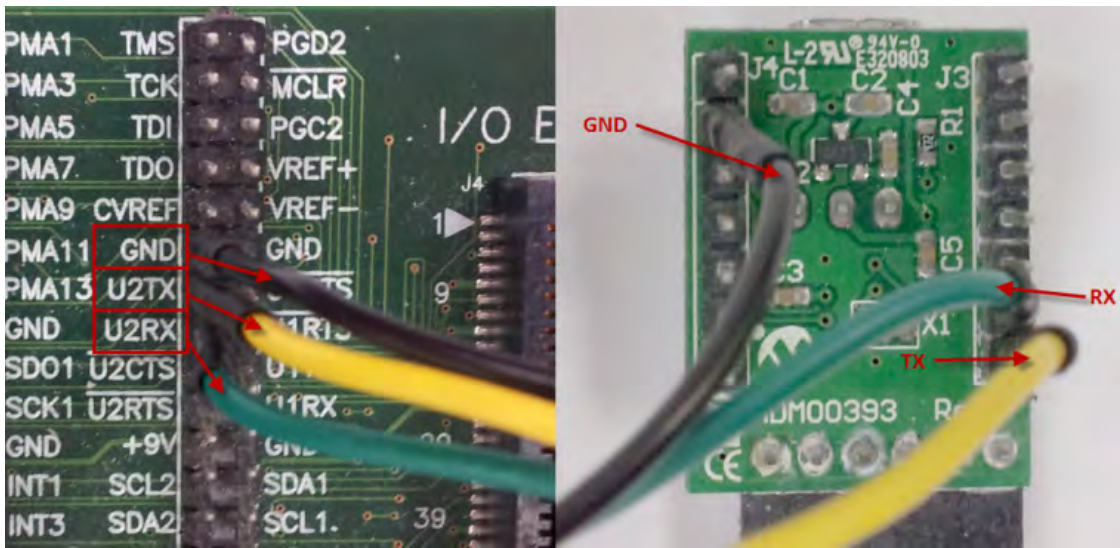
UART communication is done through the UART2 module. The U2RX and U2TX pins can be accessed through the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board. One way to do this is with the MCP2200 Breakout Module. Connect the TX pin of the module to pin 46 on connector J11. Connect the RX pin of the module to pin 48 on connector J11. Connect GND pins together to ensure shared grounding.

Figure 1 and Figure 2 show the hardware configuration and close-ups of the jumper wire connections.

Figure 1 - Hardware Configuration



Figure 2 - Jumper Wire Connections



PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit

UART communication is done through the UART1 module, routed through PPS to RPF0 and RPF1. The U1RX and U1TX pins can be accessed through the PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board. One way to do this is with the MCP2200 Breakout Module. Connect the TX pin of the module to the EBID10 pin of JP3 on the underside of the adapter. Connect the RX pin of the module to the EBID11 pin of JP1 on the underside of the adapter. Connect grounds between the module and the starter kit to ensure shared grounding.

Figure 3 and Figure 4 show the hardware configuration.

Figure 3 - Hardware Configuration (Front)

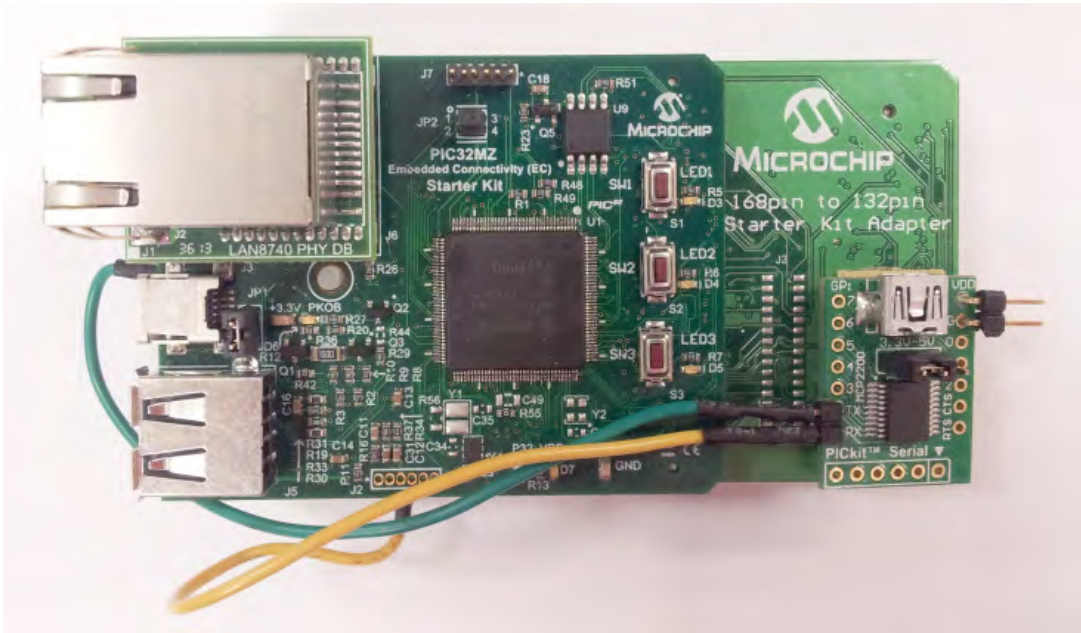
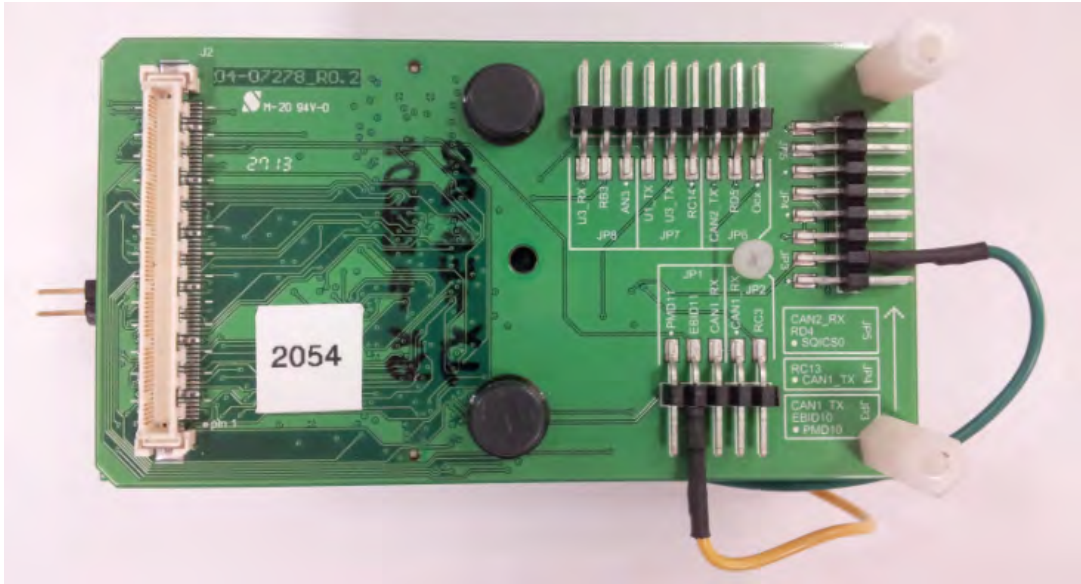


Figure 4 - Hardware Configuration (Back)



Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Crypto demonstration.

Description

This demonstration exercises hashing functions on large blocks of data.

1. First, compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for hardware.
2. Open a serial terminal program, such as PuTTY or TeraTerm, and connect it to the serial port for the MCP2200 Breakout Module. The serial configuration is 115200 baud, 8 data bits, no parity bit, 1 stop bit.
3. Observe the status of LEDs on the starter kit. The yellow LED will be illuminated while the demonstration executes. If all function passes succeed, the green LED will illuminate. If an error occurred, the red LED is illuminated.
4. Observe the output of the program in the serial terminal program. It will report the results of the hashes, and the cycles taken to execute. The actual cycles taken will depend on the hardware used, and the size of the buffers available to the hardware engine. The following example shows the output using the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit configured with the Crypto Engine:

Starting the test.

```
MD5 from Flash: 30C2557E8302A5BEB290C71520D87F42 took 481405 clock cycles
```

```
MD5 from feed: 30C2557E8302A5BEB290C71520D87F42 took 804934 clock cycles
```

```
SHA from Flash: F7FEC128D7FCD59222BA37368D3B7210D4C7B6EF took 481151 clock cycles
```

```
SHA from feed: F7FEC128D7FCD59222BA37368D3B7210D4C7B6EF took 804901 clock cycles
SHA256 from Flash: 85A84A75886E8A526DBEC4E16E3375FAA307B4AEAD79C9ED3264C0477A6F6EBA took 702033 clock cycles
SHA256 from feed: 85A84A75886E8A526DBEC4E16E3375FAA307B4AEAD79C9ED3264C0477A6F6EBA took 806480 clock cycles
SHA384 from Flash:
A550561A6330048EFE826A97E5FED843FA1CE646A9BF546CCB433C2FCB0E54821C4C945EED9A592B5BF43157E212F277 took
45452328 clock cycles
SHA384 from feed:
A550561A6330048EFE826A97E5FED843FA1CE646A9BF546CCB433C2FCB0E54821C4C945EED9A592B5BF43157E212F277 took
45391039 clock cycles
SHA512 from Flash:
7F49157FB359B39EA6DA934DC9A10709FEDF8846D139D0E637A3C0FC833B6F42703858DBACEE28F4489B5E95FAB5E5655A25F838B0DC
7BF3C84C7CC0264F6A4F
took 45807606 clock cycles
SHA512 from feed:
7F49157FB359B39EA6DA934DC9A10709FEDF8846D139D0E637A3C0FC833B6F42703858DBACEE28F4489B5E95FAB5E5655A25F838B0DC
7BF3C84C7CC0264F6A4F
took 45775518 clock cycles
All tests passed.
```

Driver Demonstrations

This section provides descriptions of the Driver demonstrations.

I2C Driver Demonstrations

This topic provides descriptions of the I2C Driver demonstrations.

Introduction

This help file contains instructions and associated information about MPLAB Harmony I2C Driver application demonstrations, which are included in the MPLAB Harmony Library distribution.

Description

This application demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony I2C Driver. This section describes the hardware requirements and procedures to build and run the demonstration project using Microchip development tools.

One demonstration application is provided:

- `i2c_rtcc` - In this demonstration, one instance of the I2C peripherals acts as a Master and sends and receives data from two an external slave device. The slave device is the external MCP7049N Real-Time Clock Calendar (RTCC) device.

To know more about the MPLAB Harmony I2C Driver, configuring the driver and APIs provided by the I2C Driver, refer to the I2C Driver Library Help documentation.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the I2C Driver demonstration applications included in this release.

`i2c_rtcc`

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the I2C RTCC demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `i2c_rtcc.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/driver/i2c/i2c_rtcc`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>i2c_rtcc.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/driver/i2c/i2c_rtcc/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	The purpose of this configuration is to demonstrate I2C Master mode transfer setup in Interrupt mode and dynamic operation. The hardware used is the PIC32MX795F512L PIM connected to the Explorer 16 Development Board.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2</code>	The purpose of this configuration is to demonstrate I2C Master mode transfer setup in Interrupt mode and dynamic operation. The hardware used is the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the MEB II.

pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	The purpose of this configuration is to demonstrate I2C Master mode transfer setup in Interrupt mode and dynamic operation. The hardware used is the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the MEB II.
pic32mz_da_sk_meb2_wvga	pic32mz_da_sk+meb2+wvga	The purpose of this configuration is to demonstrate I2C Master mode transfer setup in Interrupt mode and dynamic operation. The hardware used is the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit connected to the MEB II.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description



Note: The i2c_rtcc demonstration was tested on the Microchip MCP7949N RTCC device. The address of this device is 0xDE.

Explorer 16 Development Board with the PIC32MX795F512L PIM

- Before attaching the PIC32MX795F512L PIM to the Explorer 16 Development Board, ensure that the processor select switch (S2) is in the PIM Position

- Short JP2 on the Explorer 16 Development Board to enable the LEDs

If a Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board is used, make the following connections:

- Jumper I/O Expansion board J11 pin 36 (SDA2) and J11 pin 38 (SCL2) should be pulled up to 3.3V through a 2.2k ohm resistor

If an external RTCC is used, make the following connections:

- Jumper I/O Expansion board J11 pin 36 (SDA2) and J11 pin 38 (SCL2) to the corresponding lines of an external I2C device
- If an external I2C device is connected, ensure that the Master and Slave device share a common ground.

If a PICtail™ Plus Daughter Board is used, make the following connections:

- PICtail Plus Daughter Board pins RA2 (SCL2) and RA3 (SDA2) should be pulled up to 3.3V through a 2.2k ohm resistor

If an external RTCC is used, make the following connections:

- Jumper PICtail Plus Daughter Board pins RA2 (SCL2) and pin RA3 (SDA2) to the corresponding SCL and SDA lines of an external I2C device
- If an external I2C device is connected, ensure that the Master and Slave device share a common ground

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit or PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit connected to the MEB II

The jumper JP2 on PIC32MZ EC/EF Starter Kit should be connected according to the debugger/programmer used, as follows:

- If PKOB is used, pins 1 and 3 and pins 2 and 4 should be shorted
- If MPLAB REAL ICE or MPLAB ICD 3 is being used, pins 1 and 3 and pins 2 and 4 should be left open

The connections pertaining to I2C are as follows:

- Connect MEB II J2 pin 3 (SCL2) to the corresponding SCL line of the external I2C device
- Connect MEB II J2 pin 5 (SDA2) to the corresponding SDA line of the external I2C device
- If an external I2C device is connected, ensure that the Master and Slave device share a common ground

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the I2C RTCC demonstration.

Description

1. This demonstration shows how to configure and make use of the I2C Driver APIs to support buffered operation of I2C in Interrupt mode. In this demonstration, the I2C is configured as single instance and single client.

Once the demonstration application is compiled successfully for the selected configuration, the firmware can be programmed into the target device.

To run the demonstration in Debug mode, perform the following steps:

1. Select the appropriate configuration from the MPLAB X IDE Project Properties based on the target hardware.
2. Select your device programmer from the Hardware Tool menu in MPLAB X IDE.
3. Select either *Debug > Debug Main Project* or click **Debug Main Project** in the toolbar.
4. Build the selected configuration in the MPLAB X IDE project and program the demonstration board.

The I2C Driver configures the I2C2 instance of the I2C peripheral in Master mode. The SDA and SCL lines are connected to the Microchip MCP7940N RTCC device as described in [Configuring the Hardware](#). The Master writes to sequential memory locations in SRAM memory of the RTCC device. The Master then reads back the content from the same page.

The contents of the buffer variable can be checked to determine the result of the operation.

The expected results are shown in the following table.

Test Case	Contents of Buffer
I2C2 (Master)	RXbuffer_4[] = "3RTCCSLAVE" (data received from RTCC device)

NVM Driver Demonstration

This topic provides descriptions of the NVM Driver demonstration.

Introduction

This help file contains instructions and associated information about MPLAB Harmony NVM Driver Library application demonstrations, which are included in the MPLAB Harmony Library distribution.

Description

This application demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony NVM Driver Library. This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to build and run the demonstration project on Microchip development tools. In this demonstration application, the NVM driver is used to access the internal Flash memory of PIC32MX and PIC32MZ Devices to perform Write and Read operations and indicates the result by LED.

To know more about MPLAB Harmony NVM driver, configuring the NVM driver and the APIs provided by the NVM driver, refer to the MPLAB Harmony NVM Driver Library documentation.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the NVM Driver demonstration applications included in this release.

nvm_read_write

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the NVM Read/Write Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `nvm_read_write.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/driver/nvm/nvm_read_write`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>nvm_read_write.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/driver/nvm/nvm_read_write/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	The purpose of this configuration is to execute the demonstration on a PIC32MX family device using the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II with the dynamic NVM Driver implementation.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_sta</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	The purpose of this configuration is to execute the demonstration on a PIC32MX family device using the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II with the static NVM Driver implementation.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	The purpose of this configuration is to execute the demonstration on a PIC32MZ EC family device using the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit with the dynamic NVM Driver implementation.

pic32mz_ec_sk_sta	pic32mz_ec_sk	The purpose of this configuration is to execute the demonstration on a PIC32MZ EC family device using the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit with the static NVM Driver implementation.
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	The purpose of this configuration is to execute the demonstration on a PIC32MZ EF family device using the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit with the dynamic NVM Driver implementation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

This section describes how to run the NVM Driver demonstration.

Description

This is a simple demonstration to show how to configure and make use of NVM Driver APIs to implement and access the on-board Flash memory of PIC32MX and PIC32MZ devices.

How to Run This Demonstration Application

Once the demonstration application is compiled successfully, you are ready to program the firmware in the target device.

To run the demonstration in Debug mode, perform the following steps:

1. Select the appropriate configuration from the MPLAB X IDE Project Properties based on the target hardware.
2. Select your device programmer from the Hardware Tool menu in MPLAB X IDE.
3. Select either *Debug > Debug Main Project* or click **Debug Main Project** in the toolbar.
4. Build the selected configuration in the MPLAB X IDE project and program the demonstration board.

The execution status (pass/fail) of the demonstration is indicated by LEDs on the demonstration board, as shown in the following table.

Demonstration Board	Success Indication	Failure Indication
PIC32 USB Starter Kit II	Green LED	Red LED
PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit	Green LED	Red LED
PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit		

The demonstration application makes use of 32 KB of NVM memory area starting at address DRV_NVM_MEDIA_START_ADDRESS.

The application does the following:

- Erases the entire 32 KB of memory and verifies the erase operation by reading back the data
- Performs sequential writes within a page by queuing the write operations. Reads back and verifies the data.
- Repeats step 1 to erase all data of the previous operation
- Performs random writes to addresses spread across the available memory area. This operation demonstrates the queuing of the write operations at the driver layer. It also demonstrates the usage of the driver event handler to track the completion of the queued operations. Reads back and verifies the data.
- Repeats step 1 to erase all data from the previous operation
- Performs an EraseWrite operation. This operation demonstrates the usage of the EraseWrite feature

SPI Driver Demonstrations

This topic provides descriptions of the SPI Driver demonstrations.

Introduction

This help file contains instructions and associated information about MPLAB Harmony SPI driver application demonstrations, which are included in the MPLAB Harmony Library distribution.

Description

This application demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony SPI Driver. This section describes the hardware requirements and procedures to build and run the demonstration project using Microchip development tools.

Three demonstration applications are provided:

- `serial_eeprom` - In this demonstration application, the SPI Driver is used to access the external EEPROM in the Explorer 16 Development Board to perform Write and Read operations and indicates the result by LED
- `spi_loopback` - In this demonstration application, the SPI driver is used to transfer data between the SPI master and slave on the same device and indicates the result by LED
- `spi_multislave` - In this demonstration application, the SPI Driver is used to transfer data between a single master and two slaves on the same device by using the Slave Select (SS) feature and indicates the result by LED

To know more about the MPLAB Harmony SPI driver, configuring the SPI driver and APIs provided by the SPI driver, refer to the SPI Driver Library documentation.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the SPI Driver demonstration applications included in this release.

serial_eeprom

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

In this demonstration application, the SPI Driver is used to access the external EEPROM in the Explorer 16 Development Board to perform Write and Read operations and indicates the result by LED.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Serial EEPROM Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `serial_eeprom.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/driver/spi/serial_eeprom`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>serial_eeprom.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/driver/spi/serial_eeprom/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx360_pim_e16</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	The purpose of this configuration is to execute the demonstration using the PIC32MX360F512L PIM connected to the Explorer 16 Development Board configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	The purpose of this configuration is to execute the demonstration using the PIC32MX795F512L PIM connected to the Explorer 16 Development Board configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16_sta</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	The purpose of this configuration is to execute the demonstration using the PIC32MX795F512L PIM connected to the Explorer 16 Development Board configured for Interrupt mode and static operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

Explorer 16 Development Board with the PIC32MX795F512L PIM

- Before attaching the PIC32MX795F512L PIM to the Explorer 16 Development Board, ensure that the processor select switch (S2) is in the PIM Position
- Short JP2 on the Explorer 16 Development Board to enable the LEDs

Explorer 16 Development Board with the PIC32MX360F512L PIM

- Before attaching the PIC32MX360F512L PIM to the Explorer 16 Development Board, ensure that the processor select switch (S2) is in the PIM Position
- Short JP2 on the Explorer 16 Development Board to enable the LEDs

Running the Demonstration

This section demonstrates how to run the SPI Driver Serial EEPROM Demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows how to configure and make use of the SPI Driver APIs to implement and access the on-board EEPROM of the Explorer 16 Development Board.

How to run this demonstration application:

Once the demonstration application is successfully compiled, you are ready to program the firmware in the target device.

To run the demonstration in debug mode, perform the following steps:

1. Select your device programmer from *Project Properties > Hardware Tools* in MPLAB X IDE.
2. Select either *Debug > Debug Main Project* or click **Debug Main Project** in the toolbar.

Once the device is successfully programmed, you can observe that the LED in the Explorer 16 Development Board has been turned ON. This shows the demonstration project ran successfully. The result of the programming can be read through the other LEDs. If LED "D9" is turned ON, it indicates the EEPROM W/R functionality has failed. If LED "D10" is turned ON, it indicates the EEPROM W/R functionality has passed.

spi_loopback

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

In this demonstration application, the SPI driver is used to transfer data between the SPI Master and Slave on the same device and indicates the result by LED.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SPI Loopback Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `spi_loopback.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/driver/spi/spi_loopback`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>spi_loopback.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/driver/spi/spi_loopback/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Demonstrates SPI loopback on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_sta	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Demonstrates SPI loopback on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and static operation.
pic32mx_usb_sk2_poll_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Demonstrates SPI loopback on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Polled mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates SPI loopback on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn_dma	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates SPI loopback on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation using DMA.
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_sta	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates SPI loopback on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and static operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_poll_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates SPI loopback on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Polled mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates SPI loopback on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_poll_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates SPI loopback on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Polled mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_da_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_da_sk	Demonstrates SPI loopback on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_da_sk_poll_dyn	pic32mz_da_sk	Demonstrates SPI loopback on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit configured for Polled mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn_16b	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates SPI multi-slave on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation in microMIPS mode.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn_freertos	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates SPI multi-slave on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation with FreeRTOS.
pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn_freertos	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Demonstrates SPI loopback on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation with FreeRTOS.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

Required Hardware

This demonstration requires the following hardware:

- PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit or PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit
- PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board
- Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

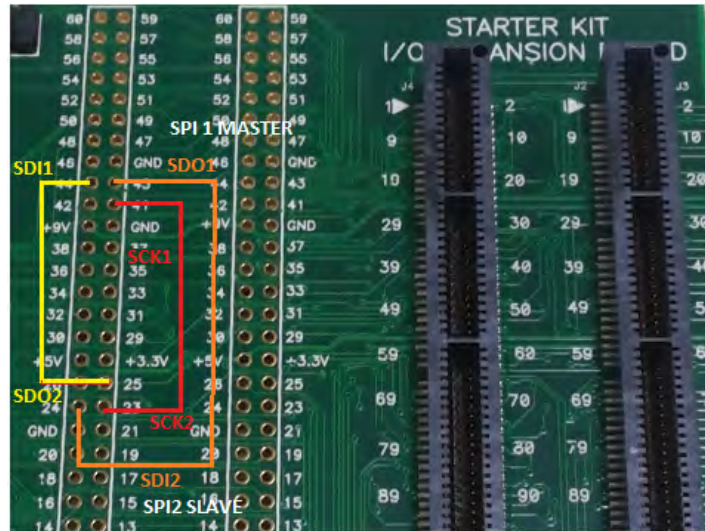
Depending on the starter kit in use, the SPI1 and SPI2 modules or SPI1 and SPI3 modules are used in this demonstration. PIC32MZ devices support the Peripheral Pin Select (PPS) feature. The SPI Pins of the SPI modules on this device are required to be configured using the PPS. Any related pin mapping (PPS) configuration code along with other port initialization can be found in the `sys_port_static.c` file.



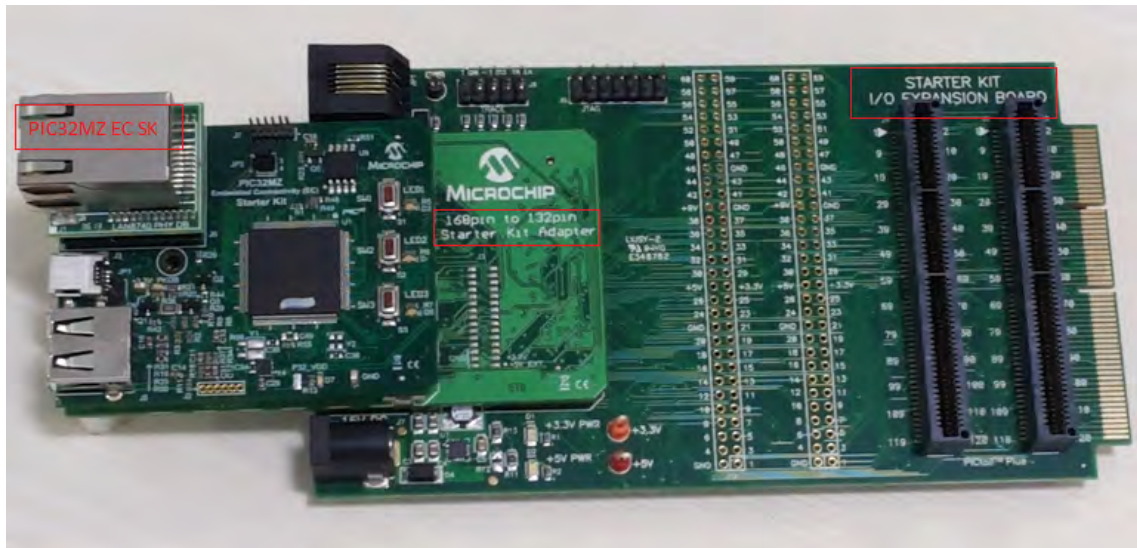
Note: To know more about the PIC32MZ PPS feature and pin configuration, please refer to **Section 12.3 "Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)"** in the **"I/O Ports"** chapter of the specific device data.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit Configuration

1. Connect (using wires) the pins on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board, as shown in the following figure. This hardwired connection would connect the SPI1 lines to the SPI2 lines of the PIC32MZ2048ECH144 device on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or the PIC32MZ2048EFM144 device on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.



2. Next, attach the desired starter kit, the PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board, and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board, as shown in the following figure (in this example the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit is shown).



PIC32MZ EC and PIC32MZ EF Pin Mapping

The following table illustrates how the SPI1 and SPI2 pins for the PIC32MZ EC and PIC32MZ EF devices are mapped and connected to each other through the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.

SPI Module	SPI Lines	PIC32MZ2048ECH144 or PIC32MZ2048EFM144 Device Pin #	Analog Pin	PIC32MZ2048ECH144 or PIC32MZ2048EFM144 Port Pin Name/Function	Pin # on I/O Expansion Board J10 Connector	For this demonstration, attach this pin to:
SPI1	SCK1	109	No	SCK1	41	SCK2
SPI1	SDI1	69	AN32	RPD14	44	SDO2
SPI1	SDO1	98	No	RPD10	43	SDI2
SPI1	/SS	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used
SPI2	SCK2	14	AN14	SCK2	23	SCK1
SPI2	SDI2	121	No	RPD7	24	SDO1
SPI2	SDO2	25	AN45	RPB5	25	SDI1
SPI2	/SS	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit Configuration

1. Connect (using wires) the pins on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board, as shown in the following figure. This hardwired connection would connect the SPI1 lines to the SPI3 lines of the PIC32MZ2048DAB288 device on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.

- Jumper JP5, which is located on the back of the PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board, should have pin 1 and pin 2 shorted.
- Next, attach the desired starter kit, the PIC32MZ DA Adapter Board, and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board, as shown in the following figure.



PIC32MZ DA Pin Mapping

The following table illustrates how the SPI1 and SPI3 pins for the PIC32MZ DA devices are mapped and connected to each other through the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.

SPI Module	SPI Lines	PIC32MZ2064DAB288 Device Pin #	Analog Pin	PIC32MZ2064DAB288 Port Pin Name/Function	Pin # on I/O Expansion Board J10 Connector	Pin # on I/O Expansion Board J11 Connector	For this demonstration, attach this pin to:
SPI1	SCK1	M04	No	SCK1	41	N/A	SCK3
SPI1	SDI1	E18	AN22	RPD14	44	N/A	SDO3
SPI1	SDO1	J18	AN5	RPB10	N/A	52	SDI3
SPI1	/SS	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used
SPI3	SCK3	J17	AN29	SCK3	N/A	21	SCK1
SPI3	SDI3	A12	AN12	RPC1	N/A	54	SDO1
SPI3	SDO3	A14	AN9	RPB1	37	N/A	SDI1
SPI3	/SS	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used

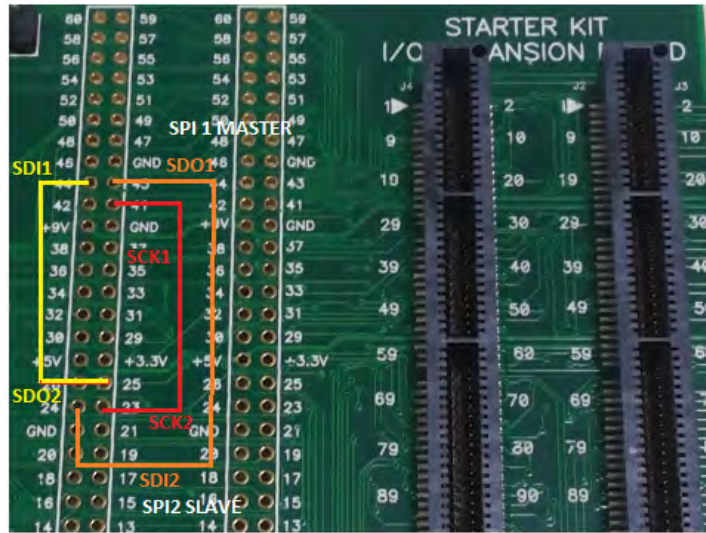
PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

This demonstration requires the following hardware:

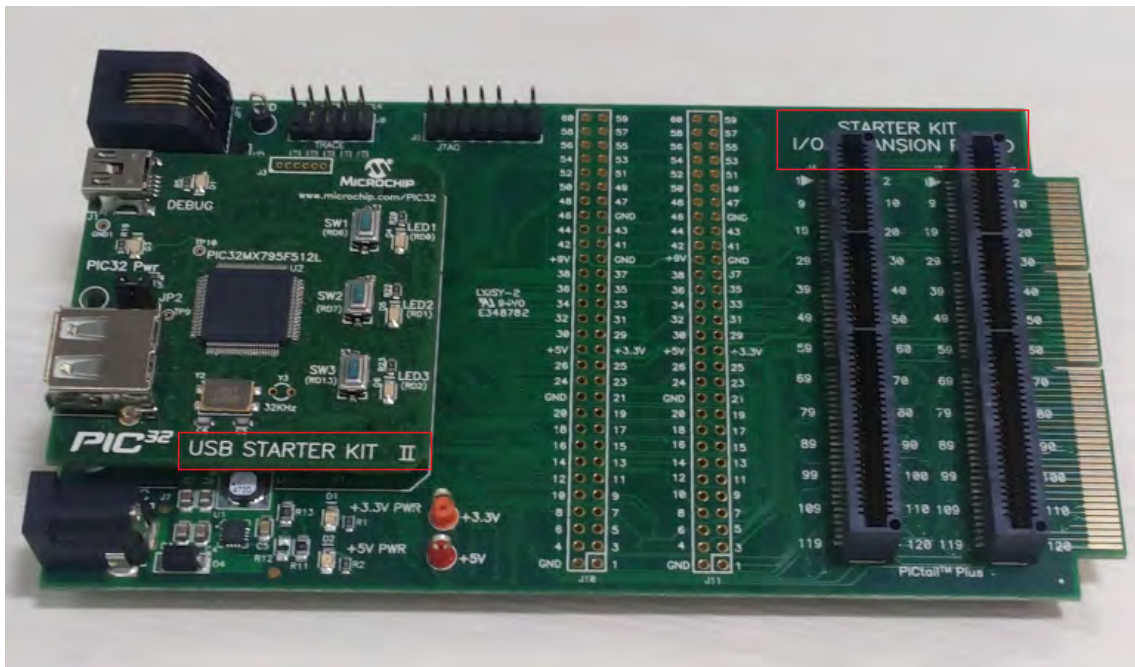
- PIC32 USB Starter Kit II
- Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

In this demonstration application, the SPI1 and SPI2 modules are used.

- Connect (using wires) the pins on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board, as shown in the following figure. This hardwired connection would attach the SPI1 lines to the SPI2 lines of the PIC32MX795F512L device on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II through the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.



2. Next, connect the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board, as shown in the following figure.



For the PIC32MX795F512L device, the SPI modules has dedicated I/O pins.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II Pin Mapping

The following table illustrates how the SPI1 and SPI2 pins are mapped and connected to each other through the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.

SPI Module	SPI Lines	PIC32MX795F512L Device Pin #	PIC32MX795F512L Port Pin Name/Function	Pin # on I/O Expansion Board J10 Connector	For this demonstration, attach this pin to:
SPI1	SCK1	70	SCK1	41	SCK2
SPI1	SDI1	9	SDI1	44	SDO2
SPI1	SDO1	72	SDO1	43	SDI2
SPI1	/SS	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used
SPI2	SCK2	10	SCK2	23	SCK1
SPI2	SDI2	11	SDI2	24	SDO1
SPI2	SDO2	12	SDO2	25	SDI1
SPI2	/SS	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used

Running the Demonstration

This section demonstrates how to run the SPI Driver SPI Loopback Demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows how to configure and make use of the SPI Driver APIs to support multiple SPI hardware instances to multiple clients of the driver in both interrupt mode and polled mode. This demonstration shows the SPI driver's "multi-instance multi-client" feature.

Once the demonstration application is compiled successfully, you are ready to program the firmware in the target device.

To run the demonstration in Debug mode, perform the following steps:

1. Select the appropriate configuration from the MPLAB X IDE Project Properties based on the target hardware.
2. Select your device programmer from the Hardware Tool menu in MPLAB X IDE.
3. Select either *Debug > Debug Main Project* or click **Debug Main Project** in the toolbar.
4. Build the selected configuration in the MPLAB X IDE project and program the demonstration board.

The SPI Driver configures the SPI1 as Master and SPI2 as Slave on the same PIC32 device (SPI3 is configured as the Slave when using the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit). The SPI1 and SPI2 lines are connected to each other as described in [Configuring the Hardware](#). The Master sends a chunk of data (64 bytes) to the Slave. The data is sent and received back on the same PIC32 device through the SPI. The data is looped back to the sender.

Upon execution of the program, the SPI Master (SPI1) will transmit a sequence of character string/data through the SPI channel using the settings defined in the application to SPI1.

After transmitting the data from SPI1, the driver will read SPI2 for any data received. If the data is received, the program will verify the validity of the received data. Based on the verification result, the program will go either to a success or error state.

If an error occurs, or if the transmitted data is not the same as the received data, LED2 (Yellow) of the starter kit will illuminate, which indicates the demonstration has failed.

If the transmitted data is exactly the same as the received data, LED3 (Green) of the starter kit will illuminate, which indicates the demonstration was successful.

spi_multislave

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

In this demonstration application, the SPI driver is used to demonstrate the single Master and multiple Slaves capability of the SPI protocol using the `DRV_SPI_ClientConfigure` function of the SPI Driver to switch between slaves.

There are two data transfers in this demonstration, where the Master transfers a chunk of data to each Slave.

The Slaves are selected using the Slave Select (/SSx) pins, which means that when the Slave /SSx pin is active-low, only the Slave can receive the data. Therefore, while one Slave is receiving the data, the other Slave is kept idle by making the /SSx pin of that Slave high.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SPI Multi-slave Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `spi_multislave.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/driver/spi/spi_multislave`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>spi_multislave.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/driver/spi/spi_multislave/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates SPI multi-slave on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_sta	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates SPI multi-slave on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and static operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates SPI multi-slave on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn_16b	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates SPI multi-slave on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation in microMIPS mode.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn_freertos	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates SPI multi-slave on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation with FreeRTOS.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description


Required Hardware

This demonstration requires the following hardware:

- PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit
- PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board
- Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

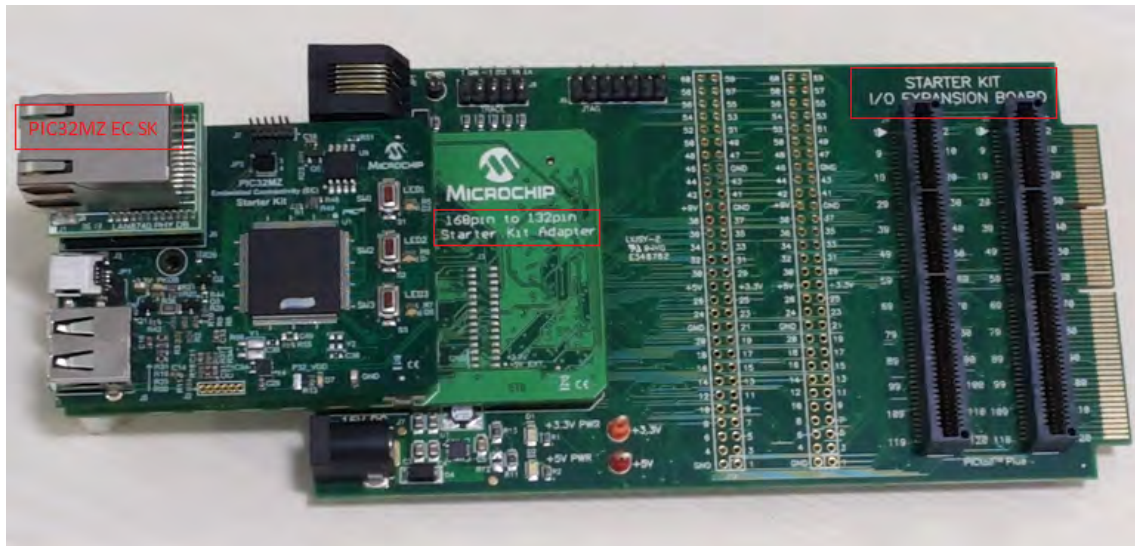
SPI1, SPI2 and SPI3 modules are used in this demonstration as Master, Slave 1 and Slave 2 respectively. In addition, two GPIO pins are used to control the Slave Select (/SSx) pins.

PIC32MZ devices support the Peripheral Pin Select (PPS) feature. The SPI Pins of the SPI modules on this device must be configured using the PPS.

 **Note:** To know more about the PIC32MZ PPS feature and pin configuration, please refer to **Section 12.3 "Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)"** in the **"I/O Ports"** chapter of the specific device data.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit Configuration

1. Short the pins on the J10 and J11 headers of the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board, as follows:
 - Pin 41 (J10), pin 23 (J10) and pin 48 (J11): SCK1, SCK2, and SCK3
 - Pin 43 (J10), pin 24 (J10) and pin 52 (J11): SDO1, SDI2, and SDI3
 - Pin 44 (J10), pin 25 (J10) and pin 37 (J11): SDI1, SDO2, and SDO3
 - Pin 34 (J10) and pin 26 (J10): RH10 and SS2
 - Pin 33 (J10) and pin 46 (J11): RH15 and SS3
2. Next, attach the desired starter kit, the PIC32MZ EC Adapter Board, and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board, as shown in the following figure (in this example the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit is shown).



PIC32MZ EC and PIC32MZ EF Pin Mapping

The following table illustrates how the SPI1, SPI2, and SPI3 pins for the PIC32MZ EC and PIC32MZ EF devices are mapped and connected to each other through the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.

Module	Function	Device Pin #	Port Pin Name	Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board Pin #	Demonstration Setup Connection
SPI1	SCK1	109	SCK1	41 (J10)	SCK2, SCK3
	SDI1	69	RPD14	44 (J10)	SDO2, SDO3
	SDO1	98	RPD10	43 (J10)	SDI2, SDI3
	/SS1	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used
SPI2	SCK2	14	SCK2	23 (J10)	SCK1
	SDI2	121	RPD7	24 (J10)	SDO1
	SDO2	25	RPB5	25 (J10)	SDI1
	/SS2	104	RPD0	26 (J10)	RH10
SPI3	SCK3	61	SCK3	48 (J11)	SCK1
	SDI3	49	RPB10	52 (J11)	SDO1
	SDO3	96	RPA15	37 (J11)	SDI1
	/SS3	62	RPB15	46 (J11)	RH15
GPIO (for Slave Select)	Output	83	RH10	34 (J10)	SS2
	Output	103	RH15	33 (J10)	SS3

Running the Demonstration

This section demonstrates how to run the SPI Driver SPI Multi-slave Demonstration.

Description

Once the demonstration application is compiled successfully, you are ready to program the firmware in the target device.

To run the demonstration in Debug mode, perform the following steps:

1. Select the appropriate configuration from the MPLAB X IDE Project Properties based on the target hardware.
2. Select your device programmer from the Hardware Tool menu in MPLAB X IDE.
3. Select either *Debug > Debug Main Project* or click **Debug Main Project** in the toolbar.

Once the device is successfully programmed, you can observe that the LEDs in the starter kit have turned ON. This indicates that the demonstration project ran successfully. The result of the programming can be read through the LEDs.

The SPI Driver configures SPI1 as the Master and SPI2 and SPI3 as Slaves on the same PIC32 device. The SPI1, SPI2 and SPI3 lines are connected to each other as described in [Configuring the Hardware](#).

The Master sends a chunk of data (numbers 0 to 63, total 64 bytes) to the Slave 1 in the first transfer and sends one more chunk of data (numbers 64 to 1, total 64 bytes) to the Slave 2 in the second transfer.

The respective Slaves are selected in the each transfer using the /SS2 and /SS3 pins, which are driven by the GPIO pins RH10 and RH15, respectively.

The following table explains the states of SPI Slaves in different stages of the application:

Application State	RH10 State (Connected to /SS2)	RH15 State (Connected to /SS3)	Slave 1	Slave 2
Initialization	High	High	Inactive	Inactive
Transfer 1	Low	High	Active	Inactive
Transfer 2	High	Low	Inactive	Active
Idle	High	High	Inactive	Inactive

After the completion of both transfers, the received data for both of the slaves is verified with the transmitted data:

- If the data received by SPI2 matches with the data transmitted in the first transfer, LED2 (YELLOW) will illuminate
- If the data received by SPI3 matches with the data transmitted in the second transfer, LED3 (GREEN) will illuminate
- If both the transfers were not completed or the data of any Slave does not match, LED1 (RED) will illuminate

SPI Flash Driver Demonstrations

This topic provides descriptions of the SST25VF020B SPI Flash Driver demonstrations.

Introduction

This help file contains instructions and associated information about the MPLAB Harmony SPI Flash Driver application demonstration, which is included in the MPLAB Harmony Library distribution.

Description

This application demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony SPI Flash Driver. This section describes the hardware requirements and procedures to build and run the demonstration project using Microchip development tools.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the SPI Flash Driver demonstration application included in this release.

sst25vf020b

This demonstration uses the SST25VF020B SPI Flash Driver to erase, write, and read from the on-board SST25VF020B Flash through SPI and verifies whether or not operation occurred correctly.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SPI Flash Driver Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `sst25vf020b.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/driver/spi_flash/sst25vf020b`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>sst25vf020b.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/driver/spi_flash/sst25vf020b/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>bt_audio_dk_int_dyn</code>	<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit. The SPI Driver and SST25VF20B SPI Flash Driver are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit

- Ensure Switch S1 is set to PIC32_MCLR

Running the Demonstration

This section describes how to run the SPI Flash Driver demonstration.

Description

To run this demonstration:

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for hardware.
2. Observe the status of LEDs on the development kit. If LED 8 and LED 9 are illuminated, this indicates the demonstration is working correctly. If either of LED 5 or LED 6 are illuminated, this indicates the demonstration is not working correctly.

USART Driver Demonstrations

This topic provides descriptions of the USART Driver demonstrations.

Introduction

This section provides instructions and information about the MPLAB Harmony USART Driver demonstration applications, which are included in the MPLAB Harmony Library distribution.

Description

This application demonstrates how to use the MPLAB Harmony USART Driver. This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to build and execute the demonstration project on Microchip development tools. Two demonstration are provided:

- `usart_echo` - In this demonstration application, the USART Driver will initially transmit strings of data, and then accept any characters received and transmit the data back. Error or success status is indicated by LED.
- `usart_loopback` - In this demonstration application, the USART driver "multi-instance multi-client" feature is used. The application uses two USART hardware instances of the same PIC32 device. Application transmits chunk of data (64 bytes) on USART1, receives it at USART2, transmits back from USART2 to USART1. USART1 receives back all the data that was transmitted. The data is looped back to USART1.

To know more about the MPLAB Harmony USART driver, configuring the USART Driver and the APIs provided by the USART Driver, refer to USART Driver Library documentation.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the USART Driver demonstration applications included in this release.

usart_echo

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USART Echo Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `usart_echo.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/driver/usart/usart_echo`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
usart_echo.X	<install-dir>/apps/driver/usart/usart_echo/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn	pic32mx795_pim+e16	This demonstration runs on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and the Explorer 16 Development Board configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_sta	pic32mx795_pim+e16	This demonstration runs on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and the Explorer 16 Development Board configured for Interrupt mode and static operation.
pic32mx795_pim_e16_poll_dyn	pic32mx795_pim+e16	This demonstration runs on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and the Explorer 16 Development Board configured for Polled mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mx795_pim_e16_poll_sta	pic32mx795_pim+e16	This demonstration runs on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and the Explorer 16 Development Board configured for Polled mode and static operation.
pic32mx795_pim_int_dyn_freertos	pic32mx795_pim+e16	FreeRTOS version of this demonstration, which runs on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and the Explorer 16 Development Board configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

This section describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

Explorer 16 Development Board

Following are the hardware configuration settings required to execute this demonstration.

1. Before attaching the PIC32MX795F512L PIM to the Explorer 16 Development Board, ensure that the processor select switch (S2) is in the PIM Position.
2. Short JP2 on the Explorer 16 Development Board to enable the LEDs.

PIC32MX795F512L PIM

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

This section demonstrates how to run the USART Driver Demonstration.

Description

Once the demonstration application has been compiled successfully for the intended configuration, program the firmware into the target device.

Upon execution, the application will transmit the following strings through the USART using the settings defined in the application.

```
*****
Welcome to Microchip USART Driver Demo Application.
Press any character, the character will be echoed back.
Press 'ESC' key to exit the Demo Application.
*****
```

After transmitting the text, the firmware will read any characters received through the USART and it will transmit back the same data. If the received character is "ESC" (0x1B), the program will enter into Idle mode. Once in Idle mode, the firmware will neither transmit nor receive any data. If the application enters Idle mode, LED 5 of the Explorer 16 Development Board will illuminate. If any error occurs, LED 9 of the Explorer 16 Development Board will illuminate.

usart_loopback

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USART Loopback

Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `usart_loopback.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/driver/usart/usart_loopback`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>usart_loopback.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/driver/usart/usart_loopback/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.


Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Demonstrates USART loopback on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_sta</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Demonstrates USART loopback on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and static operation.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_poll_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Demonstrates USART loopback on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Polled mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates USART loopback on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_int_sta</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates USART loopback on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and static operation.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_poll_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates USART loopback on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Polled mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates USART loopback on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_poll_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates USART loopback on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Polled mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates USART loopback on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk_poll_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates USART loopback on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit configured for Polled mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn_16b</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	microMIPS version of the demonstration, which demonstrates USART loopback on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit or PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit


 **Note:** For space consideration, only the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit is shown. However, the following configuration information applies to either starter kit.

This demonstration requires the following hardware:

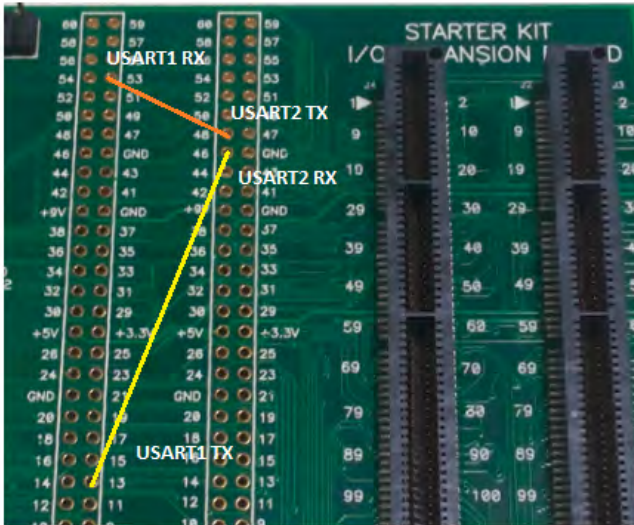
- PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit or PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit
- PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board
- Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

PIC32MZ EC and PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

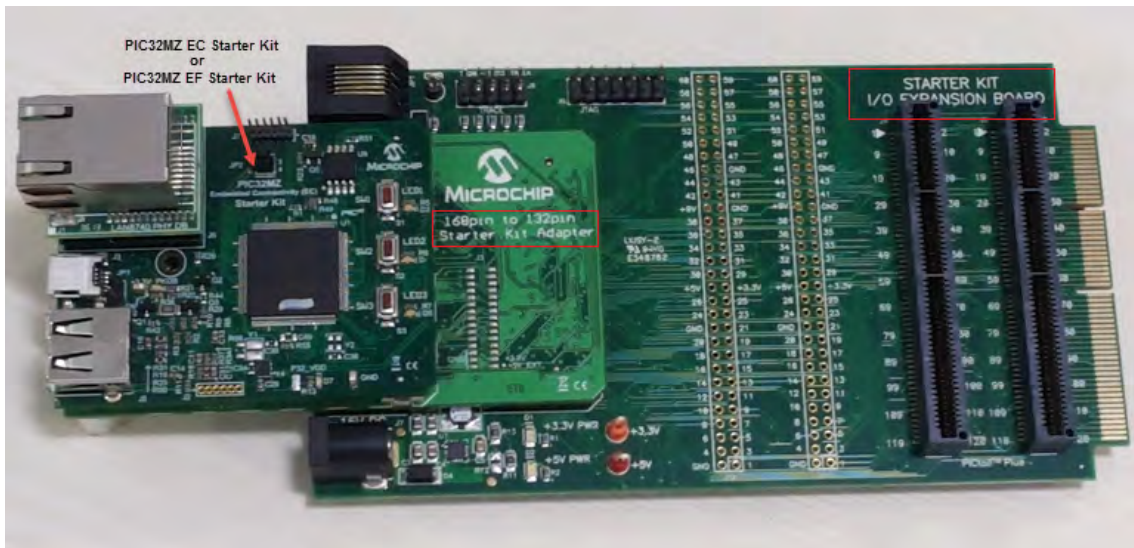
In this demonstration application, the USART1 and USART2 modules are used. PIC32MZ devices support the Peripheral Pin Select (PPS) feature. The USART pins of the USART modules on this device are required to be configured using the PPS.

 **Note:** To learn more about the PIC32MZ PPS feature and pin configuration, please refer to **Section 12.3 "Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)"** in the "I/O Ports" chapter of the specific device data sheet. These documents are available for download from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

1. Connect (using wires) the pins on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board, as shown in the following figure. This hardwired connection would connect the USART1 lines to the USART2 lines of the PIC32MZ2048ECH144 device on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or the PIC32MZ2048EFM144 device on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

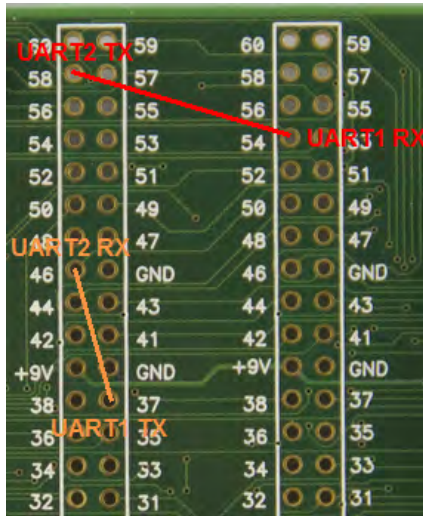


2. Next, connect either the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit, the PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board, and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board, as shown in the following figure.



PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

1. Connect (using wires) the pins on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board, as shown in the following figure. This hardwired connection would connect the USART1 lines to the USART2 lines of the PIC32MZ2064DAB288 device on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.



For this demonstration, the PIC32MZ Port Pins are mapped with USART functionality. The PPS mapping and Port Pin Mode Configuration to Digital mode (Only for the Analog pins) source code is in the `system_init.c` file `SYS_Initialize` function.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

The following table illustrates how the USART1 and USART2 pins are mapped and connected to each other through the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.

USART Module	USART Lines	PIC32MZ2048ECH144 or PIC32MZ2048EFM Device Pin #	Analog Pin	PIC32MZ2048ECH144 or PIC32MZ2048EFM Port Pin Name/Function	Pin # on I/O Expansion Board J10 Connector	Pin # on I/O Expansion Board Pin J11 Connector	For this Demonstration, attach this pin to:
USART1	TX	13	AN19	PMRD	13	N/A	USART2 RX
USART1	RX	48	AN49	PMA7	53	N/A	USART2 TX
USART2	TX	61	AN9	RPB14	N/A	48	USART1 RX
USART2	RX	62	AN10	RPB15	N/A	46	USART1 TX

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

The following table illustrates how the USART1 and USART2 pins are mapped and connected to each other through the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.

USART Module	USART Lines	PIC32MZ2064DAB288 Device Pin #	Analog Pin	PIC32MZ2064DAB288 Port Pin Name/Function	Pin # on I/O Expansion Board J10 Connector	Pin # on I/O Expansion Board Pin J11 Connector	For this Demonstration, attach this pin to:
USART1	TX	A14	AN9	RPB1	37	N/A	USART2 RX
USART1	RX	A12	AN12	RPC1	54	N/A	USART2 TX
USART2	TX	B09	AN23	RPG9	N/A	58	USART1 RX
USART2	RX	B10	AN26	RPE09	N/A	46	USART1 TX

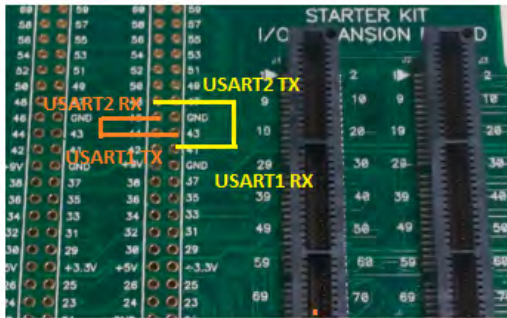
PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

This demonstration requires the following hardware:

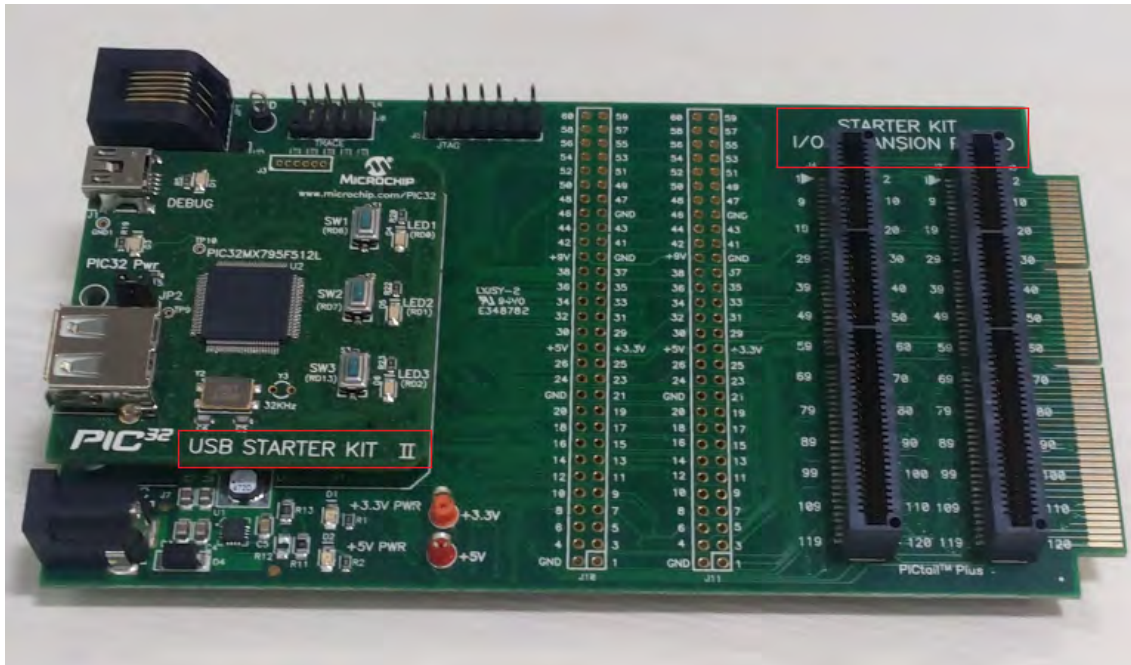
- PIC32 USB Starter Kit II
- Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

In this demonstration application, the USART and USART2 modules are used.

1. Connect (using wires) the pins on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board, as shown in the following figure. This hardwired connection would connect the USART1 lines to the USART2 lines of the PIC32MX795F512L device on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II through the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.



2. Next, connect the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board, as shown in the following figure.



For the PIC32MX795F512L device, the USART modules have dedicated I/O pins.

The following table illustrates how the USART1 and USART2 pins are mapped and connected to each other through the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.

USART Module	USART Lines	PIC32MX795F512L Device Pin #	PIC32MX795F512L Port Pin Name/Function	Pin # on I/O Expansion Board J11 Connector	For this demonstration, attach this pin to:
USART1	TX	53	U1TX	43	U2RX
USART1	RX	52	U1RX	41	U2TX
USART2	TX	50	U2TX	48	U1RX
USART2	RX	49	U2RX	46	U1TX

Running the Demonstration

This section demonstrates how to run the USART Driver USART Loopback Demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows how to configure and make use of the USART Driver APIs to support multiple USART hardware instances to multiple clients of the driver in both interrupt mode and polled mode. This demonstration shows the USART driver's "multi-instance multi-client" feature.

Once the demonstration application is compiled successfully, you are ready to program the firmware in the target device.

To run the demonstration in Debug mode, perform the following steps:

1. Select the appropriate configuration from the MPLAB X IDE Project Properties based on the target hardware.
2. Select your device programmer from the Hardware Tool menu in MPLAB X IDE.
3. Select either *Debug > Debug Main Project* or click **Debug Main Project** in the toolbar.
4. Build the selected configuration in the MPLAB X IDE project and program the demonstration board.

The USART Driver configures the USART1 and USART2 modules on the same PIC32 device as defined in the `system_config.h` file. The

USART1 and USART2 lines are connected to each other as described in [Configuring the Hardware](#). USART1 sends a chunk of data (64 bytes) to USART2. USART2 sends back the same data to USART1. The data is sent and received back on the same USART module through another USART. The data is looped back to the sender.

Upon execution of the program, the USART1 will transmit a sequence of character string/data through the USART1 TX channel using the settings defined in the application for USART1.

After transmitting the data from USART1, the driver will read USART2 for any data received. If the data is received, the same data is sent back to USART1. The program will verify the received data to the transmitted data and enter into Idle mode.

Once in Idle mode, the firmware will neither transmit nor receive any data. If the application enters Idle mode, LED2 (Yellow) of the starter kit will illuminate.

If any error occurs, or if the transmitted data is not same to received data, LED1 (Red) of the starter kit will illuminate, which indicates the demonstration has failed.

If the transmitted data and received data on UART1 is same, LED3 (Green) of the starter kit will illuminate, which indicates the demonstration was successful.

Examples

Provides information on MPLAB Harmony example applications. The MPLAB Harmony example applications provide simple single-purpose application projects that illustrate how to use a selected MPLAB Harmony library. These are the working examples of source code that is provided throughout the MPLAB Harmony documentation.

my_first_app

Describes the `my_first_app` example.

Description

The MPLAB Harmony `my_first_app` example application provides the solution described in the Creating Your First Project tutorial.

Peripheral Library Examples

This topic describes the peripheral library examples.

Introduction

The example applications for MPLAB peripheral libraries (PLIBs) provide very simple single-purpose examples of how to use MPLAB Harmony peripheral libraries.

Description

Peripheral libraries (PLIBs) are the lowest level libraries provided with MPLAB Harmony. They provide a functional abstraction of the peripherals available on Microchip microcontrollers to hide differences in register details that can exist from device to device. However, they do not maintain any state data (at least not any that isn't stored in the hardware registers) from call to call and they do not provide any protection of the peripheral's resources. As such, any code that calls the PLIB for a peripheral must take responsibility for ownership of that peripheral and is responsible for managing the behavior of that peripheral.

As such, PLIBs are normally only used by MPLAB Harmony device drivers or system services. However, there are some times when it is necessary and appropriate to interact with a PLIB directly from an application. Therefore, simple examples are provided to show how to use the interfaces to the peripheral libraries. These examples are available in the MPLAB Harmony installation in the following location:

```
<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral.
```

PIC32MX device examples are written for the Explorer 16 Development Board with a PIC32MX795F512L PIM. PIC32MZ device examples are written for the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit. The examples are tested and working on the Explorer 16 Development Board, the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II, and the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit, and the appropriate board configuration for each project can be selected in MPLAB X IDE.

ADC Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the ADC Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

ADC Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains one ADC related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony ADC Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the ADC Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

adc_pot

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This example reads the potentiometer, R6 on the Explorer 16 Development Board using a PIC32MX795F512L PIM. The results of the read are displayed on the LEDs. As the potentiometer is adjusted, the LEDs displayed will "slide" up or down.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the ADC Peripheral Library demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `adc_pot.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/adc/adc_pot`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>adc_pot.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/adc/adc_pot/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	Demonstrates the ADC reading potentiometer R6 on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and the Explorer 16 Development Board.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MX795F512L PIM, Explorer 16 Development Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the ADC demonstration.

Description

This demonstration reads the setting of the potentiometer through the ADC.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the available configuration for the hardware in use.
2. Turn the potentiometer R6 in either direction. Check the state of the LEDs on the Explorer 16 Development Board. As the potentiometer is turned clockwise, more LEDs will be lit. As the potentiometer is turned counter-clockwise, fewer LEDs are lit.

adc_pot_dma

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This example reads the potentiometer, R6 on the Explorer 16 Development Board (PIC32MX795F512L PIM) using the ADC while storing data on RAM using DMA.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the ADC Peripheral Library demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `adc_pot_dma.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/adc/adc_pot_dma`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>adc_pot_dma.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/adc/adc_pot_dma/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	Demonstrates the ADC using a DMA channel to read the potentiometer R6 on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and the Explorer 16 Development Board.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MX795F512L PIM, Explorer 16 Development Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the ADC demonstration.

Description

This demonstration reads the setting of the potentiometer through the ADC.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the available configuration for the hardware in use.
2. Turn the potentiometer R6 in either direction. Check the state of the LEDs on the Explorer 16 Development Board. As the potentiometer is turned clockwise, more LEDs will be lit. As the potentiometer is turned counter-clockwise, fewer LEDs are lit.

12-bit High-Speed SAR ADC (ADCHS) Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the 12-bit High-Speed SAR ADC (ADCHS) Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

12-bit High-Speed SAR ADC (ADCHS) Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains one ADC-related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony ADCHS Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the ADCHS Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

`adchs_3ch_dma`

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the

demonstration.

Description

This example demonstrates the use of system DMA to automatically store conversion data of three ADC channels into three separate buffers. Each channel is set to sample at a conversion rate of 2 Msps using a single timer trigger to synchronize the conversion of all three channels. An average converted data displays on a terminal emulator, such as RealTerm.

This application is to be used with PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit using the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with the Adapter Board, or PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the ADCHS Peripheral Library demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `adchs_3ch_dma.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/adchs/adchs_3ch_dma`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>adchs_3ch_dma.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/adchs/adchs_3ch_dma/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates operation of three system DMA channels to store conversion of a Class 1 analog input (potentiometer) when connected to the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit using the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board and the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit Adapter Board.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates operation of three system DMA channels to store conversion of a Class 1 analog input when connected to the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit

1. Connect the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit to the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit Adapter Board.
2. Connect the combination of two boards (as described in Step 1) on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.
3. Three analog signals or three potentiometers of suitable value (4.7K or 10K, with two ends to 3.3V and the GND pin of J11) should be connected; and wipers of the potentiometers to J11 pin 34 and 33 (AN0 and AN2) and J10 pin 32 (AN2) on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.
4. Connect a mini-USB cable from a PC to the mini-USB connector J11 on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
5. Power the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with a 9V power supply.

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit

1. A 3 analog signal or 3 potentiometer of suitable value (4.7K or 10K) should be connected with two ends to 3.3V and the GND pin of J11; and wiper of potentiometer to J15 pin 16, 36, and 13 (AN2, AN3, and AN4) PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
2. Power and download firmware to the Starter Kit by connecting a mini-USB cable from a PC to the mini-USB connector J19 (DEGUG) on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
3. Connect a mini-USB cable from a PC to the mini-USB connector J11 on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the ADCHS Peripheral Library demonstration.

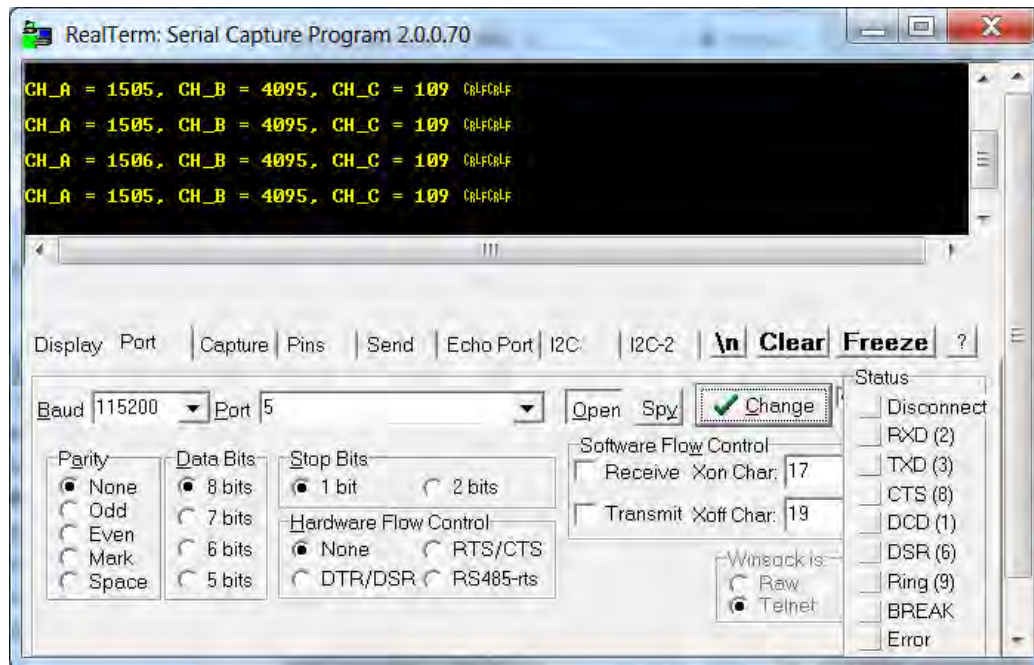
Description

To build this project, you must open the `adchs_3ch_dma.x` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

Do the following to run the demonstration:

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the available configuration for the hardware in use.
2. Launch a terminal emulator (RealTerm/Tera Term, etc.) and select the appropriate COM port and set the serial port settings to 115200-N-1.
3. Launch the demonstration. The following message will appear in the console window: Result: 3171.
4. This example demonstrates the use of system DMA to automatically store conversion data of three ADC channels into three separate buffers. Each channel is set to sample at a conversion rate of 2 Msps using a single timer trigger to synchronize the conversion of all three channels. An average converted data displays on a terminal emulator, such as RealTerm.

The following figure shows a working terminal emulator window.



adchs_oversample

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This example demonstration reads the potentiometer that is connected to the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit or the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit using the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit Adapter Board, and performs oversampling of the converted data and displays the higher resolution ADC converted readings on a terminal emulator (such as RealTerm).

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the ADCHS Peripheral Library demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `adchs_oversample.x` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/adchs/adchs_oversample`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>adchs_oversample.x</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/adchs/adchs_oversample/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates operation of a digital filter in Oversampling mode, while converting a Class 1 analog input (potentiometer) when connected to the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit using the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board and the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit Adapter Board.
pic32mz_da_sk	pic32mz_da_sk	Demonstrates operation of a digital filter in Oversampling mode, while converting a Class 1 analog input (potentiometer) when connected to the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit

1. Connect the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit to the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit Adapter Board.
2. Connect the combination of two boards (as described in Step 1) on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.
3. A potentiometer of suitable value (4.7K or 10K) should be connected with two ends to 3.3V and the GND pin of J11; and wiper of potentiometer to pin 34 of J11 on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.
4. Connect a mini-USB cable from a PC to the mini-USB connector J11 on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
5. Power the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with a 9V power supply.

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit

1. A potentiometer of suitable value (4.7K or 10K) should be connected with two ends to 3.3V and the GND pin of J11; and the wiper of the potentiometer to pin 36 of J15 on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.
2. Connect a mini-USB cable from a PC to the mini-USB connector J11 on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.
3. Connect a mini-USB cable from a PC to the DEBUG mini-USB connector J19 to power the starter kit.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the ADCHS Peripheral Library demonstration.

Description

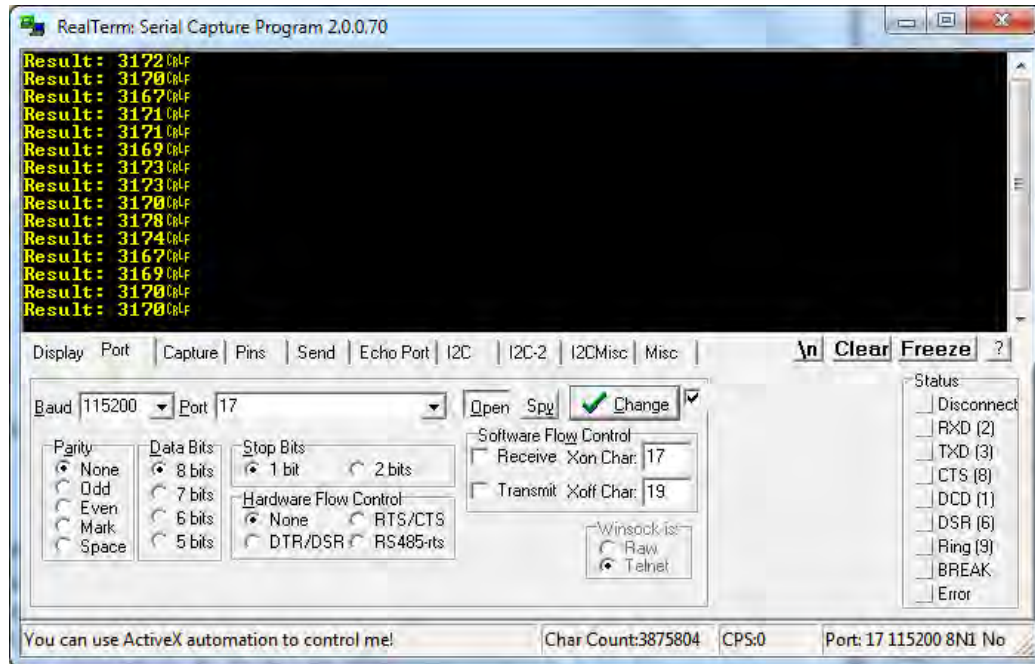
This demonstration oversamples the converted data of the potentiometer using digital filters. Do the following to run the demonstration:

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the available configuration for the hardware in use.
2. Launch a terminal emulator (RealTerm/Tera Term, etc.) and select the appropriate COM port and set the serial port settings to 115200-N-1.
3. Launch the demonstration. The following message will appear in the console window: Result: 3171.
4. As the potentiometer is turned, the "Result:" on the console shows the high resolution ADC converted value.
5. The higher resolution data can be verified by first running the `adchs_pot` demonstration and observing the 12-bit converted data. Later, keeping the potentiometer setting same, the `adchs_oversample` demonstration is run and the higher resolution 15-bit converted data can be observed and verified. Theoretical calculation is as follows:
 - Max count of 12 bit resolution: 4096
 - Max count of 15 bit resolution: 32768
 - ADC Ref input voltage: 3.3 Volts

Consider an analog input of 0.319 Volts:

- 12-bit resolution ADC reading (obtained by `adchs_pot`): $((4096/3.3) * 0.319) = 396$
- 15-bit resolution ADC reading (oversampled by `adchs_oversample`): $((32768/3.3) * 0.319) = 3167$

The following figure shows a working terminal emulator window.



adchs_pot

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This example demonstration reads the potentiometer that is connected to the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit or the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit using the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit Adapter Board.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the ADCHS Peripheral Library demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `adchs_pot.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/adchs/adchs_pot`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>adchs_pot.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/adchs/adchs_pot/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates a read of the potentiometer by the ADC when connected to the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit using the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board and the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit Adapter Board.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates a read of the potentiometer by the ADC when connected to the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit

1. Connect the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit to the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit Adapter Board.
2. Connect the combination of two boards (as described in Step 1) on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.
3. A potentiometer of suitable value (4.7K or 10K) should be connected with two ends to 3.3V and the GND pin of J11; and wiper of potentiometer to pin 34 of J11 on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.
4. Connect a mini-USB cable from a PC to the mini-USB connector J11 on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
5. Power the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with a 9V power supply.

PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit

1. A potentiometer of suitable value (4.7K or 10K) should be connected with two ends to 3.3V and the GND pin of J11; and the wiper of the potentiometer to pin 36 of J15 on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.
2. Connect a mini-USB cable from a PC to the mini-USB connector J11 on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.
3. Connect a mini-USB cable from a PC to the DEBUG mini-USB connector J19 to power the starter kit.

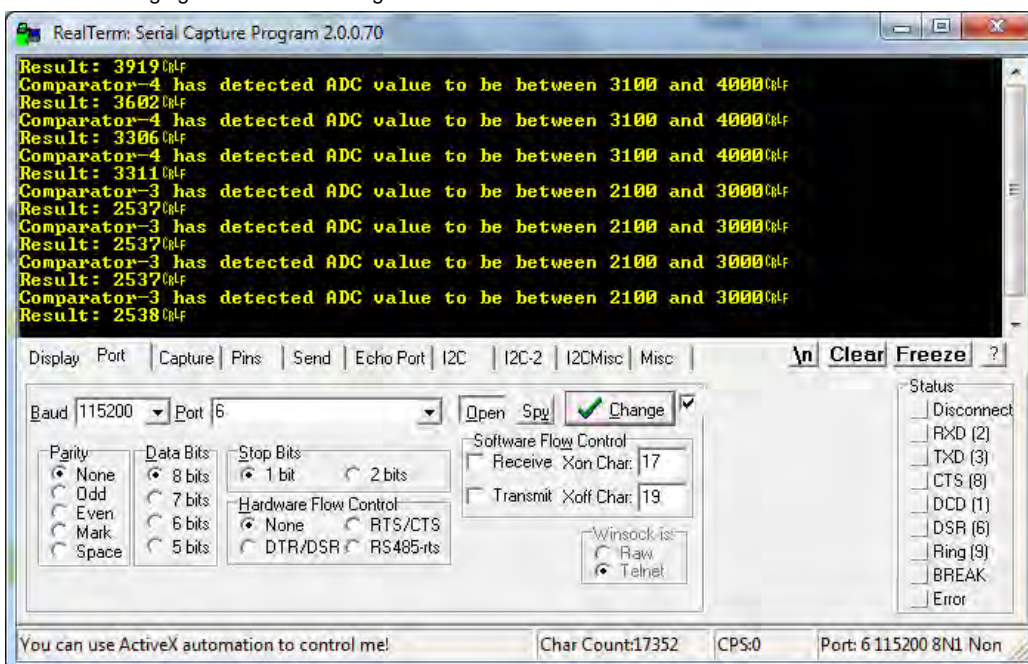
Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the ADCHS Peripheral Library demonstration.

Description

This demonstration reads the setting of the potentiometer through the ADC.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the available configuration for the hardware in use.
2. Launch a terminal emulator (RealTerm/Tera Term, etc.) and select the appropriate COM port and set the serial port settings to 115200-N-1.
3. Launch the demonstration. The following messages will appear in the console window:
 - Comparator 1 has detected the ADC value to be between 0 and 1000
 - Result: 960
4. As the potentiometer is turned, the "Result:" on the console shows the ADC converted value. Four digital comparators process the ADC converted value and generate an event. The conditions for digital comparator events are as follows:
 - Digital Comparator 1 generates an event when the ADC converted value is between 0 to 1000. All LEDs on the starter remain OFF.
 - Digital Comparator 2 generates an event when the ADC converted value is between 1100 to 2000. Also, LED D1 on the starter kit turns ON.
 - Digital Comparator 3 generates an event when the ADC converted value is between 2100 to 3000. Also, LED D1 and D2 on the starter kit turn ON.
 - Digital Comparator 4 generates an event when the ADC converted value is between 3100 to 4000. Also, all LEDs on the starter kit turn ON.
5. The following figure shows a working terminal emulator window.



adchs_sensor

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This peripheral library example demonstrates the conversion of three Class 2 and one Class 3 analog inputs in Channel Scan mode, triggered by a Timer3 match. On the MEB II board, the chosen three Class 2 analog inputs are connected to the three axes of an accelerometer and the Class 3 analog input is connected to a temperature sensor. The demonstration application code uses the converted value of the three axes of the accelerometer, converts them into the tilt of the three axes, and displays the results on the serial port terminal (in radians). Also, the converted data from the temperature sensor is scaled to degrees Celsius and displayed on the serial port terminal.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the ADCHS Peripheral Library demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `adchs_sensor.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/adchs/adchs_sensor`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>adchs_sensor.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/adchs/adchs_sensor/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	Demonstrates the scan conversion feature with a timer trigger, while converting three Class 2 analog inputs (accelerometer) and one Class 3 analog input (temperature sensor) when connected to the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit on the MEB II.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk+meb2</code>	Demonstrates the scan conversion feature with a timer trigger, while converting three Class 2 analog inputs (accelerometer) and one Class 3 analog input (temperature sensor) when connected to the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit on the MEB II.


Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the MEB II

1. Mount the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit on the MEB II.
2. Connect a mini-USB cable from a PC to the mini-USB connector J11 on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
3. Power the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with a 9V power supply on the MEB II or through the Debug connector (J3) on SK.

 **Note:** The accelerometer y and z axes are connected to AN7 (RB12) and AN8 (RB13) on the PIC32MZ EF Starter kit. The same pins are also used for switch inputs, SW1 and SW2. During the application initialization, the ports are configured as analog. While running this demonstration care should be taken not to press SW1 or SW2. Otherwise, the converted ADC values will be incorrect.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit connected to the MEB II

1. Mount the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit on the MEB II.
2. Connect a mini-USB cable from a PC to the mini-USB connector J11 on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.
3. Power the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with a 9V power supply on the MEB II or through the Debug connector (J3) on SK.

Running the Demonstration

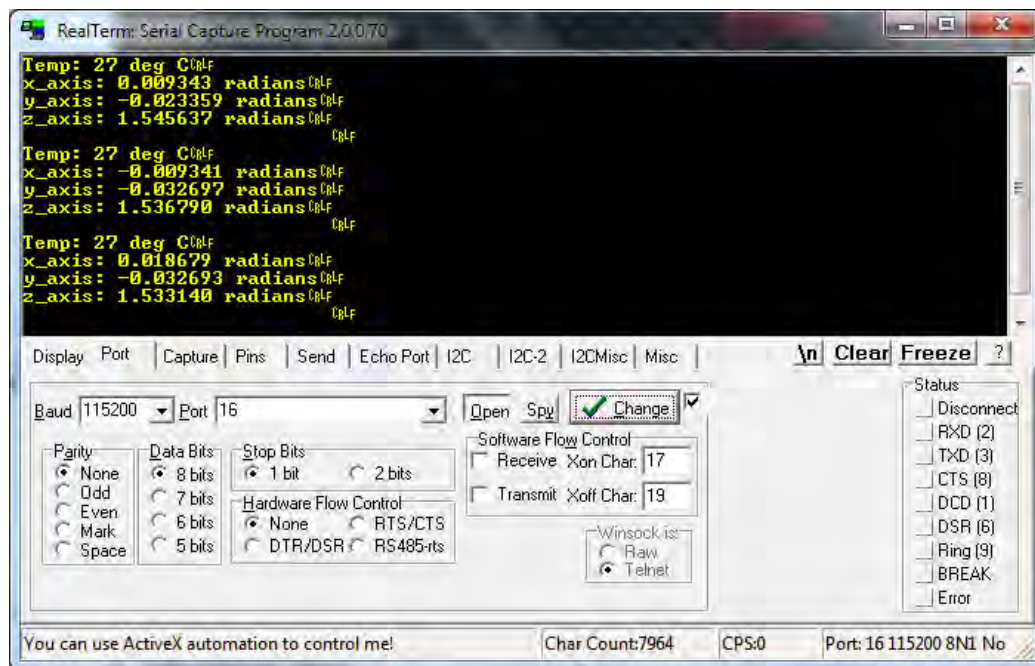
Provides instructions on how to build and run the ADCHS Peripheral Library demonstration.

Description

This demonstration reads the accelerometer and temperature sensor. Do the following to run the demonstration:

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the available configuration for the hardware in use.
2. Launch a terminal emulator (RealTerm/Tera Term, etc.) and select the appropriate COM port and set the serial port settings to 115200-N-1.
3. Launch the demonstration. The following messages will appear in the console window:
 - Temp: 27 deg C
 - x-axis: 0.001 radians
 - y-axis: 0.01 radians
 - z-axis: 1.52 radians
4. As the MEB II board is tilted, the angles for each axis displayed on the console windows changes.
5. If the temperature sensor "U8" is heated (by touching), the displayed temperature on the console window changes.

The following figure shows a working terminal emulator window.



adchs_touchsense

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This peripheral library example demonstrates the Capacitive Voltage Divider (CVD) feature of the ADCHS Peripheral Library and analog channel scan features using the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and the touch pad (B2) on the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II).

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the ADCHS Peripheral Library demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `adchs_touchsense.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/adchs/adchs_touchsense`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
adchs_touchsense.X	<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/adchs/adchs_touchsense/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	Demonstrates the CVD feature of ADCHS while converting a Class 3 analog input (AN28), in Scan mode when connected to the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit on the MEB II.
pic32mz_da_sk_meb2	pic32mz_da_sk+meb2	Demonstrates the CVD feature of ADCHS while converting a Class 3 analog input (AN28), in Scan mode when connected to the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit on the MEB II.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

1. Mount the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit on the MEB II.
2. Connect a mini-USB cable from a PC to the mini-USB connector J11 on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
3. Power the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with a 9V power supply on the MEB II or through the debug connector (J3) on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit and MEB II

1. Mount the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit on the MEB II.
2. Connect a mini-USB cable from a PC to the mini-USB connector J11 on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.
3. Power the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with a 9V power supply on the MEB II or through the debug connector (J3) on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.

Running the Demonstration

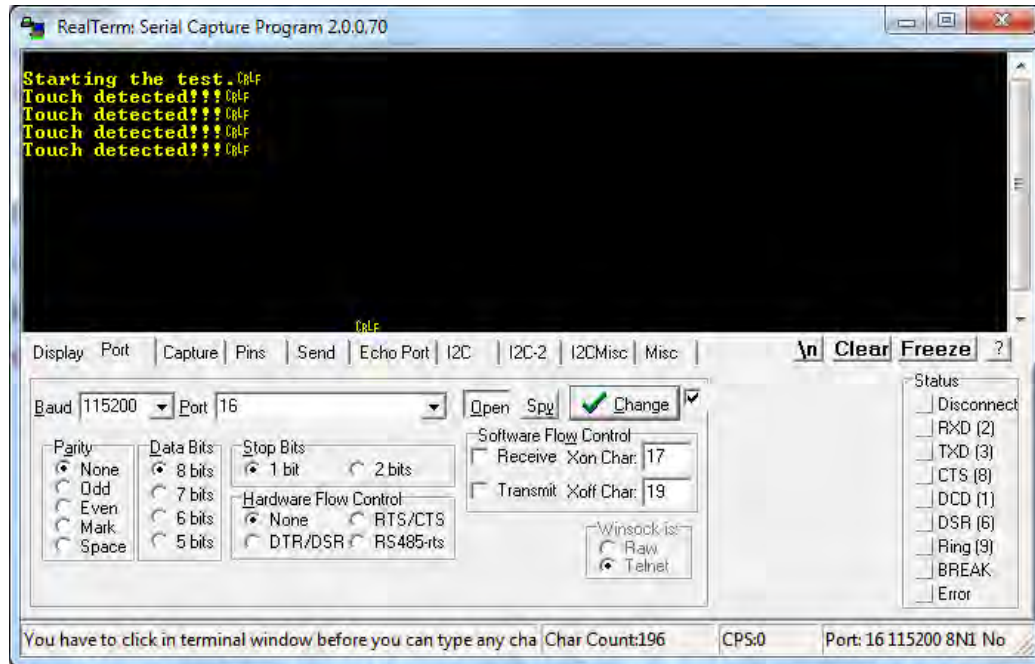
Provides instructions on how to build and run the ADCHS Peripheral Library demonstration.

Description

This example demonstrates the CVD feature of ADCHS and senses the touch event on the B2 touchpad of the MEB II.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the available configuration for the hardware in use.
2. Launch a terminal emulator (RealTerm/Tera Term, etc.) and select the appropriate COM port and set the serial port settings to 115200-N-1.
3. Launch the demonstration.
4. Touch the B2 touch pad on the MEB II. The B2 touch pad is located on the LCD side of the MEB II and not on the starter kit side of MEB II. Once touched, the LED D4 on the MEB II illuminates and "Touch Detected!!!" is displayed on the serial terminal program. This display repeats every 1 second, until B2 is no longer being touched.
5. Once B2 is not longer being touched, the LED D4 turns off and after a brief delay, LED D3 illuminates.

The following figure shows a working terminal emulator window.



Pipelined ADC (ADCP) Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the Pipelined Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADCP) Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

Pipelined ADC Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains one ADC related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Pipelined ADC Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Pipelined ADC Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

adcp_cal

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This example illustrates how to configure the Pipelined ADC prior to using it for normal operations. It also illustrates the required errata setup of channel, oversampling, and DMA transfer of data to achieve the best results.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Pipelined ADC calibration demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `adcp_cal.x` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/adcp/adcp_cal`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
adcp_cal.X	<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/adcp/adcp_cal/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ec_pim_e16	pic32mz_ec_pim+e16	Using the PIC32MZ2048ECH100 Plug-in Module (PIM) connected to the Explorer 16 Development Board, this demonstration illustrates a software calibration step that is needed before using the Pipelined ADC. This calibration calculates the DC offset by sampling the internal voltage reference (VREF) attached to the ADC.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ2048ECH100 PIM, Explorer 16 Development Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

The software is configured to use an external VREF+ and VREF- attached to pins 33 and 32, respectively, of the PIM. This can be accomplished through the Starter Kit I/O Expansion board or a PICtail™ Prototyping Daughter Board.

The VREF+ pin voltage needs to be applied either after, or at the same time as the main VDD power is applied. The software is set to accept 3.3V as the VREF+ voltage. The software is set to accept 0.0V as the VREF- voltage, so that pin may be connected to GND or AVSS.

If another voltage is used for VREF+ or VREF-, the corresponding setting in the software, in `adcp.h`, needs to be updated to make the calculations correct.

The potentiometer R6 on the Explorer 16 Development Board can be used to drive one of the inputs in the demonstration. Run a jumper between RB5 and RG8 on the PICtail prototyping daughter board, inserted into the PICtail slot. This board can also be used to set up the VREF+ and VREF- connections.

VREF+ can be set up by connecting RB9 on the PICtail prototyping daughter board to +3.3V. VREF- can be set up by connecting RB8 on the PICtail Prototyping Daughter Board.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Pipelined ADC demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows how the Pipelined ADC module operates on PIC32MZ devices in accordance with the Errata and Data Sheet clarifications.

1. Connect and program the device using your debugger.
2. Set a breakpoint in `app.c`, near line 234, which reads:


```
appData.state = APP_STATE_NORMALIZE_DATA;
```
3. Set a breakpoint in `app.c`, near line 241, which reads:


```
appData.state = APP_STATE_DISPLAY_DATA;
```
4. Run the program.
5. When the program reaches the first breakpoint, you can use the debugger variables window to observe the data in `appData.ADC_Data1`.
6. Continue running the program from the breakpoint.
7. When the program reaches the second breakpoint, you can use the debugger variables window to observe the data in `appData.ADC_Data1`. This data has now been normalized, meaning that the values have been converted to 8-bit results. This would be the data an application would use.
8. Continue running the program to collect a new set of data, repeating Steps 5 through 7, as desired. If you have connected the jumper to allow potentiometer R6 operation, turn the potentiometer and observe the change in results.
9. The scale of the readings on the channel connected to the potentiometer is also reflected on the LEDs of the Explorer 16 Development Board.



Note: Timer3 is used to trigger the ADC scan automatically. If the number of channels to be used is changed, the Timer3 period needs to be adjusted accordingly.

Do the following to make the adjustment:

1. Open the Microchip Harmony Configurator.
2. Load the configuration for the `adcp_cal` project.
3. Navigate to *Harmony Framework Configuration > Drivers > Timer > Use Timer Driver?* and select *TMR Driver Instance 0*.
4. Change the Timer Period value according to this formula:
 - $\text{Timer Period} = 721 * \text{APP_NUM_ANX_PINS}$ (where, `APP_NUM_ANX_PINS` is defined in `adcp_config.h` and represents the number of pins to sample)
5. Generate and run the demonstration again

BMX Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the BMX Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

BMX Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains one BMX related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony BMX Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the BMX Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

mem_partition

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This example sets up a memory partition in the PIC32MX device for Kernel and User segments. If the memory is set correctly, the LEDs on the Explorer 16 Development Board are lit.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the BMX Peripheral Library BMX Handler demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `mem_partition.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/bmx/mem_partition`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>mem_partition.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/bmx/mem_partition/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx795_pim_e16	pic32mx795_pim+e16	Demonstrates the BMX memory partition demonstration on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the BMX demonstration.

Description

This demonstration sets up Kernel and User memory partitions through the BMX Peripheral Library.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for the hardware in use.
2. Observe the status of the LEDs on the Explorer 16 Development Board. If the memory was correctly partitioned, the LEDs on the Explorer 16 Development Board are lit.

CAN Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the CAN demonstrations.

Introduction

CAN Library Demonstration Applications Help.

Description

This distribution package contains one CAN-related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony CAN Library. This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries, refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the CAN Library demonstration applications included in this release.

echo_send

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows how to use the CAN Peripheral Library and CAN peripheral on a device to send out a message over the CAN bus. This demonstration uses message filtering to echo back user data sent to its specific address. This demonstration does not use a CAN Driver or the CAN Stack.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the CAN Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `echo_send.x` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/can/echo_send`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
echo_send.X	<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/can/echo_send/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP(s) Used	Description
pic32mx_125_sk	pic32mx_125_sk	Demonstrates sending a message over the CAN bus on the PIC32MX1/2/5 Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ec_sk_io_ebrd_can_pictail	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates sending a message over the CAN bus using the CAN/LIN PICtail Plus Daughter Board and the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.
pic32mz_ef_sk_io_ebrd_can_pictail	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates sending a message over the CAN bus using the CAN/LIN PICtail Plus Daughter Board and the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.
pic32mz_da_sk_io_ebrd_can_pictail	pic32mz_da_sk	Demonstrates sending a message over the CAN bus using the CAN/LIN PICtail Plus Daughter Board and the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit connected to the PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.
pic32mx_usb_sk2	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Demonstrates sending a message over the CAN bus using the combined CAN/LIN PICtail Plus Daughter Board and the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MX1/2/5 Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board

On the PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board, short pins 1 and 2 of JP1 and short pins 1 and 2 of JP3

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit connected to the PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

On the PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board, JP1 and JP3 should be open for this to work.

On the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board configure the following jumpers:

- Set J11 pin 12 to J11 pin 7
- Set J11 pin 9 to J11 pin 8

CAN/LIN PICtail Plus Daughter Board

- For CAN1, set J4 to 1 and J2 to 2-3
- For CAN2, use RE5 and RE4 by setting J15 and J16 to 1-2


Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the CAN demonstration.

Description

The following are required to run this demonstration:

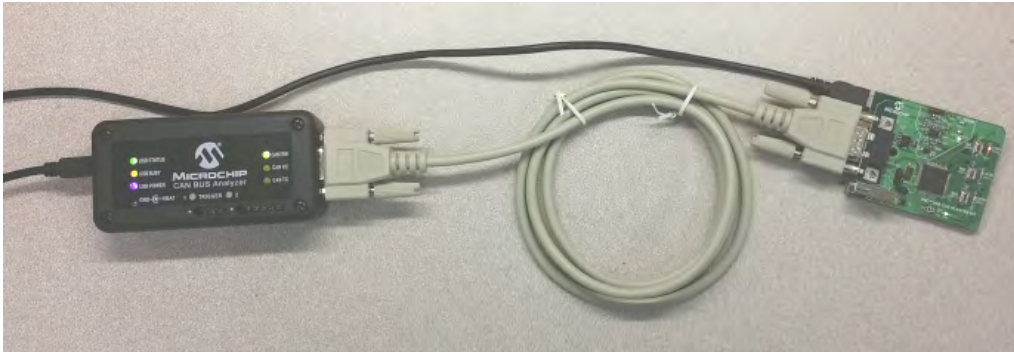
- MPLAB X IDE
- MPLAB XC32 C/C++ Compiler

 **Note:** Prior to using this demonstration, it is recommended to review the MPLAB Harmony Release Notes for the specific versions. A PDF copy of the release notes is provided in the <install-dir>/doc folder of your installation.

- One of the following:
 - PIC32MX1/2/5 Starter Kit
 - CAN/LIN PICtail Plus Daughter Board and PIC32 USB Starter Kit II combination
 - PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit or PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit
- One Microchip CAN BUS Analyzer (APGDT002) or equivalent
- One DB9 cable
- Two USB A-to-B mini cables
- A personal computer

Hardware Example

The following figure illustrates the hardware setup for the PIC32MX1/2/5 Starter Kit.

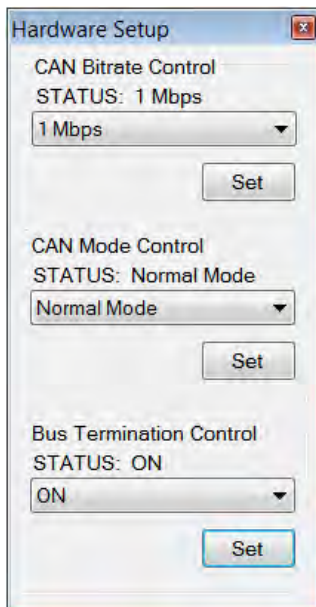


Refer to "CAN BUS Analyzer User's Guide" (DS50001848) for further operating instructions regarding the CAN BUS Analyzer.

For more information on the CAN Bus, visit: <http://www.can-cia.org/>

Do the following to run the demonstration:

1. Connect one end of the DB9 cable to the starter kit and the other end to the CAN BUS Analyzer.
2. Connect the USB cables to J3 on the starter kit and to the CAN BUS Analyzer.
3. Open the CAN BUS Analyzer software.
4. Configure the Analyzer for the Baud Rate Selected inside MHC (1 Mbps Typical), Normal Operation, Termination Resistor: ON.



5. Start MPLAB X IDE and open the project, echo_send.X.
6. Program the starter kit.
7. Open the Rolling Trace window in the CAN BUS Analyzer software.
8. Press the button(s) on the starter kit to see the output in the trace window.
9. Open the Transmit window.
10. To get a response from the starter kit, the following address must be used: ID = 0x201. Following the address, enter the DLC, which is the Data Length Code (the number of bytes to follow). For example, if 0x201, DLC, Byte1, Byte2, Byte3, Byte4 was entered, the starter kit will

respond with: 0x102, DLC, Byte1, Byte2, Byte3, Byte4.

Demonstration Output

The following figure shows the Rolling Trace send/receive output from the CAN Bus Analyzer.

Rolling Trace												
TRACI	ID	DLC	DATA	DATA	DATA	DATA	DATA	DATA	DATA	DATA	TIME STAMP (sec)	TIME DELTA (sec)
RX	0x102	4	0x44	0x33	0x22	0x11					759.7169	696.243
TX	0x201	4	0x11	0x22	0x33	0x44					63.4742	993.755

Button Press Mapping

SW1 Press - 0x12C, 2, 0x0B, 0x16.

The following figure shows the Rolling Trace output message.

Rolling Trace												
TRACI	ID	DLC	DATA	DATA	DATA	DATA	DATA	DATA	DATA	DATA	TIME STAMP (sec)	TIME DELTA (sec)
RX	0x12C	2	0x0B	0x16							876.5379	0.018
RX	0x55	4	0x11	0x22	0x33	0x44					873.5240	4.791
RX	0x100	4	0xDE	0xAD	0xBE	0xEF					868.6979	108.981

Comparator Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the Comparator Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

Comparator Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains one Comparator related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Comparator Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Comparator Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

simple_comparator

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This example sets up the Comparator in the PIC32MX device to compare the potentiometer input on inverting input to the reference voltage on non-inverting input. Depending on the comparison, one half of the LEDs on the Explorer 16 Development Board will be lit.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Comparator Peripheral Library demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `simple_comparator.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/cmp/simple_comparator`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
simple_comparator.X	<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/cmp/simple_comparator/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx795_pim_e16	pic32mx795_pim+e16	Simple comparator demonstration on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board.
pic32mx795_pim_e16_freertos	pic32mx795_pim+e16	FreeRTOS version of the simple comparator demonstration on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Comparator demonstration.

Description

This demonstration sets up the analog comparator to trigger an interrupt when the inverting and non-inverting inputs change relative value.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for the hardware in use.
2. Observe the status of the LEDs on the Explorer 16 Development Board. Depending on the comparison between the inverting and non-inverting inputs, one half of the LEDs (D3-D6 or D7-D10) will be lit.

CVREF Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the CVREF Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

CVREF Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help.

Description

This distribution package contains one CVREF related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony CVREF Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the CVREF Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

triangle_wave

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This example sets up the CVREF voltage divider in the PIC32 devices to create a triangle waveform that can be observed on an oscilloscope.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the CVREF Peripheral Library demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `triangle_wave.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/cvref/triangle_wave`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>triangle_wave.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/cvref/triangle_wave/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	CVREF triangle wave demonstration on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board.
<code>pic32mz_ec_pim_e16</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_pim+e16</code>	CVREF triangle wave demonstration on the PIC32MZ2048ECH100 PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board.
<code>pic32mz_ef_pim_e16</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_pim+e16</code>	CVREF triangle wave demonstration on the PIC32MZ2048EFH100 PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	CVREF triangle wave demonstration on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16_freertos</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	FreeRTOS version of the CVREF triangle wave demonstration on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board.
<code>pic32mz_ef_pim_e16_freertos</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_pim+e16</code>	FreeRTOS version of the CVREF triangle wave demonstration on the PIC32MZ2048EFH100 PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_16b</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	microMIPS version of the CVREF triangle wave demonstration on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board

Attach an oscilloscope probe to RB10, which is the CVREFOUT pin.

PIC32MZ2048ECH100 PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board

Attach an oscilloscope probe to RB10, which is the CVREFOUT pin.

PIC32MZ2048EFH100 PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board

Attach an oscilloscope probe to RB10, which is the CVREFOUT pin.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

Attach an oscilloscope probe to RB10, which is the CVREFOUT pin.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the CVREF demonstration.

Description

This demonstration changes the voltage output on the CVREF pin to create a triangle waveform, which can be observed using an oscilloscope.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for the hardware in use.
2. Observe the output of the CVREFOUT pin using the oscilloscope. A triangle waveform of different voltage levels should be observed.

DDR Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the DDR Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

DDR Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains one DDR related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony DDR Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the DDR Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

Description

This release contains one demonstration:

- write_read_ddr2

write_read_ddr2

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This example demonstration tests the Micron MT47H64M16 device that is included on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Family Starter Kit.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the DDR Peripheral Library demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `write_read_ddr2.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/ddr/write_read_ddr2`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>write_read_ddr2.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/ddr/write_read_ddr2/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_da_sk	pic32mz_da_sk	Demonstrates DDR functionality on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the DDR demonstration.

Description

This demonstration tests the functionality of the DDR SDRAM included on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Family Starter Kit.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the available configuration for the hardware in use.
2. Run the application. LED1 and LED2 (Red and Yellow) will flash as the DDR is being filled. LED2 and LED3 (Yellow and Green) will flash as the DDR is read and the pattern verified. LED3 (Green) will flash if all patterns match those written. LED1 (RED) will flash if any pattern does not match the one written.
3. Pressing Switch 1 at any time will restart the test.

DMA Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the DMA Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

DMA Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains one DMA related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony DMA Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the DMA Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

dma_led_pattern

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration displays a pattern stored in Flash on LEDs using DMA transfers (by exercising the DMA Peripheral Library), which are triggered by a Timer1 interrupt.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the DMA Peripheral Library DMA Handler demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `dma_led_pattern.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/dma/dma_led_pattern`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
dma_led_pattern.X	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/dma/dma_led_pattern/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
bootloader_pic32mx_eth_sk	pic32mx_eth_sk	This configuration is used and programmed by the Bootloader Demonstrations . Refer to those demonstrations for more information.
bootloader_pic32mz_ec_sk	pic32mz_ec_sk	This configuration is used and programmed by the Bootloader Demonstrations . Refer to those demonstrations for more information.
bootloader_pic32mz_da_sk	pic32mz_da_sk	This configuration is used and programmed by the Bootloader Demonstrations . Refer to those demonstrations for more information.
pic32mx795_pim_e16	pic32mx795_pim+e16	Demonstrates the DMA led pattern on PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board combination.
pic32mz_ec_sk	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates the DMA LED pattern on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates the DMA LED pattern on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.
pic32mz_da_sk	pic32mz_da_sk	Demonstrates the DMA LED pattern on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the DMA demonstration.

Description

This demonstration triggers an interrupt based on the DMA alarm.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration for the hardware in use.
2. Observe the pattern on the LEDs upon successful execution. The pattern will repeat and continuously blink the LEDs in succession. If there is a failure, the LEDs will stop toggling.

EBI Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the EBI Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

External Bus Interface (EBI) Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains an EBI SRAM read/write demonstration project that demonstrates the capabilities of the EBI and its ability to store data and access data that is attached to it.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run these firmware projects on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the EBI Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

sram_read_write

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Building the Application

for the EBI Peripheral Library SRAM Read/Write Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `sram_read_write.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/ebi/sram_read_write`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>sram_read_write.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/ebi/sram_read_write</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2</code>	Demonstrates SRAM read/write on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit with the MEB II.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	Demonstrates SRAM read/write on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with the MEB II.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the EBI basic demonstration.

Description

Please use the following procedure to run the demonstration:

1. Load the demonstration project into MPLAB X IDE.
2. Connect the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit to the MEB II.
3. Connect the USB cable to the mini-B debugger port on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and the other end to the computer.
4. Build, download, and run the demonstration project on the target board.

There are four states to the state machine in this demonstration, APP_STATE_WRITE, APP_STATE_READBACK, APP_STATE_DONE, and APP_STATE_FAIL.

The demonstration will initialize the EBI hardware module. After the hardware had been configured, the demonstration will write in a walking address to the entire memory array. After the demonstration has finished writing in data, it reads back the entire memory array and checks it against the expected data.

If the check PASSES, the demonstration will go to APP_STATE_DONE state where it will remain and indicate the demonstration success by turning ON LED3 (GREEN LED) of the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.

If the check FAILS, the demonstration will go to APP_STATE_FAIL state where it will remain and indicate the failure by turning ON LED1 (RED LED) of the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.

I2C Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the I2C Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

I2C Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains I2C-related firmware projects that demonstrate the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony I2C Peripheral Library. This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run these firmware projects on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the I2C Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

i2c_interrupt

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the I2C Peripheral Library example demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `i2c_interrupt.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/i2c/i2c_interrupt`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>i2c_interrupt.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/i2c/i2c_interrupt/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations


This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx795_pim_e16	pic32mx795_pim+e16	The purpose of this configuration is to demonstrate I2C Master mode transfer setup in Interrupt mode and static operation. The hardware used is the PIC32MX795F512L PIM connected to the Explorer 16 Development Board.
pic32mz_ec_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2	The purpose of this configuration is to demonstrate I2C Master mode transfer setup in Interrupt mode and static operation. The hardware used is the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the MEB II.
pic32mz_da_sk_meb2_wvga	pic32mz_da_sk+meb2+wvga	The purpose of this configuration is to demonstrate I2C Master mode transfer setup in Interrupt mode and static operation. The hardware used is the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit connected to the MEB II.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

 **Note:** The `i2c_interrupt` demonstration was tested on the Microchip MCP7949N RTCC device. The address of this device is 0xDE.

Explorer 16 Development Board with the PIC32MX795F512L PIM

- Before attaching the PIC32MX795F512L PIM to the Explorer 16 Development Board, ensure that the processor select switch (S2) is in the PIM Position
- Short JP2 on the Explorer 16 Development Board to enable the LEDs

If a Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board is used, make the following connections:

- Jumper I/O Expansion board J11 pin 36 (SDA2) and J11 pin 38 (SCL2) should be pulled up to 3.3V through a 2.2k ohm resistor

If an external RTCC is used, make the following connections:

- Jumper I/O Expansion board J11 pin 36 (SDA2) and J11 pin 38 (SCL2) to the corresponding lines of an external I2C device
- If an external I2C device is connected, ensure that the Master and Slave device share a common ground.

If a PICtail Plus Daughter Board is used, make the following connections:

- PICtail Plus Daughter Board pins RA2 (SCL2) and RA3 (SDA2) should be pulled up to 3.3V through a 2.2k ohm resistor

If an external RTCC is used, make the following connections:

- Jumper PICtail Plus Daughter Board pins RA2 (SCL2) and pin RA3 (SDA2) to the corresponding SCL and SDA lines of an external I2C device
- If an external I2C device is connected, ensure that the Master and Slave device share a common ground

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit, PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit, PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit connected to MEB II

The jumper JP2 on PIC32MZ EC/EF Starter Kit should be connected according to the debugger/programmer used, as follows:

- If PKOB is used, pins 1 and 3 and pins 2 and 4 should be shorted
- If MPLAB REAL ICE or MPLAB ICD 3 is being used, pins 1 and 3 and pins 2 and 4 should be left open

The connections pertaining to I2C are as follows:

- Connect MEB II J2 pin 3 (SCL2) to the corresponding SCL line of the external I2C device
- Connect MEB II J2 pin 5 (SDA2) to the corresponding SDA line of the external I2C device
- If an external I2C device is connected, ensure that the Master and Slave device share a common ground

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the I2C demonstration.

Description

1. This demonstration shows how to configure and make use of the I2C Driver APIs to support buffered operation of I2C in Interrupt mode. In this demonstration, the I2C is configured as single instance and single client.

Once the demonstration application is compiled successfully for the selected configuration, the firmware can be programmed into the target device.

To run the demonstration in Debug mode, perform the following steps:

1. Select the appropriate configuration from the MPLAB X IDE Project Properties based on the target hardware.
2. Select your device programmer from the Hardware Tool menu in MPLAB X IDE.
3. Select either *Debug > Debug Main Project* or click **Debug Main Project** in the toolbar.

4. Build the selected configuration in the MPLAB X IDE project and program the demonstration board.

The I2C Driver configures the I2C2 instance of the I2C peripheral in Master mode. The SDA and SCL lines are connected to the Microchip MCP7940N RTCC device as described in [Configuring the Hardware](#). The Master writes to sequential memory locations in SRAM memory of the RTCC device. The Master then reads back the content from the same page.

The contents of the buffer variable can be checked to determine the result of the operation.

The expected results are shown in the following table.

Test Case	Contents of Buffer
I2C2 (Master)	RXbuffer_6[] = "3RTCCSLAVE" (data received from RTCC device)

Input Capture Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the Input Capture Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

Input Capture Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains one Input Capture related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Input Capture Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Input Capture Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

ic_basic

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration exercise the timer capture based on the rising edge of the Input Capture 1 pin (RD8). The timer capture value is stored in 'CaptureTime' variable.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Input Capture Peripheral Library Input Capture Handler demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `ic_basic.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/ic/ic_basic`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>ic_basic.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/ic/ic_basic/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_usb_sk2	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Demonstrates the Input Capture Peripheral Library on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and the I/O Expansion Board combination.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the IC demonstration.

Description

This demonstration triggers an interrupt.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for the hardware in use.
2. LED3 will turn ON once a successful input capture has been made.

NVM Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the NVM Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

NVM Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains one Flash-related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony NVM Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the NVM Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

flash_modify

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration does the following:

- Erases a page in the program Flash
- Writes a row of data into the program Flash
- Reads and verifies the written data
- Indicates the success or failure of the operation through on-board LEDs

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the NVM Peripheral Library demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `flash_modify.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration. The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/flash/flash_modify`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>flash_modify.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/flash/flash_modify/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	Demonstrates the NVM Peripheral Library on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board combination.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the NVM Peripheral Library on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the NVM Peripheral Library on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates the NVM Peripheral Library on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_16b</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the NVM Peripheral Library with 16-bit configuration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz795_pim_e16_freertos</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	Demonstrates the NVM Peripheral Library on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board combination with FreeRTOS.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_freertos</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the NVM Peripheral Library on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit with FreeRTOS.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board

- Switch S2 should be set to PIM
- Jumper J2 should be in place

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

Remove Jumper JP1.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

Remove Jumper JP1.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the NVM demonstration.

Description

This demonstration exercises internal Flash erase, write, and read operations through the NVM Peripheral Library.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for the hardware in use.
2. Upon successful execution of the demonstration, the LEDs on the respective hardware turn ON to indicate success or failure. Refer to the

following table for the LED status for the different configurations.

Project Configuration	Success State	Failure State
pic32mx795_pim_e16	LED4 ON	LED3 ON
pic32mz_ec_sk pic32mz_ef_sk pic32mz_da_sk	LED3 ON	LED1 ON

Output Compare Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the Output Compare Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

Output Compare Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help.

Description

This distribution package contains one Output Compare related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Output Compare Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards. To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Output Compare Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

oc_pwm

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration generates a 40 kHz PWM with a 25% duty cycle on the Output Compare 1 output pin.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Output Compare Peripheral Library Output Compare Handler demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `oc_pwm.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/oc/oc_pwm`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
oc_pwm.X	<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/oc/oc_pwm

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_usb_sk2	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Demonstrates the Output Compare PWM on PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.

pic32mz_ec_sk	pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2	Demonstrates the Output Compare PWM on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and MEB II combination.
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	Demonstrates the Output Compare PWM on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II combination.
pic32mz_da_sk	pic32mz_da_sk+meb2	Demonstrates the Output Compare PWM on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit and MEB II combination.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit and MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the OC demonstration.

Description

This demonstration exhibits the generated PWM on the Output Compare pin.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for the hardware in use.
2. The user should see a 40 kHz signal with 25% duty cycle on the oscilloscope on the following pins for the respective configurations:
 - pic32mx_usb_sk2: Output Compare 1 output pin on the I/O Expansion Board
 - pic32mz_ec_sk or pic32mz_ef_sk: Output Compare 5 output pin (pin 22) on the PICTail connector of the MEB II

Oscillator Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the Oscillator Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

Oscillator Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains one Oscillator related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Oscillator Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Oscillator Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

osc_config

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the

demonstration.

Description

This example demonstrates how to change the system clock source and PLL values during run-time.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Oscillator Peripheral Library.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `osc_config.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/osc/osc_config`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>osc_config.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/osc/osc_config/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the Timer3 interrupt on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Timer3 interrupt on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Timer3 interrupt on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Timer3 interrupt on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Oscillator demonstration.

Description

This demonstration configures the Oscillator for different setups at run-time.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the appropriate configuration for the hardware in use.

- LED3 will turn ON if the clock settings have changed during run-time.

PMP Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the PMP Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

PMP Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains one PMP related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony PMP Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the PMP Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

pmp_lcd

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This example initializes the LCD on the Explorer 16 Development Board and a sends string of information to it using the PMP Peripheral Library.

Building the Application

for the PMP Peripheral Library PMP Alarm Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `pmp_lcd.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/pmp/pmp_lcd`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>pmp_lcd.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/pmp/pmp_lcd/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	Demonstrates the PMP LCD configuration on the Explorer 16 Development Board with the PIC32MX795F512L PIM.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the PMP demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows the PMP/counter capabilities using PMP peripheral library functions.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for the hardware in use.
2. Check the LCD of the Explorer 16 Development Board. The message, "Hello! Testing...", should appear on the display at run-time.

Ports Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the PORTS Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

Ports Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help.

Description

This distribution package contains two Ports related firmware projects that demonstrate the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Ports Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run these firmware projects on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Ports Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

blinky_leds

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This example blinks an LED with the selected frequency.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Ports Peripheral Library.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `blinky_leds.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/ports/blinky_leds`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>blinky_leds.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/ports/blinky_leds/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_eth_sk	pic32mx_eth_sk	Demonstrates the Ports Peripheral Library on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ec_sk	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates the Ports Peripheral Library on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates the Ports Peripheral Library on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.
pic32mz_da_sk	pic32mz_da_sk	Demonstrates the Ports Peripheral Library on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ef_sk_16b	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates the Ports Peripheral Library with 16-bit configuration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the PORTS demonstration.

Description

This demonstration exercises the Ports Peripheral Library functionality.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for the hardware in use.
2. Observe that LED3 is blinking.
3. Change the value of APP_LED_BLINK_DELAY in `app.h`, and then compile and run the code. Observe the change in frequency of the blinking of the LED.

cn_interrupt

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This example controls LED toggling using change notice interrupts associated with the peripheral libraries and specific hardware.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Ports Peripheral Library.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `cn_interrupt.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/ports/cn_interrupt`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
cn_interrupt.X	<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/ports/cn_interrupt/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_eth_sk	pic32mx_eth_sk	Demonstrates the Ports Peripheral Library on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.
pic32mx_eth_sk_freertos	pic32mx_eth_sk	Demonstrates the Ports Peripheral Library on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit with FreeRTOS enabled.
pic32mz_ec_sk	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates the Ports Peripheral Library on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates the Ports Peripheral Library on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ef_sk_freertos	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates the Ports Peripheral Library on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit with FreeRTOS enabled.
pic32mz_ef_sk_16b	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates the Ports Peripheral Library with 16-bit configuration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.
pic32mz_da_sk	pic32mz_da_sk	Demonstrates the Ports Peripheral Library on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides information on how to build and run the Change Notice Interrupt demonstration.

Description

This demonstration controls LED toggling using change notice interrupts. The on-board switch with debouncing logic is used for the change notice interrupt.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for the hardware in use.
2. Check the state of LED3, which should be blinking.
3. If you press Switch 1 on the starter kit once, LED3 stops blinking.
4. If you press Switch 1 again, LED3 resumes blinking.
5. Steps 3 and 4 can be repeated multiple times.

Power Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the Power Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

Power Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help.

Description

This distribution package contains two Power related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Power Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards. To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Power Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

deep_sleep_mode

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration puts the device into Deep Sleep mode and uses the Deep Sleep Watchdog Timer (DSWDT) to wake the device. This example also demonstrates the use of the Deep Sleep General Purpose Registers (DSGPRs) to save the application-critical content.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Power Peripheral Library Deep Sleep Mode demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `deep_sleep_mode.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/power/deep_sleep_mode`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>deep_sleep_mode.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/power/deep_sleep_mode/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates Deep Sleep mode on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Family Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Power demonstration.

Description

This demonstration places the device into Deep Sleep mode and then wakes it up using the Deep Sleep Watchdog Timer (DSWDT).

1. Compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for the hardware in use.
2. Check the state of the LEDs. Treat LED3, LED2, and LED1 as binary BIT2, BIT1, and BIT0, respectively. Observe the binary count from 000 to 111, which repeats.
3. Press Switch 2 at any count value to place the device into Deep Sleep mode. Observe that the counting stops and the device will be in Deep Sleep mode until the DSWDT times out (approximately 5 seconds).
4. After 5 seconds, the device wakes up from Deep Sleep and resumes counting.

Basic Operation

The application displays the binary count on LEDs. When Switch 2 is pressed, the application stores the count value into the Deep Sleep General Purpose Register (DSGPR0) and places the device into Deep Sleep mode.

Upon the DSWDT time-out event, the device wakes up and the application checks whether the device was in Deep Sleep mode. If it was, the count value in DSGPR0 is read and the device resumes the LED count from that value.

sleep_mode

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration uses the Watchdog Timer to wake the device from Sleep mode and then toggle LEDs based on the status.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Power Peripheral Library Sleep Mode demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `sleep_mode.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/power/sleep_mode`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>sleep_mode.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/power/sleep_mode/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstrates Sleep mode on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates Sleep mode on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates Sleep mode on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_16b</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates Sleep mode with 16-bit configuration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Power demonstration.

Description

This demonstration puts the device in Sleep mode and then wakes it using the Watchdog Timer.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for the hardware in use.
2. Check the state of the LEDs. LED1 should glow for a few seconds and then turn off and then LED3 will begin toggling.

Reset Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the Reset Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

Reset Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains one Reset related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Reset Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Reset Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

reset_handler

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This example performs checks on various reset flags, assigning each one to an I/O port pin. If the flag is set, the corresponding LED is turned ON. All of the flags can then be cleared by pressing a switch on the board.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Reset Peripheral Library Reset Handler demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `reset_handler.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/reset/reset_handler`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>reset_handler.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/reset/reset_handler/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	Demonstrates the Reset Peripheral Library on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and the Explorer 16 Development Board.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Reset Peripheral Library on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Reset Peripheral Library on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Reset Peripheral Library on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16_16b</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	microMIPS version of the demonstration, which demonstrates the Reset Peripheral Library on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and the Explorer 16 Development Board.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_16b</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	microMIPS version of the demonstration, which demonstrates the Reset Peripheral Library on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board
Jumper JP2 should be connected (shorted) for the LEDs to function.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit
No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit
No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit
No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the RESET demonstration.

Description

This demonstration finds the reason for a Reset and illuminates the LEDs accordingly.
First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for the hardware in use.

PIC32MX795F512L PIM with Explorer 16 Development Board:

Check the status of the LEDs to observe the different reasons for a Reset, as follows:

1. Press Switch S6 to clear all Reset flags, which turns all LEDs OFF.
2. Press the MCLR switch on the board to cause a Reset. LED D9 should turn ON.
3. Unplug the power and plug it again to cause a Power-on Reset (POR). LED D5 should turn ON.
4. Press the MCLR switch again. LED D5 and D9 should both turn ON.
5. Press Switch S6 again to clear all Resets, which turns all LEDs OFF.

- Press Switch S4 to enable the Watchdog Timer. After a few seconds, LED 10 should turn ON indicating a WDT reset has occurred. These steps can be repeated from the beginning.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or PIC32MZ EF Starter or PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit:

- Press Switch S3 to clear all Reset flags, which turns all LEDs OFF.
- Press Switch S1 to enable the Watchdog Timer. After a few seconds, LED 1 should turn ON indicating a WDT reset has occurred.

 **Note:** A POR clears all the other Reset flags, with the exception of a BOR and a POR flags.

RTCC Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the RTCC Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

RTCC Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains one RTCC related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony RTCC Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the RTCC Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

rtcc_alarm

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration sets up the RTCC module to function as an alarm, which goes off at 6:00 AM every morning. The time is set to 5:59:55, so the alarm will trigger 5 seconds after running the code.

Building the Application

for the RTCC Peripheral Library RTCC Alarm Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `rtcc_alarm.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/rtcc/rtcc_alarm`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>rtcc_alarm.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/rtcc/rtcc_alarm/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx795_pim_e16	pic32mx795_pim+e16	Demonstrates the RTCC alarm on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board combination.
pic32mz_ec_sk	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates the RTCC alarm on PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates the RTCC alarm on PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.
pic32mz_da_sk	pic32mz_da_sk	Demonstrates the RTCC alarm on PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the RTCC Alarm demonstration.

Description

This demonstration triggers an interrupt based on the RTCC alarm.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for the hardware in use.
2. Check the state of the LEDs (D3 on the Explorer 16 Development Board or LED3 on the starter kit). The LED ON status indicates success and LED OFF status indicates failure.

SPI Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the SPI Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

SPI Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains two SPI related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony SPI Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the SPI Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

spi_loopback

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration loops back data transfer. This example assumes that the SPI SDO (output) is connected to the SDI (input).

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SPI Peripheral Library Flash Read in PIO Mode Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `spi_loopback.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/spi/spi_loopback`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>spi_loopback.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/spi/spi_loopback/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the SPI loopback on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board combination.
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	Demonstrates the SPI loopback on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM, Explorer 16 Development Board, and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board combination.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the SPI loopback on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board combination.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the SPI loopback on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board combination.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates the SPI loopback on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board combination.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_16b</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the SPI loopback on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board combination in microMIPS mode.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_freertos</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the SPI loopback on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board combination with FreeRTOS.
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16_freertos</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	Demonstrates the SPI loopback on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM, Explorer 16 Development Board, and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board combination with FreeRTOS.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MX795F512L PIM, Explorer 16 Development Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

- Connect (using wires) the SDI1 and SDO1 pins on the Starter Kit I/O expansion board
- Connect the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board to the Explorer 16 Development Board and mount the PIM on the development board

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

- Connect (using wires) the SDI2 pin (J11 pin 32) and SDO2 pin (J10 pin 35) on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board
- Connect the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit with the adapter board to the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

- Connect (using wires) the SDI2 pin (J11 pin 32) and SDO2 pin (J10 pin 35) on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board
- Connect the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with the adapter board to the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

- Connect (using wires) the SDI1 pin (J11 pin 52) and SDO1 pin (J10 pin 44) on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board
- Connect the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit with the adapter board to the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

- Connect (using wires) the SDI1 and SDO1 pins on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board
- Connect the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board to the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the SPI PIO mode transfer demonstration.

Description

This demonstration loops back data on the SPI module (SPI1 and SPI2 when using the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit, and SPI1 and SPI3 when using the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for the hardware in use.
2. Check the state of LEDs:
 - LED D4 and D5 on the Explorer 16 Development Board
 - LED3 and LED2 on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II, PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit, PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit, or PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.
3. If the demonstration was successful, the LED D5 or LED3 illuminates. If the demonstration fails, LED D4 or LED2 illuminates.

SQI Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the SQI Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

SQI Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains two SQI related firmware projects that demonstrate the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony SQI peripheral libraries. This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run these firmware projects on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the SQI Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

flash_read_dma_mode

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration application exercises SQI module in DMA mode, by reading a page in the SQI Flash (SST26VF032/SST26VF032B) device on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit. This demonstration uses PIO mode to write the Flash. Following steps describe the functionality per the calls during run time:

1. Sets up SQI to run at 25 MHz. (`system_init.c::SYS_Initialize`, `app.c::APP_Initialize`)
2. Once the clock frequency is programmed, the demonstration prepares the connected Serial Flash device for a write read transaction (`app.c::APP_Tasks::APP_STATE_INIT_FLASH::SQI_Flash_Setup`).
3. Reads the device ID of the attached Flash device (`app.c::APP_Tasks::APP_STATE_FLASH_ID_READ::SQI_FlashID_Read`).
4. Writes a page in Flash in PIO mode (`app.c::APP_Tasks::APP_STATE_WRITE_FLASH::SQI_PIO_PageWrite(FLASH_PAGE_ADDR)`).

5. Reads the contents of the page in Flash using DMA mode and compares it to the data written to make sure the operation is successful (app.c:: APP_Tasks:: APP_STATE_READ_FLASH_DMA_MODE:: SQI_DMA_Read(FLASH_PAGE_ADDR)).
6. Indicates demonstration success using LED3 (Green LED) on the starter kit (app.c:: APP_Tasks:: APP_STATE_DONE:: BSP_SwitchONLED(LED_GRN)).
7. LED3 OFF, indicates demonstration FAILURE (stuck in one of the states).

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SQI Peripheral Library Flash Read in DMA Mode Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `flash_read_dma_mode.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/sqi/flash_read_dma_mode`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>flash_read_dma_mode.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/sqi/flash_read_dma_mode/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the SQI DMA mode transfer on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the SQI DMA mode transfer on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates the SQI DMA mode transfer on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the SQI DMA mode transfer demonstration.

Description

This demonstration allows page writes and reads to/from an SQI Flash device.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the appropriate configuration for the starter kit in use.
2. Check the state of LED3 on the starter kit in use to determine the status of the demonstration (LED ON indicates success, LED OFF indicates failure).

flash_read_pio_mode

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the

demonstration.

Description

This demonstration application exercises the SQI module in PIO mode, by writing and reading a page in the SQI Flash (SST26VF032/SST26F032B) device on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit using the SQI Peripheral Library.

The following steps describe the functionality per the calls during run-time:

1. Sets up SQI to run at 25 MHz. (`system_init.c::SYS_Initialize`, `app.c::APP_Initialize`).
2. Once the clock frequency is programmed, the demonstration prepares the connected Serial Flash device for a write read transaction (`app.c::APP_Tasks::APP_STATE_INIT_FLASH::SQI_Flash_Setup`).
3. Reads the device ID of the attached Flash device (`app.c::APP_Tasks::APP_STATE_FLASH_ID_READ::SQI_FlashID_Read`).
4. Writes a page in Flash in PIO mode (`app.c::APP_Tasks::APP_STATE_WRITE_FLASH::SQI_PIO_PageWrite(FLASH_PAGE_ADDR)`).
5. Reads the contents of the page in Flash and compares it to the data written to make sure the operation is successful (`app.c::APP_Tasks::APP_STATE_READ_FLASH_PIO_MODE::SQI_PIO_Read(FLASH_PAGE_ADDR)`).
6. Indicates demonstration success using LED3 (Green LED) on the starter kit (`app.c::APP_Tasks::APP_STATE_DONE::BSP_SwitchONLED(LED_GRN)`).
7. LED3 OFF, indicates demonstration FAILURE (stuck in one of the states).

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SQI Peripheral Library Flash Read in PIO Mode Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `flash_read_pio_mode.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/sqi/flash_read_pio_mode`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>flash_read_pio_mode.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/sqi/flash_read_pio_mode/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the SQI PIO mode transfer on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the SQI PIO mode transfer on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates the SQI PIO mode transfer on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the SQI PIO mode transfer demonstration.

Description

This demonstration allows page writes and reads to/from an SQI Flash device.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the appropriate configuration for the starter kit in use.
2. Check the state of LED3 on the starter kit in use to determine the status of the demonstration (LED3 ON indicates success, LED3 OFF indicates failure).

flash_read_xip_mode

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration application exercises the SQI module in XIP mode, by reading a page in the SQI Flash (SST26VF032/SST26VF032B) device on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit. This demonstration uses PIO mode to write the Flash.

The following steps describe the functionality per the calls during run-time:

1. Sets up SQI to run at 25 MHz. (system_init.c:: SYS_Initialize, app.c:: APP_Initialize)
2. Once the clock frequency is programmed, the demonstration prepares the connected Serial Flash device for a write read transaction (app.c:: APP_Tasks:: APP_STATE_INIT_FLASH:: SQI_Flash_Setup).
3. Reads the device ID of the attached Flash device (app.c:: APP_Tasks:: APP_STATE_FLASH_ID_READ:: SQI_FlashID_Read).
4. Writes a page in Flash in PIO mode (app.c:: APP_Tasks:: APP_STATE_WRITE_FLASH:: SQI_PIO_PageWrite(FLASH_PAGE_ADDR)).
5. Reads the contents of the page in Flash using DMA mode and compares it to the data written to make sure the operation is successful (app.c:: APP_Tasks:: APP_STATE_READ_FLASH_DMA_MODE:: SQI_XIP_Read(FLASH_PAGE_ADDR)).
6. Indicates demonstration success using LED3 (Green LED) on the starter kit (app.c:: APP_Tasks:: APP_STATE_DONE:: BSP_SwitchONLED(LED_GRN)).
7. LED3 OFF, indicates demonstration FAILURE (stuck in one of the states).

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SQI Peripheral Library Flash Read in XIP Mode Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `flash_read_xip_mode.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/sqi/flash_read_pio_mode`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>flash_read_xip_mode.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/sqi/flash_read_xip_mode/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the SQI XIP mode transfer on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates the SQI XIP mode transfer on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the SQI XIP mode transfer demonstration.

Description

This demonstration allows page writes and reads to/from an SQI Flash device.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the appropriate configuration for the starter kit in use.
2. Check the state of LED3 on the starter kit to determine the status of the demonstration (LED3 ON indicates success, LED3 OFF indicates failure).

Timer Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the TMR Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

Timer Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains one Timer related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Timer Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Timer Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

timer3_interrupt

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration uses Timer3 in 32-bit mode to generate an interrupt based on the time-out (1 second).

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the TMR Peripheral Library TMR Alarm Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `timer3_interrupt.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/tmr/timer3_interrupt.`

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>timer3_interrupt.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/tmr/timer3_interrupt/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx795_pim_e16	pic32mx795_pim+e16	Demonstrates the Timer3 interrupt on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board combination.
pic32mx_usb_sk2	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Demonstrates the Timer3 interrupt on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
pic32mz_ec_sk	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates the Timer3 interrupt on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates the Timer3 interrupt on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.
pic32mz_da_sk	pic32mz_da_sk	Demonstrates the Timer3 interrupt on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ef_sk_16b	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates the Timer3 interrupt with 16-bit configuration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.
pic32mx_usb_sk2_freertos	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Demonstrates the Timer3 interrupt on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II with FreeRTOS running on the configuration.
pic32mz_ef_sk_freertos	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates the Timer3 interrupt on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit with FreeRTOS running on the configuration.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board

Jumper JP2 should be connected (shorted) for the LEDs to function.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the TMR demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows the timer/counter capabilities using TMR peripheral library functions.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for the hardware in use.
2. Check the state of the LEDs. LED3 ON status indicates success and LED3 OFF status indicates failure.

USART Peripheral Library Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the USART Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

USART (USART) Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains one USART related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony USART Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the USART Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

uart_basic

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration uses USART2 in UART mode to transmit characters to the console and echo received characters on the console while turning on a LED.

Building the Application

for the USART Peripheral Library USART Alarm Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `uart_basic.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/uart/uart_basic`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>uart_basic.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/uart/uart_basic/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	Demonstrates the USART time-out function on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board combination.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the USART peripheral library on PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the USART peripheral library on PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the USART peripheral library on PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates the USART peripheral library on PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16_freertos</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration, which demonstrates the USART time-out function on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board combination.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_freertos</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration, which demonstrates the USART peripheral library on PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.

pic32mz_ef_sk_16b	pic32mz_ef_sk	microMIPS version of the demonstration, which demonstrates the USART peripheral library on PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.
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Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board

Connect a standard serial cable or USB-to-RS-232 adapter cable between the personal computer and the Explorer 16 Development Board P1 (UART) port.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

The optional MCP2200 Breakout Module (ADM00393), which is a USB-to-UART serial converter adapter board, may be used to run this demonstration. If the Breakout Module will be used, an additional interface is required. The acceptable interface is the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with the PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board (AC320006). Jumper from pins 58 and 23 of J10 header to RX and TX of the Breakout module, respectively. In addition, connect GND.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

Connect a USB cable to the J5 Mini Type B connector on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit. Connect this USB cable to the computer running the terminal emulation program.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

The optional MCP2200 Breakout Module, which is a USB-to-UART serial converter adapter board, may be used to run this demonstration. If the Breakout Module will be used, an additional interface is required. The acceptable interface is the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board. Jumper from pins 48 and 46 of J11 header to RX and TX of the Breakout Module, respectively. In addition, GND must be shorted.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the USART demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows the USART capabilities using the USART Peripheral Library functions.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for the hardware in use.
2. Launch a console client (OS native/Tera Term, etc..) and set the serial port settings to 9600-N-1.
3. Launch the demonstration. The following messages will appear in the console window:


```
*** USART Interrupt-driven Application Example ***
*** Type some characters and observe the LED turn ON ***
```
4. As indicated in the message, notice the typed characters echoed on the console window and LED.
5. Turn on LED (D3 on Explorer 16 Development Board or LED3 on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II, PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit, PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit, and PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit) indicating interrupt processing.

WDT Peripheral Library examples

This topic provides descriptions of the WDT Peripheral Library examples.

Introduction

Watchdog Timer (WDT) Peripheral Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains one WDT related firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Watchdog Timer Peripheral Library.

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the WDT Peripheral Library demonstration applications included in this release.

wdt_timeout

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration exercises the watchdog time-out function using the WDT Peripheral Library.

Building the Application

for the WDT Peripheral Library WDT Alarm Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `wdt_timeout.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/wdt/wdt_timeout`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>wdt_timeout.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/peripheral/wdt/wdt_timeout/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	Demonstrates the WDT time-out function on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board combination.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the WDT time-out function on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the WDT time-out function on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the WDT time-out function on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates the WDT time-out function on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16_freertos</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration, which demonstrates the WDT time-out function on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board combination.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_freertos</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration, which demonstrates the WDT time-out function on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_16b</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	microMIPS version of the demonstration, which demonstrates the WDT time-out function on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MX795F512L PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the WDT time-out demonstration.

Description

This demonstration exercises the WDT time-out function.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration suitable for the hardware in use.
2. The LEDs (LED1 on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II, PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit, PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit, or LED D3 on the Explorer 16 Development Board) will blink during normal operation.
3. Press Switch 1 (PIC32 USB Starter Kit II, PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit, PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit) or Switch S3 (Explorer 16 Development Board) for the WDT time-out reset. If the demonstration is successful, LED3 (PIC32 USB Starter Kit II, PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit, PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit, and PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit) or LED D5 (Explorer 16 Development Board) will illuminate. If they do not, this indicates demonstration failure.

System Service Library Examples

Introduction

The example applications provide very simple single-purpose examples of how to use MPLAB Harmony system service libraries.

Description

System services have two primary types of implementations:

- System Service Libraries
- Low-Level Support

Most system service libraries follow the same basic model as a device driver (directly using a peripheral library to access hardware) or a middleware library (using a device driver to access hardware) as the rest of the system.

Command Processor System Service Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the Command Processor System Service examples.

Introduction

Command Processor System Service Library Demonstration Applications Help.

Description

This distribution package contains a firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Command Processor System Service. This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Command Processor System Service Library demonstration applications included in this release.

command_appio

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration application exercises the Command Processor System Service by receiving user keyboard input and displaying the output string to the PIC AppIO window in MPLAB X IDE.

The demonstration application does the following:

1. Launches the application via MPLAB REAL ICE to a target device.
2. Displays "Ready to accept command input" in the PIC AppIO window in MPLAB X IDE at initialization.
3. Listens for user command input.
4. Supports two simple commands native to this application.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Command Processor System Service Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `command_appio.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/examples/system/command_appio`

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>command_appio.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/system/command_appio/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Demonstrates application I/O using the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II, the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board and the MPLAB REAL ICE in-circuit emulator.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

This demonstration requires the MPLAB REAL ICE in-circuit emulator and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.

Running the Demonstration

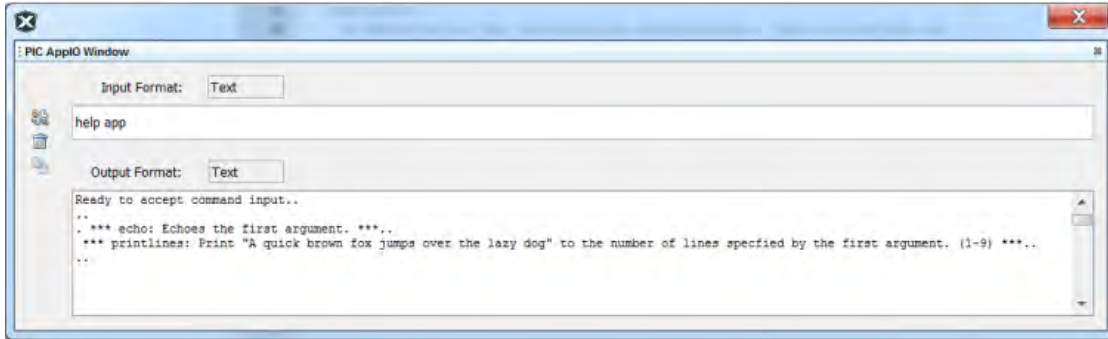
Provides instructions on how to build and run the Command Processor System Service demonstration.

Description

Do the following to run the demonstration:

1. Ensure that the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II, the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board, and the MPLAB REAL ICE in-circuit emulator are connected and ready.
2. Open the PIC AppIO window in MPLAB X IDE by selecting *Window > Debugging > PIC AppIO*.
3. Make sure the Output Format in PIC AppIO is set to "Text" (the default is 8-bit hex).
4. Debug the project.
5. Wait for "Ready to accept command input" to display in the Output Format section.
6. Type keyboard input into the Input Format bar and press <ENTER>.

7. Typing "help" will display the general help sections. Typing "help app" will display the commands unique to the application including a brief description.
8. Try the commands listed by "help app".



Console System Service Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the Console System Service examples.

Introduction

Console System Service Library Demonstration Applications Help.

Description

This distribution package contains a firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Console System Service. This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Console System Service Library demonstration applications included in this release.

multi_instance_console

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration illustrates the read and write operation on the Console when multiple Console instances are running simultaneously. The project has three configurations, the first configuration demonstrates simultaneous operation of the UART Console and the USB CDC Console, the second configuration shows the UART Console and the AppIO Console and the third configuration shows the USB CDC Console and the AppIO Console.

The application perform the following tasks:

- Each instance of Console prints a welcome message and prompts the user to enter a string
- The string that is entered by the user is echoed back to the Console
- The read operation completion can be checked through both polling and by indication of a callback
- The application is designed so that the two Console instances can run independently of each other

Libraries Used

The Console System Service resides as the top layer. The UART and USB Drivers are used depending on the choice of Console selected. The UART and USB Drivers call their respective Peripheral Libraries (PLIBs) to interact with the hardware. If AppIO is selected as the Console choice, the AppIO service is used, which is provided with the MPLAB X IDE C/C++ XC32 Compiler.

The application interacts directly with the Console System Service Library. The Console System Service Library, depending upon the choice of console driver, makes calls to the UART, USB, or AppIO.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Command Processor System Service Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `multi_instance_console.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration. The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/system/multi_instance_console`

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>multi_instance_console.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/system/multi_instance_console/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Demonstrates USB CDC and AppIO Console instances running simultaneously on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	Demonstrates UART and AppIO Console instances running simultaneously on the the PIC32MX795F512L PIM with the Explorer 16 Development Board.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	Demonstrates UART and USB CDC Console instances running simultaneously on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

This demonstration requires the MPLAB REAL ICE in-circuit emulator for communication with AppIO and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.

PIC32MX795F512L PIM with the Explorer 16 Development Board

This demonstration requires the MPLAB REAL ICE in-circuit emulator for communication with AppIO.

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Console System Service demonstration.

Description

Depending on the hardware in use, use one of the following three procedures to run the demonstration.

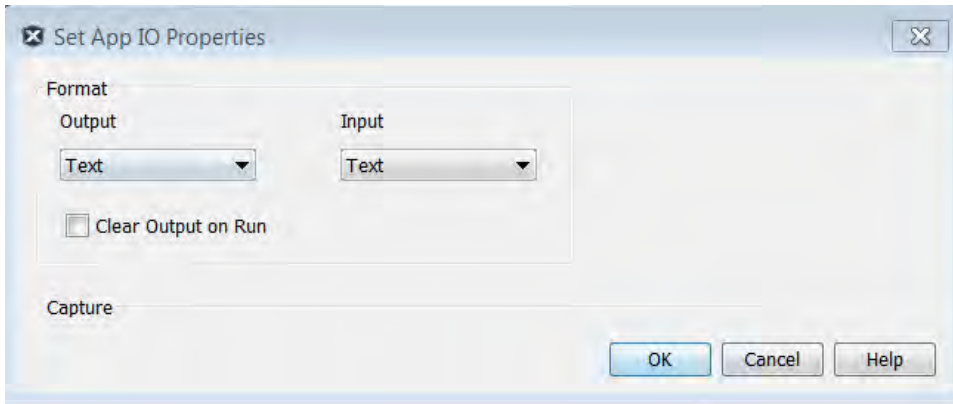
PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

This demonstration writes and reads to/from a terminal program running on a personal computer host and also from the AppIO interface in MPLAB X IDE.

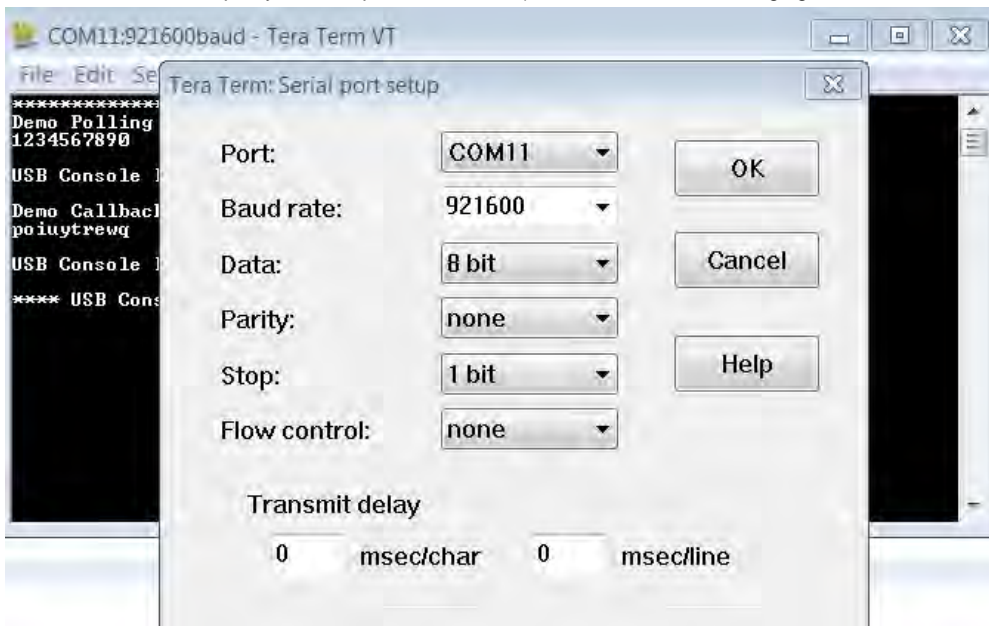
This demonstration utilizes the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and requires the starter kit to be paired with the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.

Since AppIO uses the Debug interface, it also requires the MPLAB REAL ICE in-circuit emulator.

1. In MPLAB X IDE, select the hardware configuration to be used. Compile and program the target device in Debug mode with the selected configuration.
2. Open the AppIO window in MPLAB X IDE by selecting *Window > Debugging > PIC AppIO*.
3. Ensure that the Output Format in PIC AppIO is set to "Text" (the default is 8-bit hex), as shown in the following figure.

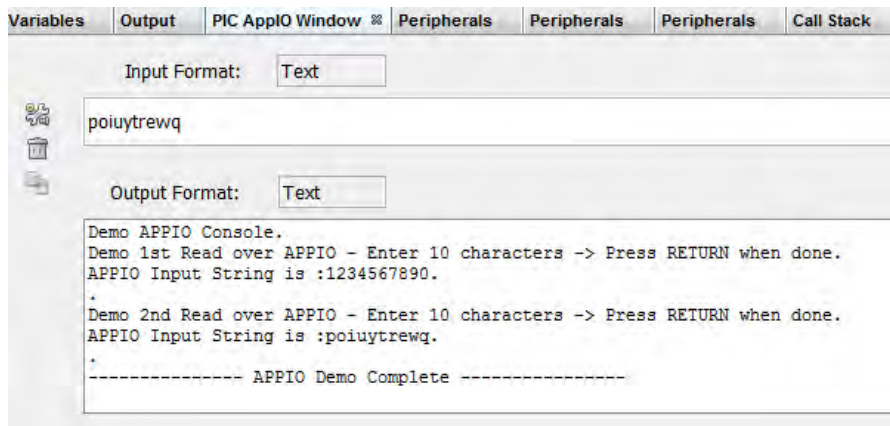


- Before connecting the micro-USB cable to the host computer, the demonstration must be running for the terminal program to recognize the USB COM device. Once the demonstration is running, start a terminal emulator program (Tera Term shown) with serial port settings (921600 baud, 8 bit data, no parity, 1 bit stop, no flow control), as shown in the following figure.



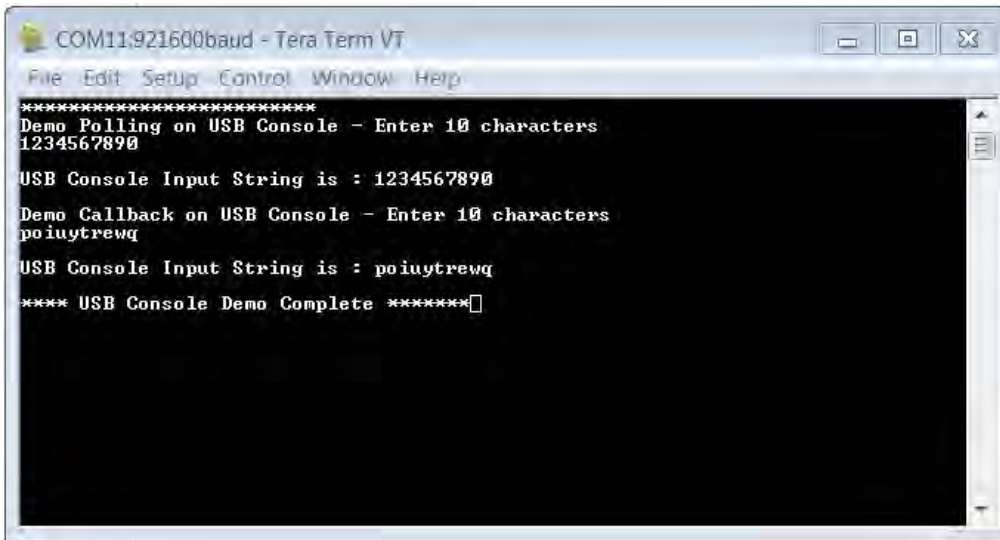
Demonstration Output

When running the program in debug mode, the AppIO interface will display messages, as shown in the following figure.



It is important to note that the AppIO interface implements a blocking read call expecting data from debug interface until the user enters a RETURN, so all of the necessary AppIO read operations should be executed first before proceeding with the USB Console.

USB can be executed only after the AppIO demonstration is complete. A display similar to the following figure can be expected after execution of the USB Console demonstration.

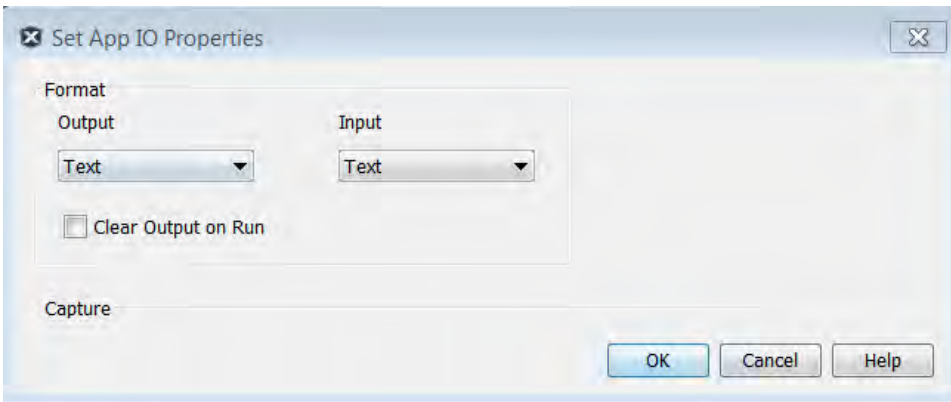


PIC32MX795F512 PIM and Explorer 16 Development Board

This demonstration reads and writes to a terminal program running on a personal computer host and also from the AppIO interface in MPLAB X IDE.

This demonstration utilizes the PIC32795F512L PIM paired with the Explorer 16 Development Board.

1. In MPLAB X IDE, select the hardware configuration to be used. Compile and program the target device in Debug mode with the selected configuration.
2. Open the AppIO window in MPLAB X IDE by selecting *Window > Debugging > PIC AppIO*.
3. Ensure that the Output Format in PIC AppIO is set to "Text" (the default is 8-bit hex), as shown in the following figure.

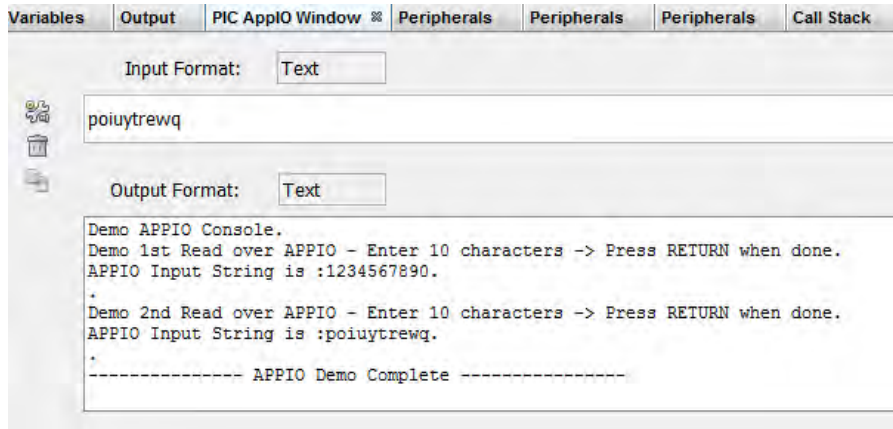


4. Connect the Explorer 16 Development Board to the host personal computer using a RS-232 UART connection.
5. A terminal program like Tera Term can be used with the settings shown in the following figure.



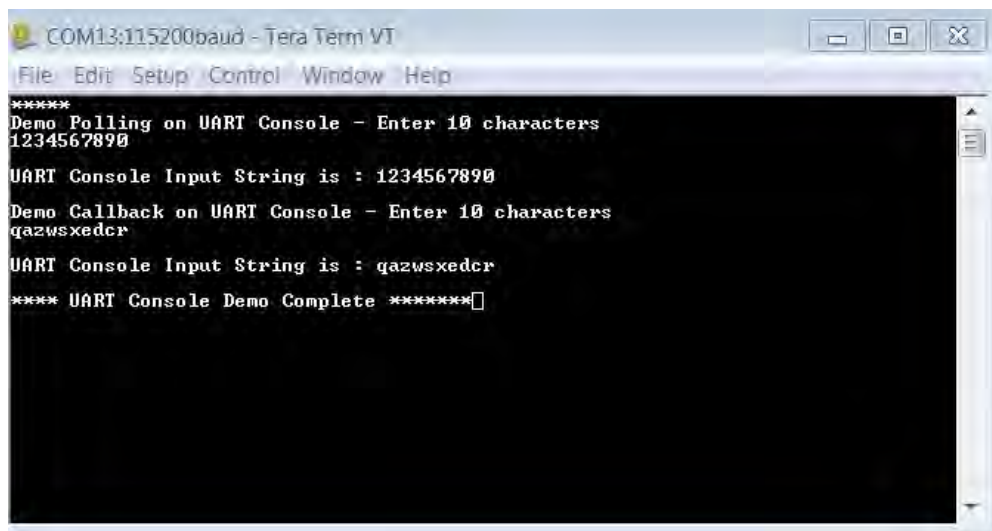
Demonstration Output

When running the program in debug mode, the AppIO interface will display messages, as shown in the following figure.



It is important to note that the AppIO interface implements a blocking read call, expecting data from debug interface until the user enters a RETURN, so all of the necessary AppIO read operations should be executed first before proceeding with the UART Console.

Once AppIO operation is complete, the UART Console can be executed. A display similar to the following figure can be expected.



PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

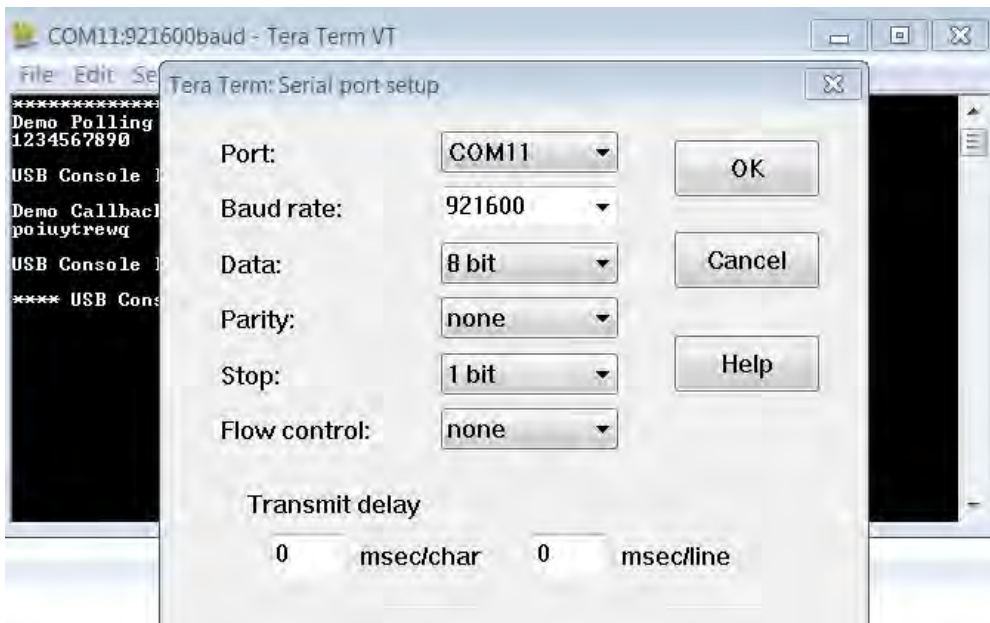
This demonstration reads and writes to a terminal program running on a personal computer host that uses the UART and USB CDC 2 Console.

This demonstration utilizes the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

1. In MPLAB X IDE, select the hardware configuration to be used. Compile and program the target device in Debug mode with the selected configuration.
2. Connect the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit to the host personal computer using a mini-USB cable for the UART connection and a micro-USB cable for the USB connection.
3. A terminal program such as Tera Term can be used with the following UART settings.



4. Before connecting the micro-USB cable to the host computer, the demonstration must be running for the terminal program to recognize the USB COM device. Once the demonstration is running, start a terminal emulator program (e.g., Tera Term) with serial port with the following USB settings: (921600 baud, 8 bit data, no parity, 1 bit stop, no flow control), as shown in the following figure.



Demonstration Output

Since the UART and USB Console are running independently, the order in which the user interacts with each Console is irrelevant.

The UART Console should show an output similar to the following figure.

```

*****
Demo Polling on UART Console - Enter 10 characters
1234567890
UART Console Input String is : 1234567890
Demo Callback on UART Console - Enter 10 characters
qazwsxedcr
UART Console Input String is : qazwsxedcr
***** UART Console Demo Complete *****

```

The USB Console should show an output similar to the following figure.

```

*****
Demo Polling on USB Console - Enter 10 characters
1234567890
USB Console Input String is : 1234567890
Demo Callback on USB Console - Enter 10 characters
poiuytrewq
USB Console Input String is : poiuytrewq
***** USB Console Demo Complete *****

```

Debug System Service Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the Debug System Service examples.

Introduction

Debug System Service Library Demonstration Applications Help.

Description

This distribution package contains a firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Debug System Service. This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Debug System Service Library demonstration applications included in this release.

debug_uart

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration application exercises the Debug and Console System Services by routing messages from the Debug System Service through the Console System Service to a terminal program running on a personal computer via the UART communications protocol.

The demonstration application does the following:

- Demonstrates a direct console write by outputting a string to the terminal
- Demonstrates formatted and unformatted message writes to the terminal
- Demonstrates the use of the global error level
- Demonstrates debug output messaging using both polling and callback notification of completion
- Demonstrates what happens when the write queue overflows
- Demonstrates console flush in reaction to an error condition
- Demonstrates console read using both polling and callback notification
- Demonstrates an echo function in which the characters are written back to the terminal as they are read

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Debug System Service Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `debug_uart.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/system/debug_uart`

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>debug_uart.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/system/debug_uart/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	Demonstration console communication via UART RS-232 using the Explorer 16 Development Board and the PIC32MX795F512L PIM.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstration console communication via UART RS-232 using using the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstration console communication via UART RS-232 using the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MX795F512L PIM combined with the Explorer 16 Development Board
No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

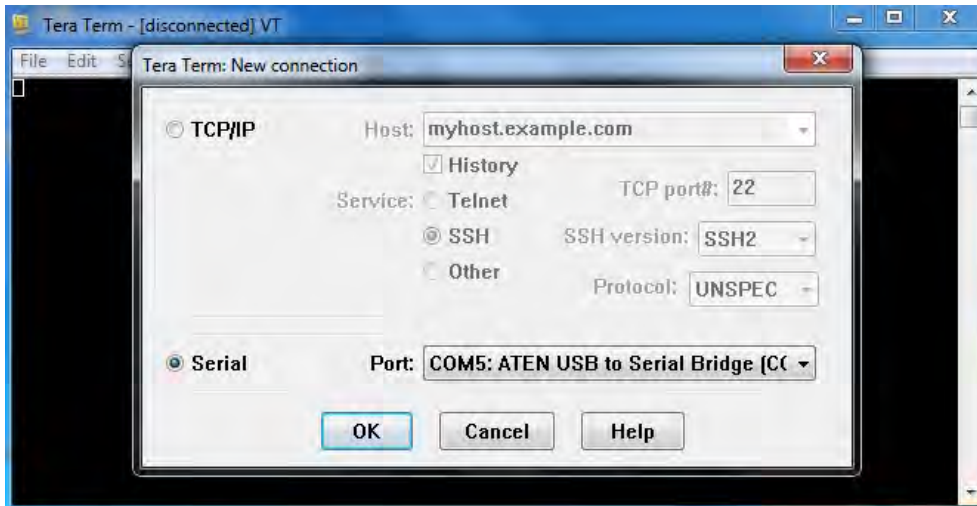
Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Debug System Service demonstration.

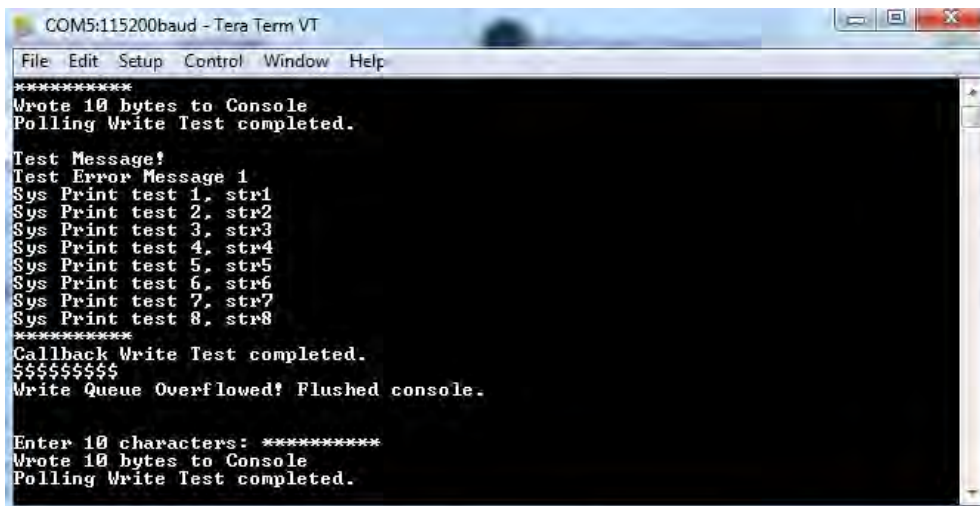
Description

This demonstration writes and reads to/from a terminal program running on a personal computer host.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the configuration for the hardware in use.
2. Connect the Explorer 16 Development Board to the host personal computer using a RS-232 UART connection.
3. The demonstration must be running for the terminal program to recognize the COM device. Start a terminal emulator program (Tera Term shown).



4. Press SW1 to start the demonstration.
5. Follow the instructions on the terminal.



```

COM5:115200baud - Tera Term VT
File Edit Setup Control Window Help
Sys Print test 2, str2
Sys Print test 3, str3
Sys Print test 4, str4
Sys Print test 5, str5
Sys Print test 6, str6
Sys Print test 7, str7
Sys Print test 8, str8
*****
Callback Write Test completed.
$$$$$$$$
Write Queue Overflowed! Flushed console.

Enter 10 characters:
Polling Read 10 bytes: 1234567890

Enter 10 characters:
Callback Read 10 bytes: 1234567890

Echo Test. Type 'q' to quit.
q
All Tests Completed

```

debug_usb_cdc_2

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration application exercises the Debug and Console System Services by routing messages from the Debug System Service through the Console System Service to a terminal program running on a personal computer via the USB-CDC communications protocol.

The demonstration application does the following:

- Demonstrates a direct console write by outputting a string to the terminal
- Demonstrates formatted and unformatted message writes to the terminal
- Demonstrates the use of the global error level
- Demonstrates debug output messaging using both polling and callback notification of completion
- Demonstrates what happens when the write queue overflows
- Demonstrates console flush in reaction to an error condition
- Demonstrates console read using both polling and callback notification
- Demonstrates an echo function in which the characters are written back to the terminal as they are read

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Debug System Service Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `debug_usb_cdc_2.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/examples/system/debug_usb_cdc_2`

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
debug_usb_cdc_2.X	<install-dir>/apps/examples/system/debug_usb_cdc_2/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_usb_sk2	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Demonstrates console communication through USB with the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.

pic32mz_ec_sk	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates console communication through USB with the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates console communication through USB with the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

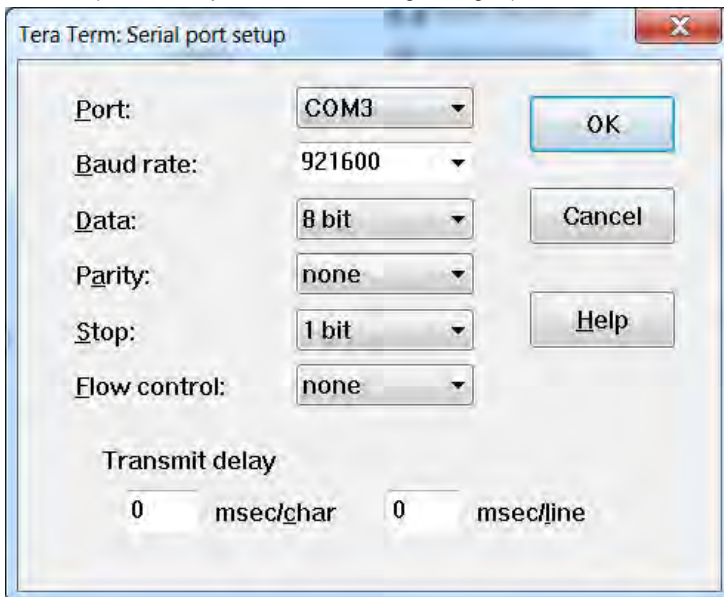
Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Debug System Service demonstration.

Description

This demonstration writes and reads to/from a terminal program running on a personal computer host.

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the pic32mz_ec_sk configuration for the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit, the pic32mz_ef_sk configuration for the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit, or the pic32mx_usb_sk2 configuration for the PIC32MX USB Starter Kit II.
2. Connect the starter kit to the host personal computer using an A to micro-A/B USB cable.
3. The demonstration must be running for the terminal program to recognize the COM device. Start a terminal emulator program (Tera Term shown) with serial port with the following settings: (921600 baud, 8 bit data, no parity, 1 bit stop, no flow control).



4. The terminal will indicate a successful connection. Press any key on the computer to start the demonstration.
5. Follow the instructions on the terminal.

```

COM10:921600baud - Tera Term VT
File Edit Setup Control Window Help
*****
Wrote 64 bytes to Console
Polling Write Test completed.
Test Message!
Test Debug Message!
Test Error Message
Test Error Message 1
Test Error Message 2, 100, dbg_str
Sys Print test 1, str1
Sys Print test 2, str2
Sys Print test 3, str3
Sys Print test 4, str4
Sys Print test 5, str5
Sys Print test 6, str6
Sys Print test 7, str7
Sys Print test 8, str8
*****
Callback Write Test completed.
Enter 10 characters:
Polling Read 10 bytes: 1234567890
Enter 10 characters:
Callback Read 10 bytes: 1234567890
Echo Test. Type 'q' to quit.
1234567890-=wertyuiop[]\asdfghjkl;'zxcvbnm,./q
All Tests Completed

```

Device Control System Service Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the Device Control System Service examples.

Introduction

Device Control System Service Library Demonstration Applications Help.

Description

This distribution package contains a firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Device Control System Service. This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards. To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Device Control System Service Library demonstration applications included in this release.

devcon_cache_clean

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This example application demonstrates how cache coherency issues arise when transferring data out of memory using DMA. The MPLAB Harmony Device Control System Service contains various cache functions, which are used in this example to resolve the problem.

The application first allocates two buffers, with the intention of copying the data in one buffer to the other using DMA. The source buffer is first loaded with data and then the DMA transfer is initiated. After the transfer is complete, it is clear that the two buffers contain different values. This is an issue relating to cache coherency. When data is written by the CPU, it is stored in the cache but it is not written back to RAM unless the line is evicted or an explicit cache write-back instruction is executed. The cache instructions are accessed through the Device Control System Service and serve as a wrapper to the underlying MIPS® cache operations.

In this specific example, the data in the source buffer was never written back to RAM before being transferred to the destination buffer using DMA. Data that is stored in cache but has not yet been written back to RAM is termed "dirty". In the second part of the application, the correct method of maintaining cache coherency is demonstrated. After writing data to the source buffer, the function SYS_DEVCON_DataCacheClean is executed, forcing the data to be written back to main memory. When the DMA transfer is initiated, it then pulls the data out of RAM and transfers it to the destination buffer – this time, the data in both buffers will match.

If the application runs as intended, the red and green LEDs will be lit. The yellow LED will only be lit if an error has occurred.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Device Control System Service Cache Clean Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `devcon_cache_clean.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/examples/system/devcon.`

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>devcon_cache_clean.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/system/devcon/devcon_cache_clean/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config.`

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates Device Control System Service cache functions using the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates Device Control System Service cache functions using the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates Device Control System Service cache functions using the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_16b</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates Device Control System Service cache functions in microMIPS mode using the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

This application demonstrates the necessity and proper use of the `SYS_DEVCON_DataCacheClean` function.

1. First compile and program the target device. When compiling, select the correct configuration for the device.
2. Observe the LEDs on the starter kit development board. If the red and green LEDs are both lit, the application executed successfully. If the yellow LED is lit, an error has occurred.

devcon_cache_invalidate

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This example application demonstrates how cache coherency issues arise when transferring data into memory using DMA. The MPLAB Harmony Device Control System Service contains various cache functions, which are used in this example to resolve the problem.

The application first allocates three buffers – two source buffers and one destination buffer. The two source buffers are filled with two different sets of data. The first buffer is copied to the destination buffer using DMA and the application checks to ensure they both contain the same data (which they do). The second source buffer is then copied to the destination buffer using DMA and once again the data is compared. This time the data does not match and once again, it is due to a cache coherency issue.

After the first DMA transfer and read of the destination buffer, the data is pulled into the cache. The second DMA transfer then updates the data contained in the destination buffer, but only the data contained in RAM. As far as the cache is aware, the stale data in the cache still matches the fresh data that is now in RAM. The cache simply sees that it is already storing a copy of the destination buffer, so it need not bother to pull the fresh data into itself when the CPU does the second set of reads. What we need is a way to tell the CPU to get rid of the stale cached data and pull in fresh data from main memory – this is known as an 'invalidate'. The example application demonstrates the proper technique for taking care of this issue. After the second DMA transfer, the destination buffer must be invalidated with the use of the function `SYS_DEVCON_DataCacheInvalidate`. This marks the data of interest in the cache as invalid. Now when the CPU performs a read on the destination buffer, fresh data is pulled out of main memory and into the cache, before being presented to the CPU.

If the application runs as intended, the red and green LEDs will be lit. The yellow LED will only be lit if an error has occurred.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Device Control System Service Cache Invalidate Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `devcon_cache_invalidate.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/system/devcon`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>devcon_cache_invalidate.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/system/devcon/devcon_cache_invalidate/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates Device Control System Service cache functions using the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates Device Control System Service cache functions using the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Demonstrates Device Control System Service cache functions using the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_16b</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates Device Control System Service cache functions in microMIPS mode using the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

This application demonstrates the necessity and proper use of the SYS_DEVCON_DataCacheInvalidate API.

1. First compile and program the target device. When compiling, select the correct configuration for the device.
2. Observe the LEDs on the starter kit development board. If the red and green LEDs are both lit, the application executed successfully. If the yellow LED is lit, an error has occurred.

devcon_sys_config_perf

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration provides an example of how to initialize the service and configure optimum system performance using the SYS_DEVCON_PerformanceConfig API.

The demonstration application does the following:

- Initializes the Device Control System Service
- Calls the SYS_DEVCON_PerformanceConfig API
- Waits in a busy loop

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Device Control System Service Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the devcon_sys_config_perf.X project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

<install-dir>/apps/examples/system/devcon.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
devcon_sys_config_perf.X	<install-dir>/apps/examples/system/devcon/devcon_sys_config_perf/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within ./firmware/src/system_config.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_eth_sk	pic32mx_eth_sk	Demonstrates various Device Control System Service cache functions using the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ec_sk	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstrates Device Control System Service cache functions using the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.

pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates Device Control System Service cache functions using the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
pic32mz_da_sk	pic32mz_da_sk	Demonstrates Device Control System Service cache functions using the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ef_sk_16b	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates Device Control System Service cache functions in microMIPS mode using the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Device Control System Service demonstration.

Description

This demonstration initializes the Device Control System Service and demonstrates the use of the SYS_DEVCON_PerformanceConfig API.

1. Select the desired MPLAB X IDE project configuration:
 - pic32mz_ec_sk (for PIC32MZ EC devices)
 - pic32mz_ef_sk (for PIC32MZ EF devices)
 - pic32mz_da_sk (for PIC32MZ DA devices)
 - pic32mx_eth_sk (for PIC32MX devices)
2. Build the selected configuration in the MPLAB X IDE project and program the demonstration board by selecting **Debug Main Project** from the Debug Menu. The program should build, download, and run.
3. Select **Pause** from the Debug menu. The program should pause in one of Tasks routines.
4. To verify that the device was initialized correctly, select *Window > PIC Memory Views > Peripherals* and check for the following:
 - for PIC32MZ, verify in the PRECON register
 - PFMWS is set to 2
 - PREFEN is set to 3
 - PIC32MX, verify in the CHECON register
 - PFMWS is set to 2
 - PREFEN is set to 3

DMA System Service Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the DMA System Service examples.

Introduction

DMA System Service Library Demonstration Applications Help.

Description

This distribution package contains a firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony DMA System Service. This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the DMA System Service Library demonstration applications included in this release.

dma_crc

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This application demonstrates how to use the special function of CRC computation of the PIC32 DMA module by using the MPLAB Harmony DMA System Service Library. This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to build and execute the demonstration project on Microchip development tools.

In this demonstration application, the DMA System Service sets up a memory to memory data transfer. It also enables the CRC engine to compute the CRC of the data being transferred from source location to destination location.

To know more about the MPLAB Harmony DMA System Service, configuring the DMA System Service and the APIs provided by the DMA System service, refer to the DMA System Service Library section of the help.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the DMA System Service Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `dma_crc.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/examples/system/dma`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>dma_crc.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/system/devcon/dma_crc/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	This demonstration runs on the PIC32MZ2048EFM144 device on-board the PIC32MZ EF starter kit. The configuration can be used for generating CRC using a 16-bit polynomial in background mode.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

1. Compile the demonstration application. While compiling, select the appropriate MPLAB X IDE project configuration based on the demonstration

- board. Refer to [Building the Application](#) for details.
- Run the demonstration application in Debug mode by clicking **Debug** in MPLAB X IDE
 - The LED2 should illuminate. The illumination of LED2 indicates that the data is being transferred from the source to the destination and the CRC is computed as the data was transferred.
 - Click **Pause** in the MPLAB X IDE.
 - In the Variables window, observe the debug variable `blockCrc`. The `blockCrc` variable should have a value `0x31C3`, which is the CRC value for 16-bit polynomial with an initial seed value of '0'.

Note on CRC Calculation: The CRC computation on the various websites usually uses the table approach method for CRC calculation. The table approach CRC calculation method generally pads the incoming message with extra 0 bits (16 bits in the case of a 16-bit polynomial, and 32 bits in the case of 32-bit polynomial). The PIC32 DMA CRC generation does not pad with any extra bits. The PIC32 DMA CRC calculation engine strictly calculates CRC of the input data buffer.

To obtain comparable results with the websites we have to append extra bits; 16 bits, or two zeros (bytes) for 16-bit polynomial computation. 32 bits or four zeros (bytes) for 32-bit polynomial computation. Therefore, the data transfer call in our DMA System Service CRC computation application has the size appended with polynomial length as shown in the following example:

```
SYS_DMA_ChannelTransferAdd(channelHandle, flashBuff,
    (APP_DMA_CRC_BUFFER_SIZE + (crc.polyLength/8)),
    ramBuff, (APP_DMA_CRC_BUFFER_SIZE + (crc.polyLength/8)),
    (APP_DMA_CRC_BUFFER_SIZE + (crc.polyLength/8)));
```

RTCC System Service Examples

This topic provides descriptions of the RTCC System Service examples.

Introduction

RTCC System Service Library Demonstration Applications Help.

Description

This distribution package contains a firmware project that demonstrates the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony RTCC System Service. This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run this firmware project on Microchip demonstration and development boards. To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the RTCC System Service Library demonstration applications included in this release.

rtcc_timestamps

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration application shows how to use the RTCC System Service. A simple callback is registered with the RTCC System Service and the alarm causes the current time to be stored in an array. The RTCC System Service can be set to be interrupt-driven to increase efficiency in that it will only be called when the alarm interrupt occurs.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Command Processor System Service Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `rtcc_timestamps.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/examples/system/rtcc/rtcc_timestamps`

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>rtcc_timestamps.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/examples/system/rtcc/rtcc_timestamps/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	RTCC demonstration using the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ef_sk_freertos	pic32mz_ef_sk	FreeRTOS version of the RTCC demonstration using the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the RTCC System Service demonstration.

Description

Do the following to run the demonstration:

1. Compile the demonstration application. While compiling, select the appropriate MPLAB X IDE project configuration based on the hardware in use. Refer to [Building the Application](#) for details.
2. As shown in the following figure, create a breakpoint near line 155 with the following text:

- `appData.rtccTimeStateMachine = APP_RTCC_TIMESTAMP_DONE;`

```

150
151     case APP_RTCC_TIMESTAMP_CHECK:
152         /* real work is being done in the call back. Are we done? */
153         if (timestamps.index == timestamps.limit)
154         {
155             appData.rtccTimeStateMachine = APP_RTCC_TIMESTAMP_DONE;
156         }
157         break;
158
159     case APP_RTCC_TIMESTAMP_DONE:
160         break;
161 }
162 }
163

```

3. Run the demonstration application in Debug mode by clicking **Debug** in MPLAB X IDE.
4. When the debug session reaches the breakpoint (in approximately 10 seconds), the 'timestamps' array can be observed with the timestamps recorded at each second, as shown in the following figure.

```

139     timestamps.index = 0;
140     appHandle = SYS_RTCC_AlarmRegister(APP_RTCC_TIMESTAMP_Callback,
141         (u) Address = 0x800003CC, timestamps.stamp[0] = 0x23595000
142         Address = 0x800003D0, timestamps.stamp[1] = 0x23595100
143         Address = 0x800003D4, timestamps.stamp[2] = 0x23595200
144         Address = 0x800003D8, timestamps.stamp[3] = 0x23595300
145         Address = 0x800003DC, timestamps.stamp[4] = 0x23595400
146         Address = 0x800003E0, timestamps.stamp[5] = 0x23595500
147         Address = 0x800003E4, timestamps.stamp[6] = 0x23595600
148         Address = 0x800003E8, timestamps.stamp[7] = 0x23595700
149         Address = 0x800003EC, timestamps.stamp[8] = 0x23595800
150         Address = 0x800003F0, timestamps.stamp[9] = 0x23595900
151         Address = 0x800003F4, timestamps.index = \n; 0x0a
152         Address = 0x800003F5, timestamps.limit = \n; 0x0a
153     /* real work is being done in the call back. Are we done? */
154     if (timestamps.index == timestamps.limit)
155     {
156         appData.rtccTimeStateMachine = APP_RTCC_TIMESTAMP_DONE;
157     }
158     break;
159

```

External Memory Programmer Demonstrations

This section provides descriptions of the External Memory Programmer demonstrations.

Introduction

External Memory Programmer Demonstration Applications Help.

Description

This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run the External Memory Programmer firmware projects on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Programmer demonstration applications included in this release.

external_flash

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration implements a bootloader that resides in boot Flash. With the bootloader operating on the target device, the device can then program an external SPI Flash memory device (SST25FV016B or similar). This can be useful in programming external SPI Flash memory on Graphics PICTail daughter boards.

The bootloader is, operationally, similar to the bootloader described in AN1388 "PIC32 Bootloader", and will work with the personal computer application provided with the related source archive file. The application note and archive file are available for download from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the External Flash Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `external_flash.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/programmer/external_flash`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>external_flash.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/programmer/external_flash/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP(s) Used	Description
<code>usbdevice_pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Demonstrates external SPI Flash programming capabilities on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II, connected to a Graphics Controller PICTail Plus Epson S1D13517 board (AC164127).

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

On the S1D13517 board, the jumpers need to be configured for operations using SPI 2 as the interface to the PIC32 device.

JP3 (SCK), JP4 (MOSI), JP5 (MISO), and JP6 (CS) should all be in the 2-3 (SPI 2) position.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the External Flash demonstration.

Description

Personal Computer-based Host Demonstration

Do the following when using the configurations:

Operation

The bootloader is operated as follows:

1. Select the configuration suitable for the target hardware.
2. Compile and program the device.
3. Hold down SW3 on the starter kit to force bootloader operation.
4. LED1 will start blinking to indicate the bootloader is operating. If a program had previously been programmed, it may be necessary to hold down SW3 prior to applying power to the board or resetting the board.
5. Open the personal computer Host program from the AN1388 source archive file.
6. Select the appropriate communication path:
 - UART - Leave the baud rate at 115,200
 - UDP - Keep the IP address at 192.168.1.11 and the UDP port at 6234
 - USB Device - Keep the VID at 0x4D8 and the PID at 0x03C
7. Click **Connect** to connect to the bootloader and get the version.
8. If the bootloader connects, the personal computer Host application will indicate the version of the bootloader.

At this point, the bootloader is ready to accept a new application for programming into the program Flash. A demonstration application is provided, which is configured in a linker script to only operate in program Flash.

Setup

Create a hex file containing external SPI memory data (Graphics Resource Data is an example).

Programming the Device

With the demonstration application compiled, the generated hex file can now be programmed into the device using the bootloader.

To program the application into the device:

1. On the personal computer Host application described in AN1388, click **Load Hex File**.
2. Navigate to the data file meant to be programmed into external SPI flash (Graphics Resource Data is an example). Select the file and click **Open**.
3. Click **Erase-Program-Verify**.
4. The data will then be transferred to the bootloader, which will program the external SPI Flash.
5. Click **Disconnect** to release the Host Application.

sqi_flash

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

Applications that use large bitmap images or multiple page menu screens, which require several images or large or multiple font packages, etc., have a very large memory requirement for their graphics resources. In such applications, storing these graphics resources on-chip may result in insufficient memory or may be prohibitive to a possible cost benefit. A solution is to store the graphics resources to off-chip memory, such as non-volatile memory, thereby preserving the on-chip memory for program memory and allowing for more complex functional features. The pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2_gfx_ext_res configuration in the application can be used to store the external graphics resources onto external SQI Flash memory.

Another usage for external memory devices is for storing program routines and data. On PIC32MZ devices, the SQI peripheral can be configured to use the memory in eExecute-In-Place, or XIP, mode. When configured this way, the external memory appears in the memory space of the PIC32 device, and the running program can reference this memory the same as any other memory space, such as Program Flash and RAM. When the memory space in KSEG2 (cached) or KSEG3 (uncached) is referenced, the SQI peripheral automatically interfaces with the memory device and transfers the data in the appropriate direction without any further CPU intervention.

The current application, sqi_flash, serves as an external memory programmer to flash the off-chip non-volatile memory with the resources which

can then be accessed by other applications saving on-chip memory for other programs and resources. The `pic32mz_ef_sk_mebii_gfx_ext_res` configuration of the `sqi_flash` application needs the resources to be stored externally in the form of a resource file that would be programmed into the external memory. An example resource file, `gfx_resources_ext.hex`, has already been generated and is available to the user within the `<install-dir>\apps\gfx\external_resources\firmware\src\system_config\pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2\` folder.

The MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer, which is the primary tool used by the MPLAB Harmony application for configuring the graphic design for the application, has the ability to generate the required resource file containing the binary data for all of the graphics images to be stored on external memory. As previously mentioned, the default name for the file generated by MHGC is `gfx_resources_ext.hex`. Refer to the MPLAB X IDE online help and *Volume II: MPLAB Harmony Configurator (MHC) > MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer User's Guide* section for usage information. For more information on creating the `gfx_resources_ext.hex` file, please refer to the *Applications Help > Graphics Demonstrations > external_resources* demonstration.

The `sqi_flash` application requires the resource file `gfx_resources_ext.hex` file to be copied from the computer to a USB Flash drive, which has a FAT32 file system installed. The USB Flash drive is then plugged into the development board and the application scans the USB Flash drive for the resource file. The `sqi_flash` application copies the resource file sector by sector and flashes the binary resource content onto the SQI Flash external memory.

The `pic32_mz_ef_sk` configuration needs an `image.hex` file containing the program and data information to be flashed onto the `sqi_flash` application. In addition, ensure that the Flash drive is connected to the development board prior to programming the PIC32 device.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Programmer Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `sqi_flash.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/programmer/sqi_flash`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>sqi_flash.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/programmer/sqi_flash/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP(s) Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_mebii_gfx_ext_res</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	SQI Flash demonstration for the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) connected to the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and the Graphics Display Powertip 4.3" 480x272 Board. The PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit has a 4 MB SQI Flash memory device, which is used as the external non-volatile memory for this application. This is the configuration used for flashing external graphics resources onto external SQI Flash memory.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	SQI Flash demonstration for the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit by itself with no other interface is required. However, the image name for the name of the file on the USB Flash drive, <code>image.hex</code> , is different.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

The MEB II has two memory options External or Internal; however, this demonstration must be run in Internal mode. Configure the MEB II, as follows:

- EBIWE and LCD_PCLK (J9) must be closed (the jumper is located on the back of the MEB II board)
- Ensure that any MHC setting is defined to only use internal SRAM

The current internal/external memory setting for the application can be verified in MHC by selecting *Harmony Framework Configuration > Drivers > Graphics Controllers > LCC > Use LCC Driver > Memory Interface Mode*.

Configuring MHC

Provides information the MHC settings required for the demonstration application.

Description

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit with pic32mz_ef_sk_mebii_gfx_ext_res Configuration

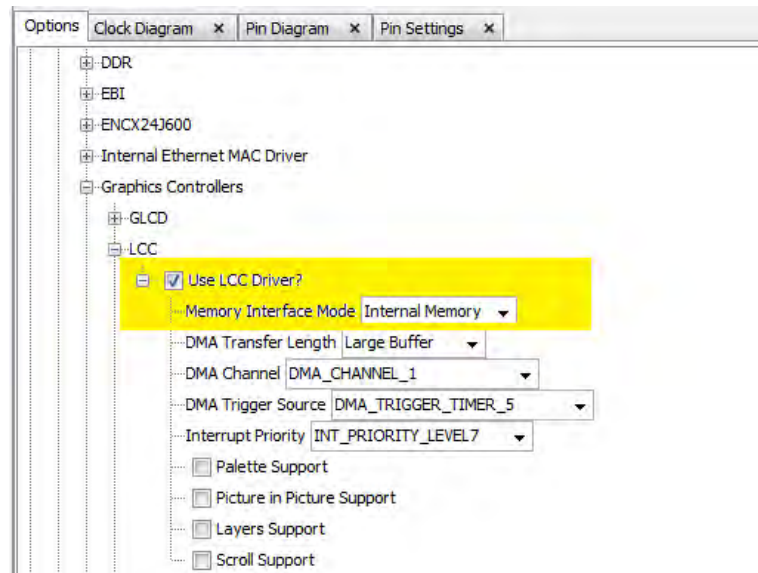
When using the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit, and powering it from the Debug port (J3), please insert a jumper onto JP1 to ensure the USB Flash drive has the correct power.

Configuring the MHC

The following are MHC settings that were modified from the default values. Refer to Volume II: MPLAB Harmony Configurator (MHC) for information on using MHC.

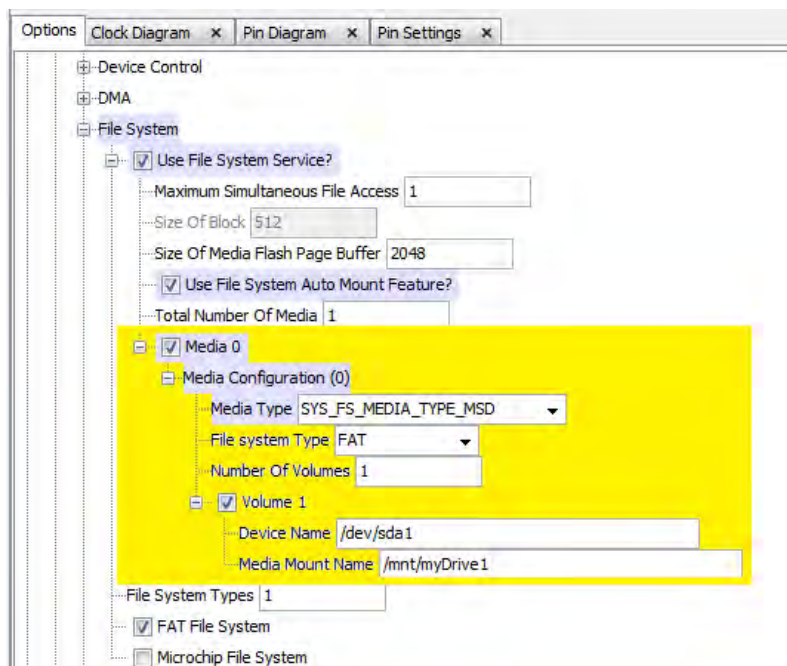
Drivers

The Graphics Controllers selection shows LCC was selected using the 'Use LCC driver' option. The Memory Interface Mode selected is Internal Memory. This is due to the fact that we want to load the program on internal memory and we are configuring the hardware with the jumper to match internal memory.



System Services

Select File System with the following settings:



BSP

The BSP selected for the supported configuration is PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit in combination w/Multimedia Expansion Board II - pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2.

Clock Diagram

Open the clock configurator section and make sure the following values are selected for the different clock settings as required for the pic32mz_sk_ef_meb2 configuration

- Primary Oscillator frequency: 24 MHz, EC mode
- USB PLL: 480 MHz
- System Clock: 200 MHz
- PB Clock: 100 MHz
- REFCLKO: The Reference Clock (REFCLK) uses the System Clock (SYSCLK) as the reference and generates the master clock for SPI modules at 200 MHz

Application-specific Software Setup

SQI external memory support: Since a formal SQI driver is not available in MPLAB Harmony, the external memory programmer uses the SQI Peripheral Library. Please note that the source and header file for SQI enabling have been manually included in the project.

SourceFiles/drv_nvm_flash_sqi_sst26.c HeaderFiles/drv_nvm_flash_sqi_sst26.h

Also note that, to refer to these files a preprocessor macro has been added to the application properties named SST26VF_B.

This application uses the gfx_resources_ext.hex file loaded on the USB Flash drive mentioned in the description.

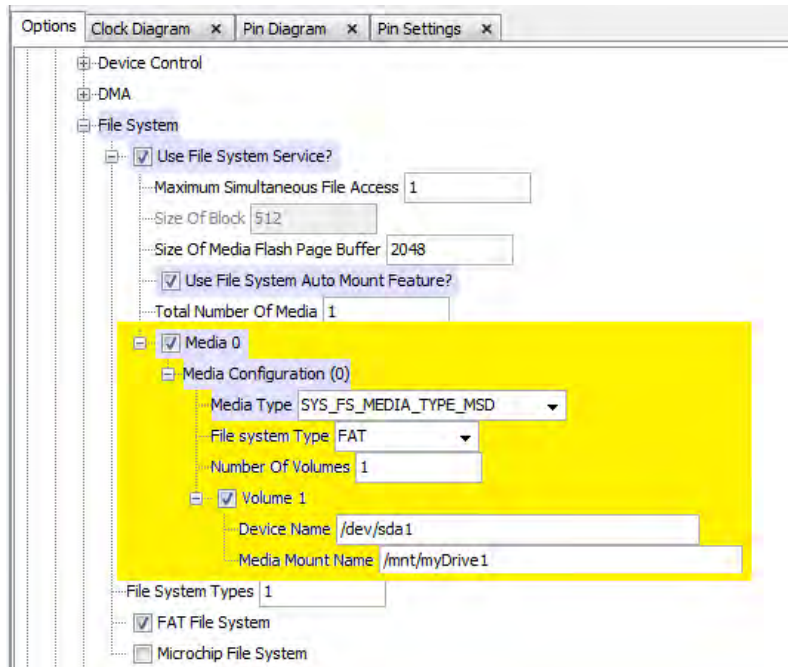
PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with pic32mz_ef_sk Configuration

Configuring the MHC

The following are MHC settings that were modified from the default values. Refer to Volume II: MPLAB Harmony Configurator (MHC) for information on using MHC.

System Services

Select File System with the following settings:



BSP

The BSP selected for the supported configuration is PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit - pic32mz_ef_sk.

Clock Diagram

Open the clock configurator section and make sure the following values are selected for the different clock settings as required for the pic32mz_sk_ef configuration:

- Primary Oscillator frequency: 24 MHz, EC mode
- USB PLL: 480 MHz
- System Clock: 200 MHz
- PB Clock: 100 MHz
- REFCLKO: The Reference Clock (REFCLK) uses the System Clock (SYSCLK) as the reference and generates the master clock for SPI

modules at 200 MHz

Application-specific Software Setup

SQI external memory support: Since a formal SQI driver is not available in MPLAB Harmony, the external memory programmer uses the SQI Peripheral Library. Please note that the source and header file for SQI enabling have been manually included in the project.

SourceFiles/drv_nvm_flash_sqi_sst26.c HeaderFiles/drv_nvm_flash_sqi_sst26.h

Also note that, to refer to these files a preprocessor macro has been added to the application properties named `SST26VF_B`.

This programmer also uses the same Intex HEX file processing that is used in the bootloader demonstrations, but it does not use the Bootloader Library, nor a bootloader linker script.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the External Memory Programmer SQI Flash demonstration.

Description

The `sqi_flash` application loads the required `image.hex` file or the `gfx_resources_ext.hex` file to an off-chip external memory to facilitate large resource requirements, which would not be easily accommodated on on-chip internal memory. The external memory programmer is operated as follows:

pic32mz_ef_sk_mebii_gfx_ext_res Configuration:

1. The external resources to be flashed onto the external memory are required by the `sqi_flash` application in the form of a HEX text file with the default name `gfx_resources_ext.hex`. If you do not have the resource binary file, you can obtain it from the following MPLAB Harmony installation folder: `<install-dir>\apps\gfx\external_resources\firmware\src\system_config\pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2\`.
2. Connect a USB Flash drive to the computer port and copy the `gfx_resources_ext.hex` file from `<install-dir>\apps\gfx\external_resources\firmware\src\system_config\pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2\` to the USB Flash drive.
3. After the file has finished being copied to the USB Flash drive, remove the USB Flash drive from the computer and insert it into the USB host connector on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit board.
4. Program the PIC32MZ device with the external memory programmer application, `sqi_flash`. This application flashes the `gfx_resources_ext.hex` file available on the USB Flash drive to the external SQI memory.
5. The display will convey the beginning of the flashing process to the user and also change the status to 'Finished Writing' once the flashing is complete. Also, the Green LED3 will light to indicate completion of the operation. Please make sure that the USB thumb drive is not unplugged while the program is actively flashing the memory.

pic32mz_ef_sk Configuration:

1. The program/data image to be programmed onto the external memory are required by `sqi_flash` in the form of a HEX text file with the default name `image.hex`.
2. Connect a USB Flash drive to the computer port and copy the `image.hex` file from the source directory onto the USB Flash drive.
3. After the file has finished being copied to the USB Flash drive, remove the USB Flash drive from the computer and insert it into the USB host connector on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit board.
4. Program the PIC32MZ device with the external memory programmer application, `sqi_flash`. This application flashes the `image.hex` file available on the USB Flash drive to the external SQI memory.
5. The green LED, LED3, will illuminate to indicate completion of the operation. Please make sure that the USB Flash drive is not disconnected while the program is actively flashing the memory.

File System Demonstrations

This section provides descriptions of the File System demonstrations.

Introduction

MPLAB Harmony File System Demonstration Help.

Description

This help file contains instructions and associated information about MPLAB Harmony File System demonstration applications, which are contained in the MPLAB Harmony Library distribution.

Demonstrations

Provides instructions on how to run the demonstration applications.

nvm_fat_single_disk

This demonstration uses a FAT12 image of a file on NVM Flash memory and demonstrates the working of all file system functions.

Description

This demonstration shows an example of implementing a FAT12 disk in device Flash memory. The demonstration contains a FAT12 disk image consisting of a Master Boot Record (MBR) sector, Logical Boot Sector, File Allocation Table, and Root Directory Area.

The demonstration opens an existing file named `FILE.TXT` and performs all file system related function calls on the file: `SYS_FS_FileStat`, `SYS_FS_FileSize`, `SYS_FS_FileSeek`, and `SYS_FS_FileEOF`. Finally, the string "Hello World" is written to this file. The string is then read and compared with the string that was written to the file. If the string compare is successful, LED indication is provided.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the NVM FAT Single Disk Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `nvm_fat_single_disk.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/fs/nvm_fat_single_disk`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>nvm_fat_single_disk.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/fs/nvm_fat_single_disk/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_bt_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_bt_sk</code>	This configuration runs on PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk_int_dyn_freertos</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and makes use of FreeRTOS as the underlying RTOS. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mx_usb3_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk3</code>	This configuration runs on PIC32 USB Starter Kit III. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn_freertos	pic32mz_ef_sk	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and makes use of FreeRTOS as the underlying RTOS. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit III

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the NVM FAT single disk demonstration.

Description

Select the MPLAB X IDE project configuration:

- pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn (for PIC32MX devices)
- pic32mx_usb_sk_int_dyn_freertos (for PIC32MX devices)
- pic32mx_bt_sk_int_dyn (for PIC32MX devices)
- pic32mx_usb_sk3_int_dyn (for PIC32MX devices)
- pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn (for PIC32MZ EC devices)
- pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn (for PIC32MZ EF devices)
- pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn_freertos (for PIC32MZ EF devices)

Build the selected configuration in the MPLAB X IDE project and program the demonstration board. The execution status (pass/fail) of the demonstration is indicated by LEDs on the demonstration board.

Demonstration Board	Demonstration Success	Demonstration Failure
PIC32 USB Starter Kit II	LED3	LED1
PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit	Green LED	Red LED
PIC32 USB Starter Kit III	LED3	LED1
PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit	Green LED	Red LED
PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit		

About the Demonstration:

This demonstration shows an example of:

- Implementing a FAT12 disk in device Flash memory
- Opening a file for read or write
- Implements file system functions
- Closing a file

The demonstration contains a FAT12 disk image consisting of a Master Boot Record (MBR) sector, Logical Boot Sector, File Allocation Table, and Root Directory Area. This image is implemented in the file `nvm_disk_images.c` (this is project configuration specific file and is contained in the

`nvm_disk_images` logical folder in the MPLAB X IDE project). The image contains a single file named `FILE.TXT` which contains the string "Data".

The demonstration opens an existing file named `FILE.TXT` and performs all file system related function calls on the file: `SYS_FS_FileStat`, `SYS_FS_FileSize`, `SYS_FS_FileSeek`, and `SYS_FS_FileEOF`. Finally, the string "Hello World" is written to this file. The string is then read and compared with the string that was written to the file. If the string compare is successful, LED indication is provided.

The demonstration application logic is implemented as a state machine in the `APP_Tasks` function in the file `main.c`.

1. The disk is first mounted using the `SYS_FS_Mount` function. The `/dev/nvma1` path instructs the mount command to mount an internal Flash volume. The volume is mounted against a FAT type file system and mounted at `/mnt/myDrive/`.
2. If the mount is successful, the application opens a file `FILE.TXT` for reading and writing (`SYS_FS_FILE_OPEN_READ_PLUS`) with a `SYS_FS_FileOpen` function. The valid file handle is received once a successful opening of the file is performed.
3. If file open is successful, the status of file `FILE.TXT` is stored in the `appData.fileStatus` structure, using `SYS_FS_FileStat` function.
4. If the file status check is successful, the size of the `FILE.TXT` is checked by passing the file handle to the `SYS_FS_FileSize` function.
5. If the file size check is successful, the size of file is compared with the size element received earlier as a part of `appData.fileStatus` structure. If both values match, the code moves to the next step of file seek.
6. The file pointer is then moved by 4 bytes from the start of the file by calling the function `SYS_FS_FileSeek` and passing parameter as `SYS_FS_SEEK_SET` (seek from the beginning of the file).
7. If the file seek operation is successful, the file pointer should have reached the end of the file. This is because, the content of the `FILE.TXT` had only 4 byte string = "Data". The end of file is verified by calling the function `SYS_FS_FileEOF`. If the function returns "true" (end of file reached), the next step is performed.
8. In the next step, the file pointer is moved again by `[(-1)*size of file]`, from the end of the file by calling the function `SYS_FS_FileSeek` and passing parameter `SYS_FS_SEEK_END` (seek from the end of the file).
9. If the file seek operation is successful, the file pointer should have reached the beginning of the file. Then, 4 Bytes are read from the file using `SYS_FS_FileRead` function (into a buffer).
10. If the read is successful, the content of file (present in the buffer) is compared with the "Data" string. If the comparison passed, the code moves to the next step.
11. In the next step, the file pointer is moved again by `[(-1)*size of file]`, from the end of the file by calling the function `SYS_FS_FileSeek()` and passing parameter `SYS_FS_SEEK_END` (seek from the end of the file).
12. If the file seek operation is successful, the string "Hello World" is written to the file using `SYS_FS_FileWrite` function.
13. If the write operation is successful, the file pointer is moved to the beginning of the file.
14. If the file seek is successful, the contents of the file is read using `SYS_FS_FileRead` function (into a buffer).
15. If the read operation is successful, the content of the file (present in the buffer) is compared with the "Hello World" string using the `strcmp` function. A LED indicates the success of the demonstration.

nvm_mpfs_single_disk

This demonstration uses a MPFS image of two files on NVM Flash memory and demonstrates the working of all file system functions.

Description

This demonstration shows an example of implementing a MPFS disk in device Flash memory. The demonstration contains a MPFS disk image in the internal Flash memory. The disk image contains two files named:

- `FILE.txt`, Size = 11 Bytes. The content of the file is: "Hello World".
- `TEST.txt`, Size = 72 Bytes. The content of the file is: "This file contains a test string and it is meant for testing. 1234567890".

The demonstration performs all file system related function calls on the file: `SYS_FS_FileRead`, `SYS_FS_FileStat`, `SYS_FS_FileSize`, `SYS_FS_FileSeek`, `SYS_FS_FileEOF`. If all tests are successful, LED indication is provided.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the NVM MPFS Single Disk Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `nvm_mpfs_single_disk.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/fs/nvm_mpfs_single_disk`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>nvm_mpfs_single_disk.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/fs/nvm_mpfs_single_disk/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_bt_sk_int_dyn	pic32mx_bt_sk	This configuration runs on PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mx_usb_sk_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk2	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mx_usb_sk_int_dyn_freertos	pic32mx_usb_sk2	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and makes use of FreeRTOS as the underlying RTOS. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mx_usb3_sk_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk3	This configuration runs on PIC32 USB Starter Kit III. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn_freertos	pic32mz_ef_sk	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and makes use of FreeRTOS as the underlying RTOS. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit III

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the NVM MPFS single disk demonstration.

Description

Select the MPLAB X IDE project configuration:

- pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn (for PIC32MX devices)
- pic32mx_usb_sk_int_dyn_freertos (for PIC32MX devices)
- pic32mx_usb_sk3_int_dyn (for PIC32MX devices)
- pic32mx_bt_sk_int_dyn (for PIC32MX devices)
- pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn (for PIC32MZ EC devices)
- pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn (for PIC32MZ EF devices)
- pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn_freertos (for PIC32MZ EF devices)

Build the selected configuration in the MPLAB X IDE project and program the demonstration board. The execution status (pass/fail) of the demonstration is indicated by LEDs on the demonstration board.

Demonstration Board	Demonstration Success	Demonstration Failure
PIC32 USB Starter Kit II PIC32 USB Starter Kit III	LED3	LED1
PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit	Green LED	Red LED
PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit	Green LED	Red LED

About the demonstration:

This demonstration shows an example of:

- Implementing a MPFS disk in device Flash memory
- Opening a file for read
- Implements all the file system functions
- Closing a file

This demonstration shows an example of implementing a MPFS disk in device Flash memory. The demonstration contains a MPFS disk image in the internal Flash memory. The disk image contains two files named:

- `FILE.txt`, Size = 11 bytes. The content of the file is: "Hello World".
- `TEST.txt`, Size = 72 bytes. The content of the file is: "This file contains a test string and it is meant for testing. 1234567890".

The demonstration application logic is implemented as a state machine in the `APP_Tasks` function in the file `main.c`.

1. The disk is first mounted using the `SYS_FS_Mount` function. The `/dev/nvma1` path instructs the mount command to mount an internal Flash volume. The volume is mounted against a MPFS2 type file system and mounted at `/mnt/myDrive/`.
2. If the mount is successful, the application opens a file `FILE.txt` for reading with a `SYS_FS_FileOpen` function.
3. If the open is successful, the application opens another file `TEST.txt` for reading with `SYS_FS_FileOpen` function.
4. If the open is successful, the application checks for size of file `FILE.txt`, by passing the handle obtained during file open, to the function `SYS_FS_FileSize`.
5. If the file size matches the known value of 11 bytes, the application moves the file pointer for the file `TEST.txt` 10 bytes from the end of file, using the function `SYS_FS_FileSeek`.
6. If file seek is successful, 10 bytes of content of the file `TEST.txt` is read into the application buffer, using the function `SYS_FS_FileRead`.
7. If read is successful, the application buffer content is compared with the known string of `1234567890` using the `strcmp` function.
8. If the comparison is successful, the application checks if the file pointer for file `TEST.txt` has reached the end of file using the `SYS_FS_FileEOF` function.
9. If end of file is reached, a LED indicates the success of the demonstration.

nvm_sdcard_fat_mpfs_multi_disk

This demonstration uses NVM and a Secure Digital (SD) Card with MPFS and FAT image of file and performs a read/write/verify operation from file of one media to another media.

Description

This demonstration shows an example of using the MPLAB Harmony File System to access files across multiple disks and multiple file system. The demonstration contains a MPFS disk image in the internal Flash memory. The disk image contains a file named `abc.txt` with content "Hello World". Another disk is a SD card, which is formatted to FAT (FAT16 or FAT32). The demonstration reads the contents of `abc.txt` from the disk implemented on internal Flash memory and writes the contents to `FILE.TXT` on the SD card. A successful write is indicated by an illuminated LED.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the NVM SD Card FAT MPFS Multi-disk Demonstration

Description

To build this project, you must open the `nvm_sdcard_fat_mpfs_multi_disk.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/fs/nvm_sdcard_fat_mpfs_multi_disk`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
nvm_sdcard_fat_mpfs_multi_disk.X	<install-dir>/apps/fs/nvm_sdcard_fat_mpfs_multi_disk/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn	pic32mx795_pim+e16	This configuration runs on the Explorer 16 Development Board using the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn_freertos	pic32mx795_pim+e16	This configuration runs on the Explorer 16 Development Board using the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC and makes use of FreeRTOS as the underlying RTOS. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mx470_pim_e16_int_dyn	pic32mx470_pim+e16	This configuration runs on the Explorer 16 Development Board using the PIC32MX470F512L PIM and PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the MEB II. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the MEB II. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn_freertos	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the MEB II and makes use of FreeRTOS as the underlying RTOS. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

Explorer 16 Development Board, PIC32MX450/470F512L Plug-in Module (PIM) or PIC32MX795F512L Plug-in Module (PIM), and PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC

Use the following instructions for all Explorer 16 Development Board-based demonstration boards.

Since some peripheral functions are multiplexed through the Peripheral Pin Select (PPS) feature, the hardware on the following PIM must be modified by connecting the PIM pins, as follows:

PIC32MX470F512L PIM (MA320002-2) - PIM pin 99 to PIM pin 24 for CS

Refer to PIC32MX450/470F512L Plug-in Module (PIM) or PIC32MX795F512L Plug-in Module (PIM) for PIM pin locations.

Use the following general test setup for either PIM:

1. Insert the PIM into the Explorer 16 Development Board PIM connector.
2. Jumpers JP1, JP2 and JP3 on the PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC should connect to points 1 and 2 on their respective connectors (see PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC).
3. Insert the Daughter Board into the PICtail Plus connector on the Explorer 16 Development Board.
4. Insert a SD card into the SD card connector on the Daughter Board.
5. Power up the board.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and MEB II

No hardware setting change is required. Insert the microSD card into the connector and power up the board.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

No hardware setting change is required. Insert the microSD card into the connector and power up the board.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the NVM SD card FAT MPFS multi disk demonstration.

Description

Select the MPLAB X IDE project configuration:

- pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn (for PIC32MX devices)

- pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn_freertos (for PIC32MX devices)
- pic32mx470_pim_e16_int_dyn (for PIC32MX devices)
- pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn (for PIC32MZ EC devices)
- pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn (for PIC32MZ EF devices)
- pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn_freertos (for PIC32MZ EF devices)

Insert the SD card, which contains the file `FILE.TXT` (the file contains some arbitrary existing content).

Compile the selected configuration in the MPLAB X IDE project and run the code. After a few seconds, once the LED illuminates, remove the SD card from the SD Card PICtail Daughter Board and insert it into the SD card reader on a personal computer. Examine the contents of the file named `FILE.TXT`. The file should contain the string "Hello World".

Demonstration Board	Demonstration Success	Demonstration Failure
Explorer 16 Development Board	LED5 (D5)	LED6 (D6)
PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit	Green LED	Red LED
PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit		

About the Demonstration:

This demonstration shows an example of:

- Implementing a multi-disk demonstration with MPFS on internal Flash memory (NVM) and FAT File system (FAT16/ FAT32) on SD card
- Opening two files from two different disks and read the contents of the file from the first disk and write into the file of the second disk
- Closing the files

The demonstration contains a MPFS disk image in the internal Flash memory. The disk image contains a file named `abc.txt` with content "Hello World". Another disk is a SD card, which is formatted to FAT (FAT16 or FAT32). The demonstration reads the contents of `abc.txt` from the disk implemented on internal Flash memory and writes the contents to `FILE.TXT` on the SD card. A successful write is indicated by illumination of an LED.

The demonstration application logic is implemented as a state machine in the `APP_Tasks` function in the file `main.c`.

1. The first disk is mounted using the `SYS_FS_Mount` function. The `/dev/nvma1` path instructs the mount command to mount a internal Flash volume. The volume is mounted against a MPFS2 type file system and mounted at `/mnt/myDrive1/`.
2. If the mount is successful, the second disk is mounted using the `SYS_FS_Mount` function. The `/dev/mmcblk1` path instructs the mount command to mount a SD card volume. The volume is mounted against a FAT type file system and mounted at `/mnt/myDrive2/`.
3. If the mount is successful, the application opens the file `abc.txt` from `/mnt/myDrive1/` for reading and `FILE.TXT` from `/mnt/myDrive2/` for writing with the `SYS_FS_FileOpen` function.
4. If the file open is successful, the application reads 13 bytes from `abc.txt` of the internal Flash volume using `SYS_FS_FileRead`.
5. If the read is successful, the application closes `abc.txt` from the internal Flash volume, and then writes the 13 bytes into `FILE.TXT` of the SD card volume using the `SYS_FS_FileWrite` function. If the file write is successful, the application closes `FILE.TXT` from the SD card volume.
6. If file close is successful, a LED indicates the success of the operation.

nvm_sdcard_fat_multi_disk

This demonstration uses NVM and a Secure Digital (SD) card as media, searches a file from the NVM media, opens and reads the file, and then writes the data into another file in the SD card media.

Description

This demonstration shows an example of using the MPLAB Harmony File System to access files across multiple media. The demonstration contains a FAT12 disk image consisting of a Master Boot Record (MBR) sector, Logical Boot Sector, File Allocation Table, and Root Directory Area, placed in the internal Flash memory (NVM). Also, a SD card is used as another disk, which might have FAT16 or FAT32 implemented on it (dependent on the formatting of SD card). The demonstration searches the NVM media for a named `FILE.TXT`, opens and reads the contents of the file in NVM and copies the contents to the file, `FILE.TXT`, in the SD card. Once the copy is successful, an addition string "Test is successful" is added to the file. If the write operation is successful, LED indication is provided.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the NVM SD Card FAT Multi-disk Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `nvm_sdcard_fat_multi_disk.x` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/fs/nvm_sdcard_fat_multi_disk`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
nvm_sdcard_fat_multi_disk.X	<install-dir>/apps/fs/nvm_sdcard_fat_multi_disk/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn	pic32mx795_pim+e16	This configuration runs on the Explorer 16 Development Board using the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn_freertos	pic32mx795_pim+e16	This configuration runs on the Explorer 16 Development Board using the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC and makes use of FreeRTOS as the underlying RTOS. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mx470_pim_e16_int_dyn	pic32mx470_pim+e16	This configuration runs on the Explorer 16 Development Board using the PIC32MX470F512L PIM and PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the MEB II. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the MEB II. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn_freertos	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the MEB II and makes use of FreeRTOS as the underlying RTOS. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

Explorer 16 Development Board, PIC32MX450/470F512L Plug-in Module (PIM) or PIC32MX795F512L Plug-in Module (PIM), and PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC

Use the following instructions for all Explorer 16 Development Board-based demonstration boards.

Since some peripheral functions are multiplexed through the Peripheral Pin Select (PPS) feature, the hardware on the following PIM must be modified by connecting the PIM pins, as follows:

PIC32MX470F512L PIM (MA320002-2) - PIM pin 99 to PIM pin 24 for CS

Refer to PIC32MX450/470F512L Plug-in Module (PIM) or PIC32MX795F512L Plug-in Module (PIM) for PIM pin locations.

Use the following general test setup for either PIM:

1. Insert the PIM into the Explorer 16 Development Board PIM connector.
2. Jumpers JP1, JP2 and JP3 on the PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC should connect to points 1 and 2 on their respective connectors (see PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC).
3. Insert the Daughter Board into the PICtail Plus connector on the Explorer 16 Development Board.
4. Insert a SD card into the SD card connector on the Daughter Board.
5. Power up the board.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and MEB II

No hardware setting change is required. Insert the microSD card into the connector and power up the board.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

No hardware setting change is required. Insert the microSD card into the connector and power up the board.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the NVM SD card FAT multi-disk demonstration.

Description

Select the MPLAB X IDE project configuration:

- pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn (for PIC32MX devices)

- pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn_freertos (for PIC32MX devices)
- pic32mx470_pim_e16_int_dyn (for PIC32MX devices)
- pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn (for PIC32MZ EC devices)
- pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn (for PIC32MZ EF devices)
- pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn_freertos (for PIC32MZ EF devices)

Insert the SD card, which contains the file `FILE.TXT` and the file contains "abc" (some arbitrary existing content).

Compile the selected configuration in the MPLAB X IDE project and run the code. After a few seconds, once the LED is illuminated, remove the SD card from the Board and insert it into the SD card reader on a personal computer. Examine the contents of the file named `FILE.TXT`. The file should contain the string "This data from NVM Disk Test is successful".

Demonstration Board	Demonstration Success	Demonstration Failure
Explorer 16 Development Board	LED5 (D5)	LED6 (D6)
PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit	Green LED	Red LED
PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit		

About the demonstration:

This demonstration shows an example of:

- Implementing a multi-disk demonstration with FAT12 on internal Flash memory (NVM) and FAT File system (FAT16/FAT32) on a SD card
- Opening two files from two different disks, read content of file from first disk and write into the file of second disk
- Closing the files

The demonstration contains a FAT12 disk image consisting of a Master Boot Record (MBR) sector, Logical Boot Sector, File Allocation Table, Root Directory Area, placed in the internal Flash memory (NVM). Also, a SD card is used as another disk, which might have FAT16 or FAT32 implemented on it (depends on the formatting of SD card). The demonstration searches the NVM media for a file named `FILE.TXT`, opens and reads the contents of the file in NVM and copies the contents to `FILE.TXT` to the SD Card. Once the copy is successful, an additional string "Test is successful" is added to the file. If the write operation is successful, LED indication is provided.

The demonstration application logic is implemented as a state machine in the `APP_Tasks` function in the file `main.c`.

1. The first disk is mounted using the `SYS_FS_Mount` function. The `/dev/nvma1` path instructs the mount command to mount a internal Flash volume. The volume is mounted against a FAT type file system and mounted at `/mnt/myDrive1/`.
2. If the mount is successful, the second disk is mounted using the `SYS_FS_Mount` function. The `/dev/mmcblk1ka1` path instructs the mount command to mount a SD card volume. The volume is mounted against a FAT type file system and mounted at `/mnt/myDrive2/`.
3. If the mount is successful, the application opens the root directory of `/mnt/myDrive1/` with the function `SYS_FS_DirOpen`.
4. If the directory open is successful, the application searches for the file, `FILE.TXT`, using the wildcard character `FIL*. *`. The function used for directory search is `SYS_FS_DirSearch`.
5. If the directory search returns a file found, the directory is closed with the function `SYS_FS_DirClose`. Also, the searched file name is compared with the `FILE.TXT` name.
6. If the file name matches successfully, the application opens the file, `FILE.TXT`, from `/mnt/myDrive1/` for reading and `FILE.TXT` from `/mnt/myDrive2/` for writing with a `SYS_FS_FileOpen` function.
7. If the file open is successful, the application reads 27 Bytes from `FILE.TXT` of internal Flash volume using `SYS_FS_FileRead`.
8. If the read is successful, the application closes `FILE.TXT` from internal Flash volume and then writes the 27 bytes into `FILE.TXT` of SD card volume using `SYS_FS_FileWrite`.
9. If the write is successful, a character and string are written to the file using `SYS_FS_FileCharacterPut` and `SYS_FS_FileStringPut`.
10. If the write is successful, the application closes `FILE.TXT` from the SD card volume.
11. If file close is successful, a LED indicates the success of the operation.

sdcard_fat_single_disk

This demonstration uses a Secure Digital (SD) card with a FAT file system as media, performs a read/write/verify operation on the files using long file names (LFN), and performs directory creation.

Description

This demonstration shows an example of using the MPLAB Harmony File System to access and modify the contents of a SD card. The demonstration opens a file named `FILE_TOO_LONG_NAME_EXAMPLE_123.JPG` on the SD card, reads the content of the file, creates a directory named `Dir1` and inside the directory, writes the content into another file `FILE_TOO_LONG_NAME_EXAMPLE_123_1.JPG` (creates a copy of one file into another file, inside a directory).

The input file `FILE_TOO_LONG_NAME_EXAMPLE_123.JPG` is not provided along with the release package. It could be any arbitrary JPEG (image) file chosen by the user and then renamed to `FILE_TOO_LONG_NAME_EXAMPLE_123.JPG`. The reason for choosing a JPEG file for test purposes is that the duplicate file, `FILE_TOO_LONG_NAME_EXAMPLE_123_1.JPG`, created by the FS demonstration could be easily verified for correctness by inserting the SD card into a computer and opening the `FILE_TOO_LONG_NAME_EXAMPLE_123_1.JPG` file. If the file opens for viewing on the computer, the test is deemed to have passed. Otherwise, if the file does not open (i.e., is corrupted), the test will be considered to have failed. Since the demonstration creates a directory named `Dir1`, it is important that the a folder with the same name does not exist on the SD card. If a directory named `Dir1` is already present on the SD card, the demonstration will fail.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SD Card FAT Single Disk Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `sdcard_fat_single_disk.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/fs/sdcard_fat_single_disk.`

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>sdcard_fat_single_disk.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/fs/sdcard_fat_single_disk/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	This configuration runs on the Explorer 16 Development Board using the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn_freertos</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	This configuration runs on the Explorer 16 Development Board using the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC and makes use of FreeRTOS as the underlying RTOS. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mx470_pim_e16_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx470_pim+e16</code>	This configuration runs on the Explorer 16 Development Board using the PIC32MX470F512L PIM and PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the MEB II. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the MEB II. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn_freertos</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the MEB II and makes use of FreeRTOS as the underlying RTOS. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk_adma</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit. The media driver is configured to use SD Host Controller ADMA2 Transfer mode operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

Explorer 16 Development Board, PIC32MX450/470F512L Plug-in Module (PIM) or PIC32MX795F512L Plug-in Module (PIM), and PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC

Use the following instructions for all Explorer 16 Development Board-based demonstration boards.

Since some peripheral functions are multiplexed through the Peripheral Pin Select (PPS) feature, the hardware on the following PIM must be modified by connecting the PIM pins, as follows:

PIC32MX470F512L PIM (MA320002-2) - PIM pin 99 to PIM pin 24 for CS

Refer to PIC32MX450/470F512L Plug-in Module (PIM) or PIC32MX795F512L Plug-in Module (PIM) for PIM pin locations.

Use the following general test setup for either PIM:

1. Insert the PIM into the Explorer 16 Development Board PIM connector.
2. Jumpers JP1, JP2 and JP3 on the PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC should connect to points 1 and 2 on their respective connectors (see PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC).

3. Insert the Daughter Board into the PICtail Plus connector on the Explorer 16 Development Board.
 4. Insert a SD card into the SD card connector on the Daughter Board.
 5. Power up the board.
- PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and MEB II
No hardware setting change is required. Insert the microSD card into the connector and power up the board.
- PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II
No hardware setting change is required. Insert the microSD card into the connector and power up the board.
- PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit and MEB II
No hardware setting change is required.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the SD card FAT single disk demonstration.

Description

Select the MPLAB X IDE project configuration:

- pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn (for PIC32MX devices)
- pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn_freertos (for PIC32MX devices)
- pic32mx470_pim_e16_int_dyn (for PIC32MX devices)
- pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn (for PIC32MZ EC devices)
- pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn (for PIC32MZ EF devices)
- pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn_freertos (for PIC32MZ EF devices)
- pic32mz_da_sk_adma (for PIC32MZ DA devices)

Insert the SD card, which contains the file named `FILE_TOO_LONG_NAME_EXAMPLE_123.JPG`. The file can be of any size.

Compile the selected configuration in the MPLAB X IDE project and run the code. After a few seconds, once the LED illuminates, remove the SD card from the SD Card PICtail Daughter Board (for PIC32MX) or MEB II (for PIC32MZ) and insert it into the SD card reader on a personal computer. Upon examining the contents of the SD card, a directory `Dir1` will have been created. Inside the `Dir1` folder, a file named `FILE_TOO_LONG_NAME_EXAMPLE_123_1.JPG` will be present. The file, `FILE_TOO_LONG_NAME_EXAMPLE_123_1.JPG`, will be a copy of `FILE_TOO_LONG_NAME_EXAMPLE_123.JPG`. Verify that both files open for viewing on a personal computer.

Demonstration Board	Demonstration Success	Demonstration Failure
Explorer 16 Development Board	LED5 (D5)	LED6 (D6)
PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit	Green LED	Red LED

About the Demonstration:

This demonstration shows an example of:

- Implementing a FAT File system (FAT16/ FAT32) on a SD card
- Implementing long file name (LFN)
- Opening a file for read or write
- Closing a file

The demonstration opens a file named `FILE_TOO_LONG_NAME_EXAMPLE_123.JPG` on the SD Card, reads the content of the file, creates a directory named `Dir1` and inside the directory, writes the content into another file `FILE_TOO_LONG_NAME_EXAMPLE_123_1.JPG` (creates a copy of one file into another file, inside a directory).

The demonstration application logic is implemented as a state machine in the [APP_Tasks](#) function in the file `main.c`.

1. The disk is first mounted using the `SYS_FS_Mount` function. The `/dev/mmcblk1` path instructs the mount command to mount a SD card volume. The volume is mounted against a FAT type file system and mounted at `/mnt/myDrive/`.
2. If the mount is successful, the volume is unmounted by passing the mount name `/mnt/myDrive` to `SYS_FS_Unmount` function. This unmounting is done for demonstration purposes only. Real applications do not need to unmount unless it is required for the application.
3. If the unmount is successful, the mounting process is repeated.
4. If the mount is successful, the application opens the file `FILE_TOO_LONG_NAME_EXAMPLE_123.JPG` for reading with the `SYS_FS_FileOpen` function.
5. If the file open is successful, the application creates a directory named `Dir1`, with the `SYS_FS_DirectoryMake` function.
6. If the directory creation is successful, the application opens the file, `FILE_TOO_LONG_NAME_EXAMPLE_123_1.JPG`, inside the directory `Dir1` for writing with the `SYS_FS_FileOpen` function. The attributes for file write is selected as "SYS_FS_FILE_OPEN_WRITE". Therefore, if the file does not exist, the file is created.
7. If the file open is successful, 512 bytes from the file `FILE_TOO_LONG_NAME_EXAMPLE_123.JPG` is read into application buffer using the `SYS_FS_FileRead` function.
8. If the file read successful, the 512 bytes is written from the application buffer to the `FILE_TOO_LONG_NAME_EXAMPLE_123_1.JPG` file using the `SYS_FS_FileWrite` function.
9. If the write operation is successful, the end of file for `FILE_TOO_LONG_NAME_EXAMPLE_123.JPG` is checked. If the end of file is not reached,

the process of reading and writing continues (step 7 and step 8).

10. Once the end of the file is reached, both files are closed with the SYS_FS_FileClose function.

11. Finally, a LED indicates the success of the demonstration.

sdcard_msd_fat_multi_disk

This demonstration uses a USB Flash drive and a Secure Digital (SD) card as media. The application searches for a file on the USB Flash drive, opens and reads the file, and then writes the data into another file in the SD card media.

Description

This demonstration searches for a file using wildcard characters "mch*.*", reads the content of the file, and then writes the contents of the file to the SD card.

The demonstration application logic is implemented as a state machine in the APP_USB_MSDDisks and APP_SDCardTasks functions in the app.c.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SD Card MSD FAT Multi-disk Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the sdcard_msd_fat_multi_disk.X project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

<install-dir>/apps/fs/sdcard_msd_fat_multi_disk.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
sdcard_msd_fat_multi_disk.X	<install-dir>/apps/fs/sdcard_msd_fat_multi_disk/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within ./firmware/src/system_config.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ec_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2	This configuration runs on PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit with the MEB II. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	This configuration runs on PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with the MEB II. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2_freertos	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the MEB II and makes use of FreeRTOS as the underlying RTOS. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_da_sk_meb2	pic32mz_da_sk+meb2	This configuration runs on PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit with the MEB II. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit and MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the SD card MSD FAT multi-disk demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows an example of:

- Implementing a FAT File System on a SD card and a USB Flash drive
- Opening a file for read or write
- Searching for a file
- Checking for end of the file
- Closing a file

Do the following to run the demonstration:

1. Select the desired MPLAB X IDE project configuration for the hardware in use.
2. Copy the `mchpLogo.bmp` file from `<install-dir>/apps/fs/sdcard_msd_fat_multi_disk/firmware/src` to the USB Flash drive.
3. Insert the SD card into the MEB II.
4. Inset the USB Flash drive card into the starter kit.
5. Compile the selected configuration in the MPLAB X IDE project and run the code.
6. The demonstration searches for the `mchpLogo.bmp` on the USB Flash drive and copies it from the USB Flash drive to the SD card. The Green LED indicates the file has been successfully copied from the USB Flash drive to SD card.
7. Remove the SD card from the MEB II board and connect it to a personal computer to verify that the `mchpLogo.bmp` file is available on SD card.

Demonstration Board	Demonstration Success	Demonstration Failure
PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit	Green LED ON	Red LED ON
PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit		
PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit		

This demonstration searches for a file using wildcard characters `"mch*.*"`, reads the content of the file, and then writes the contents of the file to the SD card.

The demonstration application logic is implemented as a state machine in the `APP_USB_MSDTasks` and `APP_SDCardTasks` functions in the `app.c`.

The demonstration process is as follows:

1. The SD card is mounted using the `SYS_FS_Mount` function. The `/dev/mmcblk1` path instructs the mount function to mount a SD card volume. The volume is mounted with a FAT file system and mounted as `/mnt/sdDrive/`.
2. If the mount is successful, the SD card state machine waits until the USB Flash drive is connected and mounted.
3. The USB MSD task function opens an instance of the USB Host stack and enables the USB Host operations before mounting the USB Flash drive.
4. The USB Flash drive is mounted once it is connected using the `SYS_FS_Mount` function. The `/dev/sda1` path instructs the mount function to mount a SD USB Flash drive volume. The volume is mounted with the FAT file system as `/mnt/msdDrive/`.
5. If the USB Flash drive is mounted successfully, the application opens the root directory on the USB Flash drive and searches for the file using the wildcard characters `"mch*.*"` using `SYS_FS_DirSearch`.
6. If the search operation is successful, the application opens the file in read mode using `SYS_FS_FileOpen`.
7. If the file open is successful, the application sets the current working directory as `sdDrive` using `SYS_FS_CurrentDriveSet` and creates a new file on the SD card in write mode. The name of the new file is the same as was returned from `SYS_FS_DirSearch`.
8. If the file is created successfully, the application reads the data from the file on the USB Flash drive using `SYS_FS_FileRead` and writes it to the file on the SD card using `SYS_FS_FileWrite` until the end of file is reached.
9. Once the end of the file is reached, both files are closed with the `SYS_FS_FileClose` function.
10. Green LED indicates successful operation.

sst25_fat

This application demonstrates the use of the MPLAB Harmony File System with SST25 Flash media.

Description

This application demonstrates the use of the MPLAB Harmony File System with SST25 Flash media. The application formats the SST25 Flash media, opens a file named "newFile.txt", and writes the string "Hello World" to the file. The string is then read and compared with the string that was written to the file. If the string comparison is successful, LED indication is provided.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SST25 Flash Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open `sst25_fat.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/fs/sst25_fat`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>sst25_fat.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/fs/sst25_fat/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>bt_audio_dk_int_dyn</code>	<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	This configuration runs on PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit

Ensure that switch S1 is set to PIC32_MCLR.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the SST25 Flash demonstration.

Description

This demonstration illustrates the how the MPLAB Harmony File System works with the SST25VF SPI Flash media. The application does the following:

- Formats the SPI Flash media
- Opens a file named "newFile.txt"
- Writes the string "Hello World" to the file and then flushes the data onto the disk using the Sync operation
- Performs a file size check using the Stat operation, does a seek to the end of the file. The end of file is verified by using the EOF check operation.
- Another seek to the beginning of the file is done. The file data is read and compared. If the comparison is successful, the file is closed.
- The application then enters an Idle state and LED D9 is turned ON to indicate the demonstration was successful
- If an error occurs at any stage of the demonstration, LED D8 is turned ON to indicate the demonstration failed

Graphics Demonstrations

This section provides descriptions of the Graphics demonstrations.

Introduction

Graphics Library demonstrations applications Help.

Description

This distribution package contains a variety of Graphics-related firmware projects that demonstrate the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Graphics library. This help file describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run these firmware projects on Microchip graphics boards.

This help file contains instructions and associated information about MPLAB Harmony Graphics Demonstration applications, which are contained in the MPLAB Harmony Library distribution.

Prior to using this demonstration, it is recommended to review the MPLAB Harmony Release Notes for any known issues. A PDF copy of the release notes is provided in the <install-dir>/doc folder of your installation.

To know more about MPLAB Harmony Graphics, configuring the library and the APIs provided; refer to the Graphics Library documentation.

Graphic Demonstration	Description
basic_image_motion	Demonstrates the ability of the Graphics Library to depict motion by rapid display of a sequence of static images that differ from each other.
emwin_quickstart	Demonstrates integration of SEGGER emWin GUI application code with MPLAB Harmony.
external_resources	Demonstrates access of graphics resources stored on external memory.
graphics_showcase	Demonstrates advanced graphics features offered by MPLAB Harmony.
lcc	Demonstrates alpha blending, performance, images, and animation when using the on-board software-based graphics controller.
media_image_viewer	Demonstrates real-time image decoding via FAT32 File System stored on external media.
object	Demonstrates various user-interface widgets supported by the Graphics Library. The demonstration is constructed using the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer.
primitive	Demonstrates the types of primitive lines, rectangles, circles, and shapes as well as images on multiple screens as constructed using the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer. The user observes each screen through cyclical iteration.
resistive_touch_calibrate	Demonstrates a steady-state solution for calibrating through on-screen calibration prompts.
s1d13517	Demonstrates a slideshow, speed test, gradients, and alpha blending.
ssd1926	Demonstrates decoding and displaying of JPEG images utilizing the Solomon Systech SSD1926 graphics controller.
wvga_glcd	Demonstrates using Graphics LCD (GLCD) controller with the WVGA display.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the Graphics Library demonstration applications included in this release.

basic_image_motion

The Basic Image Motion demonstration shows the ability of the Graphics Library to depict motion by rapid display of a sequence of static images that differ from each other.

Description

This application demonstrates how the Graphics Library and tools can be used to depict simple motion on the screen with displaying slightly different static images in quick succession. The 'double buffering' feature allows the application to use two framebuffers stored on Flash memory to enhance the display quality and demonstrate smooth motion. The double buffering feature is turned on as a part of the settings in MPLAB Harmony Configurator (MHC), which is picked up by the Graphics Library and the framebuffer is accordingly updated. The double buffering rate sets an upper limit on how fast the images can be changed to depict motion. This fastest achievable speed also varies with the size of the images to be redrawn, bigger the images, slower the fastest achievable motion.

The image formats used are JPEG and BMP. All image resources are stored on the Flash memory.

The demonstration provides the following features:

- The application loads with a PIC32 logo flash screen that brings the logo into focus and fades away

- The home screen loads with two selection options: one for a thermostat screen and another for a 3D icon spin demonstration
- The thermostat menu shows a rotating fan that changes speed with the temperature setting, which can be increased or decreased in predetermined finite jumps
- The 3D icon spin menu shows a spinning Microchip logo. A slider offers five spinning speeds and the rotations per minute (rpm) is displayed for each selected speed

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Basic Image Motion Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `basic_image_motion.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/gfx/basic_image_motion`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>basic_image_motion.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/gfx/basic_image_motion/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>basic_image_motion</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	Demonstration for the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) connected to the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

EBIOE and LCD_PCLK (J9) must be closed. The jumper (J9) is available on the bottom side of the MEB II board.

Configuring the MHC

Provides information on MPLAB Harmony Configurator settings required for the demonstration.

Description

Drivers

Graphics Controller

The Graphics Controller selection shows the LCC Driver being selected using 'Use LCC driver'. The Memory Interface mode selected is External Memory. This loads the program with all the resources on the 2 MB Flash memory available on the starter kit as opposed to the 512 KB RAM. External memory with its larger memory capacity is required for the application for the use of the double buffering feature, which uses two framebuffer. The hardware is accordingly configured with the jumper to match external memory setting of EBIOE and LCD_PCLK (J9) closed. Refer to the Graphics Driver Library for additional information.

I2C

The I2C Driver is selected automatically with the selection of LCC. For I2C, the software implementation of I2C is selected, which uses the bit-banged approach, as opposed to the hardware I2C. This is specific to the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit. Refer to the I2C Driver Library for additional information.

Display

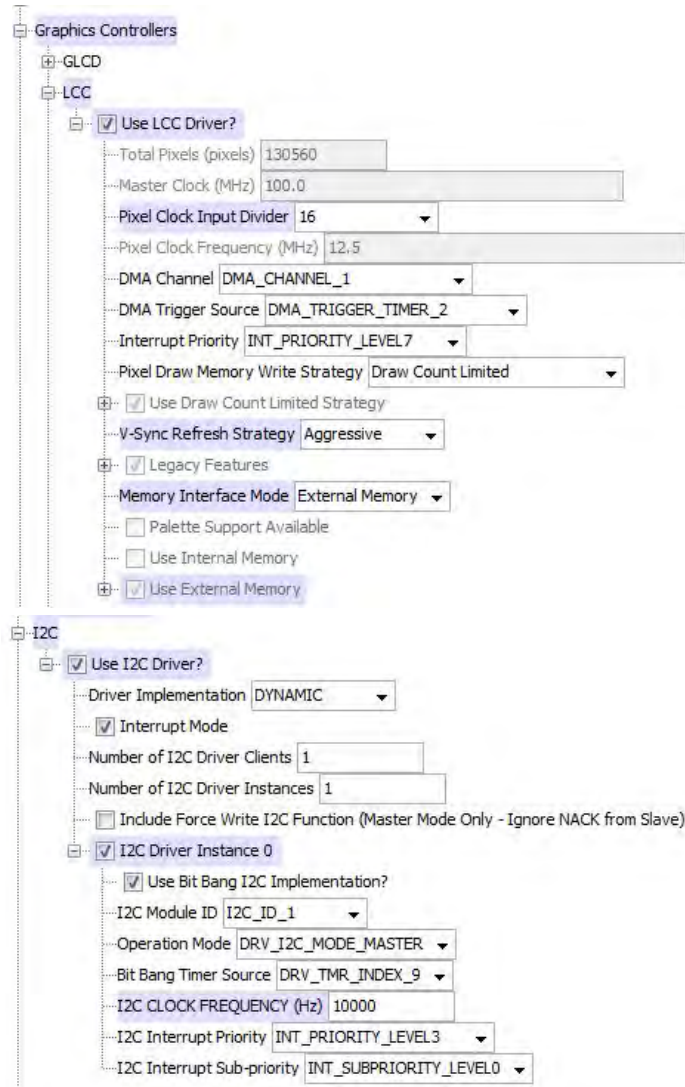
The Display Driver setting is selected to be the NewHaven 4.3" PCAP WQVGA display. Refer to the MPLAB Harmony Display Manager User's Guide for additional information.

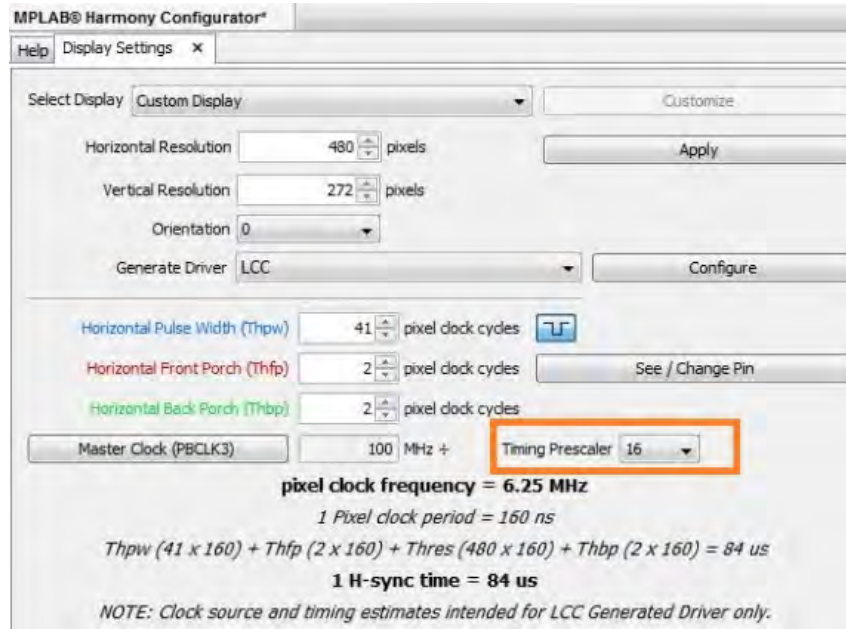
Touch Sensitivity Issue and Related Setting

With the current I2C, Touch, and Display Drivers, there is increased touch sensitivity being observed with the default settings of these drivers. This sensitivity could result in multiple interrupts being registered for a single touch and different touch location being fired non-deterministically. To work around this issue, it is necessary to change some of the I2C and Display Driver settings.

- The I2C Driver clock frequency was changed from 50 kHz to 10 kHz
- The display driver Master clock timing prescaler was changed from 8 to 16. This changes the pixel clock and the H-Sync timing, slowing the refresh rate

These settings can be observed in the following three images:





Interrupts

The option 'Use External Interrupts' is selected to accept touch input as the external interrupt for button actions and slideshow transitions in the application.

BSP

The BSP selected for the supported configuration is PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit in combination with the MEB II: pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2. Refer to the Configuring the Oscillator Module Using the MHC Clock Configurator for additional information.

Clock Diagram

Open the clock configurator section and make sure the following values are selected for the different clock settings as required for the pic32mz_sk_ef_meb2 configuration:

- Primary Oscillator Frequency: 24 MHz
- USB PLL: 48 MHz
- System Clock: 200 MHz
- Peripheral Bus Clock: 100 MHz
- REFCLKO: The Reference Clock (REFCLK) uses the System Clock (SYSCLK) as the reference and generates the master clock for SPI modules at 200 MHz. Refer to the Configuring the Oscillator Module Using the MHC Clock Configurator for additional information.

Pin Table

The clock, debug, and power pins will be selected as per the BSP. Pin selection specific to the application to be noted is for touch:port/pin RE8 must be selected as INT1. Refer to the MPLAB Harmony Graphical Pin Manager for additional information.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Basic Image Motion demonstration.

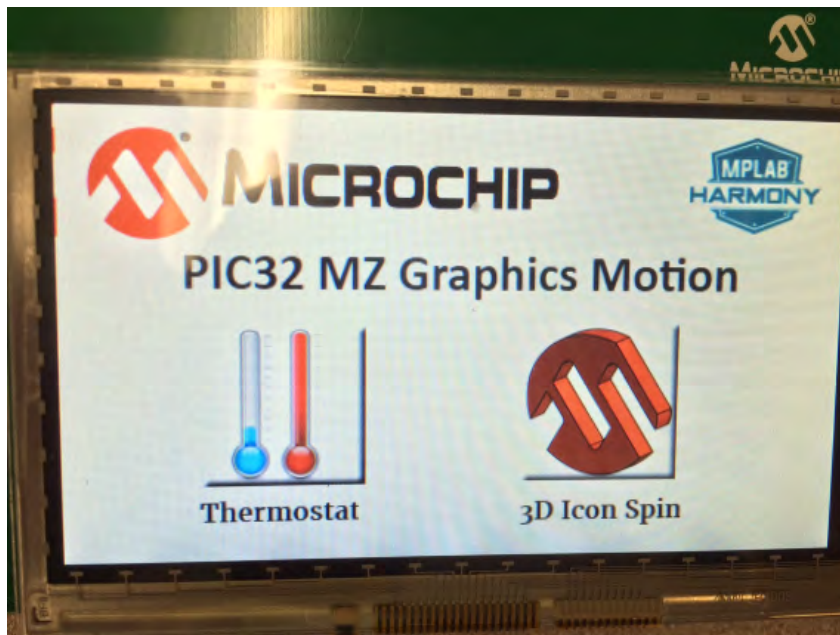
Description

Perform the following steps to run the demonstration:

1. The application boots with a flash screen displaying a PIC32 logo coming into focus and then fading out.



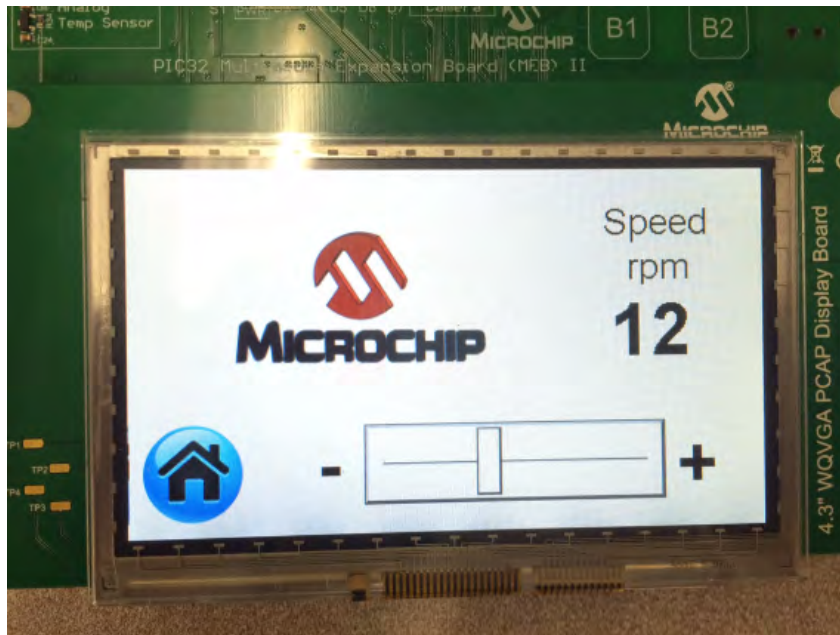
- The flash screen clears to display the main menu. The main menu shows two selection options: one for a thermostat menu and one for the 3D icon spin menu.



- The thermostat menu displays a rotating fan and a thermometer with four settings of speed available. The speed of the fan increases as temperature decreases and vice versa, which are both being changed in finite and predetermined increments or decrements by the up and down arrow buttons. The value displayed on screen as a dummy temperature value, is in fact the timer value in milliseconds for the delay used to move through the static images to depict motion. Note that the upper and lower limits on speed and temperature setting are indicated by the buttons being grayed out.



4. The 3D icon spin menu shows the Microchip logo spinning around a slightly moving vertical axis. A slider at the bottom of the screen allows the user to change the spinning speed. There are five predetermined speed settings and the rotations per minute (rpm) for each of the speed settings are displayed on the side.



5. The transitions from the thermostat or the 3D icon spin menu to the Main menu using the Home button are accompanied with the flash screen briefly displaying the PIC32 logo coming into focus and fading out.

emwin_quickstart

Demonstrates integration of SEGGER emWin GUI application code with MPLAB Harmony.

Description

Demonstration Screens

The demonstration consists of three screens created using the SEGGER emWin GUIBuilder utility:

- Home
- Number Churning
- Text Alignment

Each screen uses different widgets from the SEGGER emWin Graphics Library. The Home screen uses the following widgets:

- Framewin : Home Screen

- Image : MPLAB Harmony Logo and SEGGER logo
- Text: *Powered by* and *emWin*
- Button: Next

Demonstration Screens

Press the **Next** button to navigate from the Home screen to the Number Churning screen. The Number Churning screen uses the following widgets:

- Framewin : Number Churning
- Slider : Single Slider with 10 divisions. The Slider position is updated by both touch input and spinbox.
- Spinbox : Three-digit spinbox with value updated by both arrow buttons and slider
- Button: Previous and Next
- Text: Move the slider or press up/down arrow button to change the number

Press the **Next** button to navigate from Number Churning Screen to Text Alignment screen. Similarly, press the **Previous** button to navigate from Number Churning Screen back to the Home screen. The Text Alignment screen consists of the following widgets:

- Framewin: Text Alignment
- Radio: Six radio buttons with each radio button affecting the alignment of the Alignment text
- Text: *Horizontal Alignment, Vertical Alignment, center, left, top, right, bottom, and Change text alignment by pressing the radio button*

Press the **Previous** button to navigate from Text Alignment screen back to the Number Churning screen.

SEGGER emWin and MPLAB Harmony Integration

C File Integration

The SEGGER emWin GUIBuilder utility has generated three C files with one file per screen. All files are added to the project within the logical folder `app\emwin_gui`. To integrate the generated files with MPLAB Harmony, the application uses the emWin GUI Wrapper. On selection of the emWin GUI Wrapper within MHC, the MHC code generation tool will generate the required wrapper library. Similarly, for Touch integration, an emWin Touch Wrapper Library is also available. The appropriate emWin GUI Wrapper and emWin Touch Wrapper APIs need to be called under the application code. Refer to GUI and Touch Wrapper Library for SEGGER emWIN for more information.

Display Controller Integration

Another important part is the integration of the display controller. This demonstration uses the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II). The display controller driver selected is LCC with internal memory configuration. The appropriate display controller driver APIs are called by the `LCDConf.c` file. This file will be generated by the emWin GUI Wrapper and will be added within the project logical folder `system_config\third_party\gfx\emwin\config`.

Please note that to run the demonstration using the LCC driver with the internal memory configuration, a jumper setting is required. If the jumper setting is not properly configured, the demonstration may fail to run with the display. See [Configuring the Hardware](#) for more details on the appropriate jumper settings.

Include Files

There are few include files referenced by the emWin application code. These files, which must be added manually to the project include path are located in the following folders of your installation of MPLAB Harmony:

- `<install-dir>\bin\framework\gfx\segger_emwin\inc`
- `<install-dir>\apps\gfx\emwin_quickstart\firmware\src\system_config\pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2\third_party\gfx\emwin\config`

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the emWin Quick Start Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `emwin_quickstart.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/gfx/emwin_quickstart`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>emwin_quickstart.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/gfx/emwin_quickstart/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	SEGGER emWin GUI demonstration for the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) connected to the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

The MEB II uses LCC as the display controller driver. LCC can be configured to use internal or external RAM for the frame buffer. This demonstration uses the LCC driver with internal RAM as frame buffer. To configure the MEB II to use internal RAM, EBIWE and LCD_PCLK (J9) must be closed.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the emWin Quick Start demonstration.

Description

Perform the following steps to run the demonstration:

1. Open the emwin_quickstart project in MPLAB X IDE. The project file, emwin_quickstart.X, is located in the <install-dir>\apps\gfx\emwin_quickstart\firmware of your installation.
2. From the Project tab of MPLAB X IDE, right click the project and select **Set as Main Project**. This will ensure that the correct project is built and run in case multiple projects are open at the same time. By default, the pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2 configuration will be selected as current project configuration.
3. To clean and build the project, right click the project and select **Clean and Build**.
4. To run the application, connect the demonstration platform to the host computer and select the Make and Program Device tab in MPLAB X IDE. This will program the device with the newly build project hex file and run the demonstration.

external_resources

Demonstrates access of graphics resources stored on external memory.

Description

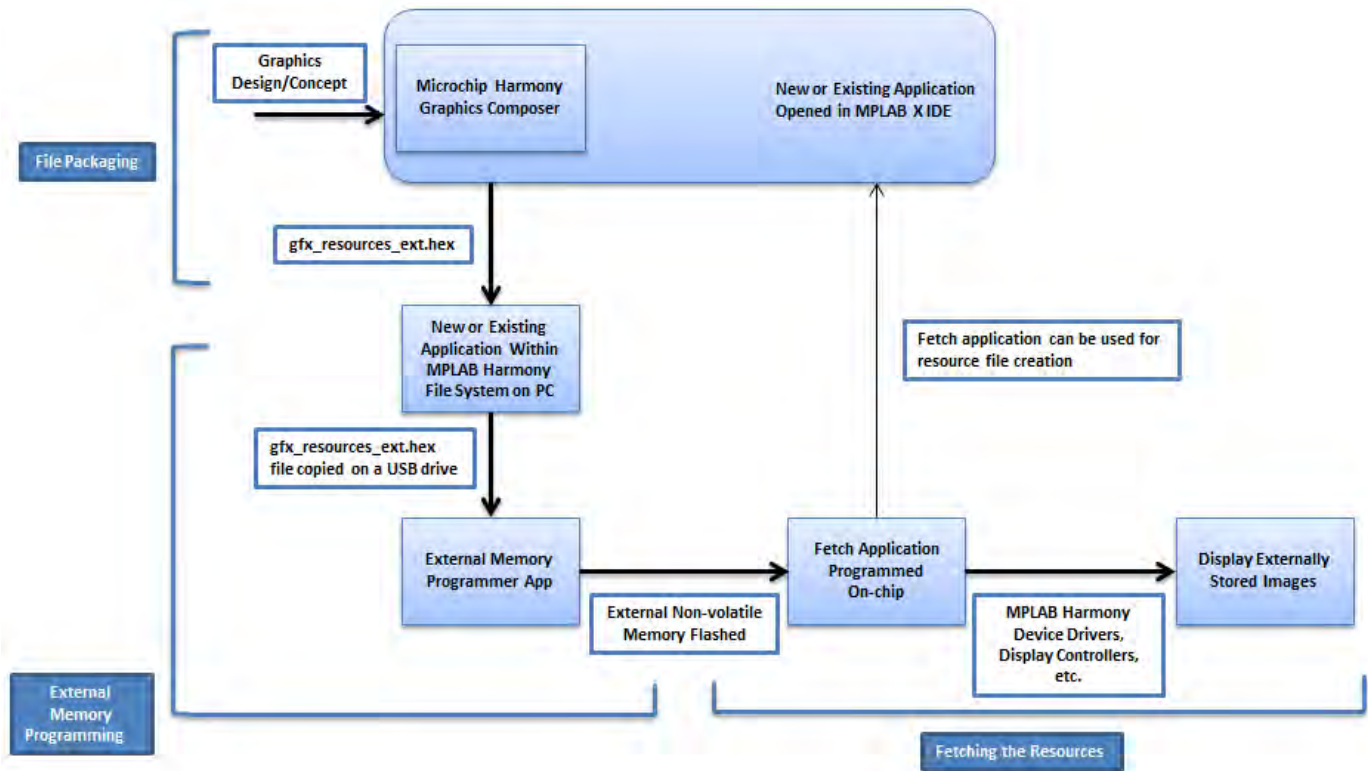
This demonstration provides information on how to access graphics resources that are stored on external memory.

This capability is useful for applications that have large graphics resource requirements, such as storing large bitmap files or multiple page menu screens that require several images or large or multiple font packages, etc. In these instances, storing these graphics resources on-chip may result in insufficient memory or may be prohibitive to a possible cost benefit. A solution is to store the graphics resources to off-chip memory, such as non-volatile memory, thereby preserving the on-chip memory for program memory and allowing for more complex functional features.

To demonstrate how to access graphics resources stored on an external memory device, three components are needed:

- File Packaging
- Bootloader Application
- Fetch Application

Figure 1: External Resources Process Diagram



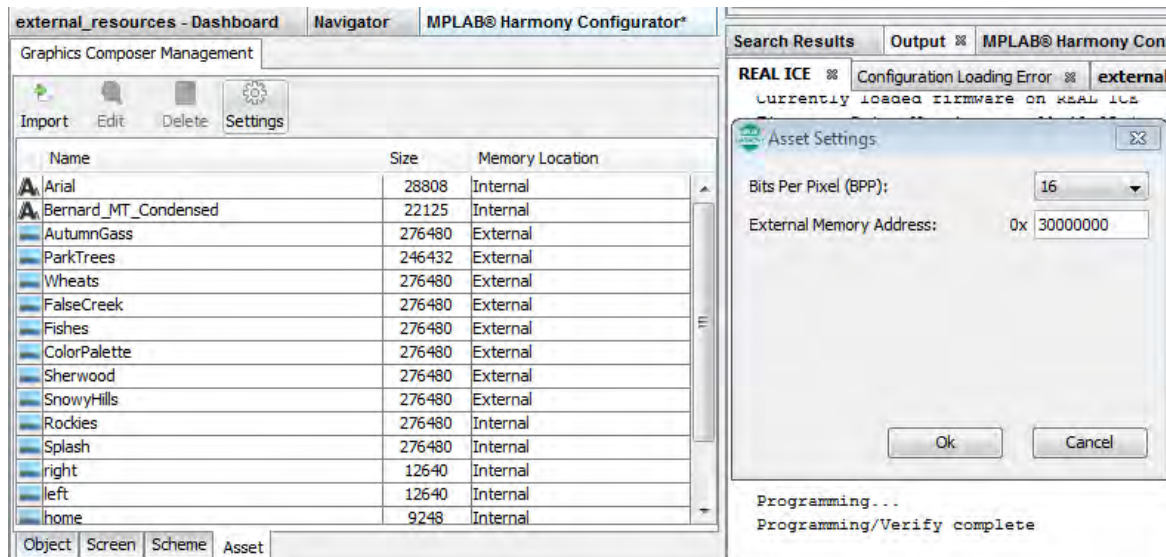
File Packaging

The resources to be stored externally need to be packaged into a resource file that would be flashed into the external memory. The MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer, which is the primary tool used by the MPLAB Harmony application for configuring the graphic design for the application, has the ability to generate the required resource file containing the binary data for all of the graphics images to be stored on external memory.

Refer to the MPLAB X IDE online help and *Volume II: MPLAB Harmony Configurator (MHC) > MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer User's Guide* for usage information.

The graphics composer has the capability to manage the application assets by importing different resources including images, fonts, etc., into an application. The Graphics Composer Management window in Figure 2 shows the selection of the storage location for each graphics resource, as either external or internal memory. Generating the graphics composer configuration creates the `gfx_resources_ext.hex` file. In future versions of the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer it is planned to include the ability to store different resources on different external memories and specify which external memory (e.g., SQI, SPI, etc.) is targeted for each individual resource. At present, the specific external memory chosen to store the resources is indicated with the starting address for the external memory. The Settings tab in the Asset window as shown in Figure 2 has a field for entering the External memory address. In this project as we are using SQI flash, the starting address of 0x30000000 has been specified. This information is incorporated into the `gfx_resources_ext.hex` file.

Figure 2: Graphics Composer Management Window



Memory Writer Application

A memory writer application is required to flash the `gfx_resources_ext.hex` file containing the binary data of the external graphics resources into the desired external non-volatile memory. The memory writer application, [sqi_flash](#), uses a USB Flash drive, which has a FAT32 file system installed, in the Host mode as the source for the `gfx_resources_ext.hex` file. The USB Flash drive in the Host mode is scanned by the memory writer for this file and it is flashed onto the SQI Flash external memory. Refer to *External Memory Programmer Demonstrations* > [sqi_flash](#) for usage information.

Fetch Application

The third component is the application that actually fetches the stored external graphics resources and uses or processes these resources.

The `external_resources` application will demonstrate the fetching of the externally stored graphics images and using the MPLAB Harmony framework drivers, display controllers, etc., and display those resources on the screen. This application has been created to have a large memory requirement for its graphics resources that are larger than the available on-chip memory space. The graphics resources used are large bitmap images displayed as a slideshow with touch input to transition between the slides. Using the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer, the `external_resources` application generates the graphic design and configuration of the bitmap images on the screen and this also generates the `gfx_resources_ext.hex` file that the external memory programmer application uses to flash the external memory.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the External Resources Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `external_resources.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/gfx/external_resources`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>external_resources.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/gfx/external_resources/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	External Resource demonstration for the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) connected to the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and the Graphics Display Powertip 4.3" 480x272 Board. The daughter board in the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit has a 4 MB SQI Flash memory device, which is used as the external non-volatile memory for this application.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II with Graphics Display Powertip 4.3" 480x272 Board

The MEB II has two memory options External or Internal; however, this demonstration must be run in Internal mode. Configure the MEB II, as follows:

- EBIWE and LCD_PCLK (J9) must be closed (the jumper is located on the back of the MEB II board)
- Ensure that any MHC setting is defined to only use internal SRAM

The current internal/external memory setting for the application can be verified in MHC by selecting *Harmony Framework Configuration* > *Drivers* > *Graphics Controllers* > *LCC* > *Use LCC Driver* > *Memory Interface Mode*.

Configuring the MHC

Provides information on MPLAB Harmony Configurator settings required for the demonstration.

Description

The following are some of the MHC settings that were modified from the default values.

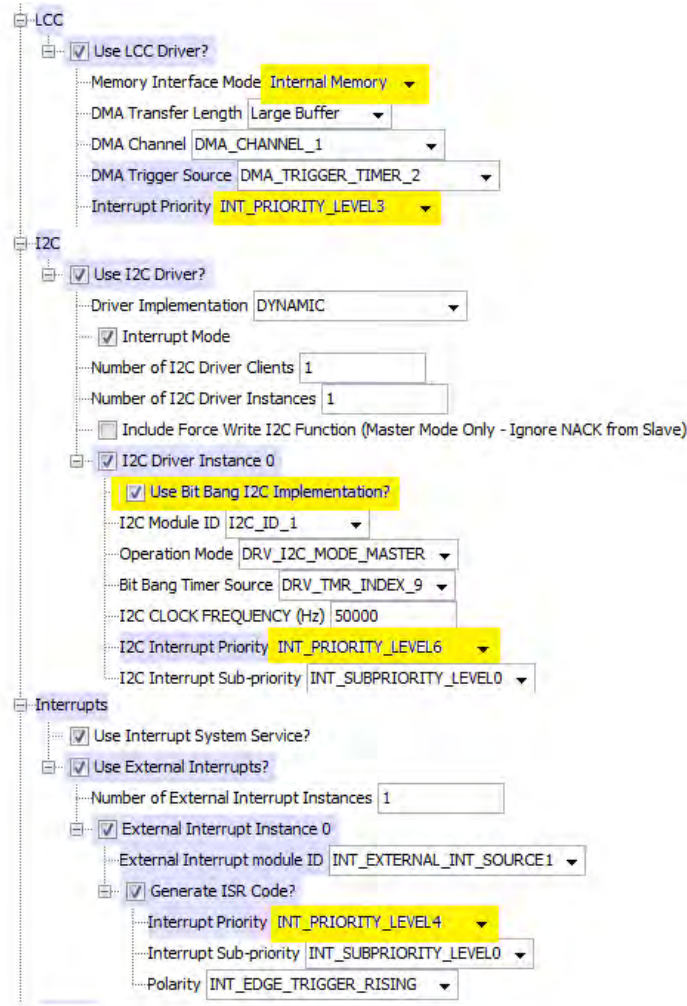
Drivers

The Graphics Controller selection shows the LCC Driver being selected using 'Use LCC driver'. The Memory Interface Mode selected is Internal Memory. This is due to the fact that we want to load the program on internal memory and we are configuring the hardware with the jumper to match internal memory.

I2C is selected in addition to LCC. For I2C we are selecting the software implementation of I2C which uses the bit-banded approach as opposed to the hardware I2C. This is specific to the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit. Also important to note is that the bit-banded I2C implementation requires that the interrupt priority be changed.

The interrupt priorities for the modules in use must be arranged from high to low in the following order (see the following figure for details):

- I2C interrupt has the highest priority (e.g., priority 6)
- MTCH6301 interrupt (external interrupt) lower than I2C, but higher than LCC DMA (e.g., priority 5)
- LCC DMA interrupt lower than the MTCH6301 interrupt (e.g., priority 4)

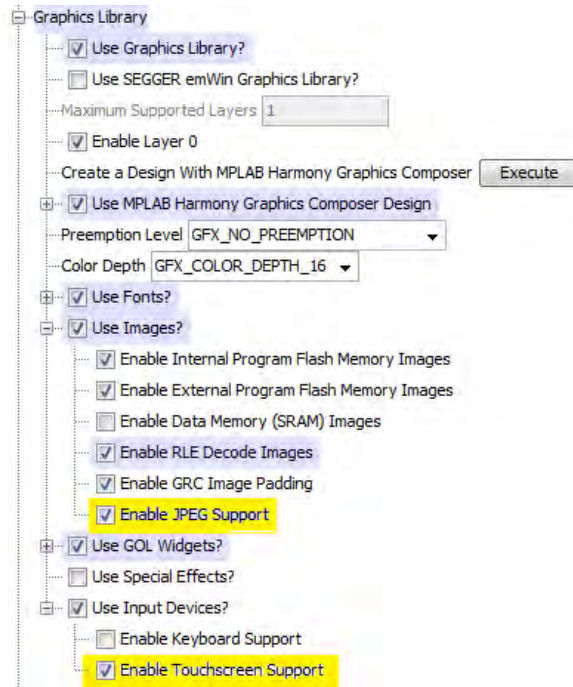


Graphics Library

This selection enables all of the Graphics Object Library (GOL) features required by the application. It also enables the graphics design features through the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer. Designing in the graphics composer automatically selects the different GOL components such as buttons, widgets, images, screens, etc., as used on the graphics composer design windows.

Specifically selected options are:

- Use Input devices > Enable Touch Support
- Use Images > Enable JPEG Support



Interrupts

The option 'Use External Interrupts' is selected to accept touch input as the external interrupt for button actions and slideshow transitions in the application.

BSP

The BSP selected for the supported configuration is PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit in combination with the MEB II: pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2.

Clock Diagram

Open the clock configurator section and make sure the following values are selected for the different clock settings as required for the pic32mz_sk_ef_meb2 configuration:

- Primary Oscillator frequency: 24 MHz
- USB PLL: 48 MHz
- System Clock: 200 MHz
- Peripheral Bus Clock: 100 MHz
- REFCLKO: The Reference Clock (REFCLK) uses the System Clock (SYSCLK) as the reference and generates the master clock for SPI modules at 200 MHz

Pin Table

The clock, debug, and power pins will be selected as per the BSP. Pin selection specific to the application to be noted is for touch:port/pin RE8 must be selected as INT1.

Application-specific Software Setup

SQI external memory support: A formal SQI driver is not available in MPLAB Harmony. Therefore, the SQI Peripheral Library in MPLAB Harmony is used. Please note that the source and header files for SQI enabling have been manually included in the project:

- SourceFiles/framework/sqi_flash/drv_nvm_flash_sqi_sst26.c
- HeaderFiles/framework/drv_nvm_flash_sqi_sst26.h

Also note that to refer to these files, a preprocessor macro has been added to the application properties named SST26VF_B.

Running the Demonstration


Provides instructions on how to build and run the External Resources demonstration.

Description

1. In this step we are using the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer portion of the external_resources application to create the gfx_resources_ext.hex file. Open the <install-dir>\apps\gfx\external_resources\external_resources folder on the computer. The external resources to be stored on the external non-volatile memory are available in the gfx_resources_ext.hex file. In this demonstration, the file has already been generated and is available in the <install-dir>\apps\gfx\external_resources\firmware\src\system_config\pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2\ folder. This file will be

required by the external memory programmer application to flash the SQI memory. If the user chooses to change the graphics design or external resources, the project `external_resources` should be opened using MPLAB X IDE and the graphics should be changed using the graphics composer. Any change to the graphics would require regenerating the configuration and regenerating the `gfx_resources_ext.hex` file before being used by the external memory programmer application. This process requires both MPLAB X IDE and MPLAB Harmony. Refer to the MPLAB X IDE online help and *Volume II: MPLAB Harmony Configurator (MHC)* > MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer User's Guide for usage information.

2. Connect a USB Flash drive, which is mounted with a FAT32 file system, into the computer port and copy the `gfx_resources_ext.hex` file from `apps\gfx\external_resources\firmware\src\system_config\pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2\` onto the Flash drive.
3. Next, connect the USB Flash drive to the Host connector on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit daughter board.
4. Program the board with the programmer/`sqi_flash` application using the `pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2_gfx_ext_res` configuration. This application flashes the `gfx_resources_ext.hex` file available on the USB Flash drive into the external SQI memory. Refer to *External Memory Programmer Demonstrations* > `sqi_flash` for usage information.
5. The `external_resources` application is the third component that actually fetches and displays the external resources stored in external SQI memory. Program the `external_resources` application onto the device. The application demonstrates both internal and external resources being used together by distributing the images between internal and external memory. The first menu screen has two buttons, one for external and one for internal resources. Selecting one starts a slideshow, which accepts touch input to transition between slides and displays either the prestored external images or the internal images on screen. The internal images consist of bitmaps, as well as JPEG images, to demonstrate JPEG support and run-time JPEG decode for internal resources. The menu also has a third button that briefly describes the demonstration.
6. Please note that once the external resources have been flashed into the SQI memory, it is not required to re-flash the resources every time while using the `external_resources` application. However if the user changes the graphics design in the `external_resources` demonstration, the configuration needs to be regenerated and the new `gfx_resources_ext.hex` file needs to be reflashed to external memory using Step 2. This is to ensure that the external graphics resources being flashed on external memory are in sync with the new graphics composer design utilizing the resources. Failure to do so will result in externally stored graphics images not being displayed correctly on screen.


 **Note:** Currently, JPEG decode support has been enabled for internal storage. During the demonstration it can be observed that latency fetching the images from external off-chip memory causes slow population of the display while rendering the images on screen memory. A similar latency is also seen while displaying JPEG images on screen due to the delay caused by JPEG run-time decoding.

graphics_showcase

Provides information on the demonstration.

Description

Demonstrates a sub-set of capabilities offered by the Graphics Library utilizing Low-Cost Controllerless features and the MTCH6303 PCAP Touch Controller with the 5" WVGA PCAP Display Board (see **Note**). Additional configurations supporting the 4.3" WQVGA PCAP Display Board that comes standard with the MEB II are also included as reference.

 **Note:** Please contact your local Microchip sales office for information on obtaining the 5" WVGA PCAP Display Board.

The demonstration includes the following features:

- WVGA display
- Integrated MTCH6303 PCAP touch input
- Low-Cost Controllerless (LCC) Graphics driver
- 16-bit color depth support (65535 unique colors)
- JPEG and BMP images stored on internal Flash
- Real-time JPEG decode and rendering
- 16-bit Unicode character font support
- Multi-lingual localized menu (Chinese Traditional and Chinese Simplified)
- Console output debugging

Building the Application

This topic identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Graphics Showcase Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `graphics_showcase.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/gfx/graphics_showcase`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
graphics_showcase.X	<install-dir>/apps/gfx/graphics_showcase/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	Demonstration for the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) connected to the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2_wvga	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2+wvga	Demonstration for the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) connected to the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit utilizing the 5" WVGA PCAP Display Board.

Configuring the Hardware

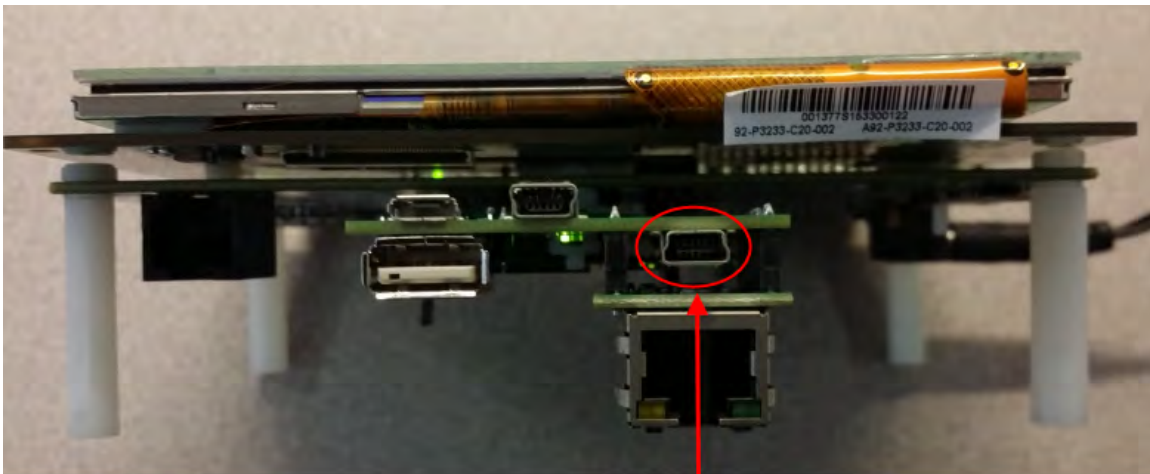
Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

EBIOE and LCD_PCLK (J9) must be closed. The jumper (J9) is available on the bottom side of the MEB II board.

This demonstration also has a Debug Console enabled via UART over USB. You will need a USB Type-A to USB Type-B cable. Connect the cable to the port as shown in the following figure. Also configure the terminal emulator software with the serial port settings of: 8-bit, Non-parity, 1 Stop bit, and No Flow Control.



Debug Console Port

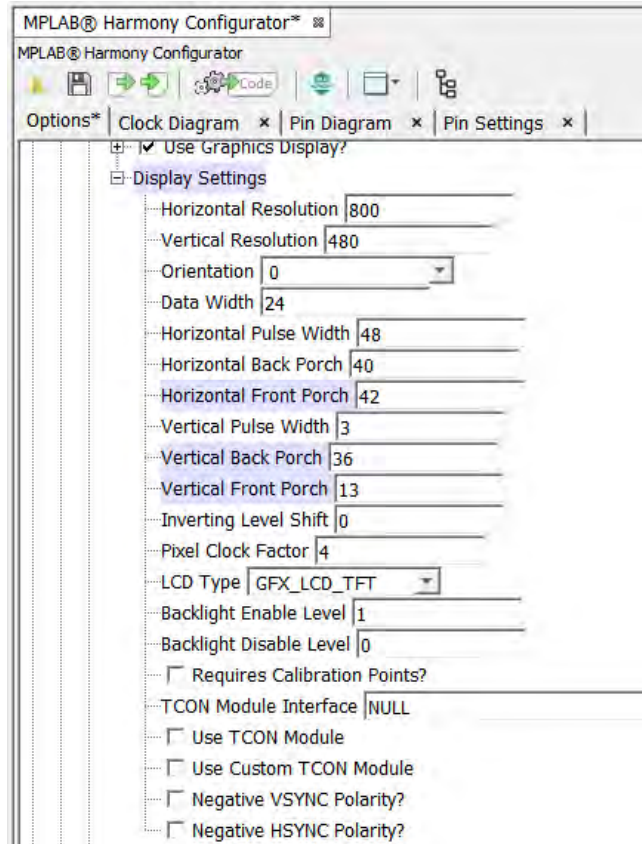
Configuring the MHC

Provides information on MPLAB Harmony Configurator settings required for the demonstration.

Description

The following figure shows the MHC Driver settings that were modified from the default values:

- Horizontal Front Porch: 42
- Vertical Back Porch: 36
- Vertical Front Porch: 13



Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Graphics Showcase demonstration.

Description

On successful power-on, the demonstration will display a similar menu to that shown in the following figure:














The demonstration is separated into four parts:

1. The Slideshow mode consists of a series of JPEG images rendered at 16-bpp color depth. The demonstration will cycle to the next slide upon time-out via a timer, which can be configured through the Settings sub-menu. Tapping the image will skip to the next slide without the need to

- wait for the timer. Press and hold to keep the image from cycling.
- The Touch Test mode brings up a simple screen that tracks and records the touch location. The X and Y coordinates are displayed through the digital meter widgets on the right. The X/Y coordinates are also displayed through the debug console.
 - Under the Settings menu you may change the timing of the slides using a slider. The other feature is the multi-lingual support of this demonstration. Touching any of radio buttons will allow you to change the language displayed for the entire demonstration between English and either Traditional or Simplified Chinese.
 - The demonstrated Features can be displayed through the last selection on the main menu.

Application Functions and Prototypes

Functions

	Name	Description
	APP_ChangeMode	Changes the current application mode
	APP_GenerateSysMsgGet	Generate Sys Msg Touch Data
	APP_HandleLanguageSetting	Changes the current application language settings
	APP_HandleTouchTest	Sends current x/y touch values to the digital meter in the Touch Test screen
	APP_ProcessModeState	Changes the current application state base on the current selected mode
	APP_RedrawRectangle	Set the redraw the rectangle in the touch test screen
	APP_TouchMessageCallback	Touch event callback routine.
	APP_UpdateFeatureList	Updates the Feature List to be displayed, base on the language setting
	APP_UpdateLanguageTexts	Updates the Settings text to be displayed, base on the language setting
	APP_UpdateMainMenu	Updates the Main Menu text to be displayed, base on the language setting
	APP_UpdateSlideShowTips	Updates the Slideshow instruction text to be displayed, base on the language setting

Description

Lists the functions and prototypes available for the demonstration, which are provided in the `app.h` header file.

Functions

APP_ChangeMode Function

Changes the current application mode

File

`graphics_showcase_app.h`

C

```
void APP_ChangeMode( APP_MODES mode );
```

Description

This function is setup to be called on a release event by a screen button to help navigate between modes. When called, this function sets up any necessary steps to switch to the requested mode.

Function

```
void APP_ChangeMode( APP_MODES mode);
```

APP_GenerateSysMsgGet Function

Generate Sys Msg Touch Data

File

`graphics_showcase_app.h`

C

```
bool APP_GenerateSysMsgGet( );
```

Returns

true if touch event is processed.

Remark: This function is here because the MTCH6303 driver has not been integrated to SYS Touch. This function is doing normally what SYS

Touch should be doing

Description

This function is called in [APP_Tasks\(\)](#) every cycle to determine press/still press/release situations and then send out the result via SYS MSG, the recipient of the message should be the GOL library where it uses the data to handle widget behavior.

Function

```
bool APP_GenerateSysMsgGet( void )
```

APP_HandleLanguageSetting Function

Changes the current application language settings

File

graphics_showcase_app.h

C

```
void APP_HandleLanguageSetting( APP_LANGUAGES language );
```

Description

This function is setup to be called on a select event by a radio button to select the language. When called, this function sets up any necessary steps to switch to the requested language.

Function

```
void APP_HandleLanguageSetting( APP_LANGUAGES language);
```

APP_HandleTouchTest Function

Sends current x/y touch values to the digital meter in the Touch Test screen

File

graphics_showcase_app.h

C

```
void APP_HandleTouchTest ( );
```

Description

Handles the reporting of the euclidean coordinate values to the digital meter in the Touch Test screen

Function

```
void APP_HandleTouchTest( void );
```

APP_ProcessModeState Function

Changes the current application state based on the current selected mode

File

graphics_showcase_app.h

C

```
void APP_ProcessModeState ( );
```

Description

This function is called to handle transitioning to a new state if a mode change has been requested by the user.

Function

```
void APP_ProcessModeState( void );
```

APP_RedrawRectangle Function

Set the redraw the rectangle in the touch test screen

File

graphics_showcase_app.h

C

```
void APP_RedrawRectangle( );
```

Description

When called, this function clears the touch screen test area by repainting a rectangle in the test area.

Function

```
void APP_RedrawRectangle( void );
```

APP_TouchMessageCallback Function

Touch event callback routine.

File

graphics_showcase_app.h

C

```
void APP_TouchMessageCallback( SYS_MSG_OBJECT * pMsg );
```

Description

This is the callback from the GFX_HGC layer to inform the application of a touch event. pMsg includes the current touch behavior and the touch position is reported via the Touch System Service

Remarks

This function is registered via GFX_HGC_RegisterAppTouchCallback in [APP_Initialize\(\)](#). This function is only included in the build when not using MTCH6303 touch driver. This is because the Touch System Service is not supported by MTCH6303 touch driver for MPLAB Harmony v1.07.

Function

```
void APP_TouchMessageCallback ( SYS_MSG_OBJECT *pMsg );
```

APP_UpdateFeatureList Function

Updates the Feature List to be displayed, base on the language setting

File

graphics_showcase_app.h

C

```
void APP_UpdateFeatureList( );
```

Description

This is called in [APP_Tasks\(\)](#) during the Feature List mode to draw the correct set of feature list to display, base on the language setting (English, Chinese Traditional, and Chinese Simplified)

Function

```
void APP_UpdateFeatureList( void );
```

APP_UpdateLanguageTexts Function

Updates the Settings text to be displayed, base on the language setting

File

graphics_showcase_app.h

C

```
void APP_UpdateLanguageTexts( );
```

Description

This is called in [APP_Tasks\(\)](#) during the Settings mode to draw the correct set of settings text to display, base on the language setting (English,

Chinese Traditional, and Chinese Simplified)

Function

```
void APP_UpdateLanguageTexts( void );
```

APP_UpdateMainMenu Function

Updates the Main Menu text to be displayed, base on the language setting

File

graphics_showcase_app.h

C

```
void APP_UpdateMainMenu( );
```

Description

This is called in [APP_Tasks\(\)](#) during the Main Menu mode to draw the correct set of text to display, base on the language setting (English, Chinese Traditional, and Chinese Simplified)

Function

```
void APP_UpdateMainMenu( void );
```

APP_UpdateSlideShowTips Function

Updates the Slideshow instruction text to be displayed, base on the language setting

File

graphics_showcase_app.h

C

```
void APP_UpdateSlideShowTips( );
```

Description

This is called in [APP_Tasks\(\)](#) during the Slideshow mode to draw the correct set of text to display, base on the language setting (English, Chinese Traditional, and Chinese Simplified)

Function

```
void APP_UpdateSlideShowTips( void );
```

Data Types and Constants

icc

Demonstrates the advanced capabilities of the Graphics Library utilizing the software graphics controller.

Description

This demonstration provides the ability to display alpha blend and gradient colors through the software graphics controller. The demonstration renders four folders for alpha blend, gradient, picture-in-picture (PIP), and performance for all PIC32 devices.

For PIC32MX devices, the demonstration runs on the PICtail Plus Low-Cost Controllerless (LCC) Daughter Board, and on PIC32MZ devices, it runs on the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II).

This demonstration requires the use of memory external to the microcontroller. The memory is provided on the board, but must be configured with a hardware jumper.



Important!

To set up the external memory, a jumper setting on the board is required. Failure to configure this jumper setting will prevent the display from working, although the software may still run. See [Configuring the Hardware](#) for details on the appropriate jumper settings.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Low-Cost

Controllerless (LCC) Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `lcc.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/gfx/lcc`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>lcc.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/gfx/lcc/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_pcap_db</code>	<code>pic32mx_pcap_db</code>	LCC demonstration for the Low-Cost Controllerless (LCC) Graphics using the PIC32 GUI Development Board with Projected Capacitive Touch.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_lcc_pictail_wqvga</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2+lcc_pictail+wqvga</code>	LCC demonstration for the Low-Cost Controllerless (LCC) Graphics PICTail Plus Daughter Board with the Graphics Display Powertip 4.3" 480x272 Board connected to the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	LCC demonstration for the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) connected to the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and Low-Cost Controllerless (LCC) Graphics PICTail Plus Daughter Board

Make the following changes to the daughter board:

- Set J4 to 2-3 for external SRAM use. The jumper must be set to enable display operation. Ensure that any MHC setting defines external SRAM use only.
- Set jumpers J6-J19 to (2-3) for 16-bit (565) color mode

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

The MEB II has two memory options External or Internal; however, this demonstration must be run in External mode; therefore, EBIOE and LCD_PCLK (J9) must be closed. The jumper is located on the bottom side of the MEB II board. Ensure that any MHC setting is defined to only use external SRAM.

The current internal/external memory setting for the application can be verified in MHC by selecting *Harmony Framework Configuration > Drivers > Graphics Controllers > LCC > Use LCC Driver > Memory Interface Mode*.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the LCC demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows the Graphics Library interfacing with the Low-Cost Controllerless (LCC) software display controller. It shows alpha blending, gradient, panning, and double buffering capabilities through the Graphics Library.

1. Load the demonstration project into MPLAB X IDE.
2. Build, Download, and Run the demonstration project on the target board.
3. Use the graphics buttons to navigate between screens.



Demonstration Output

The demonstration renders four folders for alpha blend, gradient, picture-in-picture (PIP), and performance. Touch one of the folders to activate the demonstration. Touching arrow buttons will move the screen in the arrow direction

- **PIP:** Demonstrates the moving cursor represented by different images and a bevel shape with gradient applied
- **Speed:** Draws random bars of random size at random locations demonstrating the speed of drawing bars
- **Alpha blend:** Demonstrates alpha blending feature applied to three buttons, which blends them with the background. The background is an image of MPLAB Harmony's "Integrate" and "Harmonize" logo
- **Paging:** Demonstrates background color changing effects using multiple surfaces. In this demonstration, the background color changes with the weather. The demonstration also draws a cloud image and includes text showing the date, time, and temperature.



Troubleshooting TIP!

When executing the application, if the display is static and is either all bright or all dark, it is likely that the memory setting is incorrect. See [Configuring the Hardware](#) for additional information.

media_image_viewer

Demonstrates real-time image decoding via FAT32 File System stored on external media.

Description

This demonstration provides the ability to load and render image files via a FAT32 File System stored on external SD card media.

The image formats supported in this demonstration includes JPEG, BMP, static GIF, transparent GIF and animated GIF. The application also demonstrates the ability of the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library to automatically perform best-fit to the screen by down-sizing images with a higher pixel resolution than the screen.

The auto-mount feature from the File System Service is utilized by the application such that the SD card media can be ejected and swapped at run-time.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Media Image Viewer Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `media_image_viewer.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/gfx/media_image_viewer`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
media_image_viewer.X	<install-dir>/apps/gfx/media_image_viewer/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	Demonstration for the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) connected to the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2_wvga	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2+wvga	Demonstration for the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) connected to the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit with the WVGA display.

Application Header File

This table lists and describes the application header file used by the demonstration, which is located within `./firmware/src`.

Project Configuration Name	Description
app.h	This header file provides function prototypes and data type definitions for the application. Some of these are required by the system (such as the APP_Initialize and APP_Tasks prototypes) and some of them are only used internally by the application (such as the APP_STATES definition). Both are defined in this file for convenience.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

The MEB II has two memory options External or Internal; however, this demonstration must be run in External mode; therefore, EBIOE and LCD_PCLK (J9) must be closed. The jumper is located on the bottom side of the MEB II board. Ensure that any MHC setting is defined to only use external SRAM.

The current internal/external memory setting for the application can be verified in MHC by selecting *Harmony Framework Configuration > Drivers > Graphics Controllers > LCC > Use LCC Driver > Memory Interface Mode*.

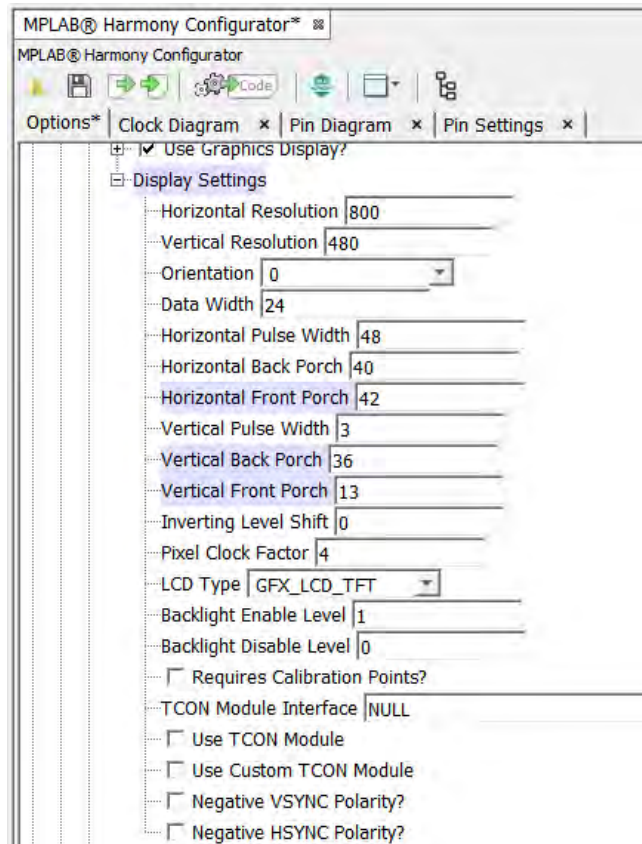
Configuring the MHC

Provides information on MPLAB Harmony Configurator settings required for the demonstration.

Description

The following figure shows the MHC Driver settings that were modified from the default values:

- Horizontal Front Porch: 42
- Vertical Back Porch: 36
- Vertical Front Porch: 13



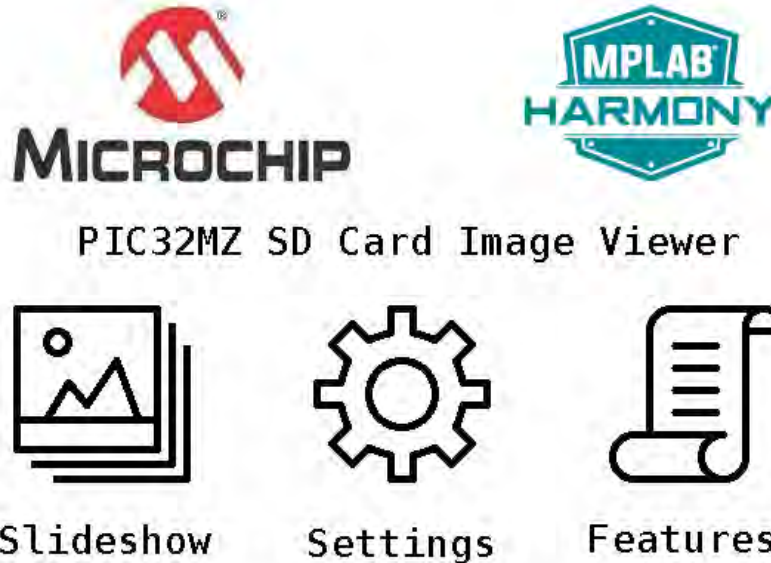
Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Media Image Viewer demonstration.


Description

Perform the following steps to run the demonstration.

1. Load the demonstration project into MPLAB X IDE.
2. Build, Download, and Run the demonstration project on the target board.
3. Insert a SD card (formatted for FAT or FAT32) with JPEG, BMP, and/or GIF images to the SD card socket, which is located on the back of the MEB II. The application is designed to allow the SD card to be ejected and swapped at run-time. However, there is a limitation to this feature. The application will not be able to recover if the SD card is ejected when an image is partially loaded on screen.
4. If a SD card is not present, or the application had problems reading the SD card, a screen will appear with the message "Please insert SD card".
5. When the application is able to detect the SD card, it will automatically proceed to search the card and discover all the images on the card. If the application detects a large number of images, a screen will appear with the message "Searching for images".
6. Once the SD card has been read by the application, the following menu is displayed.









- Pressing the Slideshow virtual button on the screen will open a set of brief instructions on how to navigate between images during Slideshow mode. Tap anywhere on the screen and the application will proceed to render every image detected on the SD card. The image formats supported are JPEG, BMP and GIF (see **Note**). A limited amount of animated GIF and semi-transparent GIFs are also supported. Image rendering time may vary, depending on image resolution, file size (larger for BMP) and decoding time (JPEG and GIF). The application will perform a best-fit to the screen, automatically down-sizing for images with a resolution that is larger than the screen resolution.

 **Note:** Progressive scan JPEG images are not supported.

- The Settings button will direct you to the settings menu. The pause time between slides can be adjusted here. Also available for turning on/off is the image meta data that is displayed in the upper left corner. For the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit plus MEB II configuration, the settings menu also includes the ability to enable and disable double buffering at run-time as an option to enhance display quality.
- The Feature List button provides a list of the hardware and software features demonstrated in this application.

Application Functions and Prototypes

Functions

	Name	Description
	APP_DoubleBufferingEnable	API from the UI to application to enable/disable double buffering.
	APP_GoToNextSlide	Set the slideshow to the next slide.
	APP_IsSupportedFile	Callback handler to check if the file is supported.
	APP_MetaDataEnable	API from the UI to application to enable/disable meta data display.
	APP_ReadNextImageHeader	Read and prepare the next image header.
	APP_SetSlidePauseTime	Sets Slide Pause Interval Time.

Data Types and Constants

	Name	Description
	APP_DISK_FILE_NODE	This is type APP_DISK_FILE_NODE.
	APP_DISK_FILE_PATH	This is type APP_DISK_FILE_PATH.
	APP_DISK_MAX_DIRS	
	APP_DISK_MAX_FILES	This is macro APP_DISK_MAX_FILES.
	APP_LANGUAGES	Enumeration of the languages supported in this application

Description

Lists the functions and prototypes available for the demonstration, which are provided in the `app.h` header file.

Functions

APP_DoubleBufferingEnable Function

API from the UI to application to enable/disable double buffering.

File

media_image_viewer_app.h

C

```
void APP_DoubleBufferingEnable(bool enable);
```

Description

When called, this function updates the double buffering flag in the application.

Function

```
void APP_DoubleBufferingEnable(bool enable)
```

APP_GoToNextSlide Function

Set the slideshow to the next slide.

File

media_image_viewer_app.h

C

```
void APP_GoToNextSlide();
```

Description

When called, this function sets up any necessary steps to switch to the next slide.

Function

```
void APP_GoToNextSlide(void);
```

APP_IsSupportedFile Function

Callback handler to check if the file is supported.

File

media_image_viewer_app.h

C

```
bool APP_IsSupportedFile(char * name);
```

Description

This function confirms if the files are supported by the application.

Function

```
void APP_IsSupportedFile(char *name)
```

APP_MetaDataEnable Function

API from the UI to application to enable/disable meta data display.

File

media_image_viewer_app.h

C

```
void APP_MetaDataEnable(bool enable);
```

Description

When called, this function updates the meta data display flag in the application.

Function

```
void APP_MetaDataEnable(bool enable)
```

APP_ReadNextImageHeader Function

Read and prepare the next image header.

File

media_image_viewer_app.h

C

```
bool APP_ReadNextImageHeader ( );
```

Description

This function is set up to the next image resource header.

Function

```
bool APP_ReadNextImageHeader( void )
```

APP_SetSlidePauseTime Function

Sets Slide Pause Interval Time.

File

media_image_viewer_app.h

C

```
void APP_SetSlidePauseTime( int timeInSec );
```

Description

This function is set up to be called on a touch event by the slider bar in the Settings menu.

Function

```
void APP_SetSlidePauseTime( int timeInSec );
```

Data Types and Constants

APP_DISK_FILE_NODE Structure

File

media_image_viewer_app.h

C

```
typedef struct {  
    SYS_FS_FSTAT fstat;  
    char path[255];  
} APP_DISK_FILE_NODE;
```

Description

This is type APP_DISK_FILE_NODE.

APP_DISK_FILE_PATH Structure

File

media_image_viewer_app.h

C

```
typedef struct {  
    char path[255];  
} APP_DISK_FILE_PATH;
```

Description

This is type APP_DISK_FILE_PATH.

APP_DISK_MAX_DIRS Macro

File

media_image_viewer_app.h

C

```
#define APP_DISK_MAX_DIRS 100
```

Section

Type Definitions

APP_DISK_MAX_FILES Macro

File

media_image_viewer_app.h

C

```
#define APP_DISK_MAX_FILES 1000
```

Description

This is macro APP_DISK_MAX_FILES.

APP_LANGUAGES Enumeration

Enumeration of the languages supported in this application

File

graphics_showcase_app.h

C

```
typedef enum {  
    APP_LANG_ENGLISH,  
    APP_LANG_CHINESE_TRAD,  
    APP_LANG_CHINESE_SIMP  
} APP_LANGUAGES;
```

Description

APP_LANGUAGES

This enum is to help track the three languages supported in this application: English, Chinese Traditional, and Chinese Simplified.

object

An example of standard user-interface widgets of the Graphics Library.

Description

The object demonstration enables screen design using the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer through the standard types of objects/widgets that exist in the Graphics Object Layer (GOL) of the Graphics Library. The demonstration is composed of several pages of examples.

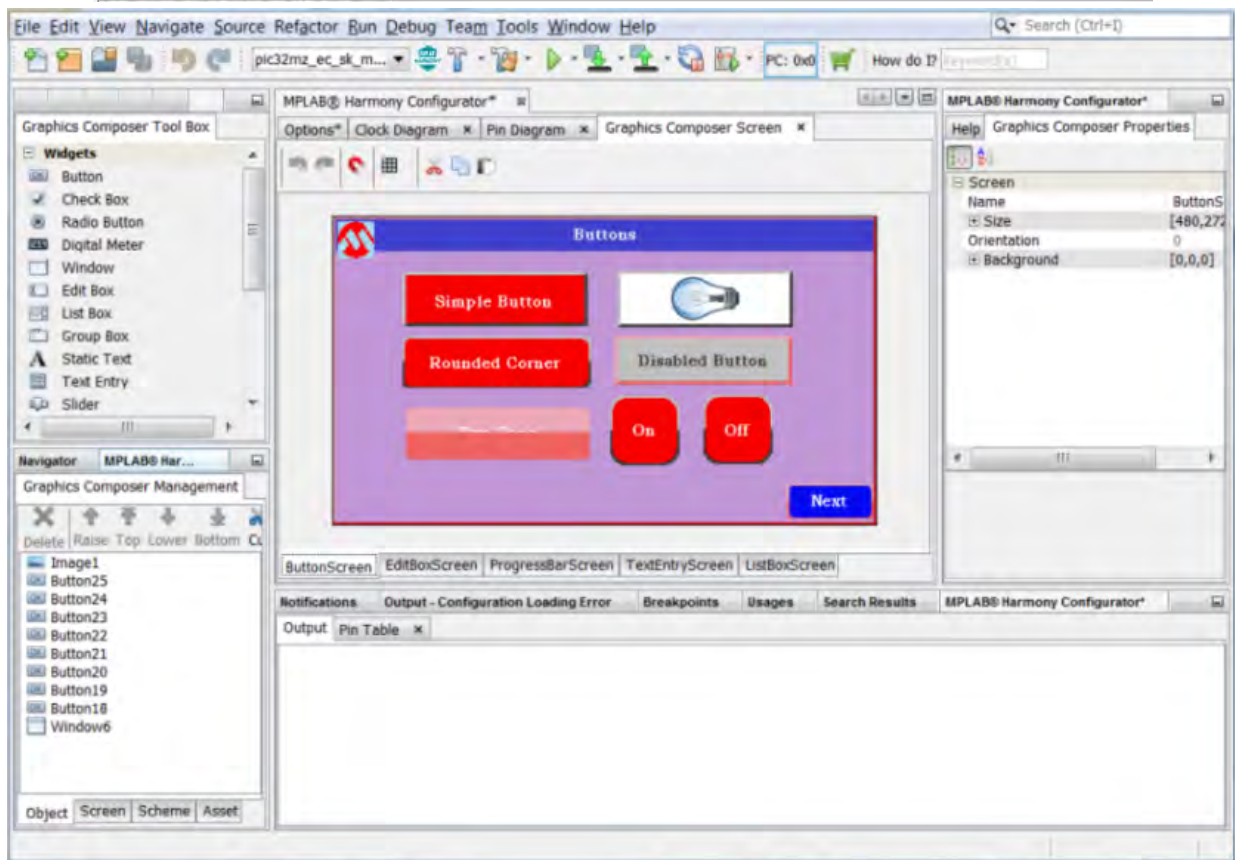
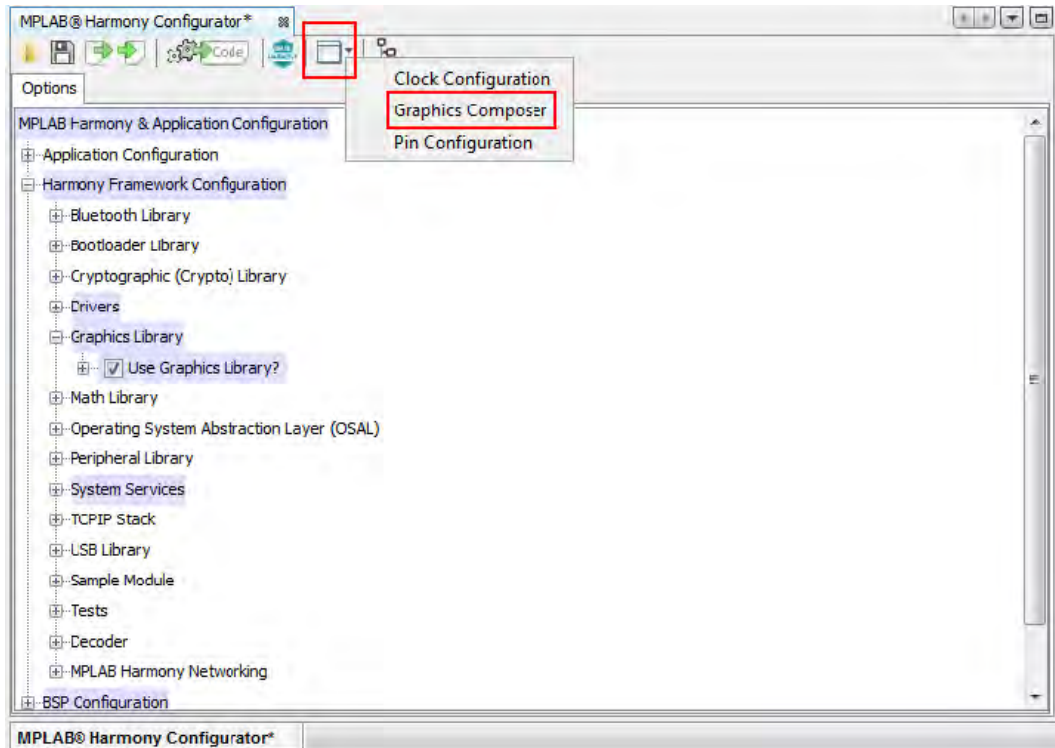


Important!

This demonstration must be run in Internal Memory mode. See [Configuring the Hardware](#) for additional details on the setup of the available memory.

Viewing the Screen Designs

The screen designs can be viewed by activating the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer from within the MPLAB Harmony Configurator, by selecting **Graphics Composer** using the Launch Utility icon in the MPLAB Harmony Configurator toolbar. Refer to the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer User's Guide for more information.



Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Graphics Object Library Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `object.x` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/gfx/object`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
object.X	<install-dir>/apps/gfx/object/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_usb_sk2_s1d_pictail_vga	pic32mx_usb_sk2+s1d_pictail+vga	Object demonstration for the Graphics LCD Controller PICtail Plus S1D13517 Daughter Board with Graphics Display Truly 5.7" 640x480 Board connected to the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
pic32mx_usb_sk2_s1d_pictail_wvga	pic32mx_usb_sk2+s1d_pictail+wvga	Object demonstration for the Graphics LCD Controller PICtail Plus S1D13517 Daughter Board with Graphics Display Truly 7" 800x480 Board connected to the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	Object demonstration for the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) connected to the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Graphics LCD Controller PICtail Plus Epson S1D13517 Daughter Board

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

MEB II

The MEB II has two memory options External or Internal; however, this demonstration must be run in Internal mode. Configure the MEB II, as follows:

- EBIWE and LCD_PCLK (J9) must be closed (the jumper is located on the back of the MEB II board)
- Ensure that any MHC setting is defined to only use internal SRAM

The current internal/external memory setting for the application can be verified in MHC by selecting *Harmony Framework Configuration > Drivers > Graphics Controllers > LCC > Use LCC Driver > Memory Interface Mode*.

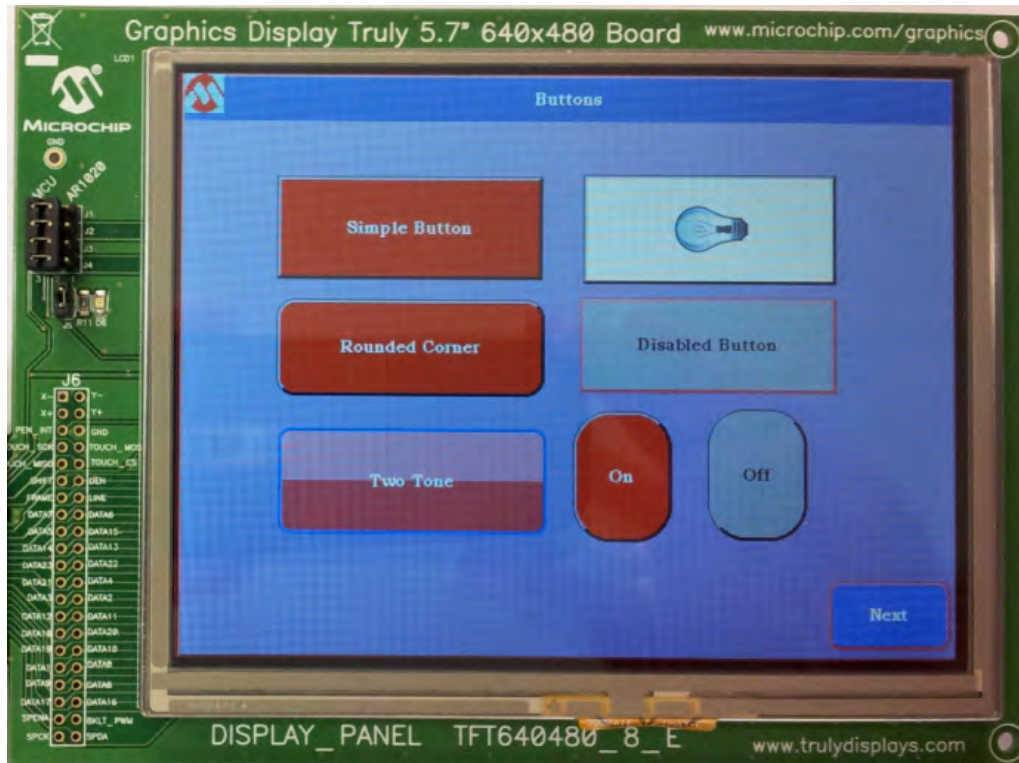
Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the object demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows screen designing using the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer by using pre-canned graphics object (widget) capabilities of the Object Layer (GOL) of the Graphics Library. Objects such as Button, Check Box, Edit Box, Group Box, Progress Bar, Radio Button, and Text Entry are rendered on several display screens.

1. Load the demonstration project into MPLAB X IDE.
2. Build, Download, and Run the demonstration project on the target board.
3. The initial screen should be similar to the following:



4. Sample the demonstration by touching various widgets on the screen.
5. Use the Next and Previous buttons to cycle through the demonstration.

Demonstration Output

The demonstration renders each object demonstration onto a window. To navigate from one window to another, arrow buttons are provided on the left and right of each rendered window. The available demonstrations are as follows:

- **Buttons:** A window with the title "Buttons" is rendered and multiple buttons with rectangle, bevel, and circular shapes are drawn. Each button demonstrates different states supported by the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library.
- **Check box:** Demonstrates the change in text alignment of a button after a alignment is selected using a check box. In addition, different states supported by the check box widget are demonstrated.
- **Radio buttons:** Demonstrates the radio button feature and states supported by the feature
- **Group box:** Demonstrates the group box feature of the MPLAB Harmony Graphics library. The alignment of the text under group box is modified as per the selection of the state for the group box. In addition, a change in the window title string is demonstrated.
- **Progress bar:** Demonstrates the progress bar feature of the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library by drawing a progress bar with its value updating run time and also demonstrates how fast the platform can update the value of progress bar
- **List box:** Demonstrates the list box feature of the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library by selecting entries in the list box. The entries can be aligned to center by selecting the center alignment check box.
- **Digital Meter:** Demonstrates the digital meter widget of the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library. The value displayed changes continuously by pressing the Accelerate/Deaccelerate button.
- **Meter:** Demonstrates the meter widget of the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library. It is displayed as full round and quarter round dials and demonstrates the configurable display properties of the meter. The value displayed changes continuously by pressing the Accelerate/Deaccelerate button.



Troubleshooting TIP!

When executing the application, if the display is static and is either all bright or all dark, it is likely that the memory setting is incorrect. See [Configuring the Hardware](#) for additional information.

primitive

An example of primitive drawing capabilities of the Graphics Library using the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer.

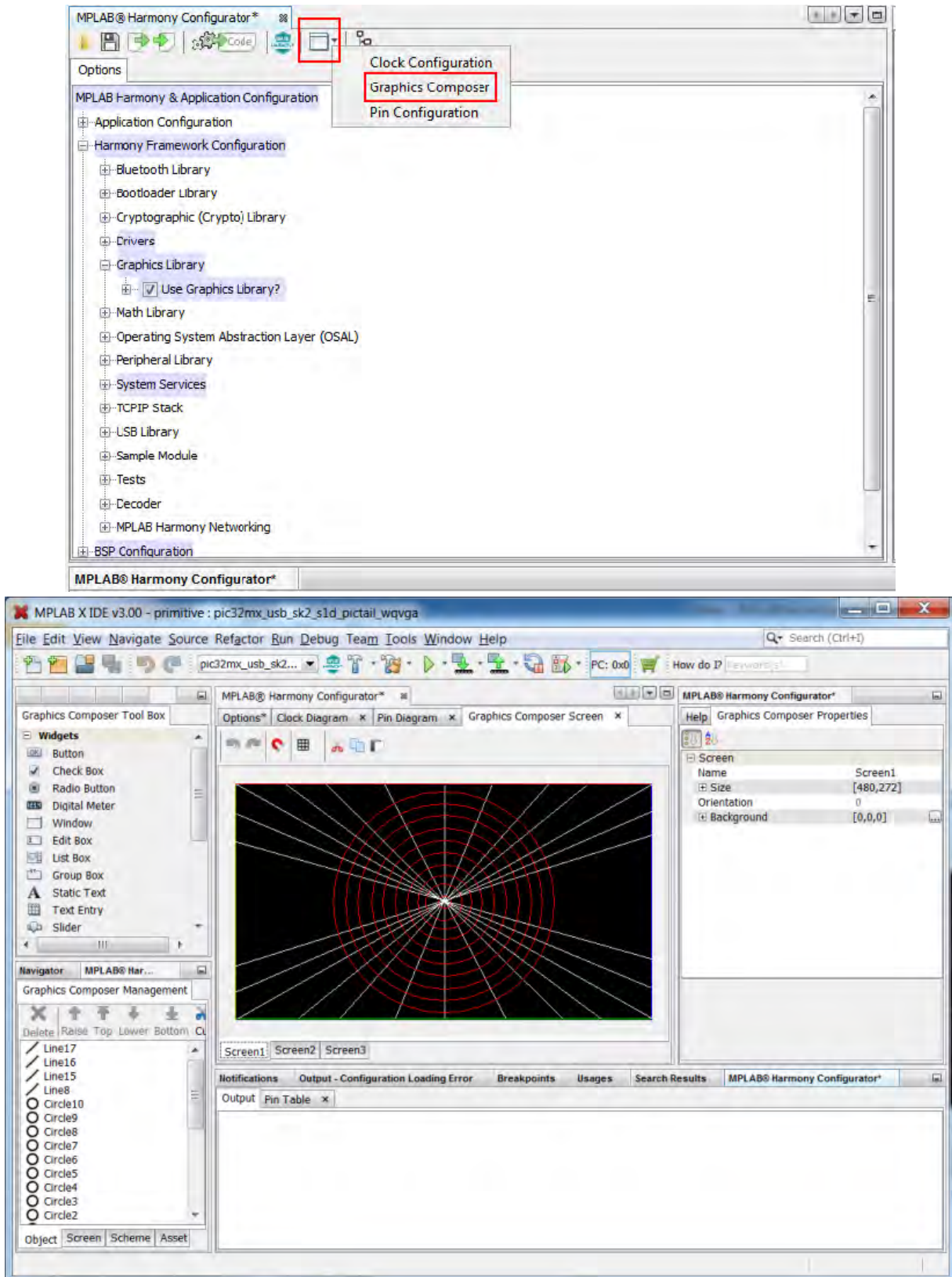
Description

The Primitive example demonstrates primitive rendering of geometry, images, and fonts. The demonstration displays various circles, lines, rectangles, images depths, alias and non-aliased fonts.

This demonstration may run in either internal memory or external memory mode. The external memory is provided on the MEB II board. See [Configuring the Hardware](#) for additional details on setup of the available memory.

Viewing the Screen Designs

The screen designs can be viewed by activating the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer from within the MPLAB Harmony Configurator, by clicking **Execute** within *Graphics Library > Create a Design With MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer*.



Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Graphics Primitive Library Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `primitive.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/gfx/primitive`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>primitive.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/gfx/primitive/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP used	Description
<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	Primitive demonstration for the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit.
<code>pic32mx_125_sk_lcc_pictail_qvga</code>	<code>pic32mx_125_sk+lcc_pictail+qvga</code>	Primitive demonstration for the Low-Cost Controllerless (LCC) Graphics PICTail Plus Daughter Board with the Graphics Display Truly 3.2" 320x240 Board connected to the PIC32MX1/2/5 Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_lcc_pictail_wqvga</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2+lcc_pictail+wqvga</code>	Primitive demonstration for the Low-Cost Controllerless (LCC) Graphics PICTail Plus Daughter Board with the Graphics Display Powertip 4.3" 480x272 Board connected to the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_meb</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2+meb</code>	Primitive demonstration for the Multimedia Expansion Board (MEB) connected to the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_s1d_pictail_wqvga</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2+s1d_pictail+wqvga</code>	Primitive demonstration for the Graphics Controller PICTail Plus Epson S1D13517 Daughter Board with the Graphics Display Powertip 4.3" 480x272 Board connected to the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_ssd_pictail_qvga</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2+ssd_pictail+qvga</code>	Primitive demonstration for the Graphics LCD Controller PICTail Plus SSD1926 Daughter Board with Graphics Display Truly 3.2" 320x240 Board connected to the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2</code>	Primitive demonstration for the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) connected to the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_s1d_pictail_wqvga</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+s1d_pictail+wqvga</code>	Primitive demonstration for the Graphics Controller PICTail Plus Epson S1D13517 Daughter Board with the Graphics Display Powertip 4.3" 480x272 Board connected to the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and MEB

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

The MEB II has two memory options: External or Internal:

- When running a demonstration in External mode, EBIOE and LCD_PCLK (J9) must be closed. The jumper (J9) is available on the bottom side of the MEB II board.
- When running a demonstration in Internal mode EBIVE and LCD_PCLK (J9) must be closed. The jumper (J9) is available on the bottom side of the MEB II board.

The current internal/external memory setting for the application can be verified in MHC by selecting *Harmony Framework Configuration > Drivers > Graphics Controllers > LCC > Use LCC Driver > Memory Interface Mode*.

Graphics LCD Controller PICtail Plus SSD1926 Daughter Board

General set up:

The PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board is required to use a starter kit with the daughter board.

Set up the PMP interface:

The demonstration can only be run in 8-bit PMP mode; therefore, set JP2 to PARALLEL-8 bit. The setting for the PMP mode in MHC can be verified by selecting *Harmony Framework Configuration > Drivers > PMP > Transfer Size*. Ensure that this setting is PMP_DATA_SIZE_8_BITS.

Graphics LCD Controller PICtail Plus Epson S1D13517 Daughter Board

General set up:

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit:

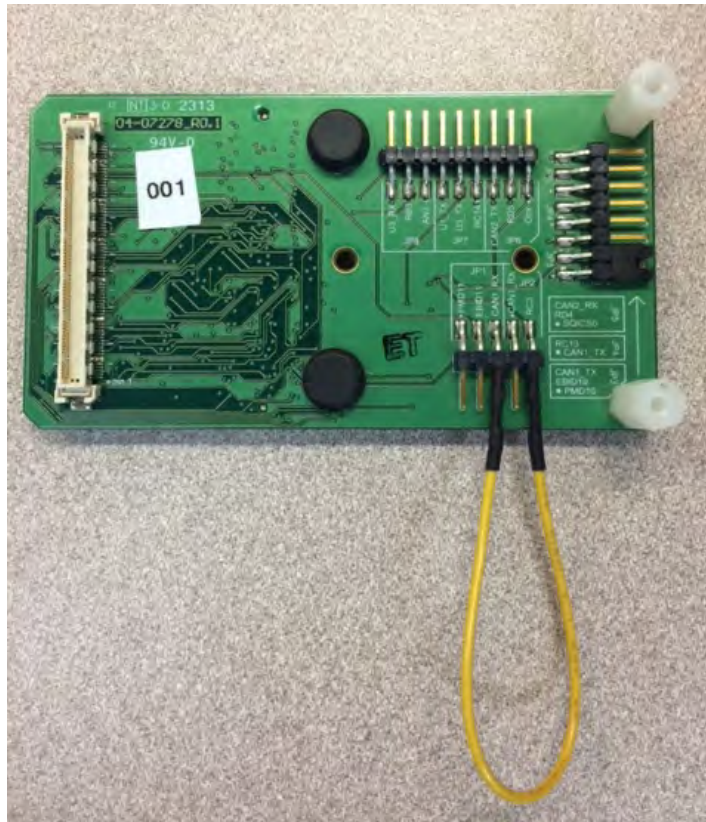
The PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit has a PKOB mode (JP2):

- When programming using PKOB, JP2 must be closed
- When programming using MPLAB REAL ICE, JP2 must be open

The PIC32MZ Starter Kit Adapter Board is required to use a starter kit with the daughter board.

- Set jumpers JP1 (CAN_RX) and JP2 (RC3) for display output, as shown in the following figures:

Bottom Side of Adapter Board



PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the Adapter Board



PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and Adapter Board connected to the Graphics Controller PICtail Plus Epson S1D13517 Daughter Board



PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and Adapter Board connected to the Graphics Controller PICtail Plus Epson S1D13517 Daughter Board and the Graphics Display Truly 7" 800x480 Board



Note: To ensure correct demonstration display operation, this board configuration should remain flat and be kept away from obstructions that would cause a bend of the PICtail display connector that exists between the Graphics Controller PICtail Plus Epson S1D13517 Daughter Board and the Graphics Display Truly 5.7" and 7" boards.

Set up the PMP interface:

The demonstration can only be run in 8-bit PMP mode; therefore, open JP2. The setting for the PMP mode in MHC can be verified by selecting *Harmony Framework Configuration > Drivers > PMP > Transfer Size*. Ensure that this setting is PMP_DATA_SIZE_8_BITS.

- When running the demonstration in the 8-bit PMP interface mode, open JP2
- When running the demonstration in the 16-bit PMP interface mode, close JP2

Low-Cost Controllerless (LCC) Graphics PICtail Plus Daughter Board

- Set J4 to 2-3 for external SRAM use. Ensure the MHC settings are set to only use external SRAM.
- Set jumpers J6-J19 to (2-3) for 16-bit (565) color mode

The current internal/external memory setting for the application can be verified in MHC by selecting *Harmony Framework Configuration > Drivers > Graphics Controllers > LCC > Use LCC Driver > Memory Interface Mode*.

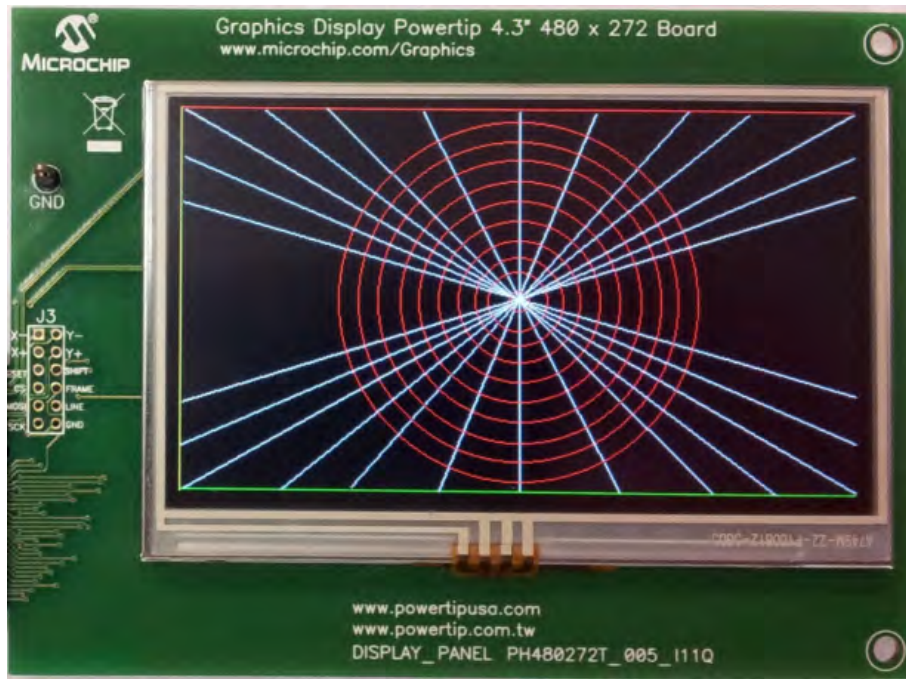
Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Primitive demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows basic primitive capabilities of the Primitive Layer of Graphics Library by rendering 2D geometry, fonts, and images.

1. Load the demonstration project into MPLAB X IDE.
2. Build, Download, and Run the demonstration project on the target board.
3. The first screen should be similar to the following:



Demonstration Output

The output of this demonstration is as follows:

- Drawing rectangles
- Drawing color filled rectangles
- Drawing one 16 BPP image



Troubleshooting TIP!

When executing the application, if the display is static and is either all bright or all dark, it is likely that the memory setting is incorrect. See [Configuring the Hardware](#) for additional information.

resistive_touch_calibrate

Demonstrates user-level application code to calibrate an AR1021 Resistive Touch Screen Controller.

Description

This application demonstrates a steady-state solution for calibrating through on-screen calibration prompts. Essentially, this demonstration presents displayed calibration targets as required by the AR1021 specification.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Graphics Resistive Touch Calibration Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `resistive_touch_calibrate.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/gfx/resistive_touch_calibrate`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>resistive_touch_calibrate.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/gfx/resistive_touch_calibrate/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP used	Description
resistive_touch_calibrate	pic32mx_usb_sk2_s1d_pictail_vga	Graphics resistive touch calibration demonstration.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

Graphics Display Truly 5.7" 640 x 480 Board

- Set the AR1020 touch controller by setting the four AR1020 jumpers, J1, J2, J3, and J4, as shown in the following figure
- Leave the MCU row of pins open




Configuring the MHC

Provides information on MPLAB Harmony Configurator settings required for the demonstration.

Description

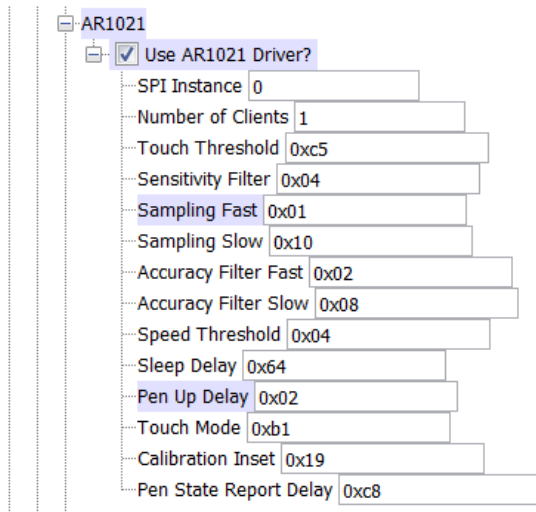
The following are some of the MHC settings that were modified from the default values.

-  **Note:** For additional value range information refer to the "AR1000 Series Resistive Touch Screen Controller Data Sheet" (DS41393), which is available for download from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

Drivers

The AR1021 Touch Driver is automatically selected when the BSP is selected.

The SPI Driver is automatically selected when the AR1021 Driver is selected.



Graphics Library

The Graphics Library is automatically selected when the BSP is selected.

System Services

The Touch System Service is automatically selected with the BSP is selected.

BSP

The BSP selected for the configuration is pic32mx_usb_sk2_s1d_pictail_vga.

Pin Table

The AR1021 requires remapping. This is done through the Pin Table.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Resistive Touch Calibration demonstration.

Description

Perform the following steps to run the demonstration:

1. Power the development board using a USB-mini-B power connector.
2. Program the application onto the board using MPLAB X IDE or IPE.
3. The demonstration will display a main screen with Graphics Button widgets.
4. Touch the display to determine if calibration is required.
5. To calibrate, press Switch 1, to start the calibration routine.
6. The calibration routine will display four calibration targets (i.e., a red circle) in sequence. Touch each target as it appears on the display. The target will go from color "red" to color "green" on acceptance. After the last target is prompted, the user interface will redisplay the main screen to allow the user to test calibration.
7. To change calibration parameters, rerun the MHC configuration for the AR1021 Touch Driver.

s1d13517

Graphics Controller PICTail™ Plus Epson S1D13517 Board demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows how gradients, scrolling, background drawing, speed testing, alpha-blending, and application capabilities using the Epson (S1D13517) graphics controller that resides on the Graphics Controller PICTail™ Plus Epson S1D13517 Board.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the S1D13517 Demonstration

Description

To build this project, you must open the `s1d13517.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration. The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/gfx/s1d13517`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>s1d13517.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/gfx/s1d13517/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_s1d_pictail_vga</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2+s1d_pictail+vga</code>	S1D13517 demonstration for the Graphics Controller PICTail Plus Epson S1D13517 Daughter Board with the Graphics Display Truly 5.7" 640x480 Board connected to the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_s1d_pictail_wvga</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2+s1d_pictail+wvga</code>	S1D13517 demonstration for the Graphics Controller PICTail Plus Epson S1D13517 Daughter Board with Graphics Display Truly 7" 800x400 Board connected to the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Graphics LCD Controller PICTail Plus Epson S1D13517 Daughter Board

General set up:

- Set the SPI Channel used by setting the four SPI1 or SPI2 jumpers
- Leave JP1 open

Set up the PMP interface:

- When running the demonstration in the 8-bit PMP interface mode, open JP2
- When running the demonstration in the 16-bit PMP interface mode, close JP2

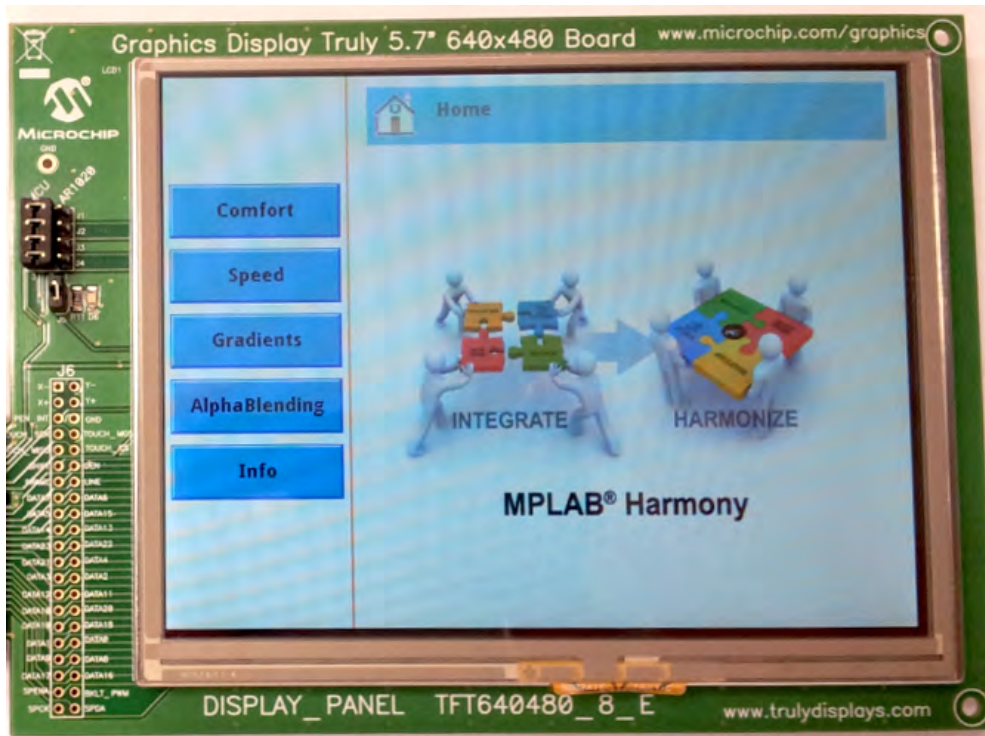
Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the S1D13517 demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows the Graphics Library interfacing with the Solomon Systech S1D13517 external display controller. It shows alpha-blending, gradient, panning, and double buffering capabilities through the Graphics Library.

1. Load the demonstration project into MPLAB X IDE.
2. Build, Download, and Run the demonstration project on the target board.
3. Use the touch buttons to navigate to various screens.



Demonstration Output

Demonstrates gradients, scrolling, background drawing, speed testing, alpha-blending, and application capabilities using the Epson (S1D13517) graphics controller. Touch demonstration buttons on the left side of the display are used to run each demonstration.

- **Comfort:** Demonstrates the Air Conditioner control menu
- **Speed:** Demonstrates the speed at which the random shape and size of filled rectangles are drawn
- **Gradients:** Demonstrates the different modes of the gradient feature with start (red) and end (black) color
- **AlphaBlending:** Demonstrates how the background is blended with a color-shaded foreground with alpha of foreground changing run-time from maximum to minimum
- **Info:** Displays information about each demonstration

ssd1926

Shows how to display JPEG images using the Solomon Systech (SSD1926) graphics controller that resides on the PICtail™ Plus SSD1926 Daughter Board.

Description

The SSD1926 demonstration shows how to decode of JPEG images from an SD card utilizing the JPEG decoder capabilities of the Solomon Systech SSD1926 graphics controller.

This demonstration showcases hardware features that are unique to the LCD Controller Solomon Systech SSD1926. The two unique features are the hardware JPEG decoder and the hardware 4-bit SD card interface on the SSD1926.

This demonstration only runs with QVGA (320x240) displays and not the WQVGA (480x272). The reason begin there is only 256 Kbytes of RAM available on the SSD1926. If configured for a WQVGA display at 16 bpp color depth, 255 Kbytes of frame buffer space is required, and not enough RAM is left for the JPEG decoding. Therefore, this demonstration only runs on a QVGA setup.

The demonstration uses the Microchip Memory Disk Drive File System (MDDFS) Interface Library with the Microchip Graphics Library working on the Graphics LCD Controller PICtail™ Plus SSD1926 Board (AC164127-5) mounted with the SD Card receptacle.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SSD1926 Demonstration.

Description

 **Note:** By default, the project is configured to run in 8-bit PMP interface mode. 16-bit PMP mode is not supported at this time.

To build this project, you must open the `ssd1926.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/gfx/ssd1926`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>ssd1926.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/gfx/ssd1926/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_ssd_pictail_qvga</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2+ssd_pictail+qvga</code>	SSD1926 demonstration for the Graphics LCD Controller PICTail Plus SSD1926 Daughter Board with Graphics Display Truly 3.2" 320x240 Board connected to the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Graphics LCD Controller PICTail Plus SSD1926 Daughter Board

General set up:

- Set the SPI Flash Chip Select signal to use RD1 by setting JP3 to RD1-FLASH CS
- Leave JP1 open

Set up the PMP interface:

- This demonstration is only supported in 8-bit PMP interface mode. To run the demonstration, set JP2 to PARALLEL-8 bit

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the SSD1926 demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows GFX Library interfacing with the Epson SSD1926 external display controller. It shows photo frames read from an SD Card interfaced to the display controller.

1. Insert a SD card and load the images from the demonstration `resources` folder.
2. Load the demonstration project into MPLAB X IDE.
3. Build, Download, and Run the demonstration project on the target board.
4. Observe a sequence of photo frames stored on the SD card.

Demonstration Output

With the SD card loaded with the images from the demonstration `resources` folder; the following is demonstrated:


- Microchip Logo
- Sample Video
- Scene 1
- Scene 2
- Scene 3
- Scene 4
- Scene 5

wvga_glcd

Provides information on the demonstration.

Description

Demonstrates the advanced capabilities of the Graphics Library utilizing the Graphics LCD (GLCD) controller and the MTCH6303 PCAP Touch Controller with the 5" WVGA PCAP Display Board (see **Note**).

 **Note:** This demonstration is intended for PIC32MZ DA Early Adopters and is distributed separately from the official MPLAB Harmony 1.07 release. For information on obtaining the installer and/or the 5" WVGA PCAP Display Board, please contact your local Microchip sales office.

The goal of this application is to demonstrate the capability of the GLCD Controller to render four layers simultaneously (one base layer plus three layers with individual alpha and color modes), as well as to demonstrate basic functionality of the MTCH6303.

The demonstration also has Debug Console capability built-in to show the single-touch accuracy of the MTCH6303, as well as to demonstrate using the Console System Service as a screen calibration tool.

This demonstration was developed for PIC32MZ DA Early Adopters has only a subset of its graphics functionality supported by MPLAB Harmony Graphics Composer and the Graphics Object Library. It does not utilize the GPU peripheral. Since the Touch System Service does not support the MTCH6303 driver currently, the application accesses the driver directly.

The demonstration includes the following features:

- 24-bit true color (16.7M)
- Three simultaneous rendered graphical layers
- Per-pixel dynamic alpha blending
- Global-layer dynamic alpha blending
- Touch interactive circle at Layer 1 over image at Layer 0
- Persistent menu at Layer 2 hardware blended over Layers 1 and 0
- JPEG-compressed image stored on internal Flash
- Real-time JPEG decode and rendering
- DDR2 SDRAM memory utilization
- Non-synchronized double-buffered rendering
- WVGA display at 40+ Hz refresh rate
- Integrated MTCH6303 PCAP touch interface (non-gestured single-touch)

Building the Application

This topic identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Graphics LCD (GLCD) Controller WVGA Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `wvga_glcd.x` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/gfx/wvga_glcd`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>wvga_glcd.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/gfx/wvga_glcd/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_da_sk_meb2_wvga</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk+meb2+wvga</code>	GLCD demonstration for the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) connected to the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit.

Application Header File

This table lists and describes the application header file used by the demonstration, which is located within `./firmware/src`.

Project Configuration Name	Description
app.h	This header file provides function prototypes and data type definitions for the application. Some of these are required by the system (such as the <code>APP_Initialize</code> and <code>APP_Tasks</code> prototypes) and some of them are only used internally by the application (such as the <code>APP_STATES</code> definition). Both are defined in this file for convenience.

Configuring the Hardware

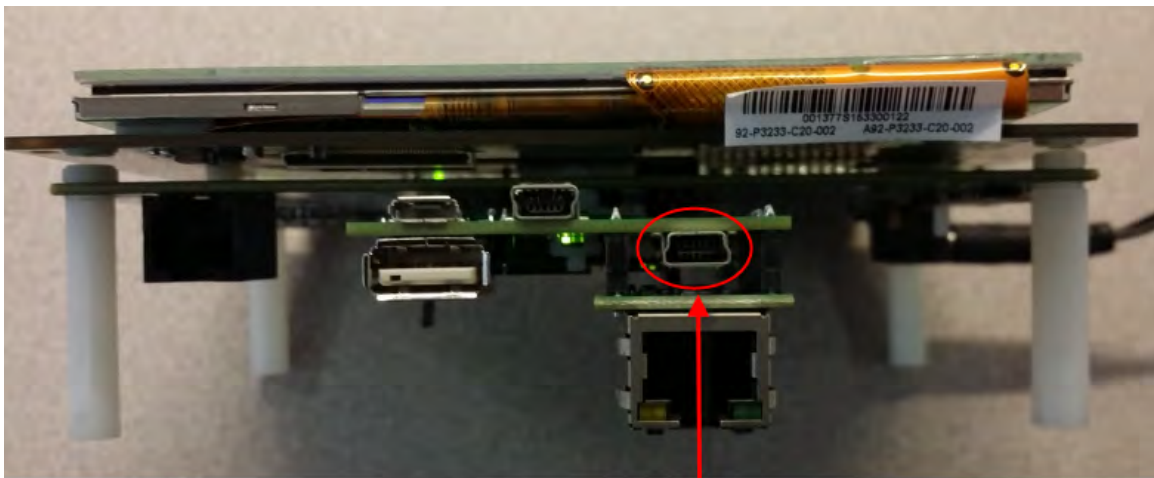
Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit and MEB II

EBIOE and LCD_PCLK (J9) must be closed. The jumper (J9) is available on the bottom side of the MEB II board.

This demonstration also has a Debug Console enabled via UART over USB. You will need a USB Type-A to USB Type-B cable. Connect the cable to the port as shown in the following figure. Also configure the terminal emulator software with the serial port settings of: 8-bit, Non-parity, 1 Stop bit, and No Flow Control.



Debug Console Port

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the GLCD WVGA demonstration.

Description

The demonstration has three modes:

- Home mode
- Full Screen Slide Show mode
- Touch Responsive Bubble mode

The side menu is rendered on the top layer, which is real-time alpha blending over two layers.



Home Mode












This mode contains a list of features that is demonstrated by the application, while demonstrating global-layer alpha blending at the same time.

Home Mode Example

Application Functions and Prototypes

a) Functions

	Name	Description
	APP_DrawBubble	Draws the bubble during Touch Responsive Bubble mode
	APP_DrawMenu	Draws the menu on Layer2 base on current state of the application

	APP_FillMenuBackBuffer	Pre-cache Menu Image Assets in a back buffer
	APP_Initialize	MPLAB Harmony application initialization routine.
	APP_IsCircle	Checks if a point (x,y) is part of the bubble or not
	APP_MoveBubble	Performs the bubble movement in Touch Responsive Bubble mode
	APP_ProcessMenu	Process touch events to the menu and handles mode transitions
	APP_SelectNewSlide	Selects a new slide
	APP_Tasks	MPLAB Harmony Demo application tasks function
	APP_TouchEventHandler	Touch event callback routine.
	APP_HandleHomeSlide	Changes transparency and images during Home Mode
	APP_PrepareHomeMode	Prepares buffers and layers in the application for Home Mode
	APP_ReceiveMenuTouch	Receives and records the touch menu event

b) Data Types and Constants

Name	Description
APP_DATA	Holds application data
APP_MODES	Application modes enumeration
APP_STATES	Application states enumeration
APP_GLCD_LAYER0_BUFFER_ADDR	Defines the base memory address for the secondary buffer for GLCD Layer 0
APP_GLCD_LAYER1_BUFFER_ADDR	Defines the base memory address for the secondary buffer for GLCD Layer 1
APP_GLCD_LAYER2_BUFFER_ADDR	Defines the base memory address for the secondary buffer for GLCD Layer 2
APP_GLCD_LAYER2_HOR_RES	The horizontal resolution of GLCD Layer 2
APP_GLCD_LAYER1_ALPHA_RESOLUTION	Determines the smoothness of the fading and showing of the Microchip and Harmony logos
APP_HOME_MODE_SEMI_TRANSPARENT_ALPHA_VALUE	Home mode uses this value to keep the Microchip and Harmony logos at semi-transparent levels
APP_TRANSPARENT_ALPHA_VALUE	Value the GLCD driver accepts as 100% transparent
APP_MENU_STATES	Application menu states enumeration

Description

Lists the functions and prototypes available for the demonstration, which are provided in the `app.h` header file.

a) Functions

APP_DrawBubble Function

Draws the bubble during Touch Responsive Bubble mode

File

`wvga_glcd_app.h`

C

```
void APP_DrawBubble ( );
```

Returns

None.

Description

This function is called every `SYS_TASK` cycle to render the bubble on Layer 1. Location to draw the bubble is based on the most recent touch location as reported by the MTCH6303 touch driver.

The function manages a double buffering scheme locally to improve visual quality. This function is responsible for rendering the entire Layer 1. This means it "brute force" color and alpha value to every single pixel of the entire 800x480 surface. Various optimization schemes were tried, none provided visual satisfactory results.

Function

```
void APP_DrawBubble ( void )
```

APP_DrawMenu Function

Draws the menu on Layer2 base on current state of the application

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
void APP_DrawMenu( );
```

Returns

None.

Description

This function is called constructs the menu at runtime based on appData.mode and appData.menuMode. It handles drawing the transition movement of the menu.

It performs all these by references to the pre-cached menu assets in the back buffer (see [APP_FillMenuBackBuffer](#)).

Function

```
void APP_DrawMenu ( void )
```

APP_FillMenuBackBuffer Function

Pre-cache Menu Image Assets in a back buffer

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
void APP_FillMenuBackBuffer( );
```

Returns

None.

Description

This function is called to pre-cache JPEG image assets to a memory location. The starting address for the location of where each image is cached is stored in appData, to be used later for drawing the menu.

The function also applies full transparent alpha value by using a ranged mask (RGB 000000 to D0D0D0) to create the smooth curved front part of the menu.

Lastly, semi-transparent alpha values is applied to every pixel of the image assets such the when the resulting menu is semi-transparent on render.

Function

```
void APP_FillMenuBackBuffer ( void )
```

APP_Initialize Function

MPLAB Harmony application initialization routine.

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
void APP_Initialize( );
```

Returns

None.

Description

This function initializes the Harmony application. It places the application in its initial state and prepares it to run so that its [APP_Tasks](#) function can be called.

Remarks

This routine must be called from the SYS_Initialize function.

Preconditions

All other system initialization routines should be called before calling this routine (in "SYS_Initialize").

Function

```
void APP_Initialize ( void )
```

APP_IsCircle Function

Checks if a point (x,y) is part of the bubble or not

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
bool APP_IsCircle(uint32_t centerX, uint32_t centerY, uint32_t x, uint32_t y);
```

Returns

true if in the circle

Description

Uses a radius checking scheme to determine whether the point is part of the circle or not

Parameters

Parameters	Description
uint32_t centerX, uint32_t centerY	cartesian coordinates of the center of the circle
uint32_t x, uint32_t y	cartesian coordinates of the point to check

Function

```
bool APP_IsCircle(uint32_t centerX, uint32_t centerY, uint32_t x, uint32_t y)
```

APP_MoveBubble Function

Performs the bubble movement in Touch Responsive Bubble mode

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
void APP_MoveBubble ( );
```

Returns

None.

Description

This function is called every APP_TASK cycle to reposition the bubble's current position based on the most recent touch position. Instead of rendering the bubble exactly at the touch point, this function performs linear interpolation between the most recent touch position with the current bubble position. This creates a pleasant movement/follow effect.

Function

```
void APP_MoveBubble ( void )
```

APP_ProcessMenu Function

Process touch events to the menu and handles mode transitions

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
void APP_ProcessMenu ( ) ;
```

Returns

None.

Description

This function is called every APP_TASK cycle to detect if a touch menu event has occurred. It handles all the initial setup required when it detects a user request to transition between modes.

Function

```
void APP_ProcessMenu ( void )
```

APP_SelectNewSlide Function

Selects a new slide

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
void APP_SelectNewSlide ( ) ;
```

Returns

None.

Description

This function is called during Slide Mode to initiate a GFX_HGC_ChangeScreen call. This triggers the code generated by Harmony Composer to change screen. The JPEG image selected for the slide is decoded in runtime in a double buffering scheme. Where the decode occurs to a draw buffer, that is swapped with the render buffer at completion of the decode. Without this scheme, the image would be rendered with a curtain effect, due to the block-by-block decoding algorithm of the JPEG decoder.

Double buffering is handled automatically by the GFX_Primitive layer.

Function

```
void APP_SelectNewSlide ( void )
```

APP_Tasks Function

MPLAB Harmony Demo application tasks function

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
void APP_Tasks ( ) ;
```

Returns

None.

Description

This routine is the Harmony Demo application's tasks function. It defines the application's state machine and core logic.

Remarks

This routine must be called from SYS_Tasks() routine.

Preconditions

The system and application initialization ("SYS_Initialize") should be called before calling this.

Function

```
void APP_Tasks ( void )
```

APP_TouchEventHandler Function

Touch event callback routine.

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
void APP_TouchEventHandler(DRV_MTCH6303_BUFFER_EVENT event, DRV_MTCH6303_BUFFER_HANDLE bufferHandle,
                           uintptr_t context);
```

Returns

None.

Description

This function is a callback function for the MTCH6303 driver to call when a touch event has occurred. The data of the touch event is cached in `appData.touchData`. If the application is in Touch Responsive Bubble mode, the application converts the raw value from the touch driver to cartesian coordinates calibrated to 800x480 WVGA resolution. It then stores the coordinates in `appData.targetX` and `targetY` as the most recent touch data.

If the touch event is in the region of the menu, it will call [APP_ReceiveMenuTouch](#) to forward the menu procession portion.

Function

```
void APP_TouchEventHandler(
    DRV_MTCH6303_BUFFER_EVENT event,
    DRV_MTCH6303_BUFFER_HANDLE bufferHandle,
    uintptr_t context);
```

APP_HandleHomeSlide Function

Changes transparency and images during Home Mode

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
void APP_HandleHomeSlide();
```

Returns

None.

Description

This function fluctuates the global-layer alpha value of Layer 1. It changes the Layer 1 image between the Harmony and Microchip Logo by pointing the GLCD to render separate buffers where the JPEG images are pre-cached.

Function

```
void APP_HandleHomeSlide ( void )
```

APP_PrepareHomeMode Function

Prepares buffers and layers in the application for Home Mode

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
void APP_PrepareHomeMode();
```

Returns

None.

Description

This function pre-caches two JPEG images (Harmony & Microchip Logos) on separate buffers to be rendered on Layer 1. It sets Layer 1's blend function to be controlled by the global-layer alpha value. It sets Layer 1's global-layer global value to 0 (full opacity).

It then points the GLCD to render the Feature list on Layer 0 and the Harmony logo on Layer 1.

Function

```
void APP_PrepareHomeMode ( void )
```

APP_ReceiveMenuTouch Function

Receives and records the touch menu event

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
void APP_ReceiveMenuTouch ( );
```

Returns

None.

Description

This function handles incoming touch event and records it as for processing by the application later in [APP_ProcessMenu](#)

Function

```
void APP_ReceiveMenuTouch ( void )
```

b) Data Types and Constants

APP_DATA Structure

Holds application data

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
typedef struct {
    uint8_t bufferIndex1;
    APP_STATES state;
    APP_MENU_STATES menuMode;
    APP_MODES mode;
    APP_MODES menuButtonMode;
    GFX_COLOR* pixelBuffer0A;
    GFX_COLOR* pixelBuffer0B;
    GFX_COLOR* pixelBuffer1A;
    GFX_COLOR* pixelBuffer1B;
    GFX_COLOR* pixelBuffer2A;
    GFX_COLOR* pixelBuffer2B;
    uint16_t targetX;
    uint16_t targetY;
    uint16_t currentX;
    uint16_t currentY;
    uint16_t menuCollapsedX;
    uint16_t menuExpandedX;
    uint32_t menuTipFrontX;
    int16_t menuTouchX;
    int16_t menuTouchY;
    bool touchContact;
    SYS_TMR_HANDLE sysTmrHandle;
    DRV_HANDLE hDrvMTCH6303;
    DRV_MTCH6303_BUFFER_HANDLE hTouchDataBuff;
    DRV_MTCH6303_TOUCH_DATA touchData;
    GFX_COLOR* backBufferMenuTip;
}
```

```

GFX_COLOR* backButtonMenuTipPressed;
GFX_COLOR* backButtonMenuTipExpanded;
GFX_COLOR* backButtonMenuButtonHome;
GFX_COLOR* backButtonMenuButtonSlides;
GFX_COLOR* backButtonMenuButtonBubble;
GFX_COLOR* backButtonMenuButtonSetting;
int backButtonWidth;
bool fadeLayer1;
int32_t layerAlpha;
GFX_RESOURCE_HDR* currentLayer1Image;
} APP_DATA;

```

Members

Members	Description
uint8_t bufferIndex1;	Index to keep track of layer1 buffers, this is use exclusively for the Touch Responsive Bubble mode
APP_STATES state;	The application's current state
APP_MENU_STATES menuMode;	The menu's current state
APP_MODES mode;	The application's current mode
APP_MODES menuButtonMode;	This is used to help track button behavior on the semi-transparent sliding menu
GFX_COLOR* pixelBuffer0A;	layer 0
GFX_COLOR* pixelBuffer0B;	Pointer to base memory address of one of the double buffers for Layer 0
GFX_COLOR* pixelBuffer1A;	Pointer to base memory address of one of the double buffers for Layer 1
GFX_COLOR* pixelBuffer1B;	Pointer to base memory address of one of the double buffers for Layer 1
GFX_COLOR* pixelBuffer2A;	Pointer to base memory address of the rendering buffer for Layer 2
GFX_COLOR* pixelBuffer2B;	Pointer to base memory address of the asset pre-cache buffer for Layer 2
uint16_t targetX;	X-coordinate for a valid touch event
uint16_t targetY;	Y-coordinate for a valid touch event
uint16_t currentX;	X-coordinate for the current location of the Touch Responsive Bubble
uint16_t currentY;	Y-coordinate for the current location of the Touch Responsive Bubble
uint16_t menuCollapsedX;	Used to store the X-coordinate location for the menu when collapsed. This value is calculated at start-up, using the resolution of Layer 2 and the width of the menu art asset.
uint16_t menuExpandedX;	Used to store the X-coordinate location for the menu when expanded. This value is calculated at start-up, using the resolution of Layer 2 and the width of the menu art assets.
uint32_t menuTipFrontX;	Used to store the X-coordinate location for the menu while the menu is in one of the transition states. This value is calculated at runtime, using the resolution of Layer 2 and the width of the menu art assets.
int16_t menuTouchX;	X-coordinate for a valid menu touch event
int16_t menuTouchY;	Y-coordinate for a valid menu touch event
bool touchContact;	Used to track if the user has stopped touching the screen Normally, this behavior can be tracked by the Touch System Service
SYS_TMR_HANDLE sysTmrHandle;	Timer System Service handle, used to track the delay between slides while the application is in the Fullscreen Slideshow mode
DRV_HANDLE hDrvMTCH6303;	MTCH6303 Driver Handle
DRV_MTCH6303_BUFFER_HANDLE hTouchDataBuff;	MTCH6303 Buffer handle
DRV_MTCH6303_TOUCH_DATA touchData;	MTCH6303 Touch Data, we are using single touch only
GFX_COLOR* backButtonMenuTip;	Pointer used to keep track of pre-cached art asset of the menu tip with the arrow un-lit
GFX_COLOR* backButtonMenuTipPressed;	Pointer used to keep track of pre-cached art asset of the menu tip with the arrow lit
GFX_COLOR* backButtonMenuTipExpanded;	Pointer used to keep track of pre-cached art asset of the menu tip with the arrow lit and pointing to the right
GFX_COLOR* backButtonMenuButtonHome;	Pointer used to keep track of pre-cached art asset of the menu buttons with the Home mode button lit
GFX_COLOR* backButtonMenuButtonSlides;	Pointer used to keep track of pre-cached art asset of the menu buttons with the Fullscreen Slideshow mode button lit
GFX_COLOR* backButtonMenuButtonBubble;	Pointer used to keep track of pre-cached art asset of the menu buttons with the Touch Responsive Bubble mode button lit
GFX_COLOR* backButtonMenuButtonSetting;	Pointer used to keep track of pre-cached art asset of the menu buttons with the Settings button lit
int backButtonWidth;	Keeps track of the total width of the back buffer
bool fadeLayer1;	If true, fades layer 1, if false, reveals layer 1
int32_t layerAlpha;	Keeps track of global alpha of layer 1

GFX_RESOURCE_HDR* currentLayer1Image;	Keeps track of the current layer 1 image
---------------------------------------	--

Description

Application Data

This structure holds the application's data.

Remarks

See inline comments for specifics.

APP_MODES Enumeration

Application modes enumeration

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
typedef enum {
    APP_MODE_HOME,
    APP_MODE_BUBBLE,
    APP_MODE_SLIDES
} APP_MODES;
```

Members

Members	Description
APP_MODE_HOME	Home mode: Microchip/ MPLAB Harmony image rendered at Layer 0 Layer 1 is disabled Layer 2 renders the semi-transparent sliding menu
APP_MODE_BUBBLE	Touch Responsive Bubble mode: Last image from previous mode rendered at Layer 0 Layer 1 renders the touch responsive dynamic alpha-blended bubble Layer 2 renders the semi-transparent sliding menu
APP_MODE_SLIDES	Full Screen Slideshow mode: Slideshow images rendered at Layer 0, cycles every 2000 msecs Layer 1 is disabled Layer 2 renders the semi-transparent sliding menu

Description

APP_MODES

This enumeration defines the valid application modes enumerations. There are three modes supported: Home, Touch Responsive Bubble and Full Screen Slideshow

Remarks

See inline comments for specifics.

APP_STATES Enumeration

Application states enumeration

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
typedef enum {
    APP_STATE_INIT = 0,
    APP_STATE_TOUCH_INIT,
    APP_STATE_TOUCH_EVENT_REGISTER,
    APP_STATE_IDLE,
    APP_STATE_MANAGE_SLIDES,
    APP_STATE_MANAGE_BUBBLE,
    APP_STATE_MANAGE_HOME
} APP_STATES;
```

Members

Members	Description
APP_STATE_INIT = 0	Application's state machine's initial state.
APP_STATE_TOUCH_INIT	MTCH6303 driver client initialize

APP_STATE_TOUCH_EVENT_REGISTER	MTCH6303 event handler set
APP_STATE_IDLE	Processes touches to the menu, handles mode switches, redraws menu if needed
APP_STATE_MANAGE_SLIDES	Manages the Full Screen Slideshow mode
APP_STATE_MANAGE_BUBBLE	Manages the Touch Responsive Bubble mode
APP_STATE_MANAGE_HOME	Manages the Home mode

Description

APP_STATES

This enumeration defines the valid application states. These states determine the behavior of the application at various times.

APP_GLCD_LAYER0_BUFFER_ADDR Macro

Defines the base memory address for the secondary buffer for GLCD Layer 0

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
#define APP_GLCD_LAYER0_BUFFER_ADDR GFX_GLCD_LAYER0_DBL_BASEADDR
```

Description

APP_GLCD_LAYER0_BUFFER_ADDR

This memory address location is defined to support a double buffer rendering scheme for layer 0.

Remarks

The address space chosen is in the DDR2 address space (0xA8000000 - 0xA9FFFFFF) unique to the PIC32MZ2048DAB288 device.

APP_GLCD_LAYER1_BUFFER_ADDR Macro

Defines the base memory address for the secondary buffer for GLCD Layer 1

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
#define APP_GLCD_LAYER1_BUFFER_ADDR GFX_GLCD_LAYER1_DBL_BASEADDR
```

Description

APP_GLCD_LAYER1_BUFFER_ADDR

This memory address location is defined to support a double buffer rendering scheme for layer 1.

Remarks

The address space chosen is in the DDR2 address space (0xA8000000 - 0xA9FFFFFF) unique to the PIC32MZ2048DAB288 device.

APP_GLCD_LAYER2_BUFFER_ADDR Macro

Defines the base memory address for the secondary buffer for GLCD Layer 2

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
#define APP_GLCD_LAYER2_BUFFER_ADDR GFX_GLCD_LAYER2_DBL_BASEADDR
```

Description

APP_GLCD_LAYER2_BUFFER_ADDR

This memory address location is defined to support a asset pre-load back buffer rendering scheme for layer 2.

Remarks

The address space chosen is in the DDR2 address space (0xA8000000 - 0xA9FFFFFF) unique to the PIC32MZ2048DAB288 device.

APP_GLCD_LAYER2_HOR_RES Macro

The horizontal resolution of GLCD Layer 2

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
#define APP_GLCD_LAYER2_HOR_RES GFX_GLCD_LAYER2_RES_X
```

Description

APP_GLCD_LAYER2_HOR_RES

This is needed for various positional cross-mapping of line buffer with screen pixel.

Remarks

The address space chosen is in the DDR2 address space (0xA8000000 - 0xA9FFFFFF) unique to the PIC32MZ2048DAB288 device.

APP_GLCD_LAYER1_ALPHA_RESOLUTION Macro

Determines the smoothness of the fading and showing of the Microchip and Harmony logos

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
#define APP_GLCD_LAYER1_ALPHA_RESOLUTION 7500
```

Description

APP_GLCD_LAYER1_ALPHA_RESOLUTION

Increases the resolution of 0 to 255 alpha value range

Remarks

Tuned to for build optimization O3 and Os

APP_HOME_MODE_SEMI_TRANSPARENT_ALPHA_VALUE Macro

Home mode uses this value to keep the Microchip and Harmony logos at semi-transparent levels

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
#define APP_HOME_MODE_SEMI_TRANSPARENT_ALPHA_VALUE 180
```

Description

APP_HOME_MODE_SEMI_TRANSPARENT_ALPHA_VALUE

This value represents watermark-like semi-transparent in RGBA8888 color scheme

APP_TRANSPARENT_ALPHA_VALUE Macro

Value the GLCD driver accepts as 100% transparent

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
#define APP_TRANSPARENT_ALPHA_VALUE 255
```

Description

APP_TRANSPARENT_ALPHA_VALUE

This value represents 100% transparent in RGBA8888 color scheme

APP_MENU_STATES Enumeration

Application menu states enumeration

File

wvga_glcd_app.h

C

```
typedef enum {
    APP_MENU_STATE_INIT,
    APP_MENU_STATE_COLLAPSED,
    APP_MENU_STATE_COLLAPSED_PRESSED,
    APP_MENU_STATE_EXPANDED,
    APP_MENU_STATE_EXPAND_TRANSITION,
    APP_MENU_STATE_COLLAPSE_TRANSITION
} APP_MENU_STATES;
```

Members

Members	Description
APP_MENU_STATE_INIT	Initial state, the menu will only be in this mode at launch
APP_MENU_STATE_COLLAPSED	State when the menu is collapsed, renders the asset showing the arrow button un-lit
APP_MENU_STATE_COLLAPSED_PRESSED	State when the menu is collapsed, renders the asset showing the arrow button lit
APP_MENU_STATE_EXPANDED	State when the menu is expanded, composes two assets to form the menu, the tip and the bar with the buttons
APP_MENU_STATE_EXPAND_TRANSITION	Transition state from collapsed to expanded
APP_MENU_STATE_COLLAPSE_TRANSITION	Transition state from expanded to collapsed

Description

APP_MENU_MODES

This enumeration defines the valid application menu states enumerations. These states determine the behavior of the sliding menu at various times.

Remarks

See inline comments for specifics.

MEB II Demonstrations

This section provides descriptions of the MEB II demonstrations.

Introduction

MEB II Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This help file describes the hardware requirements and procedures to run the MEB II-related firmware projects.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Demonstrations

This topic provides information on how to run the MEB II demonstration applications included in this release.

gfx_camera

Provides information on the gfx_camera demonstration and application requirements.

Description

The gfx_camera demo (`apps/meb_ii/gfx_camera/firmware/gfx_camera.X`) exercises the Omnivision camera sensor running on the MEB II. It utilizes LCC graphics with the DMA of the PIC32 to bring graphics from a camera sensor to an LCD without the need of a graphics controller.

Application Process

Prior to running the demonstration, an application needs to perform the following steps:

1. The system should have completed necessary setup initializations.
2. The I2C driver object should have been initialized by calling `DRV_I2C_Initialize`.
3. The Timer driver object should have been initialized by calling `DRV_Timer_Initialize`.
4. The Output Control driver object should have been initialized by calling `DRV_OC_Initialize`.
5. The Camera OVM7690 driver object should have been initialized by calling `DRV_CAMERA_OVM7690_Initialize`.
6. Open the Camera OVM7690 driver client by calling `DRV_CAMERA_OVM7690_Open`.
7. Pass the Graphics Frame buffer address to Camera OVM7690 Driver by calling `DRV_CAMERA_OVM7690_FrameBufferAddressSet`.
8. Set the Frame Rectangle area by calling `DRV_CAMERA_OVM7690_FrameRectSet`.
9. Set Other Camera settings such as: soft reset, enabling `pclk`, enabling `href`, enabling `vsync`, output color format, reversing HREF polarity, gating clock to the HREF, pixel clock frequency, sub-sampling mode by calling `DRV_CAMERA_OVM7690_RegisterSet`.
10. Start the Camera OVM7690 by calling `DRV_CAMERA_OVM7690_Start`.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Graphics Library Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `gfx_camera.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/meb_ii/gfx_camera`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
gfx_camera.X	<install-dir>/apps/meb_ii/gfx_camera/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) connected to the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

Jumper J9 on the MEB II should be set to (EBIWE – LCD_PCLK).

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run demonstration.

Description

Use the following procedure to run the demonstration:

1. Load demonstration project into MPLAB X IDE.
2. Connect the mini-B debugger port on-board the starter kit to a USB port on the Development computer using the USB cable provided in the kit.
3. Build, Download, and Run demonstration project on the target board.
4. An image should appear on the WQVGA LCD displaying the information from the camera sensor.

gfx_cdc_com_port_single

This demonstration application creates a GFX USB CDC Device that enumerates as a single COM port on the host personal computer. The application demonstrates two-way communication between the USB device and the personal computer host. The application allows the user to enter keypad digits and a backspace from a PC host USB/Serial program to the GFX UI keypad edit box display.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Graphics Library Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `gfx_cdc_com_port_single.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/meb_ii/gfx_cdc_com_port_single`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>gfx_cdc_com_port_single.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/meb_ii/gfx_cdc_com_port_single/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) connected to the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration allows the device to appear like a serial (COM) port to the host.

1. To run this demonstration first compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the `pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2` configuration. Attach the device to the host. If the host is a personal computer and this is the first time you have connected this device to the computer, you may be asked for an `.inf` file.
2. Select the Install from a list or specific location (Advanced) option. Point to the `<install_dir>/apps/usb/cdc_com_port_single/inf` directory.
3. Once the device is successfully installed, open up a terminal program, such as HyperTerminal. Select the appropriate COM port. On most machines this will be COM4 or higher.
4. Once connected to the device, there are two ways to run this example project. Typing a numerical key in the terminal window will result in the device echoing the key pressed onto the terminal and in the text box displayed onto the MEB II board display.



Note: Some terminal programs, such as HyperTerminal, require users to click the disconnect button before removing the device from the computer. Failing to do so may result in having to close and open the program again to reconnect to the device.

gfx_photo_frame

This demonstration application shows the capabilities of GFX, USB middleware, and the SQI. In this demonstration, off-chip SQI Flash memory (SST26VF032) is used as a medium to store images through the USB-CDC, XMODEM protocol, and then render those images on the MEB II display through the GFX Stack.

The demonstration includes four example WQVGA-aligned images, which are downloaded onto the SQI Flash at different locations, and then displayed on the screen through COM port commands and also rendered as slides through push button.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Graphics Photo Frame Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `gfx_photo_frame.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/meb_ii/gfx_photo_frame`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>gfx_photo_frame.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/meb_ii/gfx_photo_frame/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) connected to the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

The MEB II has two memory options: External or Internal. This demonstration is supported in Internal mode only. Before running the demonstration, ensure that the EBIWE and LCD_PCLK (J9) pins on the MEB II are closed.


Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run demonstration.


Description

Use the following procedure to run the demonstration:

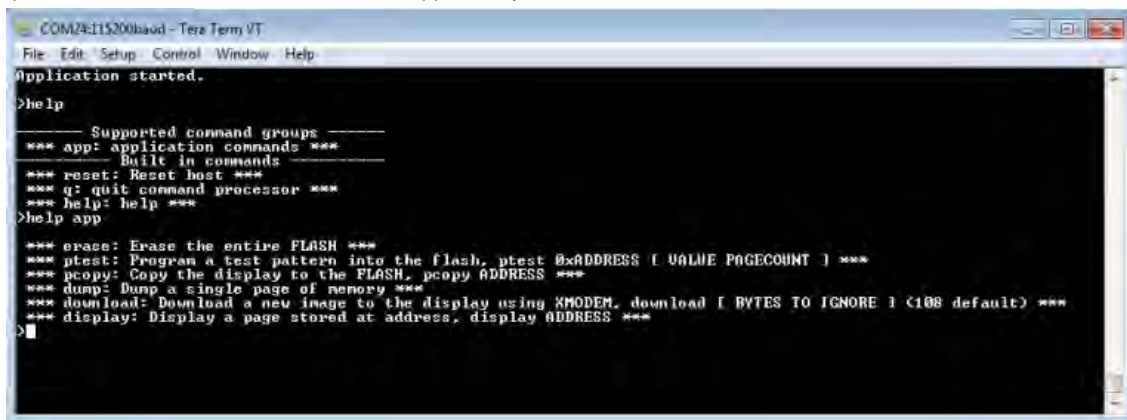
1. Load the demonstration project into MPLAB X IDE.
2. Connect the MEB II to the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
3. Connect the mini-B debugger port on-board the starter kit to a USB port on the development computer using the USB cable provided in the kit. In addition, connect the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the starter kit. This will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. To communicate with the software, connect to this device through a standard terminal program and set the baud rate to 921,600 baud.

 **Note:** In case the USB driver is not automatically recognized by the development computer, please use the driver support files provided in <install-dir>/apps/meb_ii/gfx_photo_frame/inf to update the driver.

4. Build, Download, and Run the demonstration project on the target board.
5. Once the MEB II display goes blank, launch a console client (OS native/Tera Term, etc.), select the serial port, and set the serial port settings to 115200-N-1

 **Note:** Focusing in console client and pressing the Enter key should show the 'Application started' string in the console indicating proper start of application.

6. Press Enter again in the console client to see the '>' prompt, indicating the demonstration is ready to take commands.
7. Send a 'help' command to see the list of commands supported by the demonstration.



```

COM24:115200baud - Tera Term VT
File Edit Setup Control Window Help
Application started.
>help
----- Supported command groups -----
*** app: application commands ***
----- Built in commands -----
*** reset: Reset host ***
*** q: quit command processor ***
*** help: help ***
>help app
*** erase: Erase the entire FLASH ***
*** ptest: Program a test pattern into the flash. ptest BxADDRESS [ VALUE PAGECOUNT ] ***
*** pcopy: Copy the display to the FLASH. pcopy ADDRESS ***
*** dump: Dump a single page of memory ***
*** download: Download a new image to the display using XMODEM. download [ BYTES TO IGNORE ] (108 default) ***
*** display: Display a page stored at address, display ADDRESS ***
>

```

8. Send an 'erase' command to erase the entire SQI Flash. The console will return 'Erasing FLASH' followed by 'Erase complete' to indicate completion of erase operation.
9. Send a 'display 0x00000000' command (which will display a frame at address '0' of SQI Flash) and notice that the MEB II display turns white, as in the erased state, the SQI Flash has all 'F' characters, which will be loaded into the frame buffer.
10. Send a 'ptest 0x00000000 0xf800 0x20' command to load a test pattern into the SQI Flash, which writes the first 32 pages in Flash with 0x20 (RED) pattern. The console will return 'Programming test pattern complete', once the test pattern is loaded into the SQI Flash.
11. Send a 'display 0x00000000' command and notice the first couple of lines on the display turn RED.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `pic32_eth_web_server.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration. The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/meb_ii/gfx_web_server_nvm_mpfs`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>pic32_eth_web_server.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/meb_ii/gfx_web_server_nvm_mpfs/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) connected to the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II


No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run demonstration.


Description

To view the web page hosted by the demonstration application, open a web browser and direct it to the board running the HTTP server by typing the URL in the address bar (for example, `http://mchpboard_e`), and then pressing **Enter**.

 **Note:** The NetBIOS name of the TCP/IP application is specified at the time the TCP/IP stack is initialized, which is usually in the `hostName` member of the `tcPIP_stack_init.c:: TCPIP_HOSTS_CONFIGURATION` structure. The NetBIOS service must be enabled for the PIC32 demonstration to respond to NetBIOS queries. Alternatively, you can use the IPv4 or IPv6 address (if IPv6 is enabled) of the board directly, for example, `http://192.168.1.131` or `http://[fdfe:dcb:9876:1:204:a3ff:fe12:128e]`.

Please use the following procedure to run the demonstration:

1. Load the demonstration project into MPLAB X IDE.
2. Connect the mini-B debugger port on-board the starter kit to a USB port on the development computer using the USB cable provided in the kit.
3. Connect the RJ-45 Ethernet port on the starter kit to a network hub or an Ethernet port on the development computer using the Ethernet patch cord provided in the kit.
4. Build, Download, and Run the demonstration project on the target board.
5. A HTTP server is hosted by the demonstration application. Open a web browser and type `http://<ip address>`. The IP address is displayed on the graphical user interface.
 - *Real-time hardware control and Dynamic Variables* - On the Overview page the LEDs can be clicked to toggle LEDs on the starter kit. The buttons on the board can be pressed to see the buttons on the web page toggle. The dynamic variables can be updated in real time on the HTTP server.

 **Note:** LED functionality part of the demonstration is somewhat limited due to errata items related to the functional multiplexing on GPIO and Ethernet pins.

- *Form Processing* - Input can be handled from the client by using GET and POST methods.
- *Authentication* - Shows an example to restricted access feature commonly used.
- *Cookies* - Shows the example of storing small text strings on the client side.

- *File Uploads* - Shows an example of file upload using POST method. The HTTP server can accept a user defined MPFS/MPFS2 image file for web pages.
- *Send E-mail* - Shows a simple SMTP POST methods.
- *Dynamic DNS* - Exercise Dynamic DNS capabilities.
- *Network Configuration* - MAC address, host name and IP address of the PIC32 EF Starter Kit board can be viewed in the Network Configuration page and some configuration can be updated.

segger_emwin

This demonstration shows basic and advanced capabilities of the SEGGER emWin Graphics Library utilizing the software graphics controller on a LCD display.

Description

The segger_emwin demonstration provides the ability to display some of the many features supported by the SEGGER emWin Graphics Library as a simple Graphical User Interface (GUI) demonstration.

SEGGER emWin is designed to provide an efficient, processor and LCD controller-independent GUI for any application that operates with a graphical LCD. Some of the features demonstrated in the application include GUIs showing alpha blending, sprites, radial menu operations, listing and tree widget features, multiple layer and drawing on the layers, use of different image formats, coloring features provided by the library, etc.

Currently, the demonstration includes the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit on a Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II), which has controllerless graphics on a WQVGA LCD display.

This demonstration requires the use of internal memory (SRAM). The memory setting must be configured with a hardware jumper and corresponding MHC setting needs to be selected.

Important! ★

To set up the internal memory, a jumper setting on the board is required. Failure to configure this jumper setting will prevent the display from working, although the software may still run. See [Configuring the Hardware](#) for details on the appropriate jumper settings.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SEGGER emWin MEB II Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `segger_emwin.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/meb_ii/segger_emwin`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
segger_emwin.X	<install-dir>/apps/meb_ii/segger_emwin/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) connected to the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

The MEB II has two memory options, External or Internal; however, this demonstration must be run in Internal mode by implementing the following settings:

- EBIWE and LCD_PCLK (J9) must be closed. This jumper is located on the bottom of the MEB II

- Ensure that any MHC setting is defined to only use internal SRAM. The current internal/external memory setting for the application can be verified in MHC by selecting *Harmony Framework Configuration > Drivers > Graphics Controllers > LCC > Use LCC Driver > Memory Interface Mode*

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows the Graphics Library interfacing with the Low-Cost Controllerless (LCC) software display controller. The demonstration displays some of the many features supported by the SEGGER emWin graphics library as a simple GUI demonstration.

Use the following procedure to run the demonstration:

1. Load the demonstration project into MPLAB X IDE.
2. Build, Download, and Run the demonstration project on the target board (see **Note**).
3. This is a GUI only demonstration; there is no touch input being processed.



Note: Upon building, the `pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2` configuration warnings related to the Floating Point Unit. This is due to the fact that emWin does not support floating point even though the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit has a floating point unit.

Demonstration Screens

The following are the different screens that demonstrate the various graphics features:

- **Radial menu** - Select an icon from a radial menu. Changing the selection is done using emWin motion support.
- **Bargraph demo** - Shows a bar graph using alpha blending
- **Antialiased text** - Shows anti-aliased text with different anti-aliasing qualities. Outputs anti-aliased text on different backgrounds (2 bpp, 4 bpp)
- **Transparent dialog** - Uses alpha blending for transparency effect on moving background
- **Washing machine** - Shows a washing machine demonstration with blue dolphin sprites moving on top of the application
- **Iconview demo** - Uses the ICONVIEW widget for showing an icon-based menu, which is often required in hand held devices. Shows the change of selection and change of icon text alignment.
- **Treeview widget** - Shows a customized TREEVIEW widget. Demonstrates hierarchical view of items in a directory and some sprites, show/hide lines, moving cursor, open/close nodes, change selection modes, setting images, show/hide lines.
- **Listview widget** - Shows the use of a LISTVIEW widget. Demonstrates changing order, enable sorting, using reverse/normal sorting order, moving rows, coloring row/column individual elements in the list.
- **Drawing a graph** - Uses the GRAPH widget to visualize a function graph (e.g., heartbeat, sine waves)
- **High speed** - Demonstrates multi-layer clipping and highly optimized drivers
- **Pixels speed** - Demonstrates pixel speed as pixels per seconds
- **Bitmaps** - Demonstrates *.BMP files by displaying all bitmaps of the Windows directory. Palette-based bitmaps, changing the palette, bmp, gif, jpeg, 12, 16, 24 bpp formats, alpha bitmaps, changing color, grayscale bitmaps.
- **Color bar** - Shows a color bar with gradient bars (Black > Color, White > Color). Integrated color management, which finds the optimized color for any logical color.

RTOS Demonstrations

This section provides descriptions of the RTOS demonstrations.

Introduction

RTOS Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains a variety of RTOS-based firmware projects that demonstrate the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony services and stacks integrated with RTOS running on PIC32 devices. This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run these firmware projects on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To learn more about MPLAB Harmony stacks and libraries refer to the related documentation in Volume IV: MPLAB Harmony Framework Reference.

Source Code Disclaimers

OPENRTOS

The OPENRTOS demonstrations provided in MPLAB Harmony use the OPENRTOS evaluation license, which is meant for demonstration purposes only. Customers desiring development and production on OPENRTOS must procure a suitable license. Please refer to one of the following documents, which are located in the `third-party` folder of the MPLAB Harmony installation, for information on obtaining an evaluation license for your device:

- `OpenRTOS Click Thru Eval License PIC32Mxxx.pdf`
- `OpenRTOS Click Thru Eval License PIC32Mzxx.pdf`

Micrium

All μ C/OS-III demonstrations have added the `crt0.S` "C" run-time library start-up file to the project. The demonstration sets the linker option "do not link startup code". This is necessary for μ C/OS-III to work correctly with PIC32 devices as the general exception vector is located in `crt0.S`. μ C/OS-III overrides this interrupt source (general exception handler) to perform OS-specific functionality.

If the user wants to implement their own application using μ C/OS-III and a PIC32 device, they must add the `crt0.S` file to their project and override the general exception interrupt vector. See the current RTOS examples for this implementation.

A `crt0.S` template file can be found in the MPLAB XC32 C/C++ Compiler installation directory:

```
..\Microchip\xc32\<version>\pic32-libs\libpic32.
```

★ Important!

The Micrium μ C/OS-II and μ C/OS-III source code that is distributed with MPLAB Harmony is for FREE short-term evaluation, for educational use, or peaceful research. If you plan or intend to use μ C/OS-II and μ C/OS-III in a commercial application/product, you need to contact Micrium to properly license μ C/OS-II and μ C/OS-III for its use in your application/product. The source code is provided for your convenience and to help you experience μ C/OS-II and μ C/OS-III. The fact the source is provided does NOT mean that you can use it commercially without paying a licensing fee. Knowledge of the source code may NOT be used to develop a similar product. If you are unsure about whether you need to obtain a license for your application, please contact Micrium and discuss the intended use with a sales representative (www.micrium.com).

Express Logic ThreadX

The source code for the ThreadX RTOS is not freely distributed. To obtain source code and the proper licensing agreement go to the Express Logic ThreadX website: <http://rtos.com/products/threadx/>.

SEGGER embOS

The source code for the SEGGER embOS RTOS is not freely distributed. To obtain source code and the proper licensing agreement go to the SEGGER embOS website: <https://www.segger.com/license-models.html>.

Express Logic ThreadX Demonstrations

basic

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

Source Code Disclaimer

The source code for this ThreadX RTOS demonstration is not freely distributed. To obtain source code and the proper licensing agreement go to

the Express Logic ThreadX website: <http://rtos.com/products/threadx/>. So that ThreadX can work with the applicable MPLAB Harmony demonstrations, install the source in the following location: `<install-dir>/third_party/rtos/ThreadX/`.

The demonstrations will not compile unless the source code is provided and installed in the correct location.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the ThreadX Basic Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `basic_threadx.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/rtos/threadx/basic`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>basic_threadx.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/rtos/threadx/basic</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_microMIPS</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit in microMIPS™ mode.
<code>pic32mx_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code> , <code>pic32mx_usb_sk3</code> , <code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code> , and <code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	This configuration runs on PIC32MX-based starter kits: PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit, PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II, PIC32 USB Starter Kit II, PIC32 USB Starter Kit III.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit, PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II, PIC32 USB Starter Kit II, and PIC32 USB Starter Kit III

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the ThreadX basic demonstration.

Description

Once the demonstration is up and running an LED will toggle every 500 ms. This demonstration will show the RTOS running with the selected hardware.

gfx

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

Source Code Disclaimer

The source code for this ThreadX RTOS demonstration is not freely distributed. To obtain source code and the proper licensing agreement go to the Express Logic ThreadX website: <http://rtos.com/products/threadx/>. So that ThreadX can work with the applicable MPLAB Harmony demonstrations, install the source in the following location: `<install-dir>/third_party/rtos/ThreadX/`.

The demonstrations will not compile unless the source code is provided and installed in the correct location.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the ThreadX and MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `gfx_threadx.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/rtos/threadx/gfx`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>gfx_threadx.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/rtos/threadx/gfx</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_meb</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2+meb</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and the MEB.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and the MEB II.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II with MEB

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the ThreadX and MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library Demonstration.

Description

Power the board, open the demonstration with MPLAB X IDE, and then build and load the demonstration. The LCD screen color will change every 500 ms, and user LEDs will toggle every 500 ms.

There are two tasks in the application, and three interrupts in this application/system.

The lowest priority task, `LEDblinkTask`, controls toggling of the LEDs. The highest priority task, `DisplayTask`, changes the color of the LCD screen by calling the appropriate MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library function.

The CPU core timer hardware interrupt is used by the RTOS to source the RTOS Tick. DMA channel 1 interrupt is used to call the appropriate MPLAB Harmony graphics driver function, which takes all graphics work queued up by the application and physically writes it out to the LCD display. `SYSCALL` general exception is invoked by the RTOS and is used to process the task context switch routine.

gfx_usb

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

Source Code Disclaimer

The source code for this ThreadX RTOS demonstration is not freely distributed. To obtain source code and the proper licensing agreement go to the Express Logic ThreadX website: <http://rtos.com/products/threadx/>. So that ThreadX can work with the applicable MPLAB Harmony demonstrations, install the source in the following location: `<install-dir>/third_party/rtos/ThreadX/`.

The demonstrations will not compile unless the source code is provided and installed in the correct location.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the ThreadX and MPLAB Harmony Graphics and USB Library Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `gfx_usb_threadx.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/rtos/threadx`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>gfx_usb_threadx.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/rtos/threadx/gfx_usb</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and the MEB II.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_meb</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2+meb</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and the MEB.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II with MEB

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the ThreadX and MPLAB Harmony Graphics plus USB Library.

Description

Power the board, open the demonstration with MPLAB X IDE, and then build and load the demonstration. A USB keyboard will be emulated when a micro USB cable is plugged into J4 on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit. Keystrokes, a-z and 1-9, will be sent when the push button SW3 is pressed. The LCD screen color will change every 500 ms, and the user LED, D3, will toggle every 500 ms.

There are four tasks and five interrupts used in this application/system.

SystemUSBDeviceTask is the highest priority task and is responsible for getting all USB data queued up by the application ready for sending over the USB by calling the appropriate MPLAB Harmony USB stack function. ApplicationUSBDeviceTask is the next highest priority task.

ApplicationUSBDeviceTask emulates the keyboard key presses when it detects that the push button SW3 is being pressed. ApplicationDisplayTask changes the color of the entire LCD screen by calling the appropriate MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library function. ApplicationLEDBlinkTask is the lowest priority task and toggles the user LED, D3, every 500 ms.

CPU core timer hardware interrupt is used by the RTOS to source the RTOS Tick. The Timer2 hardware interrupt is used to call the MPLAB Harmony Timer Driver function. This is a hardware requirement of the MPLAB Harmony USB stack. A DMA channel 1 interrupt is used to call the appropriate MPLAB Harmony graphics driver function, which takes all graphics work queued up the application and physically writes it out to the LCD display. A USB general event interrupt is used to call the appropriate MPLAB Harmony USB driver function, which takes all USB data queued up by the application and physically writes it out to the USB hardware. A SYSCALL general exception, is invoked by the RTOS and is used to process the task context switch routine.

usb

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

Source Code Disclaimer

The source code for this ThreadX RTOS demonstration is not freely distributed. To obtain source code and the proper licensing agreement go to the Express Logic ThreadX website: <http://rtos.com/products/threadx/>. So that ThreadX can work with the applicable MPLAB Harmony demonstrations, install the source in the following location: `<install-dir>/third_party/rtos/ThreadX/`.

The demonstrations will not compile unless the source code is provided and installed in the correct location.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the ThreadX and MPLAB Harmony Graphics plus USB Library Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `usb_threadx.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/rtos/threadx/usb`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
usb_threadx.X	<install-dir>/apps/rtos/threadx/usb

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
pic32mx_usb_sk2	pic32mx_usb_sk2	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the ThreadX and MPLAB Harmony USB Library demonstration.

Description

Power the board, open the demonstration with MPLAB X IDE, and then build and load the demonstration. A USB keyboard will be emulated when a micro USB cable is plugged into J4 on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit. Keystrokes, a-z and 1-9, will be sent when the push button SW3 is pressed. The user LED, D3, will toggle every 500 ms.

There are three tasks and four interrupts used in this application/system.

SystemUSBDeviceTask is the highest priority task and is responsible for getting all USB data queued up by the application ready for sending over the USB by calling the appropriate MPLAB Harmony USB stack function. ApplicationUSBDeviceTask is the next highest priority task.

ApplicationUSBDeviceTask emulates the keyboard key presses when it detects that the push button SW3 is being pressed.

ApplicationLEDblinkTask is the lowest priority task and toggles the user LED, D3, every 500 ms.

CPU core timer hardware interrupt is used by the RTOS to source the RTOS Tick. The Timer2 hardware interrupt is used to call the MPLAB Harmony Timer Driver function. USB general event interrupt is used to call the appropriate MPLAB Harmony USB driver function, which takes all USB data queued up by the application and physically writes it out to the USB hardware. The SYSCALL general exception is invoked by the RTOS and is used to process the task context switch routine.

FreeRTOS Demonstrations

basic

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

The demonstration blinks the three user LEDs on a starter kit to show the RTOS threads that are running and to indicate status.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the FreeRTOS Basic Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `basic_freertos.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/rtos/freertos`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>basic_freertos.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/rtos/freertos/basic</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP(s) Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code> , <code>pic32mx_usb_sk3</code> , <code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code> , and <code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	This configuration runs on PIC32MX-based starter kits: PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit, PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II, PIC32 USB Starter Kit II, PIC32 USB Starter Kit III.
<code>pic32mx_sk_mips16</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code> , <code>pic32mx_usb_sk3</code> , <code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code> , and <code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	This configuration runs on PIC32MX-based starter kits in MIPS16 mode: PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit, PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II, PIC32 USB Starter Kit II, PIC32 USB Starter Kit III.
<code>pic32mz_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_microMIPS</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit in microMIPS™ mode

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit, PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II, PIC32 USB Starter Kit II, and PIC32 USB Starter Kit III

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the FreeRTOS basic demonstration.

Description

Please use the following procedure to run the demonstration:

1. Load the demonstration project into MPLAB X IDE.
2. Connect the mini-B debugger port on-board either the PIC32MX or PIC32MZ target board to a USB port on the development computer using the USB cable provided in the kit.
3. Build, download, and run the demonstration project on the target board.

The demonstration application features the following:

- Application creates one queue and four tasks. One task that sends the data using the FreeRTOS queue to the two tasks that wait for the data in the queue. (QueueReceiveTask2 priority is higher than the QueueReceiveTask1 priority.)
- QueueReceiveTask2 receives the data first, toggles the LED, and then sleeps for the specified time
- QueueReceiveTask1 receives the next data since QueueReceiveTask2 is not in running state
- QueueReceiveTask1 receives the data, toggles the LED and waits for the data arrival

cdc_com_port_dual

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

This RTOS based demonstration application creates a USB CDC Device that enumerates as two serial ports on the USB Host personal computer. This application demonstrates the ability of the MPLAB Harmony USB Stack to operate in an Real-Time Operating System (this example uses FreeRTOS) and to support multiple instances of the same device class.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for this demonstration application.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `cdc_com_port_dual.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/rtos/freertos/cdc_com_port_dual`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>cdc_com_port_dual.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/rtos/freertos/cdc_com_port_dual/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Select this configuration to run the demonstration application on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II in Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk	Select this configuration to run the demonstration application on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit in Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	Select this configuration to run the demonstration application on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit in Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

Remove jumper JP2.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

Remove jumper JP1.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the `cdc_com_port_dual` demonstration.

Description

Refer to the [Running the Demonstration](#) topic for the bare-metal (non RTOS) version of the `cdc_com_port_dual` demonstration applications for running the demonstration.

The demonstration application contains six tasks. A description of these tasks is as follows:

- The FrameworkTasks task is created in the `SYS_Tasks` function. This task calls the USB Device Layer Tasks function (`USB_DEVICE_Tasks`). The priority of this task is designed to be the lowest when compared to the priorities of other tasks. Hence this task runs when all other tasks are either in blocked state or not ready to run.
- The `APP_USB_DEVICE_Open` task is created in the `APP_Tasks` function. This task creates all the semaphores and message queues needed for the application. It creates 4 tasks which implement the application logic. It attempts to open the Device Layer and then blocks on the `xSemaphoreBlockUsbConfigure` semaphore. The `xSemaphoreBlockUsbConfigure` is given in the USB Device Layer Event Handler when the device is configured by the Host. The task then resumes the 4 application logic tasks and suspends itself.
- The `APP_CDC1Read` Task is created in the `APP_USB_DEVICE_Open` task. It schedules a read on the CDC1 instance and then blocks on the CDC1 instance `xSemaphoreCDCReadComplete` semaphore. This semaphore is given in the Read Complete event in the CDC Application Event Handler. The task will then post the data that it has received from the Host to the CDC 1 instance Message Queue.
- The `APP_CDC2Read` Task is created in the `APP_USB_DEVICE_Open` task. It schedules a read on the CDC2 instance and then blocks on the CDC2 instance `xSemaphoreCDCReadComplete` semaphore. This semaphore is given in the Read Complete event in the CDC Application Event Handler. The task will then post the data that it has received from the Host to the CDC 1 instance Message Queue.
- The `APP_CDC1Write` Task is created in the `APP_USB_DEVICE_Open` task. It blocks on the CDC 2 message queue. When `APP_CDC2Read` Task posts a message to this queue, the `APP_CDC1Write` gets ready to run and writes the data (received on the queue) to the CDC 1. This data is then transferred to the Host.
- The `APP_CDC2Write` Task is created in the `APP_USB_DEVICE_Open` task. It blocks on the CDC 1 message queue. When `APP_CDC1Read` Task posts a message to this queue, the `APP_CDC2Write` gets ready to run and writes the data (received on the queue) to the CDC 2. This data is then transferred to the Host.

`cdc_msd_basic`

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for this demonstration application.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `cdc_msd_basic.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration. The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/rtos/freertos/cdc_msd_basic`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>cdc_msd_basic.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/rtos/freertos/cdc_msd_basic/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Select this configuration to run the demonstration application on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II in Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

JP2 should be in place if the attached USB device is bus-powered. It should be removed if the attached USB device is self-powered.

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit

Remove jumper JP1.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the `cdc_msd_basic` demonstration.

Description

This USB Host demonstration application exercises the CDC and MSD interfaces on the attached composite USB device.

1. Open the project in MPLAB X IDE and select the desired project configuration.
2. Build the code and program the device.
3. Follow the directions for setting up and running the [cdc_serial_emulator_msd](#) USB device demonstration.
4. Connect the UART (P1) port on the Explorer 16 Development Board (running the `cdc_serial_emulator_msd` demonstration) to a USB Host personal computer via a commercially available Serial-to-USB Dongle.
5. Start a terminal program on the USB Host personal computer and select the Serial-to-USB Dongle as the communication port. Select the baud rate as 9600, no parity, 1 Stop bit and no flow control.
6. Connect the mini – B connector on the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board, of the `cdc_serial_emulator_msd` demonstration setup, to the Type-A USB host connector on the starter kit.
7. A prompt (DATA :) will be displayed immediately on the terminal emulation program.
8. Type a string less than 12 characters and press the <Enter> key. The string entered here will be stored in the MSD device in a file named `file.txt`.
9. Step 8 can be repeated. Data entered in the prompt will be appended to the file.
10. Unplug the USB Device from the Host and connect it a personal computer host to examine the contents of the Mass Storage Device. This should contain a file named `file.txt` and this should contain the data that was entered at the terminal program prompt.

Tasks

This USB Host demonstration application contains four tasks. Descriptions of these tasks is as follows:

- The `FrameworkTasks` task is created in the `SYS_Tasks` function. This task calls the USB Host Layer Tasks function (`USB_HOST_Tasks`). The priority of this task is designed to be the lowest when compared to the priorities of other tasks. Hence this tasks runs when all other tasks are either in blocked state or not ready to run.
- The `APP_USB_HOST_Open` task is created in the `APP_Tasks` function. This task creates all the semaphores and message queues needed for the application. It creates two tasks that implement the application logic. It attempts to open the Host Layer and then enable USB Host

Operation. The task then resumes the two application logic tasks and suspends itself.

- The APP_USBHostCDCTask Task is created in the APP_USB_HOST_Open task. It blocks on xSemaphoreUSBCDCAttach semaphore. This semaphore is given in the Application CDC Class Driver event handler when a CDC device is enumerated. The task then prints a prompt and schedules a read from the CDC interface of the attached USB device. When data is available, it posts the xSemaphoreCDCReadComplete semaphore.
- The APP_USBHostMSDTask Task is created in the APP_USB_HOST_Open task. It blocks on the xSemaphoreUSBMSDAttach semaphore. This semaphore is given in the Application MSD event Handler when a MSD device is enumerated. The task then mounts the attached storage media and then blocks on the xSemaphoreCDCReadComplete semaphore. The xSemaphoreCDCReadComplete semaphore is given by the APP_USBHostCDCTask task when the CDC Host has received data. The APP_USBHostMSDTask Task will then open a file on the mounted drive and will append the data (received from CDC) in the file. It closes the file, and then appends on xSemaphoreCDCReadComplete semaphore again.

gfx

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the FreeRTOS and MPLAB Harmony Graphics Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `gfx_freertos.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/rtos/freertos`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>gfx_freertos.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/rtos/freertos/gfx</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and the MEB II.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and the MEB II.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_meb</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2+meb</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and the MEB.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit with the MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with the MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II with the MEB

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the FreeRTOS RTOS with Graphics demonstration.

Description

Power the board, open the demonstration with MPLAB X IDE, and then build and load the demonstration. The LCD screen color will change every 500 ms, and user LEDs will toggle every 500 ms.

There are two tasks in the application, and three interrupts in this application/system.

The lowest priority task, LEDblinkTask, controls toggling of the LEDs. The highest priority task, DisplayTask, changes the color of the LCD screen, by calling the appropriate MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library function.

The Timer1 hardware interrupt is used by the RTOS to source the RTOS Tick. DMA channel 1 interrupt is used to call the appropriate MPLAB Harmony graphics driver function, which takes all graphics work queued up the application and physically write it out to the LCD display. Software interrupt 0, is invoked by the RTOS and is used to process the task context switch routine.

tcpip_client_server

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

The TCP/IP Client Server application, `tcpip_client_server`, demonstrates how to run multiple TCP and UDP servers and clients using the TCP/IP Stack in an RTOS environment. The demonstration also has the HTTP Web server running using the Non-Volatile Memory (NVM) Microchip Proprietary File System (MPFS) to store the web pages in the internal PIC32 Flash.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the FreeRTOS and MPLAB Harmony TCP/IP Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `tcpip_client_server.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/rtos/freertos`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>tcpip_client_server.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/rtos/freertos/tcpip_client_server/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit and the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

No jumper settings are required for this configuration.

The demonstration makes extensive use of the UART. To use the UART output, you will need to connect an RS-232 level-shifter to UART2 on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board. From J11, connect U2TX (48) to the level-shifter TX and connect U2RX (46) to the level-shifter RX. Use any +5V and GND to complete the wiring of the RS-232 level-shifter. The baud rate is 115.2 kBaud, N81.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit connected to the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

No jumper settings are required for this configuration.

The demonstration makes extensive use of the UART. To use the UART output, you will need to connect an RS-232 level-shifter to UART2 on the

Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board. From J11, connect U2TX (48) to the level-shifter TX and connect U2RX (46) to the level-shifter RX. Use any +5V and GND to complete the wiring of the RS-232 level-shifter. The baud rate is 115.2 kBaud, N81.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the FreeRTOS RTOS with TCP/IP demonstration.

Description

To run the demonstration application, apply power to the board, open the demonstration with MPLAB X IDE, and then build and load the demonstration.

This demonstration runs IPv4 only on the Ethernet interface. To view the Web page hosted by the demonstration application, open a Web browser and direct it to the board running the HTTP server by typing the URL in the address bar (for example, http://mchpboard_e), and then pressing **Enter**.



Notes:

1. The NetBIOS name of the TCP/IP application is specified at the time the TCP/IP stack is initialized, which is usually in the `hostName` member of the `tcpip_stack_init.c`: `TCPIP_HOSTS_CONFIGURATION` structure. The NetBIOS service must be enabled for the PIC32 demonstration to respond to NetBIOS queries (the NetBIOS service is enabled by default for this demo). Alternatively, you can use the IPv4 of the board directly, for example, <http://192.168.1.131>.
2. The IPv4 address can be obtained from running the TCP/IP Discovery application on the PC side. It requires that the TCP/IP Announce module is enabled when building the stack (the Announce module is enabled by default in this application).

Advanced Features

To use the advanced features of this demonstration, a system console must be enabled for the application. A serial console is preferred and is enabled by default for the demonstration. Alternatively, the application can be reconfigured using MHC to use the USB console.

The PIC32MZ configuration has Telnet enabled by default. A Telnet connection could be also used for delivering the commands needed by the application. On the PIC32MX configuration, the Telnet module is *not* enabled due to limited memory resources.

The PIC32MZ configuration is preferred for running this demonstration as the PIC32MX version may run out of memory at run-time.

TCP/IP Tasks

There are four TCP/IP tasks in the application that demonstrate the use of IPv4 TCP and UDP sockets in a multi-threaded system. Each of these tasks implements (and registers with the system command processor) specific commands. The commands allow the corresponding sockets to be opened and to start the communication with the remote hosts. On all hosts, the server sockets must first be opened, and then have the client sockets connect to them. There are also commands for configuring each socket/communication channel.

Following the model in this application, extra commands could be added for any of the tasks to achieve desired operation.

Each of these communication channels can be exercised simultaneously or in turn. For the purposes of the demonstration, at least two different communication channels should be opened simultaneously to put in evidence the multi-threaded behavior.

A common scenario listing the console commands and steps needed for running this demonstration would be:

1. Start app1 – TCP server:
 - Start the PIC32 TCP server socket that listens on port 9760 by issuing the console command: `topen_s1<CR>`
 - On the client side (PC, etc.) open a client that connects over TCP to the PIC32 server using port 9760. Use any network tools (netcat, etc.) or special applications, scripts (TCL, Python, etc.) to transmit and receive data files.
2. Start app2 – TCP client:
 - On the remote host side (PC, etc.) open a TCP server that listens for incoming connections on port 9761. Use any network tools (netcat, etc.) or special applications, scripts (TCL, Python, etc.) to receive (and transmit) data files.
 - Set the PIC32 client side address and port for the server to connect to, for example: `tsrv4_c1 192.168.100.101 9761<CR>`
 - Start the PIC32 TCP client socket by issuing the console command: `topen_c1<CR>`
3. Start app3 – UDP server:
 - Start the PIC32 UDP server socket that listens on port 32323 by issuing the console command: `uopen_s1<CR>`
 - On the client side (PC, etc.) open a client that connects over UDP to the PIC32 server using port 32323. Use any network tools (netcat, etc.) or special applications, scripts (TCL, Python, etc.) to transmit and receive data files.
4. Start app4 – UDP client:
 - On the remote host side (PC, etc.) open a UDP server that listens for incoming connections on port 32324. Use any network tools (netcat, etc.) or special applications, scripts (TCL, Python, etc.) to receive (and transmit) data files.
 - Set the PIC32 client side address and port for the server to connect to, for example: `usrv4_c1 192.168.100.101 32324<CR>`
 - Start the PIC32 UDP client socket by issuing the console command: `uopen_c1<CR>`
5. Now that you have the TCP/IP tasks running you can check the progress at run time. These commands give the RX and TX statistics showing the amount of data transferred by each task:
 - `tstat_s1<CR>`
 - `tstat_c1<CR>`
 - `ustat_s1<CR>`
 - `ustat_c1<CR>`
6. Once the data transfer is completed, close the TCP/IP sockets (if not already closed by the remote party):

- `tclose_sl<CR>`
- `tclose_cl<CR>`
- `uclose_sl<CR>`
- `uclose_cl<CR>`

TCP/IP Task Descriptions and Commands

app1.c::TCP server

This task uses a TCP server socket that listens by default on port 9760 to implement a simple relay server. Any message that is received on that TCP port will be relayed back to the originating socket. The following table lists and describes the available commands

Command	Description
<code>topen_sl</code>	Opens the listening TCP server socket.
<code>tmsg_sl</code>	Sends a short message using this socket to the remote client.
<code>tabort_sl</code>	Sends an abort/RST to the remote client and stops the communication.
<code>tclose_sl</code>	Closes the socket and stops the communication.
<code>ttxsize_sl</code>	Sets the TX buffer size of the server socket. The larger the buffer the more memory is used by the socket and the more efficient is the transfer. Default value is 2048 bytes.
<code>trxsize_sl</code>	Sets the RX buffer size of the server socket. The larger the buffer the more memory is used by the socket and the more efficient is the transfer. Default value is 2048 bytes.
<code>tdisplay_sl</code>	Enables displaying of the received messages locally to the system console.
<code>tstat_sl</code>	Displays/clears the current TX and RX statistics for the current connection.

app2.c::TCP client

This task uses a TCP client socket to connect to a remote server that listens by default on port 9761. Any message that is received by the socket can be optionally displayed locally. The client has the possibility of sending messages to the server. The following table lists and describes the available commands.

Command	Description
<code>topen_cl</code>	Opens the TCP client socket.
<code>tmsg_cl</code>	Sends a message to the remote server.
<code>tabort_cl</code>	Sends an abort/RST to the server and stops the communication.
<code>tclose_cl</code>	Closes the socket and stops the communication.
<code>tsrv4_cl</code>	Sets the server IPv4 address and port. The default values are 192.168.100.101 and 9761.
<code>tasync_cl</code>	Enables the continuous transmission of messages to the server.
<code>tdisplay_cl</code>	Enables displaying of the received messages locally to the system console.
<code>tstat_cl</code>	Displays/clears the current TX and RX statistics for the current connection.

app3.c::UDP server

This task uses a UDP server socket that listens by default on port 32323 to implement a simple relay server. Any message that is received on that UDP port will be relayed back to the originating socket. The following table lists and describes the available commands.

Command	Description
<code>uopen_sl</code>	Opens the listening UDP server socket.
<code>uclose_sl</code>	Closes the socket and stops the communication.
<code>ustnet_sl</code>	Selects the strict network option for the UDP socket (incoming connections from any network are allowed or only from the network that initiated the first connection).
<code>ustport_sl</code>	Selects the strict port option for the UDP socket (incoming connections from any host port are allowed or only from the port that was used when the connection was first initiated).
<code>ustadd_sl</code>	Selects the strict address option for the UDP socket (incoming connections from any host address are allowed or only from the address that was used when the connection was first initiated).
<code>udisplay_sl</code>	Enables displaying of the received messages locally to the system console.
<code>ustat_sl</code>	Displays/clears the current TX and RX statistics for the current connection.
<code>utxsize_sl</code>	Sets the TX buffer size of the server socket. The larger the buffer the more memory is used by the socket and the more efficient is the transfer. Default value is 1024 bytes. Note that this value should not be made larger than 1460 for an Ethernet network (to avoid packets larger than the link MTU).

app4.c::UDP client

This task uses a UDP client socket to connect to a remote server that listens by default on port 32324. Any message that is received by the socket can be optionally displayed locally. The client has the possibility of sending messages to the server. The following table lists and describes the available commands.

Command	Description
uopen_cl	Opens the UDP client socket.
umsg_cl	Sends a message to the remote server.
uclose_c	Closes the socket and stops the communication.
usrv4_cl	Sets the server IPv4 address and port. The default values are 192.168.100.101 and 32324.
uasync_cl	Enables the continuous transmission of messages to the server.
udisplay_cl	Enables displaying of the received messages locally to the system console.
ustat_cl	Displays/clears the current TX and RX statistics for the current connection.
utxsize_cl	Sets the TX buffer size of the server socket. The larger the buffer the more memory is used by the socket and the more efficient is the transfer. Default value is 1024 bytes. Note that this value should not be made larger than 1460 for an Ethernet network (to avoid packets larger than the link MTU).

Micrium uC_OS_II Demonstrations

basic

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

The demonstration blinks a user LED on a starter kit to show the RTOS threads that are running and to indicate status.

Legal Disclaimer

The source code for this demonstration is not freely distributed. To obtain the proper licensing agreement go to the Micrium website: <http://www.micrium.com>. The Micrium µC/OS-II source has been installed in the following location, <install_dir>/third_party/rtos/MicriumOSII/Software, so that the applicable MPLAB Harmony demonstrations can work.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Micrium µC/OS-II Basic Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `basic_ucos_ii.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is <install_dir>/apps/rtos/uC_OS_II.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
basic_ucos_ii.X	<install_dir>/apps/rtos/uC_OS_II/basic

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_usb_sk2	pic32mx_usb_sk2	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

pic32mz_ef_sk_microMIPS	pic32mz_ef_sk	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit in microMIPS mode.
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Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Micrium μ C/OS-II basic demonstration.

Description

In this demonstration, there is one user task and one hardware interrupt. The one user task, LEDBlinkTask, is responsible for toggling the user LED to show that the RTOS and the application are up and running. The hardware interrupt is used by the RTOS to run the RTOS Tick. The internal core timer is used as the source for the hardware interrupt.

Once the demonstration is up and running an LED will toggle every 500 ms. This demonstration will show the RTOS running with the selected hardware.

Micrium uC/OS-III Demonstrations

basic

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

The demonstration blinks a user LED on a starter kit to show the RTOS threads that are running and to indicate status.

Legal Disclaimer

The source code for this demonstration is not freely distributed. To obtain the proper licensing agreement go to the Micrium website: <http://www.micrium.com>. The Micrium μ C/OS-III source has been installed in the following location, <install_dir>/third_party/rtos/MicriumOSIII/Software, so that the applicable MPLAB Harmony demonstrations can work.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Micrium μ C/OS-III Basic Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `basic_ucos_III.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is <install_dir>/apps/rtos/uC_OS_III.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
basic_ucos_III.X	<install_dir>/apps/rtos/uC_OS_III/basic

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_usb_sk2	pic32mx_usb_sk2	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
pic32mz_ef_sk_microMIPS	pic32mz_ef_sk	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit in microMIPS mode

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Micrium μ C/OS-III basic demonstration.

Description

In this demonstration, there is one user task and one hardware interrupt. The one user task, LEDBlinkTask, is responsible for toggling the user LED to show that the RTOS and the application are up and running. The hardware interrupt is used by the RTOS to run the RTOS Tick. The internal core timer is used as the source for the hardware interrupt.

Once the demonstration is up and running an LED will toggle every 500 ms. This demonstration will show the RTOS running with the selected hardware.

gfx

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

Legal Disclaimer

The source code for this demonstration is not freely distributed. To obtain the proper licensing agreement go to the Micrium website:

<http://www.micrium.com>. The Micrium μ C/OS-III source has been installed in the following location,

`<install_dir>/third_party/rtos/MicriumOSIII/Software`, so that the applicable MPLAB Harmony demonstrations can work.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Micrium μ C/OS-III and MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `gfx_ucosIII.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install_dir>/apps/rtos/uC_OS_III/gfx`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
gfx_ucosIII.X	<code><install_dir>/apps/rtos/uC_OS_III/gfx</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_usb_sk2_meb	pic32mx_usb_sk2+meb	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and the MEB.
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and the MEB II.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II with MEB

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Micrium μ C/OS-III and MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library Demonstration.

Description

Power the board, open the demonstration with MPLAB X IDE, and then build and load the demonstration. The LCD screen color will change every 500 ms, and user LEDs will toggle every 500 ms.

There are two tasks in the application, and three interrupts in this application/system.

The lowest priority task, LEDblinkTask, controls toggling of the LEDs. The highest priority task, DisplayTask, changes the color of the LCD screen by calling the appropriate MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library function.

The CPU core timer hardware interrupt is used by the RTOS to source the RTOS Tick. DMA channel 1 interrupt is used to call the appropriate MPLAB Harmony graphics driver function, which takes all graphics work queued up by the application and physically writes it out to the LCD display. SYSCALL general exception is invoked by the RTOS and is used to process the task context switch routine.

gfx_usb

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

Legal Disclaimer

The source code for this demonstration is not freely distributed. To obtain the proper licensing agreement go to the Micrium website: <http://www.micrium.com>. The Micrium μ C/OS-III source has been installed in the following location, `<install_dir>/third_party/rtos/MicriumOSIII/Software`, so that the applicable MPLAB Harmony demonstrations can work.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Micrium μ C/OS-III and MPLAB Harmony Graphics and USB Library Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `gfx_usb_ucos_III.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install_dir>/apps/rtos/uC_OS_III`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
gfx_usb_ucos_III.X	<install_dir>/apps/rtos/uC_OS_III/gfx_usb

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and the MEB II.
pic32mx_usb_sk2_meb	pic32mx_usb_sk2+meb	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and the MEB.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II with MEB

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Micrium μ C/OS-III and MPLAB Harmony Graphics plus USB Library.

Description

Power the board, open the demonstration with MPLAB X IDE, and then build and load the demonstration. A USB keyboard will be emulated when a micro USB cable is plugged in to the starter kit. Keystrokes, a-z and 1-9, will be sent when the push button SW3 is pressed. The LCD screen color will change every 500 ms, and the user LED, D3, will toggle every 500 ms.

There are four tasks and five interrupts used in this application/system.

SystemUSBDeviceTask is the highest priority task and is responsible for getting all USB data queued up by the application ready for sending over the USB by calling the appropriate MPLAB Harmony USB stack function. ApplicationUSBDeviceTask is the next highest priority task.

ApplicationUSBDeviceTask emulates the keyboard key presses when it detects that the push button SW3 is being pressed.

ApplicationDisplayTask changes the color of the entire LCD screen by calling the appropriate MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library function.

ApplicationLEDBlinkTask is the lowest priority task and toggles the user LED, D3, every 500 ms.

CPU core timer hardware interrupt is used by the RTOS to source the RTOS Tick. The Timer2 hardware interrupt is used to call the MPLAB Harmony Timer Driver function. This is a hardware requirement of the MPLAB Harmony USB stack. A DMA channel 1 interrupt is used to call the appropriate MPLAB Harmony graphics driver function, which takes all graphics work queued up by the application and physically writes it out to the LCD display. A USB general event interrupt is used to call the appropriate MPLAB Harmony USB driver function, which takes all USB data queued up by the application and physically writes it out to the USB hardware. A SYSCALL general exception, is invoked by the RTOS and is used to process the task context switch routine.

usb

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

Legal Disclaimer

The source code for this demonstration is not freely distributed. To obtain the proper licensing agreement go to the Micrium website:

<http://www.micrium.com>. The Micrium μ C/OS-III source has been installed in the following location,

`<install_dir>/third_party/rtos/MicriumOSIII/Software`, so that the applicable MPLAB Harmony demonstrations can work.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Micrium μ C/OS-III and MPLAB Harmony Graphics plus USB Library Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `usb_ucos_III.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install_dir>/apps/rtos/uC_OS_III/usb`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
usb_ucos_III.X	<install-dir>/apps/rtos/uC_OS_III/usb

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
pic32mx_usb_sk2	pic32mx_usb_sk2	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Micrium μ C/OS-III and MPLAB Harmony USB Library demonstration.

Description

Power the board, open the demonstration with MPLAB X IDE, and then build and load the demonstration. A USB keyboard will be emulated when a micro USB cable is plugged in to the starter kit. Keystrokes, a-z and 1-9, will be sent when the push button SW3 is pressed. The user LED, D3, will toggle every 500 ms.

There are three tasks and four interrupts used in this application/system.

SystemUSBDeviceTask is the highest priority task and is responsible for getting all USB data queued up by the application ready for sending over the USB by calling the appropriate MPLAB Harmony USB stack function. ApplicationUSBDeviceTask is the next highest priority task.

ApplicationUSBDeviceTask emulates the keyboard key presses when it detects that the push button SW3 is being pressed.

ApplicationLEDblinkTask is the lowest priority task and toggles the user LED, D3, every 500 ms.

CPU core timer hardware interrupt is used by the RTOS to source the RTOS Tick. The Timer2 hardware interrupt is used to call the MPLAB Harmony Timer Driver function. USB general event interrupt is used to call the appropriate MPLAB Harmony USB driver function, which takes all USB data queued up by the application and physically writes it out to the USB hardware. The SYSCALL general exception is invoked by the RTOS and is used to process the task context switch routine.

OPENRTOS Demonstrations

basic

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

The demonstration blinks the three user LEDs on a starter kit to show the RTOS threads that are running and to indicate status.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the OPENRTOS Basic Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `basic_openrtos.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration. The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/rtos/openrtos/basic`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>basic_openrtos.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/rtos/openrtos/basic</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mx_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code> , <code>pic32mx_usb_sk3</code> , <code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code> , and <code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	This configuration runs on PIC32MX-based starter kits: PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit, PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II, PIC32 USB Starter Kit II, and PIC32 USB Starter Kit III.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit, PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II, PIC32 USB Starter Kit II, and PIC32 USB Starter Kit III

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the OPENRTOS basic demonstration.

Description

Once the demonstration is up and running an LED will toggle every 500 ms. This demonstration will show the RTOS running with the selected hardware. The demonstration blinks the three user LEDs on a starter kit to show the RTOS threads that are running and to indicate status.

cdc_com_port_dual

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

This RTOS based demonstration application creates a USB CDC Device that enumerates as two serial ports on the USB Host personal computer.

This application demonstrates the ability of the MPLAB Harmony USB Stack to operate in an Real-Time Operating System (this example uses OPENRTOS) and to support multiple instances of the same device class.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for this demonstration application.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `cdc_com_port_dual.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/rtos/openrtos/cdc_com_port_dual`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
cdc_com_port_dual.X	<install-dir>/apps/rtos/openrtos/cdc_com_port_dual/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Select this configuration to run the demonstration application on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II in Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk	Select this configuration to run the demonstration application on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit in Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	Select this configuration to run the demonstration application on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit in Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II
Remove jumper JP2.
PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit
Remove jumper JP1.
PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit
Remove jumper JP1.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the `cdc_com_port_dual` demonstration.

Description

Refer to the [Running the Demonstration](#) topic for the bare-metal (non RTOS) version of the `cdc_com_port_dual` demonstration applications for running the demonstration.

The demonstration application contains six tasks. A description of these tasks is as follows:

- The `FrameworkTasks` task is created in the `SYS_Tasks` function. This task calls the USB Device Layer Tasks function (`USB_DEVICE_Tasks`). The priority of this task is designed to be the lowest when compared to the priorities of other tasks. Hence this task runs when all other tasks are either in blocked state or not ready to run.
- The `APP_USB_DEVICE_Open` task is created in the `APP_Tasks` function. This task creates all the semaphores and message queues needed for the application. It creates 4 tasks which implement the application logic. It attempts to open the Device Layer and then blocks on the `xSemaphoreBlockUsbConfigure` semaphore. The `xSemaphoreBlockUsbConfigure` is given in the USB Device Layer Event Handler when the device is configured by the Host. The tasks then resumes the 4 application logic tasks and suspends itself.
- The `APP_CDC1Read` Task is created in the `APP_USB_DEVICE_Open` task. It schedules a read on the CDC1 instance and then blocks on the CDC1 instance `xSemaphoreCDCReadComplete` semaphore. This semaphore is given in the Read Complete event in the CDC Application Event Handler. The tasks will then post the data that it has received from the Host to the CDC 1 instance Message Queue.
- The `APP_CDC2Read` Task is created in the `APP_USB_DEVICE_Open` task. It schedules a read on the CDC2 instance and then blocks on the CDC2 instance `xSemaphoreCDCReadComplete` semaphore. This semaphore is given in the Read Complete event in the CDC Application Event Handler. The tasks will then post the data that it has received from the Host to the CDC 1 instance Message Queue.
- The `APP_CDC1Write` Task is created in the `APP_USB_DEVICE_Open` task. It blocks on the CDC 2 message queue. When `APP_CDC2Read` Task posts a message to this queue, the `APP_CDC1Write` gets ready to run and the writes the data (received on the queue) to the CDC 1. This data is then transferred to the Host.
- The `APP_CDC2Write` Task is created in the `APP_USB_DEVICE_Open` task. It blocks on the CDC 1 message queue. When `APP_CDC1Read` Task posts a message to this queue, the `APP_CDC2Write` gets ready to run and the writes the data (received on the queue) to the CDC 2. This data is then transferred to the Host.

cdc_msd_basic

Demonstrates host support for a composite USB Device in a RTOS application.

Description

This demonstration application creates a USB Host application that demonstrates operation of composite USB Device. The Host application enumerates the CDC and MSD interfaces on the attached composite devices and then operates these in one application. The demonstration application uses a RTOS to create thread that manage the CDC and MSD aspects of the Host application.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for this demonstration application.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `cdc_msd_basic.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/rtos/openrtos/cdc_msd_basic`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>cdc_msd_basic.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/rtos/openrtos/cdc_msd_basic/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Select this configuration to run the demonstration application on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II in Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

JP2 should be in place if the attached USB device is bus-powered. It should be removed if the attached USB device is self-powered.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the `cdc_msd_basic` demonstration.

Description

This USB Host demonstration application exercises the CDC and MSD interfaces on the attached composite USB device.

1. Open the project in MPLAB X IDE and select the desired project configuration.
2. Build the code and program the device.
3. Follow the directions for setting up and running the [cdc_serial_emulator_msd](#) USB device demonstration.
4. Connect the UART (P1) port on the Explorer 16 Development Board (running the `cdc_serial_emulator_msd` demonstration) to a USB Host personal computer via a commercially available Serial-to-USB Dongle.
5. Start a terminal program on the USB Host personal computer and select the Serial-to-USB Dongle as the communication port. Select the baud rate as 9600, no parity, 1 Stop bit and no flow control.
6. Connect the mini – B connector on the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board, of the [cdc_serial_emulator_msd](#) demonstration setup, to the Type-A USB host connector on the starter kit.
7. A prompt (DATA :) will be displayed immediately on the terminal emulation program.
8. Type a string less than 12 characters and press the <Enter> key. The string entered here will be stored in the MSD device in a file named `file.txt`.
9. Step 8 can be repeated. Data entered in the prompt will be appended to the file.
10. Unplug the USB Device from the Host and connect it a personal computer host to examine the contents of the Mass Storage Device. This should contain a file named `file.txt` and this should contain the data that was entered at the terminal program prompt.

Tasks

This USB Host demonstration application contains four tasks. Descriptions of these tasks is as follows:

- The FrameworkTasks task is created in the SYS_Tasks function. This task calls the USB Host Layer Tasks function (USB_HOST_Tasks). The priority of this task is designed to be the lowest when compared to the priorities of other tasks. Hence this tasks runs when all other tasks are either in blocked state or not ready to run.
- The APP_USB_HOST_Open task is created in the APP_Tasks function. This task creates all the semaphores and message queues needed for the application. It creates two tasks that implement the application logic. It attempts to open the Host Layer and then enable USB Host Operation. The task then resumes the two application logic tasks and suspends itself.
- The APP_USBHostCDCTask Task is created in the APP_USB_HOST_Open task. It blocks on xSemaphoreUSBCDCAttach semaphore. This semaphore is given in the Application CDC Class Driver event handler when a CDC device is enumerated. The task then prints a prompt and schedules a read from the CDC interface of the attached USB device. When data is available, it posts the xSemaphoreCDCReadComplete semaphore.
- The APP_USBHostMSDTask Task is created in the APP_USB_HOST_Open task. It blocks on the xSemaphoreUSBMSDAttach semaphore. This semaphore is given in the Application MSD event Handler when a MSD device is enumerated. The task then mounts the attached storage media and then blocks on the xSemaphoreCDCReadComplete semaphore. The xSemaphoreCDCReadComplete semaphore is given by the APP_USBHostCDCTask task when the CDC Host has received data. The APP_USBHostMSDTask Task will then open a file on the mounted drive and will append the data (received from CDC) in the file. It closes the file, and then appends on xSemaphoreCDCReadComplete semaphore again.

gfx

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the OPENRTOS and MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `gfx_openrtos.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/rtos/openrtos`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>gfx_openrtos.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/rtos/openrtos/gfx</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and the MEB II.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_meb</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2+meb</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and the MEB.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II connected to the MEB

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the OPENRTOS and MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library demonstration.

Description

Power the board, open the demonstration with MPLAB X IDE, and then build and load the demonstration. The LCD screen color will change every 500 ms, and user LEDs will toggle every 500 ms.

There are two tasks in the application, and three interrupts in this application/system.

The lowest priority task, LEDblinkTask, controls toggling of the LEDs. The highest priority task, DisplayTask, changes the color of the LCD screen, by calling the appropriate MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library function.

The Timer1 hardware interrupt is used by the RTOS to source the RTOS Tick. DMA channel 1 interrupt is used to call the appropriate MPLAB Harmony graphics driver function, which takes all graphics work queued up the application and physically write it out to the LCD display. Software interrupt 0, is invoked by the RTOS and is used to process the task context switch routine.

SEGGER embOS Demonstrations

basic

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

The demonstration blinks the three user LEDs on a starter kit to show the RTOS threads that are running and to indicate status.

Legal Disclaimer

The source code for this SEGGER embOS RTOS demonstration is not freely distributed. To obtain source code and the proper licensing agreement go to the SEGGER embOS website: <https://www.segger.com/license-models.html>. The SEGGER embOS source must be installed in the following location: `<install-dir>/third_party/rtos/embOS` so that the applicable MPLAB Harmony demonstrations can work.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SEGGER embOS Basic Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `basic_embos.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/rtos/embos/basic`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>basic_embos.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/rtos/embos/basic/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_microMIPS</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit in microMIPS™ mode

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the SEGGER embOS basic demonstration.

Description

In this demonstration, there is one user task and one hardware interrupt. A user task is responsible for toggling the user LEDs to show that the RTOS and the application are up and running. The hardware interrupt is used by the RTOS to run the RTOS Tick. The internal core timer is used as the source for the hardware interrupt.

Once the demonstration is up and running a LED will toggle every 500 ms. This demonstration will show the RTOS running with the selected hardware.

gfx

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

Legal Disclaimer

The source code for this SEGGER embOS RTOS demonstration is not freely distributed. To obtain source code and the proper licensing agreement go to the SEGGER embOS website: <https://www.segger.com/license-models.html>. The SEGGER embOS source must be installed in the following location: <install-dir>/third_party/rtos/embOS so that the applicable MPLAB Harmony demonstrations can work

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SEGGER embOS and MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `gfx_embos.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is <install-dir>/apps/rtos/embos/gfx.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
gfx_embos.X	<install-dir>/apps/rtos/embos/gfx/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_usb_sk2_meb	pic32mx_usb_sk2+meb	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and the MEB.
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and the MEB II.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II with MEB

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the SEGGER embOS and MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library Demonstration.

Description

Power the board, open the demonstration with MPLAB X IDE, and then build and load the demonstration. The LCD screen color will change every 500 ms, and user LEDs will toggle every 500 ms.

There is one task in the application and three interrupts in this application/system.

The user task controls toggling of a user LED and changes the LCD screen color by calling the appropriate MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library function.

The CPU core timer hardware interrupt is used by the RTOS to source the RTOS Tick. DMA channel 1 interrupt is used to call the appropriate MPLAB Harmony graphics driver function, which takes all graphics work queued up by the application and physically writes it out to the LCD display. SYSCALL general exception is invoked by the RTOS and is used to process the task context switch routine

gfx_usb

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

Legal Disclaimer

The source code for this SEGGER embOS RTOS demonstration is not freely distributed. To obtain source code and the proper licensing agreement go to the SEGGER embOS website: <https://www.segger.com/license-models.html>. The SEGGER embOS source must be installed in the following location: <install-dir>/third_party/rtos/embOS so that the applicable MPLAB Harmony demonstrations can work

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SEGGER embOS and MPLAB Harmony Graphics and USB Library Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `gfx_usb_embos.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

<install-dir>/apps/rtos/embos/gfx_usb.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>gfx_usb_embos.X</code>	<install-dir>/apps/rtos/embos/gfx_usb/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and the MEB II.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_meb</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2+meb</code>	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II and the MEB.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with MEB II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II with MEB

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the SEGGER embOS and MPLAB Harmony Graphics plus USB Library.

Description

Power the board, open the demonstration with MPLAB X IDE, and then build and load the demonstration. A USB keyboard will be emulated when a micro USB cable is plugged in to the starter kit. Keystrokes, a-z and 1-9, will be sent when the push button SW3 is pressed. The LCD screen color will change every 500 ms, and the user LED (D3 on the MEB II), will toggle every 500 ms.

There are four tasks and five interrupts used in this application/system.

SystemUSBDeviceTask is the highest priority task and is responsible for getting all USB data queued up by the application ready for sending over the USB by calling the appropriate MPLAB Harmony USB stack function. ApplicationUSBDeviceTask is the next highest priority task.

ApplicationUSBDeviceTask emulates the keyboard key presses when it detects that the push button SW3 is being pressed.

ApplicationDisplayTask changes the color of the entire LCD screen by calling the appropriate MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library function.

ApplicationLEDBlinkTask is the lowest priority task and toggles the user LED (D3 on the MEB II) every 500 ms.

CPU core timer hardware interrupt is used by the RTOS to source the RTOS Tick. The Timer2 hardware interrupt is used to call the MPLAB Harmony Timer Driver function. This is a hardware requirement of the MPLAB Harmony USB stack. A DMA channel 1 interrupt is used to call the appropriate MPLAB Harmony graphics driver function, which takes all graphics work queued up the application and physically writes it out to the LCD display. A USB general event interrupt is used to call the appropriate MPLAB Harmony USB driver function, which takes all USB data queued up by the application and physically writes it out to the USB hardware. A SYSCALL general exception, is invoked by the RTOS and is used to process the task context switch routine.

usb

This section provides information on the supported demonstration boards, how to configure the hardware (if needed), and how to run the demonstration.

Description

Legal Disclaimer

The source code for this SEGGER embOS RTOS demonstration is not freely distributed. To obtain source code and the proper licensing agreement go to the SEGGER embOS website: <https://www.segger.com/license-models.html>. The SEGGER embOS source must be installed in the following location: <install-dir>/third_party/rtos/embOS so that the applicable MPLAB Harmony demonstrations can work

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SEGGER embOS and MPLAB Harmony Graphics plus USB Library Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `usb_embos.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

<install-dir>/apps/rtos/embos/usb.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
usb_embos.X	<install-dir>/apps/rtos/embos/usb/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
pic32mx_usb_sk2	pic32mx_usb_sk2	This configuration runs on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the SEGGER embOS and MPLAB Harmony USB Library demonstration.

Description

Power the board, open the demonstration with MPLAB X IDE, and then build and load the demonstration. A USB keyboard will be emulated when a micro USB cable is plugged in to the starter kit. Keystrokes, a-z and 1-9, will be sent when the push button SW3 is pressed. A user LED will toggle every 500 ms.

There are three tasks and four interrupts used in this application/system.

SystemUSBDeviceTask is the highest priority task and is responsible for getting all USB data queued up by the application ready for sending over the USB by calling the appropriate MPLAB Harmony USB stack function. ApplicationUSBDeviceTask is the next highest priority task.

ApplicationUSBDeviceTask emulates the keyboard key presses when it detects that the push button SW3 is being pressed.

ApplicationLEDblinkTask is the lowest priority task and toggles the user LED every 500 ms.

CPU core timer hardware interrupt is used by the RTOS to source the RTOS Tick. The Timer2 hardware interrupt is used to call the MPLAB Harmony Timer Driver function. USB general event interrupt is used to call the appropriate MPLAB Harmony USB driver function, which takes all USB data queued up by the application and physically writes it out to the USB hardware. The SYSCALL general exception is invoked by the RTOS and is used to process the task context switch routine.

TCP/IP Demonstrations

This section provides descriptions of the TCP/IP demonstrations.

Introduction

TCP/IP and Wi-Fi® Demonstration Applications Help

Description

TCP/IP Demonstrations

This section describes Microchip's TCP/IP Demonstration projects, including information about demonstration-hardware compatibility and also provides the information about how to configure and run the demonstrations.

Wi-Fi Demonstrations

This distribution package contains a variety of Wi-Fi-based firmware projects that demonstrate the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony Wi-Fi services and TCP/IP Stack running on PIC32 devices. This section describes the hardware requirements and procedures to run these firmware projects on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

Refer to the [Wi-Fi Demonstration Configuration Matrix](#) for demonstration support information.

Wi-Fi Demonstration Configuration Matrix

Provides Wi-Fi demonstration support information.

Description

The following matrix provides information for the Wi-Fi demonstrations.

Wi-Fi Demonstration Matrix	Demonstration Projects					
	pic32_wifi_web_server	pic32_eth_wifi_web_server	wifi_easy_configuration	wifi_g_demo	wifi_wolfssl_top_client	wifi_wolfssl_top_server
Wi-Fi PiCTail Module						
MRF24WG0MA Wi-Fi G PiCTail/PiCTail Plus Daughter Board	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
MRF24WN0MA Wi-Fi PiCTail/PiCTail Plus Daughter Board	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
BSP						
Wi-Fi G Demo Board	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A
chipKIT WF32	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
PIC32MX795F512L PIM with Explorer 16 Development Board	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
PIC32MX Ethernet Starter Kit	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes
PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes
PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit with MEB II	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with MEB II	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
Project Configuration						
chipkit_wifi32	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
pic32mx795_pim+e16	Yes	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
pic32mx795_pim+e16+11n+freertos	Yes	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
pic32mx795_pim+e16+freertos	Yes	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
pic32mx_eth_sk+ioexp	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes
pic32mx_eth_sk+ioexp+11n+freertos	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
pic32mx_eth_sk+ioexp+freertos	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
pic32mz_ec_sk+ioexp	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes
pic32mz_ec_sk+ioexp+11n+freertos	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
pic32mz_ec_sk+ioexp+freertos	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2+11n+freertos	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2+freertos	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
pic32mz_ef_sk+ioexp	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
pic32mz_ef_sk+ioexp+11n+freertos	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
pic32mz_ef_sk+ioexp+freertos	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2+11n+freertos	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2+freertos	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
wifi_g_db	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A
Console Command Interface						
UART Console	Yes	Optional	Optional	N/A	Optional	Optional
USB CDC Console	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes
RTOS						
Non-RTOS	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
FreeRTOS	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
Device Configuration						
PIC32MX695F512L	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
PIC32MX695F512H	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A
PIC32MX795F512L	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes
PIC32MZ2048ECH144	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes
PIC32MZ2048EPM144	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
Duo-Port Ethernet and Wi-Fi						
PIC32MX Ethernet Starter Kit	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
PIC32MZ EC Start Kit	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit with MEB II - rework on MEB II board is Required	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
PIC32MZ EF Start Kit	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit MEB II - rework on MEB II board is Required	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
Single-Port Wi-Fi or Wi-Fi Only						
PIC32MX795F512L PIM with Explorer 16 Development Board	Yes	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
Starter Kit I/O Expansion						
Add on-board UART/Serial 9-pin Connector (see Configuring the Hardware for details)	N/A	Optional	Optional	N/A	Optional	Optional
On-board Jumper: J10/pin 56 to J10/pin 37 Required for MRF24WG PiCTail (see Configuring the Hardware for details)	N/A	Required	Required	N/A	Required	Required
On-board Jumper: J10/pin 12 to J10/pin 8 Required for MRF24WN PiCTail (see Configuring the Hardware for details)	N/A	Required	Required	N/A	N/A	N/A
168-pin to 132-pin Starter Kit Adapter for PIC32MZ EC or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit	N/A	Required	Required	N/A	N/A	N/A

Wi-Fi Console Commands

This section describes the demonstration support commands available for the Wi-Fi Web Server and EasyConfig demonstrations.

Description



Note: Refer to the following documentation, which is available for download from the Microchip website:

- [Microchip MRF24W Getting Started Guide for MRF24WB0MA/A, MRF24WG0MA/B for MLA v5 \(DS52108\)](#)
- [Microchip Wi-Fi® G Demo Board User's Guide \(DS50002147\)](#)

Please be sure to consult the website for the latest version of the documentation.

Both the Web Server and the EasyConfig demonstrations support Wi-Fi Console commands, which enable control over the Wi-Fi settings. All of the following commands, with the exception of `rfTest`, are available for both the MRF24WG and MRF24WN Wi-Fi Drivers. The `rfTest` command is only available for use with the MRF24WN Wi-Fi Driver.

Command: eraseconf

Parameters	Description
None.	Wi-Fi console command to erase saved Wi-Fi configuration in memory.

Command: iwconfig

Parameters	Description
[ssid <name>]	name: Specifies the name of the SSID (1-32 ASCII characters).
[mode <idle managed>]	idle: Disconnected from the current configuration. managed: Connects in infrastructure mode to the currently set SSID.
[power <enable disable>]	enable: Enables all Power-Saving features (PS_POLL). Will wake up to check for all types of traffic (unicast, multicast, and broadcast). disable: Disables any Power-Saving features. Will always be in an active power state.
[security <mode>]	mode: open/wep40/wep104/wpa/wpa2/pin/pbc. For example: iwconfig security open iwconfig security wep40 <key> iwconfig security wep104 <key> iwconfig security wpa <key> iwconfig security wpa2 <key> iwconfig security pin <pin> iwconfig security pbc
[scan]	Starts a Wi-Fi scan.
[scanget <scan_index>]	scan_index: Retrieves the scan result after the scan completes (1 - n).

Command: mac

Parameters	Description
None.	Wi-Fi console command to retrieve the MAC address of the MRF24WN module.

Command: readconf

Parameters	Description
None.	Wi-Fi console command to read saved Wi-Fi configuration in memory.

Command: rftest (for use with the MRF24WN Wi-Fi Driver only)

Parameters	Description
[rate < packet_count packet_size channel header_type >]	<p>Wi-Fi console command to perform regulatory test.</p> <p>rate (in Mbps):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 = 1 • 1 = 2 • 2 = 5.5 • 3 = 11 • 4 = 6 • 5 = 9 • 6 = 12 • 7 = 18 • 8 = 24 • 9 = 36 • 10 = 48 • 11 = 54 • 12 = 6.5 • 13 = 13 • 14 = 19.5 • 15 = 26 • 16 = 39 • 17 = 52 • 18 = 58.5 <p>packet_count: Number of transmits (1 through 14).</p> <p>packet_size: Payload size (0 to 1400).</p> <p>channel: 1 through 14.</p> <p>header_type: 0 - Beacon frame; 1 - QoS data frame; 2 through 4 Address data frame.</p>

Command: saveconf

Parameters	Description
None.	Wi-Fi console command to save Wi-Fi configuration to memory.

Demonstrations

Description of TCP/IP Stack Library Demonstration Application.

Description

PHY Driver Support

All of the PIC32MX and PIC32MZ projects that are part of the distribution and use the Microchip reference development boards are preconfigured with specific PHY Drivers. Where the board supports different PHY daughter boards, the default PHY could be changed. To use a different PHY for a specific board the following must be done:

1. Use the MHC to configure your project to use the correct PHY and make sure that both the correct PHY address and configuration flags are used for the particular PHY daughter board. The MII/RMII and I/O configuration flags for the PHY board should match the project configuration fuses.
2. Regenerate the project and make sure that the new PHY driver is selected for the configuration that you're using.

Alternatively, you can manually set up your project, as follows:

- The project should select the PHY driver that corresponds to the PHY Daughter Board (i.e., LAN8720, LAN8740, LAN9303, etc.) in use for the selected configuration
- Modify for the TCPIP_EMAC_PHY_ADDRESS and TCPIP_EMAC_PHY_CONFIG_FLAGS to have the correct PHY address (the PHY address for both the SMSC PHY Daughter Boards is usually zero, for example) and the configuration flags (MII/RMII, I/O pin configuration, etc.)
- Or update directly the tcpip_stack_init.c:: tcpipMACPIC32INTInitData structure to have the correct PHY address and the configuration flags
- Make sure that the configuration fuses are properly selected to match your hardware and PHY board
- Rebuild the project

berkeley_tcp_client

This configuration demonstrates creating an Internet client that uses the Berkeley API to create a TCP/IP connection to a web server.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Berkeley TCP Client Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `berkeley_tcp_client.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/berkeley_tcp_client`.



Warning

When using the Microchip Harmony Configurator (MHC), care must be taken when generating the code to *not* erase the USB descriptors in the `system_init.c` file.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>berkeley_tcp_client.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/berkeley_tcp_client/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley TCP Client on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley TCP Client on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley TCP Client on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley TCP Client on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

To use this demonstration, a USB cable needs to be connected to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the starter kit in use. When the demonstration runs, it will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. The demonstration can be executed once you have connected to this device through a standard terminal program, set the baud rate to 921,600 baud, and a valid IP address has been received by the device.

Establish a connection between the router or switch with the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit using the RJ45 connector. Ensure the router or switch is connected to the Internet.

There is only one command available in the demonstration from the serial port:

```
openurl <url> - The <url> argument must be a fully formed URL; for instance, http://www.microchip.com/
```

After that one command is input, the demonstration will make a DNS query, and then open a connection to the requested URL and perform a simple HTTP `PUT` command. The results will be sent to the serial port.

berkeley_tcp_server

This configuration demonstrates creating an Internet server that uses the Berkeley API to create a TCP/IP echo server on port 9764.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Berkeley TCP Server Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `berkeley_tcp_server.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

```
<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/berkeley_tcp_server.
```



Warning

When using the Microchip Harmony Configurator (MHC), care must be taken when generating the code to *not* erase the USB descriptors in the `system_init.c` file.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>berkeley_tcp_server.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/berkeley_tcp_server/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley TCP Server on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley TCP Server on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley TCP Server on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley TCP Server on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

The demonstration does not offer any additional functionality through the serial port; however, the current IP can be checked. As soon as a valid IP has been assigned through DHCP to the demonstration, it is then ready to accept a TCP/IP connection on 9760. The demonstration will echo back everything it receives along the connection.

A USB cable can be connected to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the starter kit in use. This will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. To communicate with the software, connect to this device through a standard terminal program and set the baud rate to 921,600 baud.

berkeley_udp_client

This configuration demonstrates creating an Internet client that uses the Berkeley API to create a UDP/IP connection to a specified port.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Berkeley UDP Client Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `berkeley_udp_client.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/berkeley_udp_client.`



Warning

When using the Microchip Harmony Configurator (MHC), care must be taken when generating the code to *not* erase the USB descriptors in the `system_init.c` file.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>berkeley_udp_client.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/berkeley_udp_client/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley UDP Client on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley UDP Client on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley UDP Client on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley UDP Client on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

To use this demonstration, a USB cable needs to be connected to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the starter kit in use. When the demonstration runs, it will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. The demonstration can be executed once you have connected to this device through a standard terminal program, set the baud rate to 921,600 baud, and a valid IP address has been received by the device.

There are three sequential commands that can be used from the console:

- `setudppacketoptions <hostname> <port> <message>` - This command specifies where to send the UDP packet and what to have in the message
- `getudppacketoptions` - This command displays the current options
- `sendudppacket` - This command sends a UDP packet

After the `sendudppacket` command is input, the demonstration will make a DNS query to look up the host name and send a UDP packet to that host.

The output message will be received by the UDP server and by the UDP port that is configured by the command `setudppacketoptions`.

berkeley_udp_relay

This application demonstrates the use of multiple sockets for both sending and receiving. There are three different sub-functions of this application:

- UDP Relay, which accepts UDP packets on one socket, and sends the packets out on a different socket
- UDP Relay Client, which generates UDP traffic that is compatible with the UDP Relay Server
- UDP Relay Server, which receives and checks traffic for a packet count and reports if any packets are dropped

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Berkeley UDP Relay Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `berkeley_udp_relay.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/berkeley_udp_relay`.



When using the Microchip Harmony Configurator (MHC), care must be taken when generating the code to *not* erase the USB descriptors in the `system_init.c` file.

Warning

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>berkeley_udp_relay.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/berkeley_udp_relay/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley UDP Relay on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley UDP Relay on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley UDP Relay on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley UDP Relay on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

To use this demonstration, a USB cable needs to be connected to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the starter kit in use.

When the demonstration runs, it will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. The demonstration can be executed once you have connected to this device through a standard terminal program, set the baud rate to 921,600 baud, and a valid IP address has been received by the device.

Also, establish a connection between the router or switch with the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit using the RJ45 connector. Ensure the router or switch is connected to the Internet.

This application demonstrates a simple UDP packet relay. Functionality has also been put in place to generate packets and to receive packets on the same device. IPv6 has not been tested.

Demonstration Commands

There are several different commands available in the demonstration from the console port:

General Application Commands:

- `current` - Displays the current configuration
- `start` - Starts the packet relay service
- `stop` - Stops the packet relay service
- `reportinterval <seconds>` - Sets the interval between reports to the console

Relay Service Configuration:

- `relayhost <host name>` - Sets the host to which packets are to be relayed
- `relayport <port number>` - Sets the port to which packets are to be relayed
- `ipv4port <port number>` - Sets the IPv4 port that the relay server will listen to for packets to relay
- `ipv6port <port number>` - Sets the IPv6 port that the relay server will listen to for packets to relay

Relay Client Configuration and Commands:

- `relayclienthost <host name>` - Sets the host to which packets are to be sent
- `relayclientport <port number>` - Sets the port to which packets are to be sent
- `relayclienttiter <number>` - The number of packets to generate
- `relayclientstart` - Starts the relay client. This command must be used after the general application start. After a start is called, and the first packet is received by either the relay or the relay server, periodic updates will be sent to the console with information about the number of packets and bytes received.

berkeley_udp_server

This configuration demonstrates creating an Internet server that uses the Berkeley API to create a UDP/IP echo server on port 9764.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Berkeley UDP Server Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `berkeley_udp_server.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration. The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/berkeley_udp_server`.



When using the Microchip Harmony Configurator (MHC), care must be taken when generating the code to *not* erase the USB descriptors in the `system_init.c` file.

Warning

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>berkeley_udp_server.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/berkeley_udp_server/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley UDP Server on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley UDP Server on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley UDP Server on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the Berkeley UDP Server on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

The demonstration does not offer any additional functionality through the serial port; however, the current IP can be checked. As soon as a valid IP has been assigned through DHCP to the demonstration, it is then ready to accept a UDP/IP connection on 9760. The demonstration will echo back everything it receives along the connection.

A USB cable can be connected to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the starter kit in use. This will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. To communicate with the software, connect to this device through a standard terminal program and set the baud rate to 921,600 baud.

`snmpv3_nvm_mpfs`

SNMPv3 NVM MPFS demonstration.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SNMPv3 NVM MPFS Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `snmpv2_nvmm_pfs.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The Non-Volatile Memory (NVM) Microchip Proprietary File System (MPFS) has the `snmp.bib` file along with other web page files stored in internal Flash and are accessed through the MPFS API.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/snmpv3_nvmm_pfs`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>snmpv3_nvmm_pfs.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/snmpv3_nvmm_pfs/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32_eth_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstrates the SNMPv3 NVM MPFS on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit in Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the SNMPv3 NVM MPFS on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit in Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

Use the following procedure to run the demonstration:

1. Load the demonstration project into MPLAB X IDE.
2. Connect the mini-B debugger port on-board the starter kit in use to a USB port on the development computer using the USB cable provided in the kit.
3. Connect the RJ-45 Ethernet port on the starter kit board to a network hub or an Ethernet port on the development computer using the Ethernet patch cord provided in the kit.
4. Build, download, and run the demonstration project on the target board.
5. A SNMP and SNMPv3 server is hosted by the demonstration application.
6. Run `tcpip_discoverer` to get the IPv4 and IPv6 address for the board.
7. Open a SNMP manager (iREASONING SNMP manager is recommended) and configure the IPv4 or IPv6 address.



Note: Refer to the iREASONING Networks MIB Browser section in the Third-Party help for complete details on using and configuring the application using the iREASONING SNMP Manager.

- Connect a USB cable to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit. When the demonstration runs, it will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. Connect to this device through a standard terminal program, and set the baud rate to 921,600 baud. You can observe the IP address details and query the stack using the console interface.

SNMP MIB Browser

Several SNMP MIB browsers are available. Users can also install a customized MIB browser specific to their application.

SNMP Get, GetNext, GetBulk, Set request and response are working as expected for SNMP v1/v2/v3 versions.

- For SNMP v2c, the Agent is configured with three Read communities ("public", "read", " ") and three Write communities ("private", "write", "public").
- For SNMP v3, the Agent is configured as per the following table:

Type	USER 1	USER 2	USER 3
USM User	microchip	SnmpAdmin	root
Security Level	auth, priv	auth, no priv	no auth, no priv
Auth Algorithm	MD5	SHA1	N/A
Auth Password	auth12345	ChandlerUS	N/A
Privacy Algorithm	AES	N/A	N/A
Privacy Password	priv12345	N/A	N/A

The Microchip SNMP Stack supports both TRAP version 1 and TRAP version 2. This demonstration trap output is a multi-varbind SNMPv3 TRAP version 2. Users may be required to configure the Trap receiver as per the SNMP browser selection.

HTTP Configuration for SNMPv2c Community

It is possible to dynamically configure the Read and Write community names through the SNMP Configuration web page. Access the web page using http://mchpboard_e/mpfsupload or <http://<Board IP address>> (for IPv6 it should be <http://<Ipv6 address>:80/index.html>), and then access the SNMP Configuration web page through the navigation bar. Use "admin" for the username and "microchip" for the password.

MICROCHIP **MPLAB HARMONY**

TCP/IP Stack Demo Application

SNMP Community Configuration

Read/Write Community String configuration for SNMPv2c Agent.

Configure multiple community names if you want the SNMP agent to respond to the NMS/SNMP manager with different read and write community names. If less than three communities are needed, leave extra fields blank to disable them.

Read Comm1 :

Read Comm2 :

Read Comm3 :

Write Comm1:

Write Comm2:

Write Comm3:



When using the Microchip Harmony Configurator (MHC), care must be taken when generating the code to *not* erase the USB descriptors in the `system_init.c` file.

snmpv3_sdcard_fatfs

SNMPv3 SD Card FAT File System demonstration.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the SNMPv3 SD Card FAT FS Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `snmpv3_sdcard_fatfs.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration. The SD Card FAT FS has the `snmp.bib` file with other web pages stored in an external SD card and is accessed through a FAT FS API. The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/snmpv3_sdcard_fatfs`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>snmpv3_sdcard_fatfs.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/snmpv3_sdcard_fatfs/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32_eth_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstrates the access of a SNMP file on a microSD card through the FAT file system on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit using the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with the PICtail daughter board for SD and MMC cards. The demonstration runs in Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	Demonstrates the access of a SNMP file on a microSD card through the FAT file system on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and the MEB II board combination. The demonstration runs in Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with the MEB II

1. Connect the starter kit to the application board connector on the MEB II.
2. Make sure a microSD card is formatted and loaded with the `snmp.bib` file along with the web pages provided in the `<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/web_server_sdcard_fatfs/firmware/src/web_pages` folder.
3. Insert the microSD card with the web pages into the microSD card slot (J8) on the MEB II.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit with the Starter Kit Expansion Board

1. Connect the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit to the I/O expansion board.
2. Make sure a SD card is formatted and loaded with the `snmp.bib` file along with the web pages provided within the `<install-dir>apps/tcpip/snmpv3_sdcard_fatfs/firmware/src/web_pages` folder.
3. Insert the SD card into the PICtail Daughter Board for SD and MMC cards with the `snmp.bib` file along with web pages into the SPI1 slot (J4 - starts slot count from 1) of the PIC32 I/O Expansion Board.



Note: The SD card on the PICtail daughter board should face the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.

Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

Please refer to the [Running the Demonstration](#) section for the `snmpv3_nvmm_pfs` configuration, as the process is the same for this configuration.



Note: Ensure that the SD card with the `snmp.bib` file and the Web pages is inserted as detailed in [Configuring the Hardware](#).

tcpip_tcp_client

This configuration demonstrates creating an Internet client that uses the MPLAB Harmony TCP API to create a TCP/IP connection to a web server.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the TCP/IP TCP Client Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `tcpip_tcp_client.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/tcpip_tcp_client`.



Warning

When using the Microchip Harmony Configurator (MHC), care must be taken when generating the code to *not* erase the USB descriptors in the `system_init.c` file.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>tcpip_tcp_client.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/tcpip_tcp_client/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the TCP/IP TCP Client on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the TCP/IP TCP Client on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2_enc28j60</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the TCP/IP TCP Client on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II connected to the 10 Mbps Ethernet PICtail Plus Daughter Board and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board using the ENC28J60 Driver Library.
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2_encx24j600</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the TCP/IP TCP Client on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II connected to the Fast 100Mbps Ethernet PICtail Plus Daughter Board and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board using the ENCx24J600 Driver Library.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II

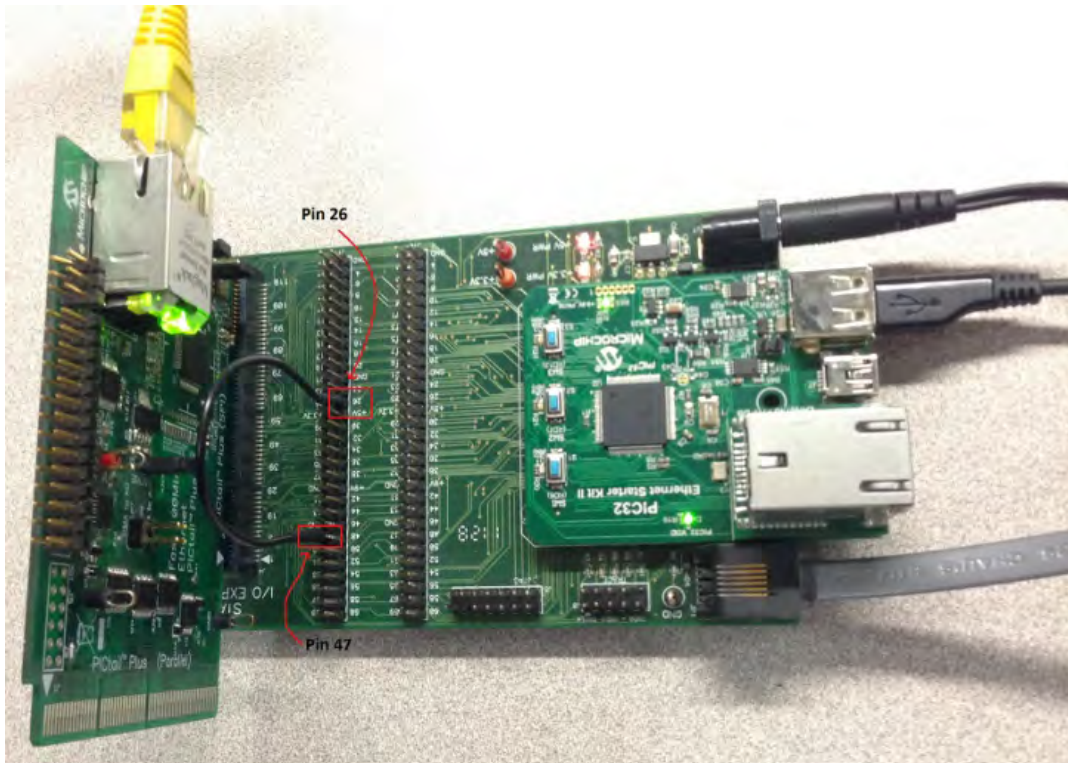
No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II, Fast 100Mbps Ethernet PICtail Plus Daughter Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

The Fast 100Mbps Ethernet PICtail Plus Daughter Board is connected to J4 on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board board by sliding the J2 PICtail Plus (SPI) card edge into the top of the connector so that the white arrows on the two boards line up. The PICtail daughter board is inserted so that it uses SPI1. Pins 26 and 47 on J11 need to be jumpered to allow the CS line to be controlled by the PIC32. The PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II is connected to J1 on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion board. Please refer to the following figure for more detail.



PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II, Ethernet PICtail Plus Daughter Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

The 10 Mbps Ethernet PICtail Plus Daughter Board is connected to J4 on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board board by sliding the J2 PICtail Plus (SPI) card edge into the top of the connector. The PICtail daughter board is inserted so that it uses SPI1. Pins 26 and 47 on J11 need to be jumpered to allow the CS line to be controlled by the PIC32. The PIC32 Ethernet Starter kit II is connected to J1 on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion board.

Using the previous figures as a reference, replace the Fast 100 Mbps Ethernet PICtail Plus Daughter Board with the Ethernet PICtail Plus Daughter Board for this configuration. The RJ45 of the PICtail should be towards the edge connectors of the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board.

Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

To use this demonstration, a USB cable needs to be connected to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the starter kit in use. When the demonstration runs, it will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. The demonstration can be executed once you have connected to this device through a standard terminal program, set the baud rate to 921,600 baud, and a valid IP address has been received by the device.

There is only one command available in the demonstration from the serial port:

```
openurl <url> - The <url> argument must be a fully formed URL; for instance, http://www.microchip.com/
```

After that one command is input, the demonstration will make a DNS query, and then open a connection to the requested URL and perform a simple HTTP PUT command. The results will be sent to the serial port.

tcpip_tcp_client_server

This configuration demonstrates creating an Internet client and an Internet server that uses the MPLAB Harmony TCP API. This demonstration shows how the TCP/IP loopback works, and is a combination of the TCP/IP Client and TCP/IP Server application.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the TCP/IP TCP Client Server Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `tcpip_tcp_client_server.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/tcpip_tcp_client_server`.

**Warning**

When using the Microchip Harmony Configurator (MHC), care must be taken when generating the code to *not* erase the USB descriptors in the `system_init.c` file.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>tcpip_tcp_client_server.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/tcpip_tcp_client_server/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the TCP/IP TCP Client Server on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the TCP/IP TCP Client Server on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

To use this demonstration, a USB cable needs to be connected to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the starter kit in use. When the demonstration runs, it will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. The demonstration can be executed once you have connected to this device through a standard terminal program, set the baud rate to 921,600 baud, and a valid IP address has been received by the device.

There is only one command available in the demonstration from the serial port:

```
openurl <url> - The <url> argument must be a fully formed URL; for instance, http://www.microchip.com/
```

After that one command is input, the demonstration will make a DNS query, and then open a connection to the requested URL and perform a simple HTTP PUT command. The results will be sent to the serial port.

tcpip_tcp_server

This configuration demonstrates creating an Internet server that uses the MPLAB Harmony TCP API to create a TCP/IP echo server on port 9764.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the TCP/IP TCP Server Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `tcpip_tcp_server.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

```
<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/tcpip_tcp_server.
```

**Warning**

When using the Microchip Harmony Configurator (MHC), care must be taken when generating the code to *not* erase the USB descriptors in the `system_init.c` file.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>tcpip_tcp_server.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/tcpip_tcp_server/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the TCP/IP TCP Server on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the TCP/IP TCP Server on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

The demonstration does not offer any additional functionality through the serial port; however, the current IP can be checked. As soon as a valid IP has been assigned through DHCP to the demonstration, it is then ready to accept a TCP/IP connection on 9764. The demonstration will echo back everything it receives along the connection.

A USB cable can be connected to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the starter kit in use. This will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. To communicate with the software, connect to this device through a standard terminal program and set the baud rate to 921,600 baud.

`tcpip_udp_client`

This configuration demonstrates creating an Internet client that uses the MPLAB Harmony UDP API to create a UDP/IP connection to a specified port.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the TCP/IP UDP Client Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `tcpip_udp_client.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/tcpip_udp_client`.

**Warning**

When using the Microchip Harmony Configurator (MHC), care must be taken when generating the code to *not* erase the USB descriptors in the `system_init.c` file.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
tcPIP_udp_client.X	<install-dir>/apps/tcPIP/tcPIP_udp_client/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_eth_sk2	pic32mx_eth_sk2	Demonstrates the TCP/IP UDP Client on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II.
pic32mz_ef_sk	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstrates the TCP/IP UDP Client on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

To use this demonstration, a USB cable needs to be connected to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the starter kit in use. When the demonstration runs, it will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. The demonstration can be executed once you have connected to this device through a standard terminal program, set the baud rate to 921,600 baud, and a valid IP address has been received by the device.

There are three commands that can be used from the console:

- `setudpoptions <hostname> <port> <message>` - This command specifies where to send the UDP packet and what to have in the message
- `getudpoptions` - This command displays the current options
- `sendudp` - This command sends a UDP packet

After the `sendudp` command is input, the demonstration will make a DNS query to look up the host name and send a UDP packet to that host.

tcPIP_udp_client_server

This configuration demonstrates creating an Internet client and an Internet server that uses the MPLAB Harmony UDP API. This demonstration shows how the UDP/IP loopback works, and is a combination of the TCP/IP UDP Client and TCP/IP UDP Server application.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the TCP/IP UDP Client Server Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `tcPIP_udp_client_server.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/tcPIP/tcPIP_udp_client_server`.

**Warning**

When using the Microchip Harmony Configurator (MHC), care must be taken when generating the code to *not* erase the USB descriptors in the `system_init.c` file.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>tcpip_udp_client_server.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/tcpip_udp_client_server/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the TCP/IP UDP Client Server on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the TCP/IP UDP Client Server on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

To use this demonstration, a USB cable needs to be connected to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the starter kit in use. When the demonstration runs, it will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. The demonstration can be executed once you have connected to this device through a standard terminal program, set the baud rate to 921,600 baud, and a valid IP address has been received by the device.

There are three commands that can be used from the console:

- `setudppacketoptions <hostname> <port> <message>` - This command specifies where to send the UDP packet and what to have in the message
- `getudppacketoptions` - This command displays the current options
- `sendudppacket` - This command sends a UDP packet

After the `sendudppacket` command is input, the demonstration will make a DNS query to look up the host name and send a UDP packet to that host.

The UDP Client can be configured to send UDP data to the host, configured using the commands previously described.

The UDP server in this demonstration waits for the client connection and data at port 9760.

As the server receives the data from the external UDP client, the data is shared to the UDP Client to transmit back to the external UDP Server.

The data received over UDP by the server is looped backed using the UDP Client.

tcpip_udp_server

This configuration demonstrates creating an Internet server that uses the MPLAB Harmony UDP API to create a UDP/IP echo server on port 9760.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the TCP/IP UDP Server Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `tcpip_udp_server.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration. The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/tcpip_udp_server`.



When using the Microchip Harmony Configurator (MHC), care must be taken when generating the code to *not* erase the USB descriptors in the `system_init.c` file.

Warning

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>tcpip_udp_server.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/tcpip_udp_server/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the TCP/IP UDP Server on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the TCP/IP UDP Server on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

The demonstration does not offer any additional functionality through the serial port; however, the current IP can be checked. As soon as a valid IP has been assigned through DHCP to the demonstration, it is then ready to accept a UDP/IP connection on 9760. The demonstration will echo back everything it receives along the connection.

A USB cable can be connected to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the starter kit in use. This will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. To communicate with the software, connect to this device through a standard terminal program and set the baud rate to 921,600 baud.

`web_net_server_nvm_mpfs`

Web Net Server Non-volatile Memory (NVM) MPFS TCP/IP demonstration.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the TCP/IP Web Net Server Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `pic32_eth_web_server.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/web_net_server_nvm_mpfs`.

**Warning**

When using the Microchip Harmony Configurator (MHC), care must be taken when generating the code to *not* erase the USB descriptors in the `system_init.c` file.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>pic32_eth_web_server.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/web_net_server_nvm_mpfs/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstrates the web server hosted on internal Flash through Microchip proprietary file system on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the web server hosted on internal Flash through Microchip proprietary file system on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the web server hosted on internal Flash through Microchip proprietary file system on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the web server hosted on internal Flash through Microchip proprietary file system on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

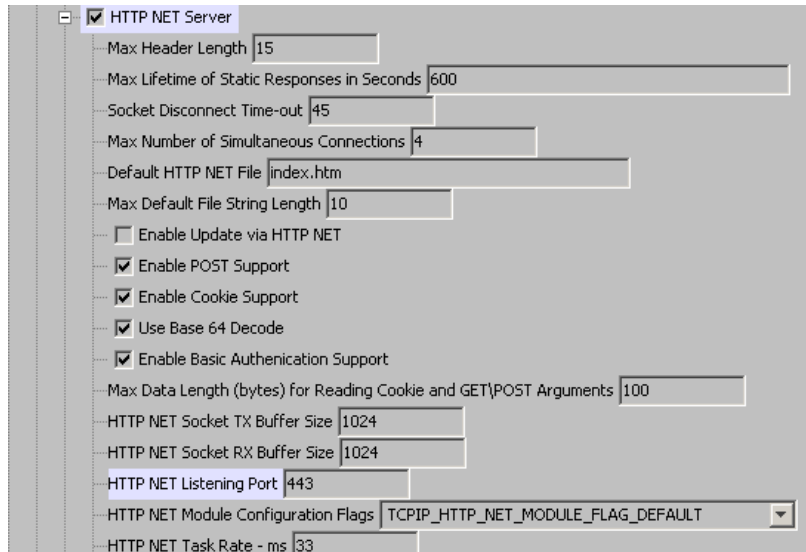
Configuring the MHC

Provides information on the MHC configuration for the demonstration.

Description

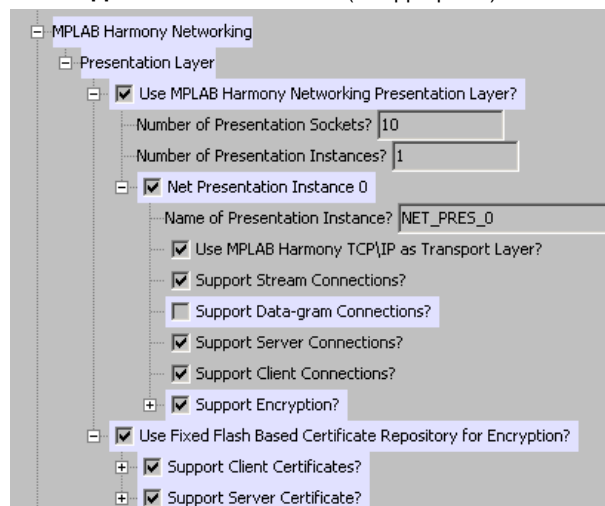
MHC Configuration:

1. From *Harmony Framework Configuration* > *TCPIP Stack* select **HTTP NET Server**.
2. Leave the default settings. The HTTP server listening port should be already set to 443 for encrypted connections, as shown in the following figure; however, change this value to 80 if unencrypted connection is required:

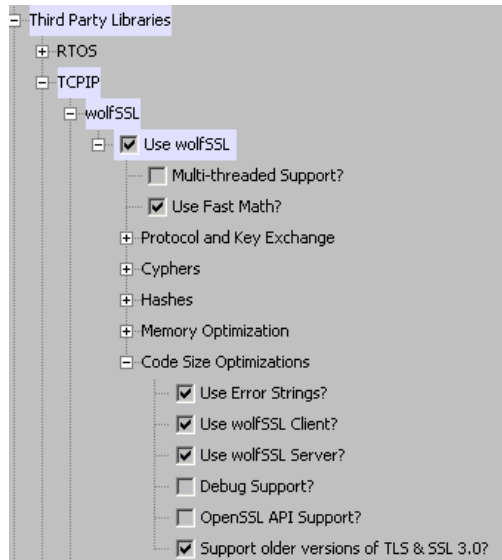


3. Enable the MPLAB Harmony Networking Presentation Layer, as follows:

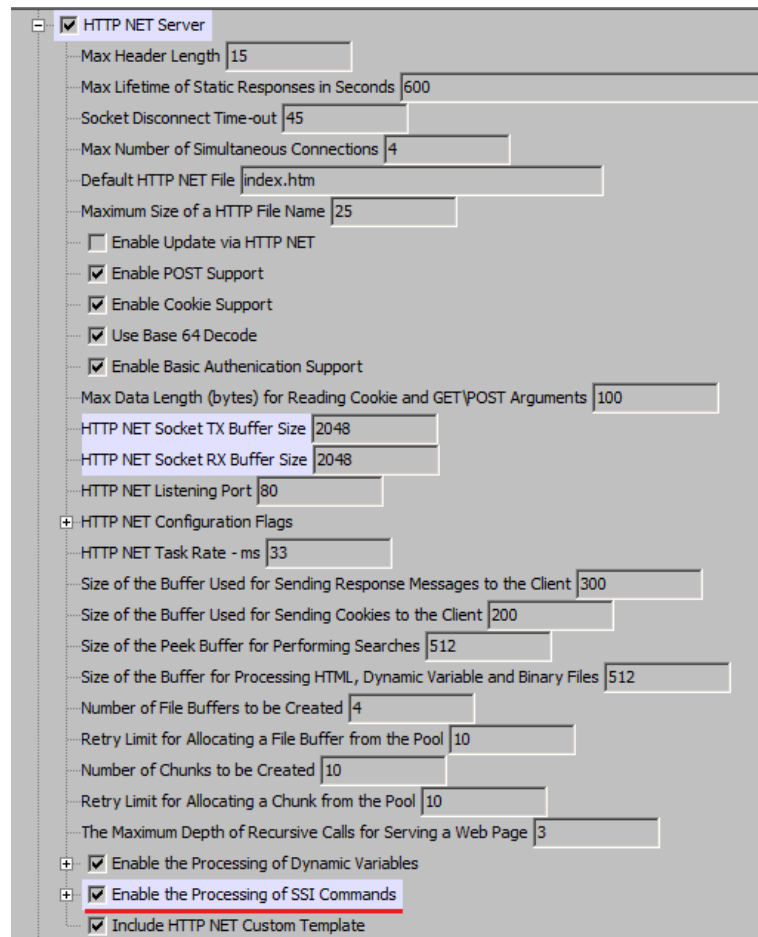
- Ensure that the TCP/IP stack is used as transport layer
- Select **Support Stream Connections?** (for TCP support)
- Select **Support Server Connections?** (for HTTPS support)
- Select **Support Client Connections?** (for encrypted SMTP support)
- Select **Support Client Certificate?** and **Support Server Certificate?** (as appropriate)



4. Enable *Third Party Libraries* > *TCPIP* > *wolfSSL* > *Use wolfSSL*. Ensure that the wolfSSL client and wolfSSL server are enabled depending on your HTTP and SMTP selection, as shown in the following figure:



5. As shown in the following figure, select **HTTP Net Server** from *Harmony Framework Configuration > TCP/IP Stack*. Ensure that the “Enable the Processing SSI Commands” is enabled. Leave the default settings or expand the item and adjust to your application needs.

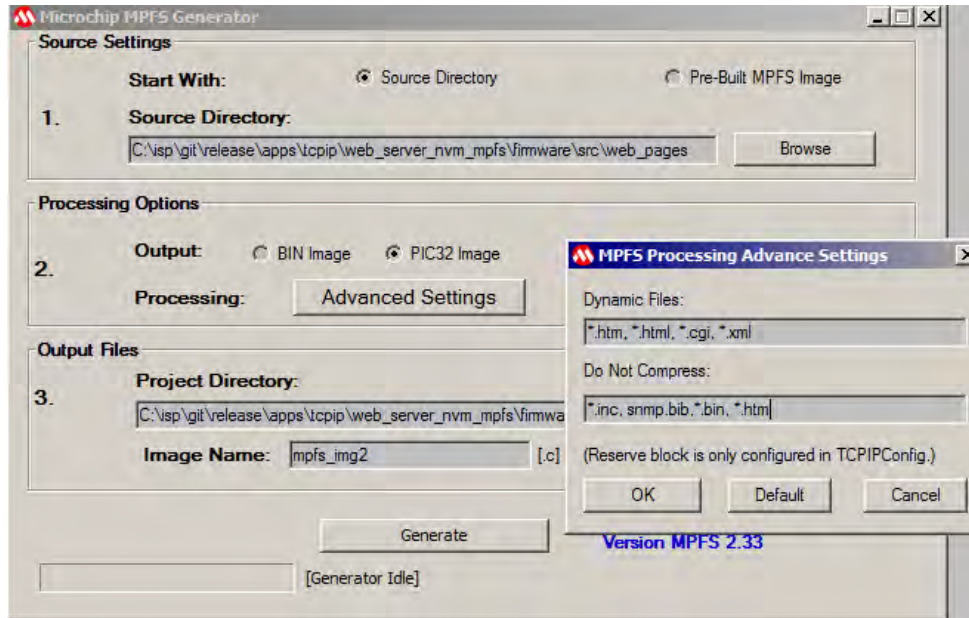


6. This version of the HTTP Net MHC configuration allows for the explicit selection of the dynamic variables processing. Ensure that this option is also selected.



Note: For demonstrations that use SSI, the file inclusion is now done in a standard way using `.htm` files.

For example, `<!--#include virtual="header.htm">`. These files may contain dynamic variables, other SSI commands, or include other files. As shown in the following figure, ensure that when using the `mpfs2.jar` image generation tool that `*.htm` is added using *Advanced Settings > Do Not Compress*.



Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the PIC32 Ethernet Web Net Server demonstration.

Description

To view the web page hosted by the demonstration application, open a web browser and direct it to the board running the HTTP server by typing the URL in the address bar (for example, http://mchpboard_e), and then pressing **Enter**.



Notes:

1. The NetBIOS name of the TCP/IP application is specified at the time the TCP/IP stack is initialized, which is usually in the `hostName` member of the `tcpip_stack_init.c::TCPIP_HOSTS_CONFIGURATION` structure. The NetBIOS service must be enabled for the PIC32 demonstration to respond to NetBIOS queries. Alternatively, you can use the IPv4 or IPv6 address (if IPv6 is enabled) of the board directly, for example, <http://192.168.1.131> or [http://\[fdfe:dcb:9876:1:204:a3ff:fe12:128e\]](http://[fdfe:dcb:9876:1:204:a3ff:fe12:128e]).
2. The IPv4 and IPv6 addresses can be obtained from running the TCP/IP Discovery application on the PC side. It requires that the TCP/IP Announce module is enabled when building the stack.

Demonstration Process

Please use the following procedure to run the demonstration:

1. Load the demonstration project into MPLAB X IDE.
2. Connect the mini-B debugger port on-board the starter kit in use to a USB port on the Development computer using the USB cable provided in the kit.
3. Connect the RJ-45 Ethernet port on the starter kit board to a network hub or an Ethernet port on the development computer using the Ethernet patch cord provided in the kit.
4. Build, download, and run the demonstration project on the target board.
5. A HTTP server is hosted by the demonstration application. Open a web browser and direct it to the board running the HTTP server by typing the URL in the address bar (for example, http://mchpboard_e), and then pressing **Enter**.

The demonstration application features following:

- *Real-time Hardware Control and Dynamic Variables* - On the Overview page the LEDs can be clicked to toggle the LEDs on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit board. The buttons on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit board can be pressed to toggle the Buttons on the web page. The dynamic variables can be updated in real-time on the HTTP server.



Note:

The LED functionality portion of the demonstration is somewhat limited due to issue related to the functional multiplexing on GPIO and Ethernet pins on different supported hardware.



- *Form Processing* - Input can be handled from the client by using GET and POST methods (this functionality controls the on-board LEDs and will be operational only on Explorer 16 Development Board)
- *Authentication* - Shows an example of the commonly used restricted access feature
- *Cookies* - Shows an example of storing small text stings on the client side
- *File Uploads* - Shows an example of file upload using the POST method. The HTTP server can accept a user-defined MPFS/MPFS2 image file for web pages.
- *Send E-mail* - Shows simple SMTP POST methods
- *Dynamic DNS* - Exercises Dynamic DNS capabilities
- *Network Configuration* - The MAC address, host name, and IP address of the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit board can be viewed in the Network

Configuration page and some configurations can be updated

- **MPFS Upload** - A new set of web pages can be uploaded to the web server using this feature, which is accessed through http://mchpboard_e/mpfsupload.



- Notes:**
1. The location of the MPFS image is fixed at the beginning of the Flash page (aligned to the page boundary). The size of the MPFS upload is limited to 64K in the demonstration, which it can be expanded by changing NVM_MEDIA_SIZE to the desired size (restricted based on the available size) and overriding the EBASE address using the following linker command:
 - `--defsym=_ebase_address=0x9D0xxxx` (where, xxx = 9D000000+NVM_MEDIA_SIZE)
 2. The MPFS UPLOAD functionality has to be enabled when the project is built.

TCP/IP Stack Demo Application

Overview

Dynamic Variables

Form Processing

Authentication

Cookies

File Uploads

Send E-mail

Dynamic DNS

Network Configuration

SNMP Configuration

Welcome!

Stack Version:	7.22
Build Date:	Oct 24 2014 10:07:33
File System Location:	FLASH
File System Type:	MPFS2

LED:
●

Buttons:
▲ ▲ ▲

Random Number: 23492

This site demonstrates the power, flexibility, and scalability of a 32-bit embedded web server. Everything you see is powered by a Microchip PIC microcontroller running the Harmony Microchip TCP/IP Stack.

On the right you'll see the current status of the demo board. For a quick example, click the LEDs to toggle the lights on the board. Press the push buttons (except MCLR!) and you'll see the status update immediately. This examples uses AJAX techniques to provide real-time feedback.

This site is provided as a tutorial for the various features of the HTTP web server, including:

- **Dynamic Variable Substitution** - display real-time data
- **Form Processing** - handle input from the client
- **Authentication** - require a user name and password
- **Cookies** - store session state information for richer applications
- **File Uploads** - parse files for configuration settings and more

Several example applications are also provided for updating configuration parameters, sending e-mails, and controlling the Dynamic DNS client. Thanks to built-in GZIP compression support, all these tutorials and examples fit in the 32kB of on-board Memory

For more information on the Harmony TCP/IP Stack, please refer to the TCP/IP Stack Libraries Help paragraph in the MPLAB Harmony Help installed on your computer as part of the Harmony distribution.

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web_server_nvm_mpfs

This topic contains the Web Server Non-volatile Memory (NVM) MPFS TCP/IP demonstrations.

pic32_eth_web_server

This section describes the steps necessary to begin using the PIC32 Ethernet Web Server Demonstration Application.

Description

This demonstration exercises the HTTP web server running on PIC32 devices. The Non-Volatile Memory (NVM) Microchip Proprietary File System (MPFS) web server demonstration has the web pages stored in internal Flash and are accessed through the MPFS API.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the TCP/IP Web Server Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `pic32_eth_web_server.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/web_server_nvmm_pfs.`



Warning

When using the Microchip Harmony Configurator (MHC), care must be taken when generating the code to *not* erase the USB descriptors in the `system_init.c` file.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>pic32_eth_web_server.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/web_server_nvmm_pfs/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstrates the web server hosted on internal Flash through Microchip proprietary file system on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the web server hosted on internal Flash through Microchip proprietary file system on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the web server hosted on internal Flash through Microchip proprietary file system on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the web server hosted on internal Flash through Microchip proprietary file system on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the PIC32 Ethernet Web Server demonstration.

Description

To view the web page hosted by the demonstration application, open a web browser and direct it to the board running the HTTP server by typing the URL in the address bar (for example, http://mchpboard_e), and then pressing **Enter**.



- Notes:**
1. The NetBIOS name of the TCP/IP application is specified at the time the TCP/IP stack is initialized, which is usually in the `hostName` member of the `tcpip_stack_init.c::TCPIP_HOSTS_CONFIGURATION` structure. The NetBIOS service must be enabled for the PIC32 demonstration to respond to NetBIOS queries. Alternatively, you can use the IPv4 or IPv6 address (if IPv6 is enabled) of the board directly, for example, <http://192.168.1.131> or [http://\[fdfe:dcb:9876:1:204:a3ff:fe12:128e\]](http://[fdfe:dcb:9876:1:204:a3ff:fe12:128e]).
 2. The IPv4 and IPv6 addresses can be obtained from running the TCP/IP Discovery application on the PC side. It requires that the TCP/IP Announce module is enabled when building the stack.

Demonstration Process

Please use the following procedure to run the demonstration:

1. Load the demonstration project into MPLAB X IDE.
2. Connect the mini-B debugger port on-board the starter kit in use to a USB port on the Development computer using the USB cable provided in the kit.
3. Connect the RJ-45 Ethernet port on the starter kit board to a network hub or an Ethernet port on the development computer using the Ethernet patch cord provided in the kit.
4. Build, download, and run the demonstration project on the target board.
5. A HTTP server is hosted by the demonstration application. Open a web browser and direct it to the board running the HTTP server by typing the URL in the address bar (for example, http://mchpboard_e), and then pressing **Enter**.

The demonstration application features following:

- *Real-time Hardware Control and Dynamic Variables* - On the Overview page the LEDs can be clicked to toggle the LEDs on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit board. The buttons on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit board can be pressed to toggle the Buttons on the web page. The dynamic variables can be updated in real-time on the HTTP server.



Note: The LED functionality portion of the demonstration is somewhat limited due to issue related to the functional multiplexing on GPIO and Ethernet pins on different supported hardware.

- *Form Processing* - Input can be handled from the client by using GET and POST methods (this functionality controls the on-board LEDs and will be operational only on Explorer 16 Development Board)
- *Authentication* - Shows an example of the commonly used restricted access feature
- *Cookies* - Shows an example of storing small text strings on the client side
- *File Uploads* - Shows an example of file upload using the POST method. The HTTP server can accept a user-defined MPFS/MPFS2 image file for web pages.
- *Send E-mail* - Shows simple SMTP POST methods
- *Dynamic DNS* - Exercises Dynamic DNS capabilities
- *Network Configuration* - The MAC address, host name, and IP address of the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit board can be viewed in the Network Configuration page and some configurations can be updated
- *MPFS Upload* - A new set of web pages can be uploaded to the web server using this feature, which is accessed through http://mchpboard_e/mpfsupload.



- Notes:**
1. The location of the MPFS image is fixed at the beginning of the Flash page (aligned to the page boundary). The size of the MPFS upload is limited to 64K in the demonstration, which it can be expanded by changing `NVM_MEDIA_SIZE` to the desired size (restricted based on the available size) and overriding the `Ebase` address using the following linker command:
 - `--defsym=_ebase_address=0x9D0xxxx` (where, `xxxx = 9D000000+NVM_MEDIA_SIZE`)
 2. The MPFS UPLOAD functionality has to be enabled when the project is built.



TCP/IP Stack Demo Application

Overview

Dynamic Variables

Form Processing

Authentication

Cookies

File Uploads

Send E-mail

Dynamic DNS

Network Configuration

SNMP Configuration

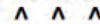
Welcome!

Stack Version: 7.22
Build Date: Oct 24 2014 10:07:33
File System Location: FLASH
File System Type: MPFS2

LED:



Buttons:



Random Number: 23492

This site demonstrates the power, flexibility, and scalability of a 32-bit embedded web server. Everything you see is powered by a Microchip PIC microcontroller running the Harmony Microchip TCP/IP Stack.

On the right you'll see the current status of the demo board. For a quick example, click the LEDs to toggle the lights on the board. Press the push buttons (except MCLR!) and you'll see the status update immediately. This examples uses AJAX techniques to provide real-time feedback.

This site is provided as a tutorial for the various features of the HTTP web server, including:

- **Dynamic Variable Substitution** - display real-time data
- **Form Processing** - handle input from the client
- **Authentication** - require a user name and password
- **Cookies** - store session state information for richer applications
- **File Uploads** - parse files for configuration settings and more

Several example applications are also provided for updating configuration parameters, sending e-mails, and controlling the Dynamic DNS client. Thanks to built-in GZIP compression support, all these tutorials and examples fit in the 32kB of on-board Memory

For more information on the Harmony TCP/IP Stack, please refer to the TCP/IP Stack Libraries Help paragraph in the MPLAB Harmony Help installed on your computer as part of the Harmony distribution.

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pic32_eth_wifi_web_server

This section describes the steps necessary to begin using the PIC32 Ethernet Wi-Fi Web Server Demonstration Application.

Description

The Wi-Fi Web Server demonstration (apps\tcpip\web_server_nvmm_pfs\firmware) exercises the HTTP web server running on PIC32 devices. The Non-Volatile Memory (NVM) Microchip Proprietary File System (MPFS) web server demonstration has the web pages stored in internal Flash and are accessed through the MPFS API.

Wi-Fi Demonstration Matrix

Refer to [Wi-Fi Demonstration Configuration Matrix](#) for additional information.



Notes:

1. Due to a hardware limitation, the pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2 and pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2 configurations in the Ethernet and Wi-Fi Web server demonstration (pic32_eth_wifi_web_server), exercises a Web server through Wi-Fi only. The work around is explained in the [Configuring the Hardware](#) topic.
2. For the pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2 or pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2 configuration, either or both the MRF24WG Wi-Fi module and MRF24WN Wi-Fi PICtail may be installed, but only one Wi-Fi module will be active depending on the MHC selection of the MRF24W. If the MRF24WG Wi-Fi module is selected, it will not work if the MRF24WN Wi-Fi PICtail is installed.
3. For the Wi-Fi demonstration to function properly on the MEB II development board, the board should be powered with a 9V-15V DC power supply. Also on the PIC32MZ EC or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit board, JP1 jumper should be Open (no jumper).

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the PIC32 Ethernet Wi-Fi Web Server Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `pic32_eth_wifi_web_server.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration. The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/web_server_nvm_mpfs`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>pic32_eth_wifi_web_server.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/web_server_nvm_mpfs/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk+ioexp</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstration running on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit connected to the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk+ioexp</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2</code>	Demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk+ioexp+freertos</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit connected to the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk+ioexp+11n+freertos</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit connected to the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with the MRF24WN PICtail Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk+ioexp+freertos</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk+ioexp+11n+freertos</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with the MRF24WN PICtail Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2+freertos</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2</code>	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2+11n+freertos</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2</code>	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II) with the MRF24WN PICtail Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+ioexp</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the I/O Expansion board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+ioexp+freertos</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the I/O Expansion board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	Demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the MEB II with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2+freertos</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the I/O Expansion board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+ioexp+11n+freertos</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the I/O Expansion board with the MRF24WN PICtail Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2+11n+freertos</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the MEB II with the MRF24WN PICtail Daughter Board.

Configuring the Hardware

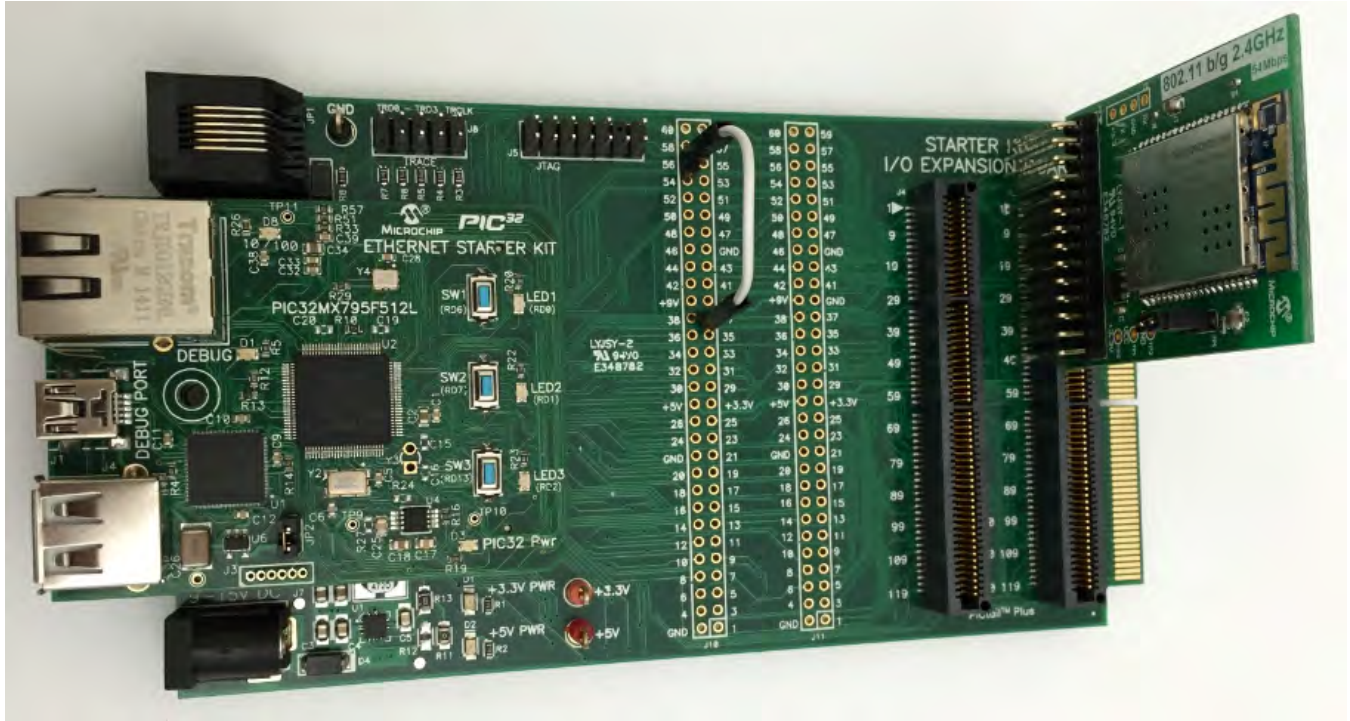
Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit with PIC32MX795F512L, MRF24WG0MA Wi-Fi G PICtail/PICtail Plus Daughter Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

Configure the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board jumper modifications, as described in the following figure:

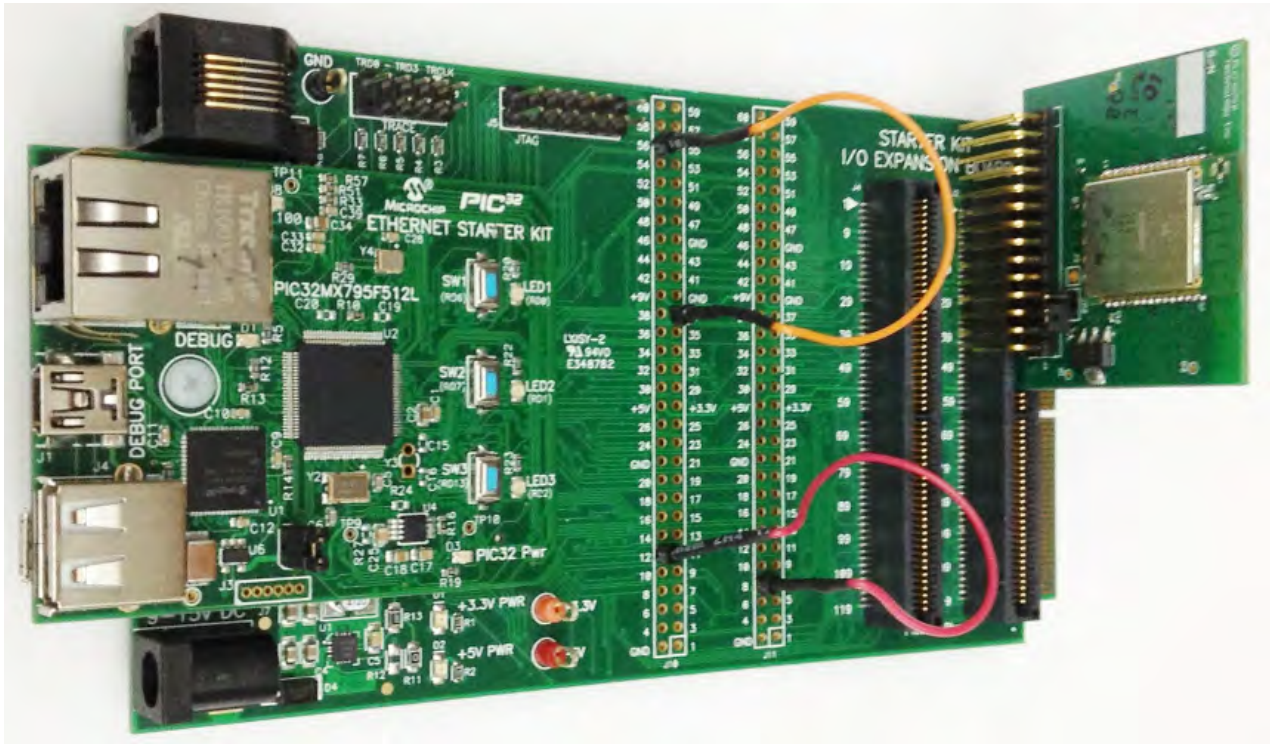
On-board Jumper: J10/pin 56 to J10/pin 37 (white jumper cable)



PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit with PIC32MX795F512L, MRF24WN0MA Wi-Fi PICtail/PICtail Plus Daughter Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

Configure the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board jumper modifications, as described in the following figure:

On-board Jumpers: J10/pin 12 to J11/pin 8 (red jumper cable), and J10/pin 56 to J10/pin 37 (orange jumper cable).

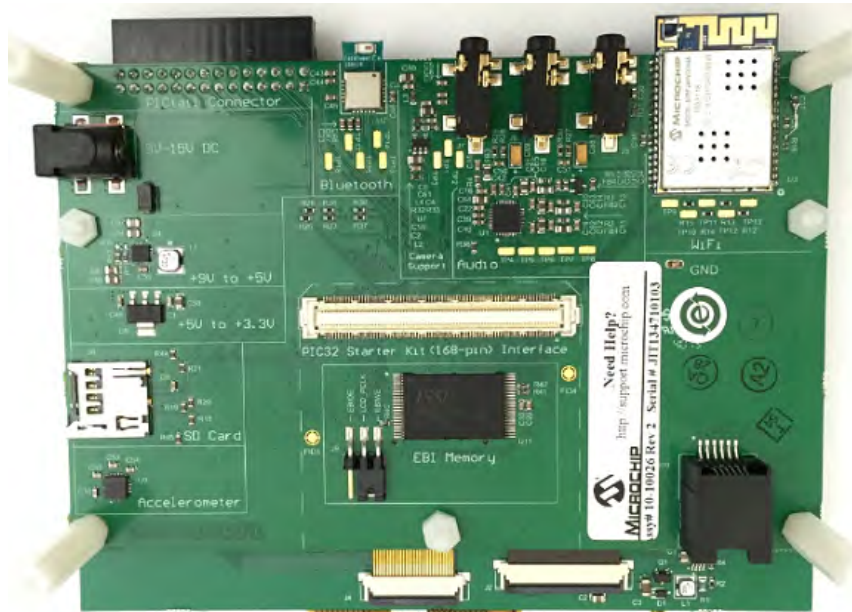


MRF24WG0MA Wi-Fi module, 4.3" WQVGA PCAP Display Board, and Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II)
Configure the hardware, as shown in the following figures:

Front Configuration



Back Configuration



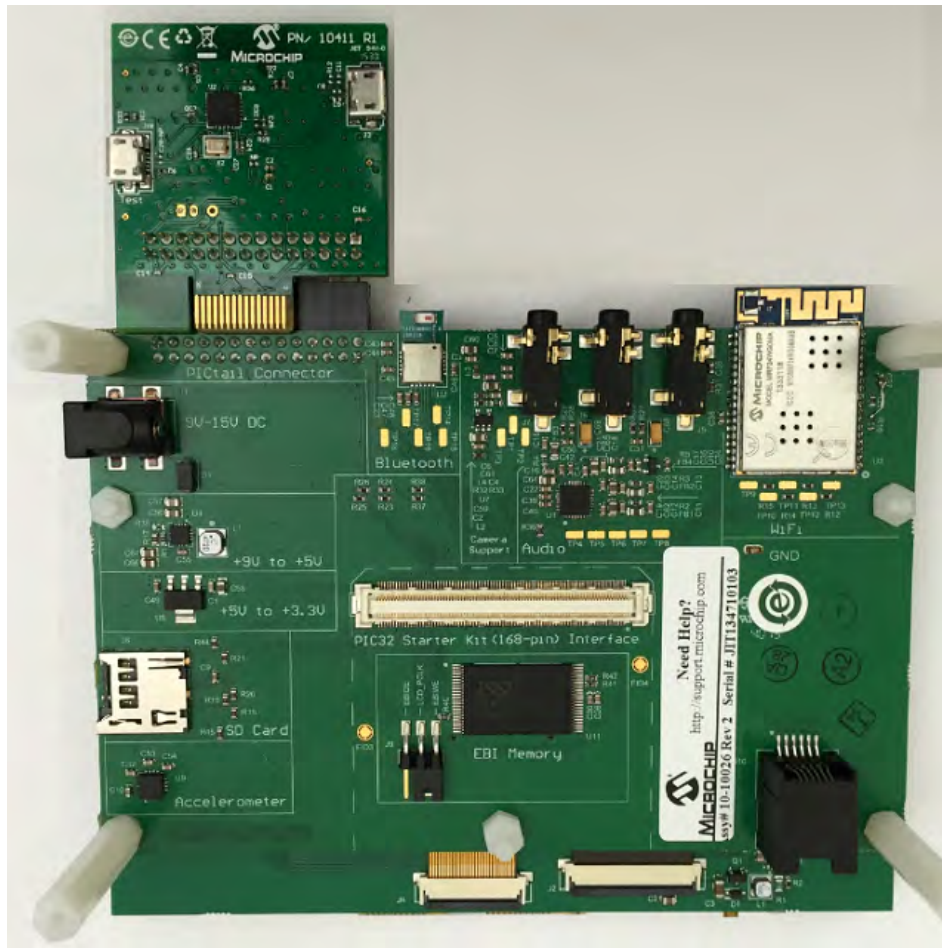
MRF24WG0MA Wi-Fi module, MRF24WN0MA Wi-Fi PICtail/PICtail Plus Daughter Board, 4.3" WQVGA PCAP Display Board, and Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II)

Configure the hardware, as shown in the following figures:


Front Configuration

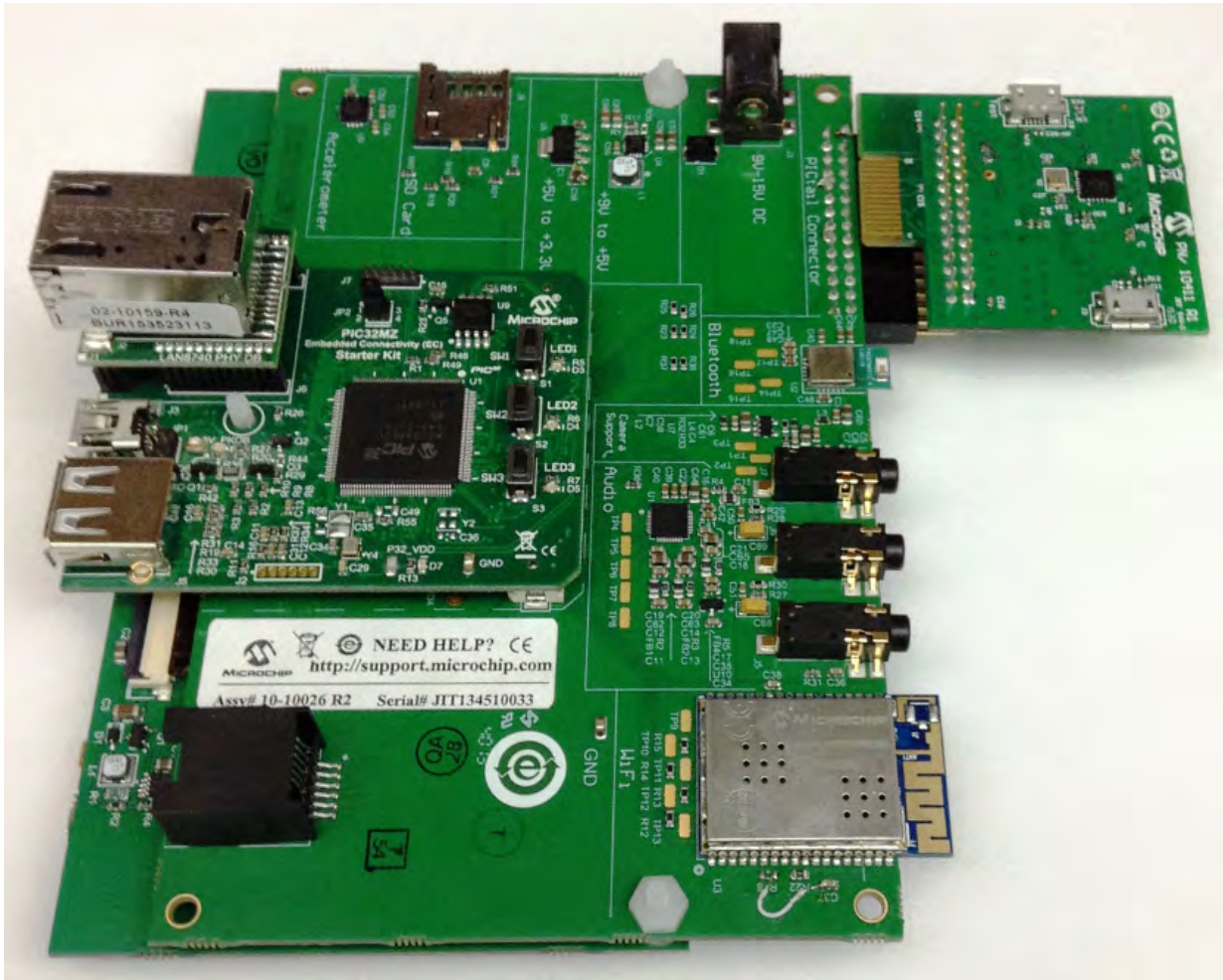


Back Configuration



PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit with PIC32MZ2048ECH144, MRF24WG0MA Wi-Fi G module, MRF24WN0MA Wi-Fi PICtail/PICtail Plus Daughter Board, 4.3" WQVGA PCAP Display Board, and Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II)


 **Note:** The PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit, shown in the following figure, can also be interchanged with the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with PIC32MZ2048EFM144.

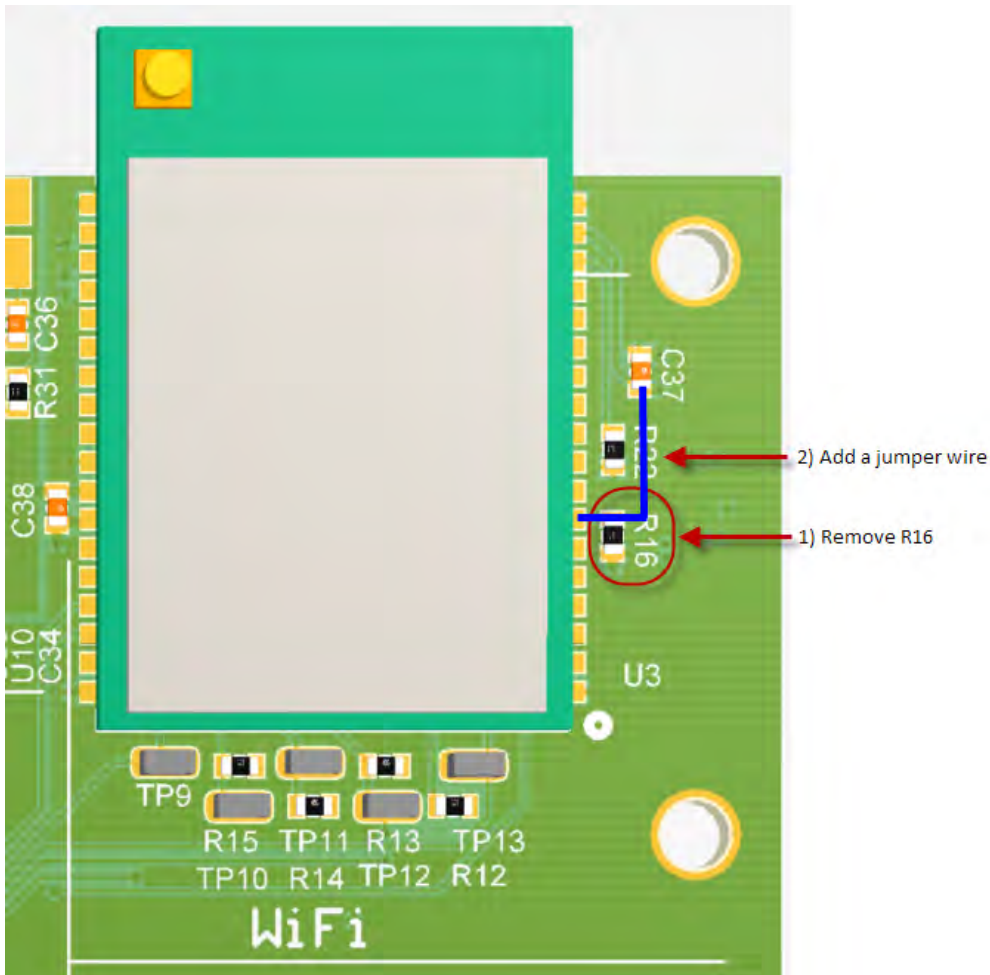


PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II)

Due to a hardware limitation, the `pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2` configuration in the Ethernet and Wi-Fi Web server demonstration, exercises a Web server through Wi-Fi only. To enable Ethernet, use the following hardware work around and add the Ethernet interface in the project to run the Web server using both Ethernet and Wi-Fi connections. Refer to the following figure for details:

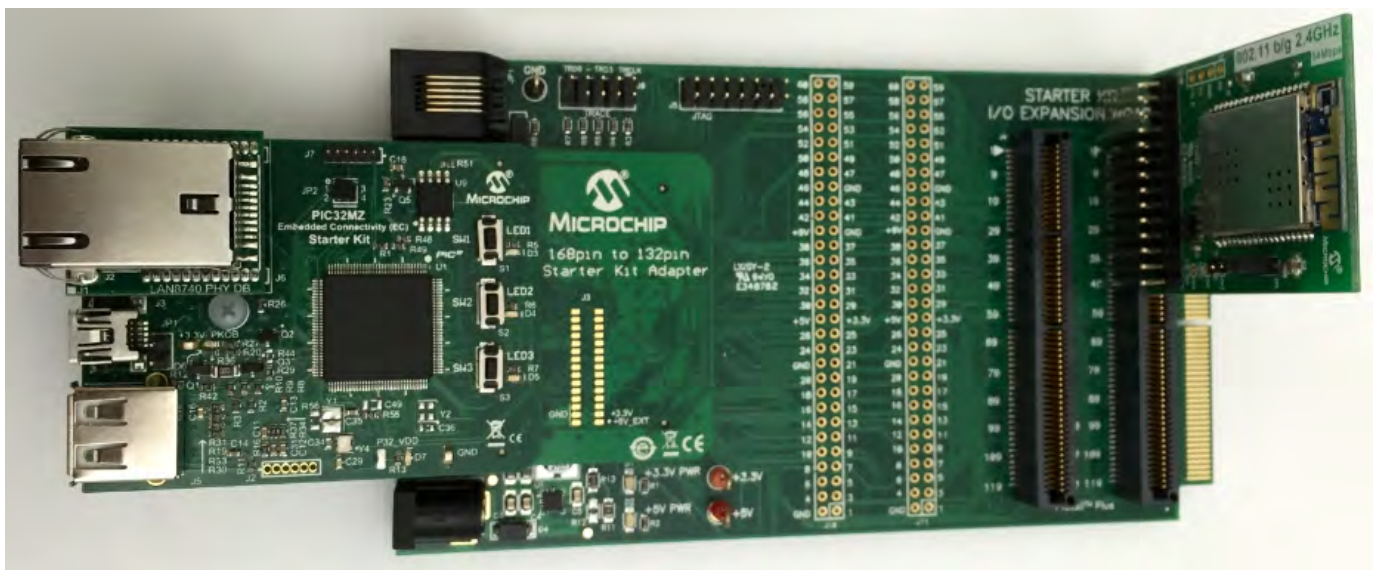
1. Remove R16, which is located near the Wi-Fi module of the MEB II,
2. Add a jumper wire from pin 7 of U3 to the lower pad of C37 (VCC).

 **Note:** The MEB II development board should be powered with a 9V-15V DC power supply. The PIC32MZ EC or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit board JP1 should be Open (no jumper).




PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit with PIC32MX2048ECH144, MRF24WG0MA Wi-Fi G PICtail/PICtail Plus Daughter Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

Configure the hardware, as shown in the following figure:

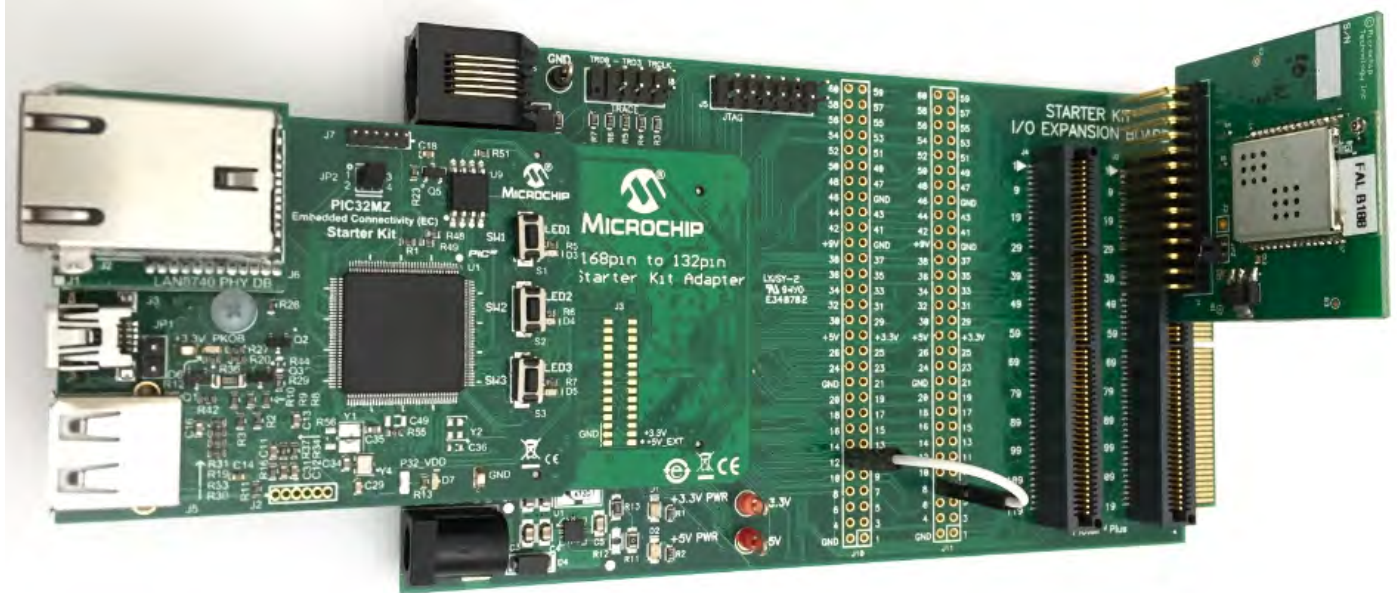


PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit, MRF24WN0MA Wi-Fi PICtail/PICtail Plus Daughter Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

 **Note:** The PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit, shown in the following figure, can also be interchanged with the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with PIC32MZ2048EFM144.

Configure the hardware, as shown in the following figure:

On-board Jumper: J10/pin 12 to J11/pin 8 (white jumper cable)



Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the PIC32 Ethernet Wi-Fi Web Server demonstration.

Description

To view the web page hosted by the demonstration application, open a web browser and direct it to the board running the HTTP server by typing the URL in the address bar (for example, `http://mchpboard_w`), and then pressing **Enter**.

This demonstration runs on two interfaces, Ethernet and Wi-Fi. A second web browser tab could be opened pointing to the other interface (`http://mchpboard_e`) to have both interfaces running simultaneously.

Notes:

1. The NetBIOS name of the TCP/IP application is specified at the time the TCP/IP stack is initialized, which is usually in the `hostName` member of the `tcpip_stack_init.c`: `TCPIP_HOSTS_CONFIGURATION` structure. The NetBIOS service must be enabled for the PIC32 demonstration to respond to NetBIOS queries. Alternatively, you can use the IPv4 or IPv6 address (if IPv6 is enabled) of the board directly, for example, `http://192.168.1.131` or `http://[fdfe:dcb:9876:1:204:a3ff:fe12:128e]`.
2. The IPv4 and IPv6 addresses can be obtained from running the TCP/IP Discovery application on the PC side. It requires that the TCP/IP Announce module is enabled when building the stack.
3. For the Wi-Fi demonstration to function properly on MEB2 development board, the board should be powered with a 9V-15V DC power supply. Also on the PIC32MZ EC or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit board, JP1 jumper should be Open (no jumper).

Please refer to the **Demonstration Process** in the [Running the Demonstration](#) section for the `pic32_eth_web_server` configuration, as the process is the same for this configuration.

Note:

Refer to [Wi-Fi Console Commands](#) for information on the commands that enable control over the Wi-Fi settings.



TCP/IP Stack Demo Application

Overview	<h1>Welcome!</h1> <p>Stack Version: 7.22</p> <p>Build Date: Oct 24 2014 10:07:33</p> <p>File System Location: FLASH</p> <p>File System Type: MPFS2</p> <p>This site demonstrates the power, flexibility, and scalability of a 32-bit embedded web server. Everything you see is powered by a Microchip PIC microcontroller running the Harmony Microchip TCP/IP Stack.</p> <p>On the right you'll see the current status of the demo board. For a quick example, click the LEDs to toggle the lights on the board. Press the push buttons (except MCLR!) and you'll see the status update immediately. This examples uses AJAX techniques to provide real-time feedback.</p> <p>This site is provided as a tutorial for the various features of the HTTP web server, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dynamic Variable Substitution - display real-time data • Form Processing - handle input from the client • Authentication - require a user name and password • Cookies - store session state information for richer applications • File Uploads - parse files for configuration settings and more <p>Several example applications are also provided for updating configuration parameters, sending e-mails, and controlling the Dynamic DNS client. Thanks to built-in GZIP compression support, all these tutorials and examples fit in the 32kB of on-board Memory</p> <p>For more information on the Harmony TCP/IP Stack, please refer to the TCP/IP Stack Libraries Help paragraph in the MPLAB Harmony Help installed on your computer as part of the Harmony distribution.</p>	<p>LED:</p> <p>●</p> <p>Buttons:</p> <p>▲ ▲ ▲</p> <p>Random Number: 23492</p>
Dynamic Variables		
Form Processing		
Authentication		
Cookies		
File Uploads		
Send E-mail		
Dynamic DNS		
Network Configuration		
SNMP Configuration		

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pic32_wifi_web_server

This section describes the steps necessary to begin using the PIC32 Wi-Fi Web Server Demonstration Application.

Description

The Wi-Fi Web Server demonstration (<install-dir>\apps\tcpip\web_server_nvmm_pfs\firmware) exercises the HTTP Web Server running on PIC32 devices. The Non-Volatile Memory (NVM) Microchip Proprietary File System (MPFS) Web Server demonstration has the Web pages stored in internal Flash and are accessed through the MPFS API.

Wi-Fi Demonstration Matrix

Refer to [Wi-Fi Demonstration Configuration Matrix](#) for additional information.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the PIC32 Wi-Fi Web Server Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `pic32_wifi_web_server.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is <install-dir>/apps/tcpip/web_server_nvmm_pfs.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
pic32_wifi_web_server.X	<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/web_server_nvm_mpfs/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
chipkit_wf32	chipkit_wf32	Demonstration running on the chipKIT™ WF32™ Wi-Fi Development Board with the PIC32MX695F512L and the MRF24WG PICtail module.
pic32mx795_pim+e16	pic32mx795_pim+e16	Demonstration running on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and the Explorer 16 Development Board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
pic32mx795_pim+e16+freertos	pic32mx795_pim+e16	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM and the Explorer 16 Development Board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
pic32mx795_pim+e16+11n+freertos	pic32mx795_pim+e16	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM on the Explorer 16 Development Board with the MRF24WN PICtail Daughter Board.

Configuring the Hardware

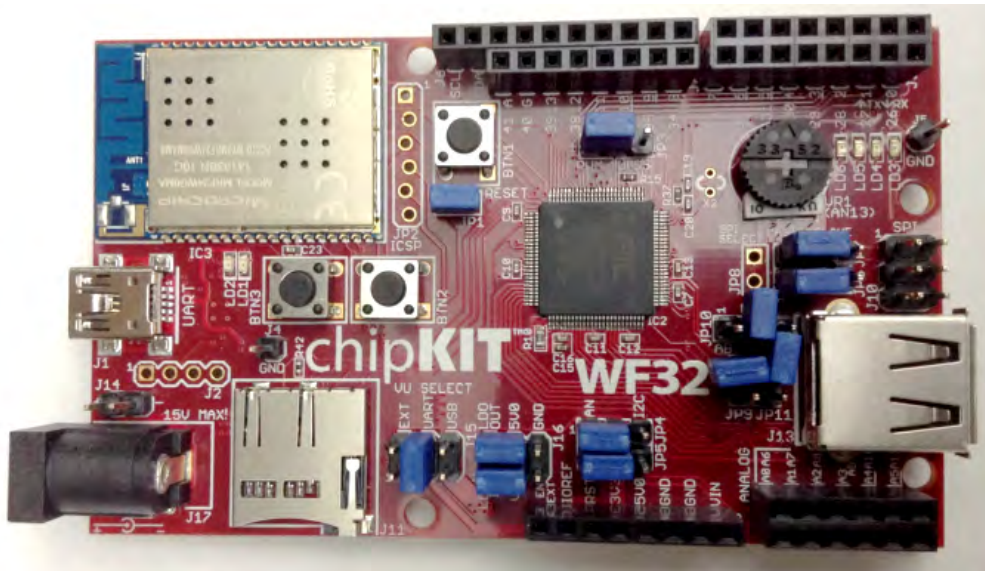
Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

chipKIT™ WF32™ Wi-Fi Development Board with on-board MRF24WG PICtail and PIC32MX695F512L MCU

The console output uses the USB/Serial connector on the board at 115,200 baud, 8-bit data, No parity, 1 Stop bit, with No Flow control.

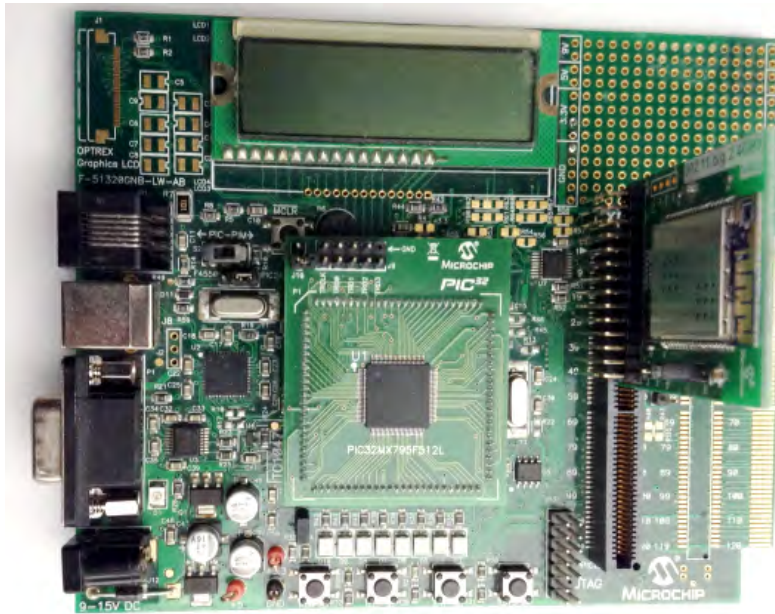
The following figure shows the hardware configuration.



PIC32MX795F512L PIM with the Explorer 16 Development Board and MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board

- Connect the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board into the PICtail Plus slot closest to the MCU. The module should face into the board and be placed all the way to the end on the pin 1 side of the connector.
- The console output uses the DB9 connector on the board at 115200 baud, 8-bit data, No parity, 1 Stop bit, with No Flow Control

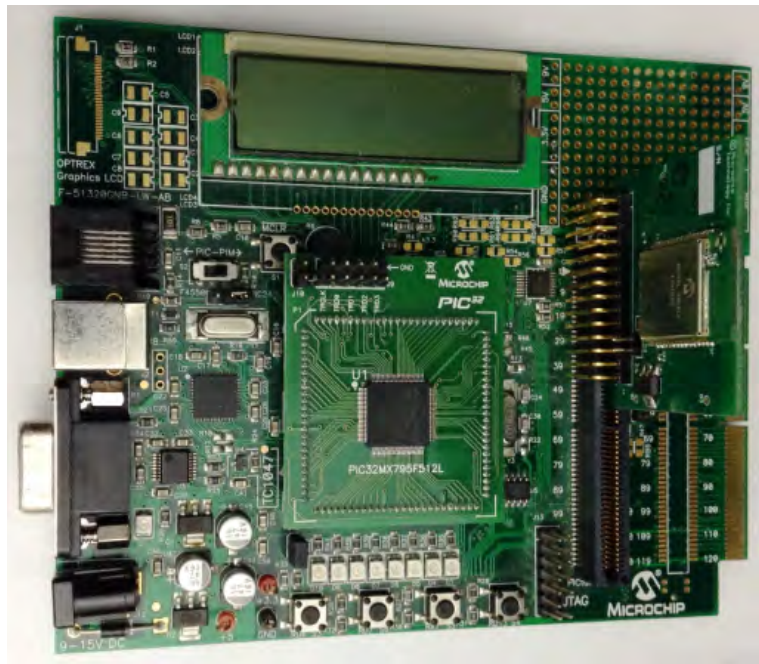
The following figure shows the hardware configuration.



PIC32MX795F512L PIM with the Explorer 16 Development Board and MRF24WN PICtail Daughter Board

- Connect the MRF24WN PICtail Daughter Board into the PICtail Plus slot closest to the MCU. The module should face into the board and be placed all the way to the end on the pin 1 side of the connector.
- The console output uses the DB9 connector on the board at 115200 baud, 8-bit data, No parity, 1 Stop bit, with No Flow Control

The following figure shows the hardware configuration.




Running the Demonstration


This section provides instructions on how to build and run the PIC32 Wi-Fi Web Server demonstration.

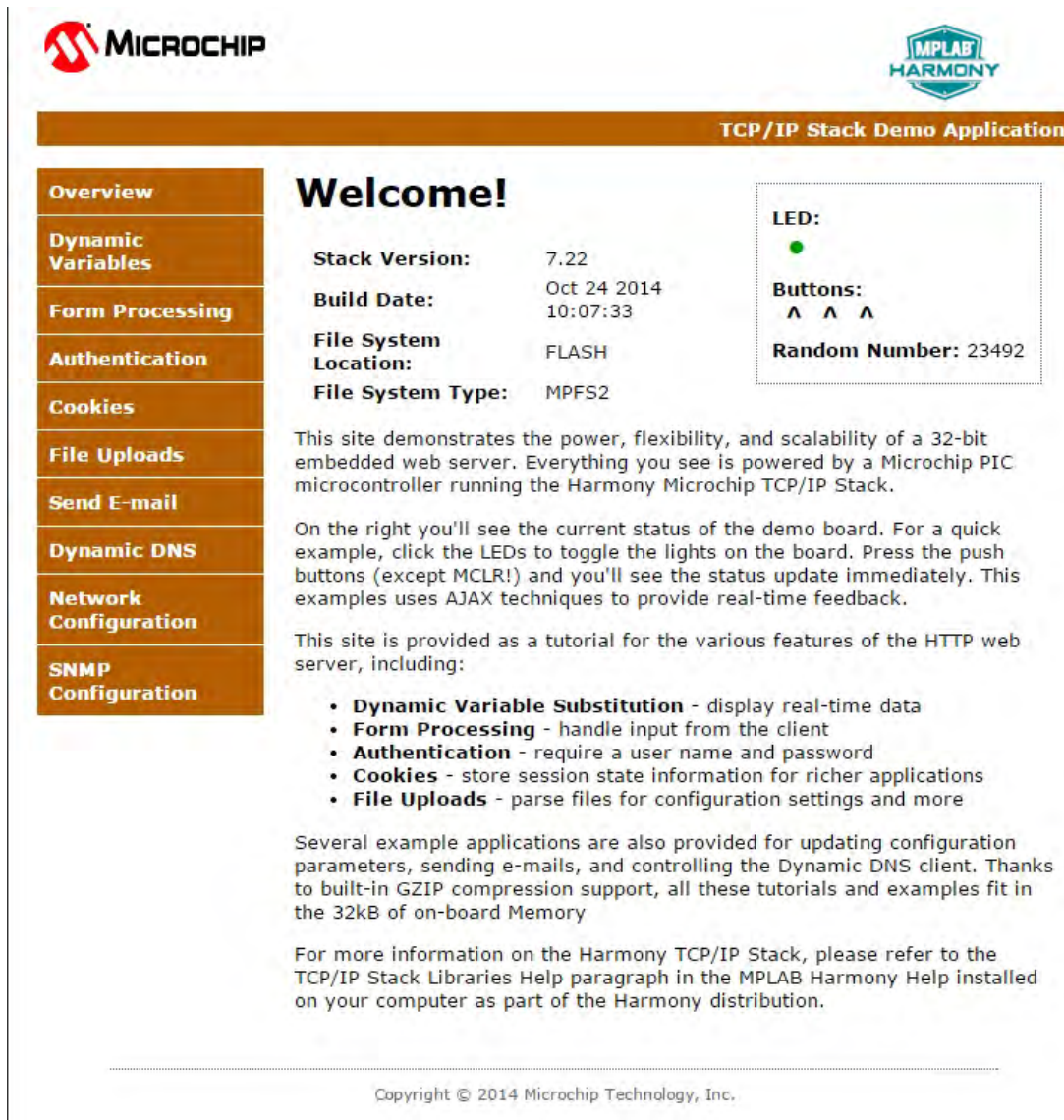
Description


To view the web page hosted by the demonstration application, open a web browser and direct it to the board running the HTTP server by typing the URL in the address bar (for example, http://mchpboard_w), and then pressing **Enter**.

-  **Notes:**
1. The NetBIOS name of the TCP/IP application is specified at the time the TCP/IP stack is initialized, which is usually in the `hostName` member of the `tcpip_stack_init.c::TCPIP_HOSTS_CONFIGURATION` structure. The NetBIOS service must be enabled for the PIC32 demonstration to respond to NetBIOS queries. Alternatively, you can use the IPv4 or IPv6 address (if IPv6 is enabled) of the board directly, for example, `http://192.168.1.131` or `http://[fdfe:dcb:9876:1:204:a3ff:fe12:128e]`.
 2. The IPv4 and IPv6 addresses can be obtained from running the TCP/IP Discovery application on the PC side. It requires that the TCP/IP Announce module is enabled when building the stack.

Please refer to the **Demonstration Process** in the [Running the Demonstration](#) section for the `pic32_eth_web_server` configuration, as the process is the same for this configuration.

-  **Note:** Refer to [Wi-Fi Console Commands](#) for information on the commands that enable control over the Wi-Fi settings.



MICROCHIP 

TCP/IP Stack Demo Application

Overview

Dynamic Variables

Form Processing

Authentication

Cookies

File Uploads

Send E-mail

Dynamic DNS

Network Configuration

SNMP Configuration

Welcome!

Stack Version: 7.22

Build Date: Oct 24 2014 10:07:33

File System Location: FLASH

File System Type: MPFS2

LED:
●

Buttons:
▲ ▲ ▲

Random Number: 23492

This site demonstrates the power, flexibility, and scalability of a 32-bit embedded web server. Everything you see is powered by a Microchip PIC microcontroller running the Harmony Microchip TCP/IP Stack.

On the right you'll see the current status of the demo board. For a quick example, click the LEDs to toggle the lights on the board. Press the push buttons (except MCLR!) and you'll see the status update immediately. This examples uses AJAX techniques to provide real-time feedback.

This site is provided as a tutorial for the various features of the HTTP web server, including:

- **Dynamic Variable Substitution** - display real-time data
- **Form Processing** - handle input from the client
- **Authentication** - require a user name and password
- **Cookies** - store session state information for richer applications
- **File Uploads** - parse files for configuration settings and more

Several example applications are also provided for updating configuration parameters, sending e-mails, and controlling the Dynamic DNS client. Thanks to built-in GZIP compression support, all these tutorials and examples fit in the 32kB of on-board Memory

For more information on the Harmony TCP/IP Stack, please refer to the TCP/IP Stack Libraries Help paragraph in the MPLAB Harmony Help installed on your computer as part of the Harmony distribution.

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web_server_sdcard_fatfs

Web Server SD Card FAT File System TCP/IP demonstration.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Web Server SD Card FAT FS Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `pic32_eth_web_server.x` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/web_server_sdcard_fatfs`.



When using the Microchip Harmony Configurator (MHC), care must be taken when generating the code to *not* erase the USB descriptors in the `system_init.c` file.

Warning

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>pic32_eth_web_server.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/web_server_sdcard_fatfs/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2_sd_mmc_pictail</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the Web Server hosted on a microSD card through the FAT file system on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II and the PICTail Daughter Board for SD and MMC.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2</code>	Demonstrates the Web Server hosted on a microSD card through the FAT file system on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and the MEB II combination.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit with the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board and PICTail Daughter Board for SD and MMC

- Plug the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit into application board connector (J1) on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board
- Plug the PICTail Daughter Board for SD and MMC into the PICTail connector (J4) on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board
- Make sure a SD card is formatted and loaded with the web pages provided within the `apps/tcpip/web_server_sdcard_fatfs/firmware/src/web_pages2_sdcard` folder
- Insert the SD card with the web pages into the SD card slot (J1) on the PICTail Daughter Board for SD and MMC into the PICTail connector
- Connect a USB cable to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit. When the demonstration runs, it will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. Connect to this device through a standard terminal program, and set the baud rate to 921,600 baud. You can observe the IP address details and query the stack using the console interface.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II with the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board and PICTail Daughter Board for SD and MMC

- Plug the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II into application board connector (J1) on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board
- Plug the PICTail Daughter Board for SD and MMC into the PICTail connector (J4) on the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board
- Make sure a SD card is formatted and loaded with the web pages provided within the `apps/tcpip/web_server_sdcard_fatfs/firmware/src/web_pages2_sdcard` folder
- Insert the SD card with the web pages into the SD card slot (J1) on the PICTail Daughter Board for SD and MMC into the PICTail connector
- Connect a USB cable to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II. When the demonstration runs, it will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. Connect to this device through a standard terminal program, and set the baud rate to 921,600 baud. You can observe the IP address details and query the stack using the console interface.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with the MEB II

- Plug the desired starter kit into the application board connector on the MEB II
- Ensure a microSD card is formatted and loaded with the web pages provided within the `apps/tcpip/web_server_sdcard_fatfs/firmware/src/web_pages2_sdcard` directory.
- Insert the microSD card with the web pages into the microSD card slot (J8) on the MEB II
- Connect a USB cable to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit
- When the demonstration runs, it will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. Connect to this device through a standard terminal program, and set the baud rate to 921,600 baud. You can observe the IP address details and query the stack using the console interface.

Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the TCP/IP SD Card FAT FS Web Server demonstration.

Description

To view the web page hosted by the demonstration application, open a web browser and direct it to the board running the HTTP server by typing the URL in the address bar (for example, `http://mchpboard_e`), and then pressing **Enter**.



- Notes:**
1. The NetBIOS name of the TCP/IP application is specified at the time the TCP/IP stack is initialized, which is usually in the `hostName` member of the `tcpip_stack_init.c::TCPIP_HOSTS_CONFIGURATION` structure. The NetBIOS service must be enabled for the PIC32 demonstration to respond to NetBIOS queries. Alternatively, you can use the IPv4 or IPv6 address (if IPv6 is enabled) of the board directly, for example, `http://192.168.1.131` or `http://[fdfe:dcba:9876:1:204:a3ff:fe12:128e]`.
 2. The IPv4 and IPv6 addresses can be obtained from running the TCP/IP Discovery application on the PC side. It requires that the TCP/IP Announce module is enabled when building the stack.

Please refer to the **Demonstration Process** in the [Running the Demonstration](#) section for the `pic32_eth_web_server` configuration of the `web_server_nvm_mpfs` demonstration, as the process is the same for this configuration.

wifi_easy_configuration

This topic contains the Wi-Fi Easy Configuration TCP/IP demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows how to connect a MRF24WG or MRF24WN Wi-Fi device with no keyboard or display to a wireless network.

Wi-Fi Demonstration Matrix

Refer to [Wi-Fi Demonstration Configuration Matrix](#) for additional information.



- Notes:**
1. For the `pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2` or `pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2` configuration, either or both the MRF24WG Wi-Fi module and MRF24WN Wi-Fi PICtail may be installed, but only one Wi-Fi module will be active depending on the MHC selection of the MRF24W. If the MRF24WG Wi-Fi module is selected, it will not work if the MRF24WN Wi-Fi PICtail is installed.
 2. For the Wi-Fi demonstration to function properly on the MEB II development board, the board should be powered with a 9V-15V DC power supply. Also on the PIC32MZ EC or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit board, JP1 jumper should be Open (no jumper).

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the PIC32 Wi-Fi Easy Configuration Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `wifi_easy_configuration.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration. The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/wifi_easy_configuration`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>wifi_easy_configuration.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/wifi_easy_configuration/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk_ioexp</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit using the I/O Expansion Board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk_ioexp+freertos</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the I/O Expansion Board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	Demonstration running on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM on the Explorer 16 Development Board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.

pic32mx795_pim+e16+freertos	pic32mx795_pim+e16	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM on the Explorer 16 Development Board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
pic32mz_ec_sk_ioexp	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the I/O Expansion board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
pic32mz_ec_sk_ioexp+freertos	pic32mz_ec_sk	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the I/O Expansion board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2	pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2	Demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the MEB II with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2+freertos	pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the MEB II with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
pic32mx795_pim+e16+11n+freertos	pic32mx795_pim+e16	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM on the Explorer 16 Development Board with the MRF24WN PICtail Daughter Board.
pic32mx_eth_sk_ioexp+11n+freertos	pic32mx_eth_sk	Demonstration running FreeRTOS on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit connected to the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with the MRF24WN PICtail Daughter Board.
pic32mz_ec_sk_ioexp+11n+freertos	pic32mz_ec_sk	Demonstration running FreeRTOS on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with the MRF24WN PICtail Daughter Board.
pic32mz_ec_sk_meb2+11n+freertos	pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2	Demonstration running FreeRTOS on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and the MEB II.
pic32mz_ef_sk+ioexp	pic32mz_ef_sk	Demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the I/O Expansion board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board
pic32mz_ef_sk+ioexp+freertos	pic32mz_ef_sk	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the I/O Expansion board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	Demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the MEB II with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2+freertos	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the I/O Expansion board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
pic32mz_ef_sk+ioexp+11n+freertos	pic32mz_ef_sk	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the I/O Expansion board with the MRF24WN PICtail Daughter Board.
pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2+11n+freertos	pic32mz_ef_sk	FreeRTOS version of the demonstration running on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit connected to the MEB II with the MRF24WN PICtail Daughter Board.

Configuring the Hardware

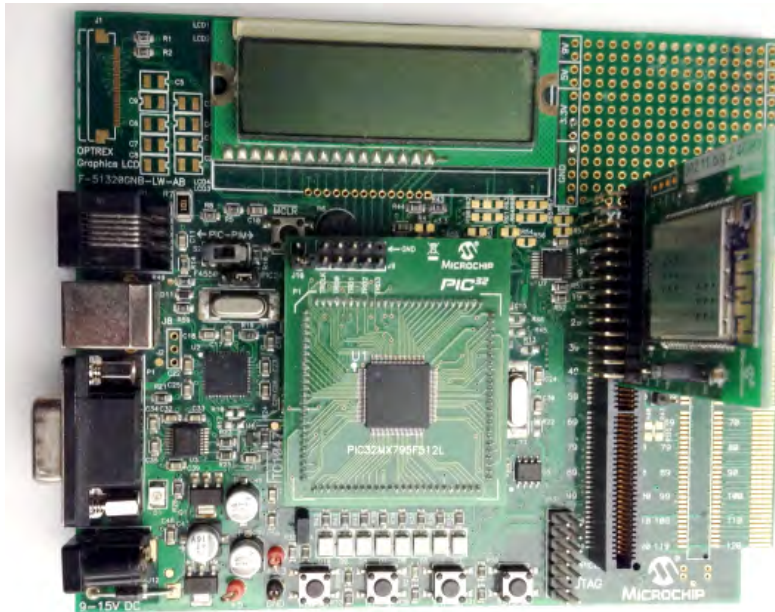
Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MX795F512L PIM with the Explorer 16 Development Board and MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board

- Connect the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board into the PICtail Plus slot closest to the MCU. The module should face into the board and be placed all the way to the end on the pin 1 side of the connector.
- The console output uses the DB9 connector on the board at 115200 baud, 8-bit data, No parity, 1 Stop bit, with No Flow Control

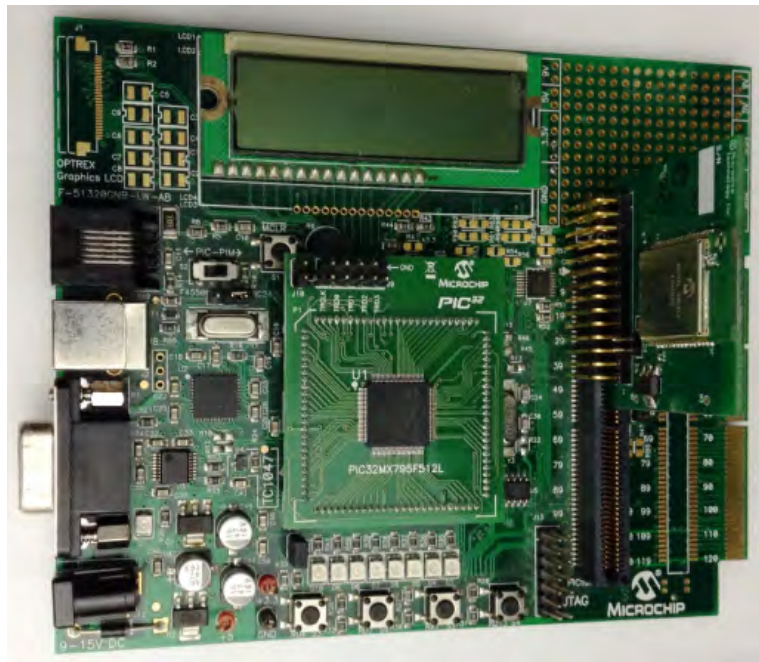
The following figure shows the hardware configuration.



PIC32MX795F512L PIM with the Explorer 16 Development Board and MRF24WN PICtail Daughter Board

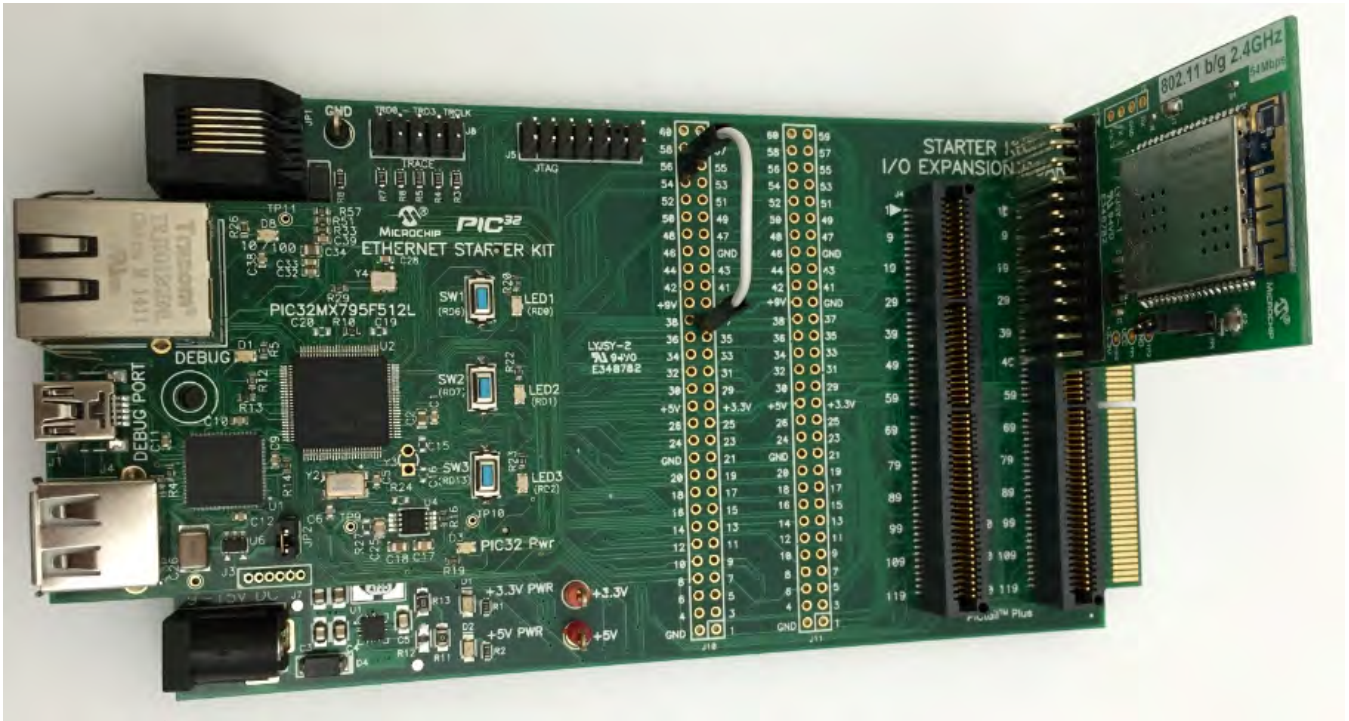
- Connect the MRF24WN PICtail Daughter Board into the PICtail Plus slot closest to the MCU. The module should face into the board and be placed all the way to the end on the pin 1 side of the connector.
- The console output uses the DB9 connector on the board at 115200 baud, 8-bit data, No parity, 1 Stop bit, with No Flow Control

The following figure shows the hardware configuration.



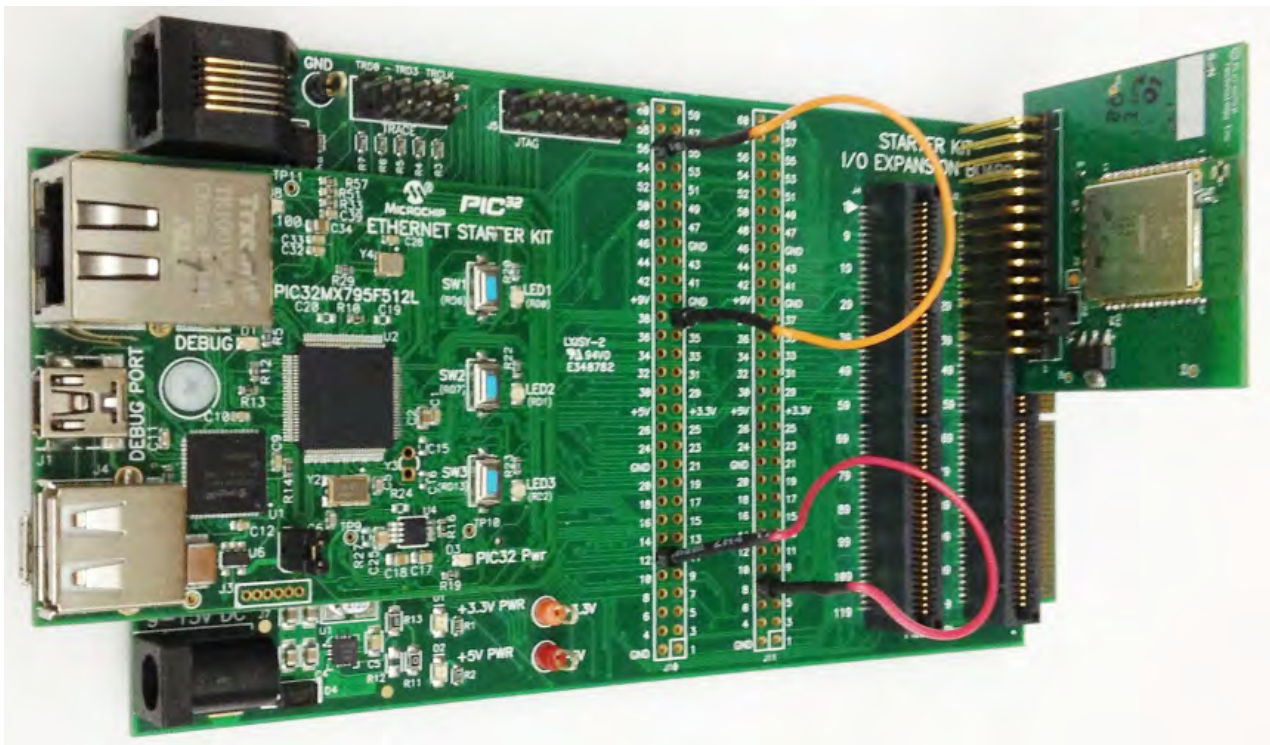
PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit, MRF24WG0MA Wi-Fi G PICtail/PICtail Plus Daughter Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board
Configure the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board jumper modifications, as described in the following figure:

On-board Jumper: J10/pin 56 to J10/pin 37 (white jumper cable)



PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit, MRF24WN0MA Wi-Fi PICtail/PICtail Plus Daughter Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board
Configure the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board jumper modifications, as described in the following figure:

On-board Jumpers: J10/pin 12 to J11/pin 8 (red jumper cable), and J10/pin 56 to J10/pin 37 (orange jumper cable).



MRF24WG0MA Wi-Fi G module, 4.3" WQVGA PCAP Display Board, and Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II)
Configure the hardware, as shown in the following figures:

Front Configuration



Back Configuration



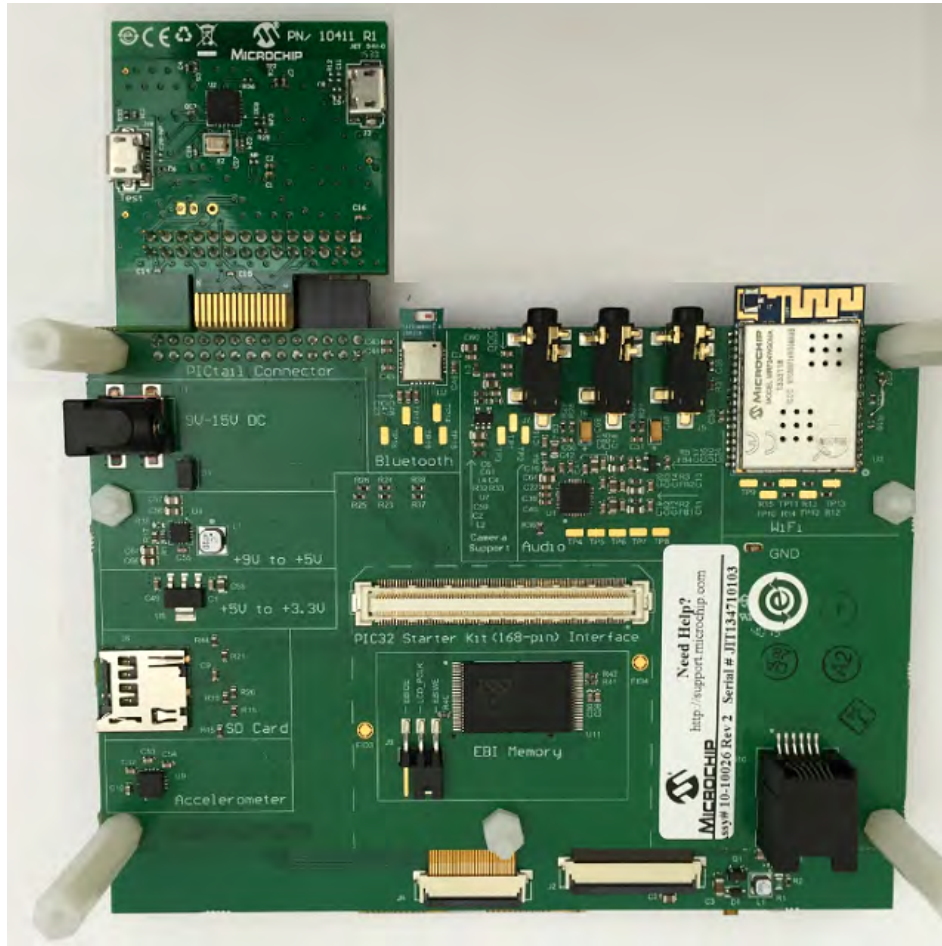
Front Configuration

MRF24WF0MA Wi-Fi module, MRF24WN0MA Wi-Fi PICtail/PICtail Plus Daughter Board, 4.3" PCAP Display Board, and Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II)


Configure the hardware, as shown in the following figures:

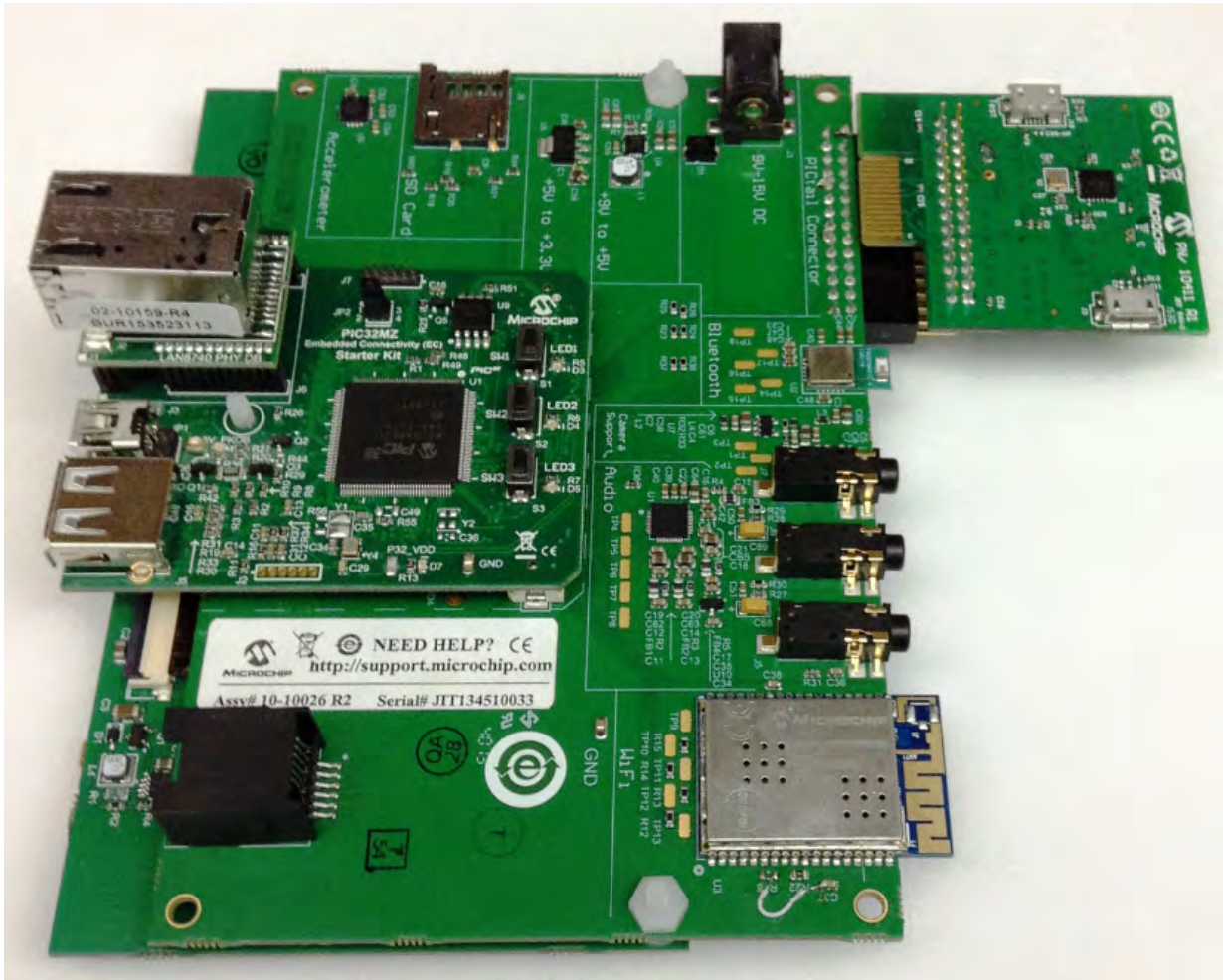


Back Configuration



PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit with PIC32MZ2048ECH144, MRF24WG0MA Wi-Fi module, MRF24WN0MA Wi-Fi PICtail/PICtail Plus Daughter Board, 4.3" WQVGA PCAP Display Board, and Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II)


 **Note:** The PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit, shown in the following figure, can also be interchanged with the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with PIC32MZ2048EFM144.

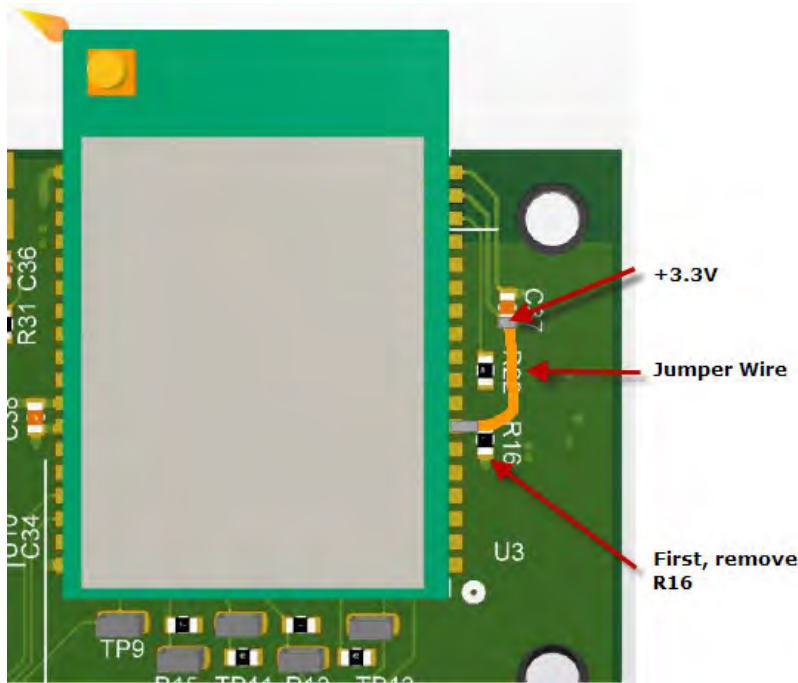


PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II


Due to a hardware limitation, the `pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2` configuration in the Ethernet and Wi-Fi Web server demonstration, exercises a Web server through Wi-Fi only. To enable Ethernet, use the following hardware work around and add the Ethernet interface in the project to run the Web server using both Ethernet and Wi-Fi connections. Refer to the following figure for details:

1. Remove R16, which is located near the Wi-Fi module of the MEB II.
2. Add a jumper wire from pin 7 of U3 to the lower pad of C37 (VCC).

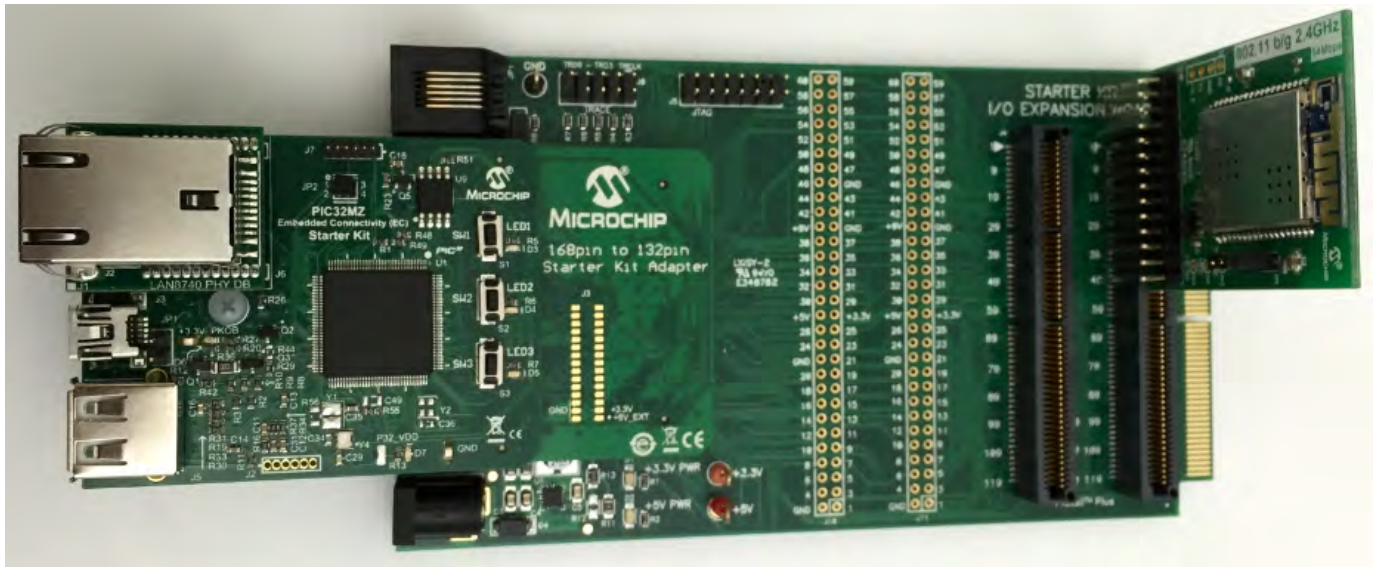
 **Note:** The MEB II development board should be powered with a 9V-15V DC power supply. The PIC32MZ EC or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit board JP1 should be Open (no jumper).




PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit with PIC32MZ2048ECH144, MRF24WG0MA Wi-Fi PICtail/PICtail Plus Daughter Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

 **Note:** The PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit, shown in the following figure, can also be interchanged with the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with PIC32MZ2048EFM144.

Configure the hardware, as shown in the following figure:

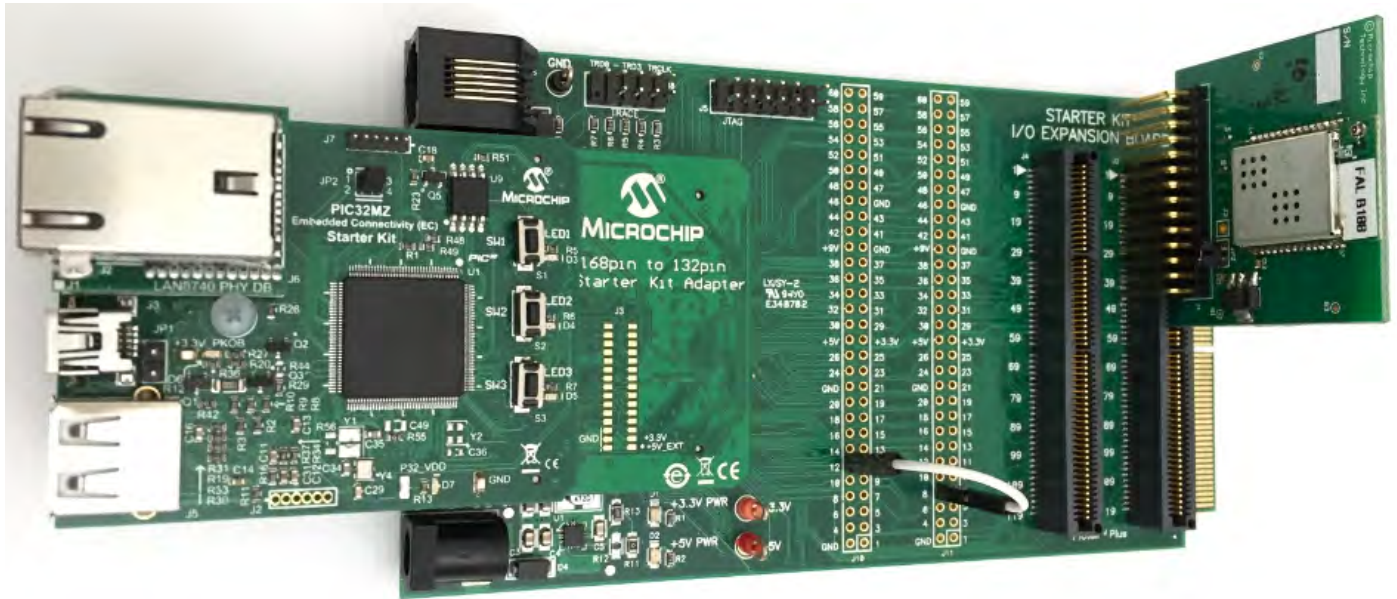


PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit with PIC32MZ2048ECH144, MRF24WN0MA Wi-Fi PICtail/PICtail Plus Daughter Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

 **Note:** The PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit, shown in the following figure, can also be interchanged with the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit with PIC32MZ2048EFM144.

Configure the hardware, as shown in the following figure:

On-board Jumper: J10/pin 12 to J11/pin 8 (white jumper cable)



Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the Wi-Fi Easy Configuration demonstration with the MRF24WG or MRF24WN Wi-Fi module.

Description



1. Refer to [Wi-Fi Console Commands](#) for information on the commands that enable control over the Wi-Fi settings.
2. For the Wi-Fi demonstration to function properly on MEB2 development board, the board should be powered with a 9V-15V DC power supply. Also on the PIC32MZ EC or PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit board, JP1 jumper should be Open (no jumper).

The demonstration does the following:

- Scans the area and stores the list of Access Points in memory
- Switches to SoftAP mode allowing another device to connect to it (smartphone or personal computer)
- After a smartphone or personal computer wirelessly connects to the MRF24WG or MRF24WN, a web page is served to it
- That web page will display the Access Point (AP) list (from step 1)
- From the smartphone you can select the desired AP and command the MRF24WG or MRF24WN to connect to that AP
- MRF24WG or MRF24WN will connect to the selected AP and store the configuration information in non-volatile memory

Use the following procedure to run the demonstration:

1. Load the demonstration project into MPLAB X IDE.
2. Connect the mini-B debugger port on-board the starter kit to a USB port on the development computer using the USB cable provided in the kit.
3. Build, download, and run the demonstration project on the board.
4. When the demonstration runs, it scans for local Access Points and outputs the results to the serial console. After the scan results, the MRF24WG or MRF24WN goes into SoftAP mode (where it behaves like an Access Point) and outputs the following to the serial console (MRF24WG output is shown):

```

=====
*** Wi-Fi EZConfig Demo ***
=====
Device:           MRF24WG (0x3108)
Domain:           FCC
MAC:              00 1E C0 10 20 32
SSID:             MCHPSoftAP
Network Type:     SoftAP
Scan Type:        Passive Scan
Channel List:     6
Beacon Timeout:  40
Retry Count:      3
Security:         Open
Security Key:
Tx Mode:          802.11bg mixed
Power Save:       disabled
IP Config:        dynamic
  
```

```

Start Wi-Fi Connect . . .
MRF24W IP Address: 0.0.0.0
MRF24W IP Address: 192.168.1.25
MRF24W Event: Connection Successful
  Connected BSSID : 00:00:00:00:00:00
    Channel: 0

```

5. From a smartphone or personal computer, connect to the 'MCHPSoftAP' network, which is the SoftAP network started by the demonstration. Then, bring up a web page by entering the IP address of the SoftAP network into the smartphone browser. This is the IP address displayed in step 4 (e.g., 192.168.1.25). When the web page is displayed:

- a. Select **Network Configuration**, and then **Scan for Wireless Networks**. The MRF24WG or MRF24WN will display the list of wireless networks on the web page.
 - b. Select the desired AP to which the MRF24WG or MRF24WN should connect by clicking the name of the AP.
 - c. The MRF24WG or MRF24WN will then connect to that Access Point and write the configuration information to non-volatile memory.
 - d. The console output will show the new connection taking place
6. If you rerun the demonstration, it will automatically connect the selected AP as the configuration data stored in non-volatile memory will be used to reconnect to the desired AP.
7. To reset and run the demonstration from the beginning, erase the stored configuration by bringing up the demonstration, and at the command line type `iw_eraseconf`.

MICROCHIP **MPLAB HARMONY**

Easy Configuration Demo Application

Overview
Network Configuration

Welcome!

Stack Version: 7.24
Build Date: Nov 11 2015 17:08:12
File System: FLASH
Location: FLASH
File System Type: MPFS2

LED:
●

Buttons:
▲ ▲ ▲

Random Number: 409

Browser-based Device Configuration

This demo showcases how to configure and program an embedded Wi-Fi device that does not have a natural keyboard and screen. By using the internal webserver that accompanies the Microchip TCP/IP stack, end-users can use their browser as a conduit for programming the device with the correct network parameters.

For a wireless network, an end-user would need to have knowledge of at least the following information:

- SSID name
- Security type (WEP, WPA, WPA2)
- Security key

As pioneered by most modern operating systems, Easy Configuration also has the ability to scan for all networks in the vicinity of the device, and display them to the user. The user will also be given additional information about the network such as whether security is enabled or how far away the other network is. Users are also given the opportunity to enter all the network information manually, which is required when trying to connect to a network with a hidden SSID.

There are two menu items on the left hand side. The first is the current page you see, which shows similar information to the standard Microchip TCP/IP Demo Stack (status of the LEDs, buttons, and potentiometer).

The second menu item (Network Configuration), will display a page that will allow you to scan for nearby networks, see them, and then connect to another network. After the attempt is made to connect to the new network, you will have to transition your wireless PC, laptop, or handheld wireless device to this new network in order to see that the device has indeed changed networks.

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wifi_g_demo

Wi-Fi G Demo Board TCP/IP demonstration.

Description

This demonstration showcases a browser-based device configuration application to configure and program an embedded Wi-Fi device that does not have a natural keyboard and screen. By using the internal Web server that accompanies the Microchip TCP/IP Stack, end-users can use their browser as a conduit for programming the device with the correct network parameters.

Wi-Fi Demonstration Matrix

Refer to [Wi-Fi Demonstration Configuration Matrix](#) for additional information.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the PIC32 Wi-Fi G Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `wifi_g_demo.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/wifi_g_demo`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>wifi_g_demo.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/wifi_g_demo/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>wifi_g_demo</code>	<code>wifi_g_db</code>	Demonstration running on the Wi-Fi G Demo Board.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

Wi-Fi G Demo Board with the PICKit™ 3 In-Circuit Debugger

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.



Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the Wi-Fi G demonstration.

Description

This demonstration showcases a browser-based device configuration application to configure and program an embedded Wi-Fi device that does not have a natural keyboard and screen. By using the internal Web server that accompanies the Microchip TCP/IP Stack, end-users can use their browser as a conduit for programming the device with the correct network parameters.

For a wireless network, an end-user would need to have knowledge of at least the following information:

- SSID
- Security Type (None, WEP, WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, WPA-PSK AUTO)
- Security PSK Key or Passphrase

The application also has the ability to scan for all networks in the vicinity of the device, and display them to the user. The user will also be given additional information about the network, such as whether security is enabled, or how far away the other network is. Users are also given the opportunity to enter all the network information manually, which is required when trying to connect to a network with a hidden SSID.

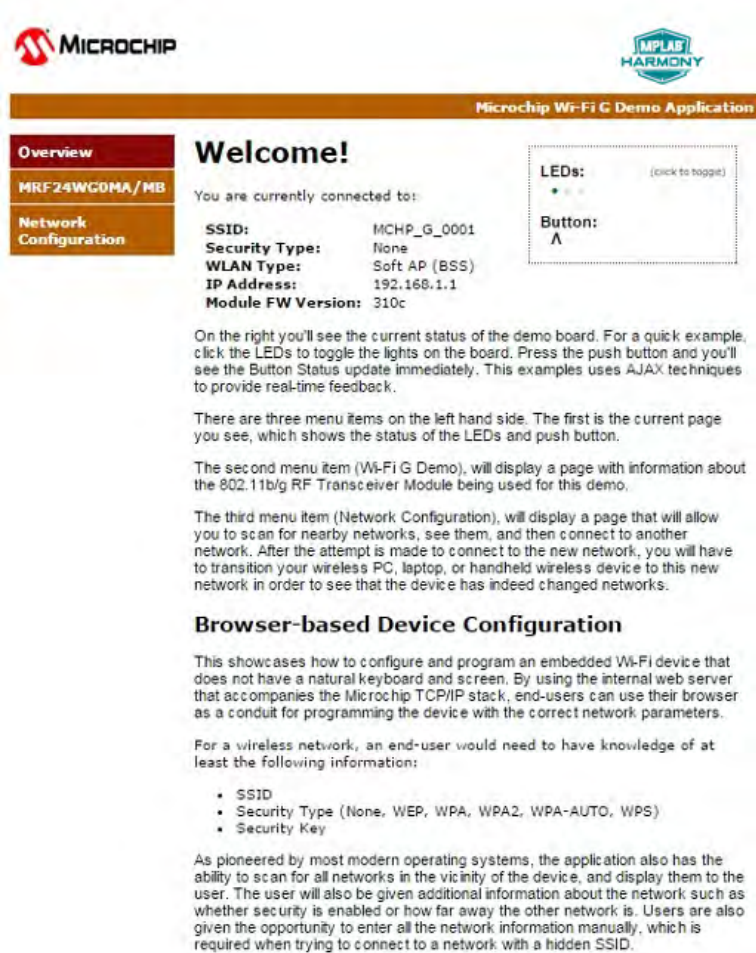
Running the Demonstration

This demonstration can be loaded and run on the Wi-Fi G Demo Board. In addition, a PICkit 3 In-Circuit Debugger is required for use with MPLAB X IDE to program the Wi-Fi G Demo Board.

Use the following procedure to run the demonstration:

1. Load the `wifi_g_demo` demonstration project into MPLAB X IDE.
2. Select **Run** to build and program the Wi-Fi G Demo Board with the demo Hex image.

 **Note:** Refer to the "*Wi-Fi G Demo Board User's Guide*" ([DS50002147](#)) for additional information on using and programming the Wi-Fi Demo Board.



MICROCHIP **MPLAB HARMONY**

Microchip Wi-Fi G Demo Application

Overview
MRF24WG0MA/MB
Network Configuration

Welcome!

You are currently connected to:

SSID: MCHP_G_0001
Security Type: None
WLAN Type: Soft AP (BSS)
IP Address: 192.168.1.1
Module FW Version: 310c

LEDs: (click to toggle)
• • •

Button:
Λ

On the right you'll see the current status of the demo board. For a quick example, click the LEDs to toggle the lights on the board. Press the push button and you'll see the Button Status update immediately. This examples uses AJAX techniques to provide real-time feedback.

There are three menu items on the left hand side. The first is the current page you see, which shows the status of the LEDs and push button.

The second menu item (Wi-Fi G Demo), will display a page with information about the 802.11b/g RF Transceiver Module being used for this demo.

The third menu item (Network Configuration), will display a page that will allow you to scan for nearby networks, see them, and then connect to another network. After the attempt is made to connect to the new network, you will have to transition your wireless PC, laptop, or handheld wireless device to this new network in order to see that the device has indeed changed networks.

Browser-based Device Configuration

This shows how to configure and program an embedded Wi-Fi device that does not have a natural keyboard and screen. By using the internal web server that accompanies the Microchip TCP/IP stack, end-users can use their browser as a conduit for programming the device with the correct network parameters.

For a wireless network, an end-user would need to have knowledge of at least the following information:

- SSID
- Security Type (None, WEP, WPA, WPA2, WPA-AUTO, WPS)
- Security Key

As pioneered by most modern operating systems, the application also has the ability to scan for all networks in the vicinity of the device, and display them to the user. The user will also be given additional information about the network such as whether security is enabled or how far away the other network is. Users are also given the opportunity to enter all the network information manually, which is required when trying to connect to a network with a hidden SSID.



MICROCHIP **MPLAB HARMONY**

Microchip Wi-Fi G Demo Application

Overview
MRF24WG0MA/MB
Network Configuration

Display Scan Results

MichelleFvr	🔒	📶
DemoApp-vh		📶
SoftAP_TA4		📶
raztest	🔒	📶
guest		📶
FHL_Demo	🔒	📶
guest		📶
guest		📶

Other Network...

wifi_wolfssl_tcp_client

This configuration provides a Wi-Fi wolfSSL TCP/IP Client demonstration.

Description

Wi-Fi Demonstration Matrix

Refer to [Wi-Fi Demonstration Configuration Matrix](#) for additional information.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the TCP/IP Ethernet Wi-Fi wolfSSL TCP Client Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `wifi_wolfssl_tcp_client.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration. The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/wifi_wolfssl_tcp_client`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>wifi_wolfssl_tcp_client.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/wifi_wolfssl_tcp_client/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk+ioexp</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Wi-Fi wolfSSL TCP Client demonstration on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit connected to the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk+ioexp</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Wi-Fi wolfSSL TCP Client demonstration on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.

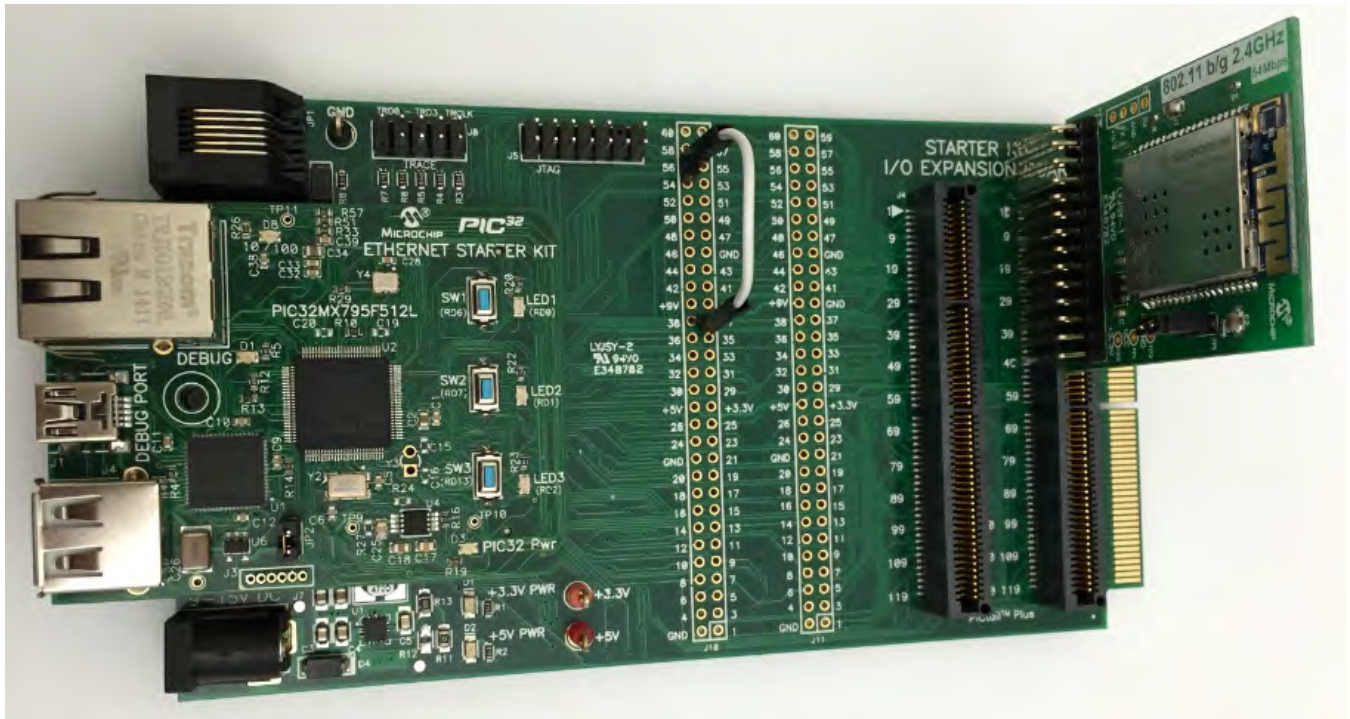
Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit, MRF24WG0MA Wi-Fi G PICtail/PICtail Plus Daughter Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board
Configure the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board jumper modifications, as described in the following figure:

On-board Jumper: J10/pin 56 to J10/pin 37 (white jumper cable)



PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit, MRF24WG0MA Wi-Fi G PICtail/PICtail Plus Daughter Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

For the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit, the on-board jumper, J10/pin 56 to J10/pin 37 (white jumper cable) is not required. Configure the hardware as shown in the following figure:



Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration can be executed via Ethernet or Wi-Fi.

To use this demonstration, a USB cable needs to be connected to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the starter kit in use. When the demonstration runs, it will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. The demonstration can be executed once you have connected to this device through a standard terminal program, set the baud rate to 921,600 baud, and a valid IP address has been received by the device.

There are three commands available in the demonstration from the serial port:

- `openurl <url>` - The `<url>` argument must be a fully formed URL; for instance, `http://www.microchip.com/`
- `ipmode <mode>` - The `<mode>` argument selects the IP version. 0 - Any IP version, 4 - IPv4 only, 6 - IPv6 only
- `stats` - Output the statistics of the previous `openurl` run. Statistics such as how long each phase of the connection took, and how many bytes were transferred.

After the `openurl` command is input, the demonstration will make a DNS query, and then open a connection to the requested URL and perform a simple HTTP PUT command. The results will be sent to the serial port. If a `https` URL is specified, the connection will first undergo SSL negotiation before sending the HTTP PUT command.

If `ipmode` is set to '0' (Any), the demonstration will favor IPv6 over IPv4, which means it will look for the IPv6 address before the IPv4 address.

```

COM25:921600baud - Tera Term VT
File Edit Setup Control Window Help
TCP/IP Stack Initialization Started
APP: Initialization
TCP/IP Stack Initialization Ended - success
Interface PIC32INT on host MCHIPBOARD_E - MBNS enabled
Interface MRF24W on host MCHIPBOARD_W - MBNS enabled
=====
*** Wi-Fi wolfSSL TCP Client Demo ***
=====
Device: MRF24WG (0x310C)
Domain: FCC
MAC: 00 1E C0 13 F9 22
SSID: MicrochipDemoApp
Network Type: Infrastructure
Scan Type: Active Scan
Channel List: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11
Beacon Timeout: 40
Retry Count: 255 (Retry Forever)
Security: Open
Security Key: 802.11hg Mixed
Tx Mode: Disabled
Power Save: Disabled

Start Wi-Fi Connect . . .
MRF24W Event: Connection Successful
Connected BSSID: 00:22:68:52:0D:3E
Channel: 1
MRF24W IP Address: 10.128.35.99
Waiting for command type: openurl <url>

>openurl
Usage: openurl <url>
Ex: openurl http://www.google.com/
>openurl http://www.google.com/
Using DNS to Resolve 'www.google.com'
DNS Resolved IPv4 Address: 216.58.196.100 for host 'www.google.com'
Starting TCP/IPv4 Connection to : 216.58.196.100 port '80'
Connection Opened: Starting Clear Text Communication
Connection Closed

>openurl https://www.google.com/
Using DNS to Resolve 'www.google.com'
DNS Resolved IPv4 Address: 216.58.219.36 for host 'www.google.com'
Starting TCP/IPv4 Connection to : 216.58.219.36 port '443'
Connection Opened: Starting SSL Negotiation
SSL Connection Opened: Starting Clear Text Communication
Connection Closed

>

```

wifi_wolfssl_tcp_server

This configuration provides a Wi-Fi wolfSSL TCP/IP Server demonstration.

Description

Wi-Fi Demonstration Matrix

Refer to [Wi-Fi Demonstration Configuration Matrix](#) for additional information.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the TCP/IP Ethernet Wi-Fi wolfSSL TCP Server Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `wifi_wolfssl_tcp_server.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/wifi_wolfssl_tcp_server`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>wifi_wolfssl_tcp_server.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/wifi_wolfssl_tcp_server/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_eth_sk+ioexp	pic32mx_eth_sk	Wi-Fi wolfSSL TCP Server demonstration on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit connected to the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.
pic32mz_ec_sk+ioexp	pic32mz_ec_sk	Wi-Fi wolfSSL TCP Server demonstration on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board with the MRF24WG PICtail Daughter Board.

Configuring the Hardware

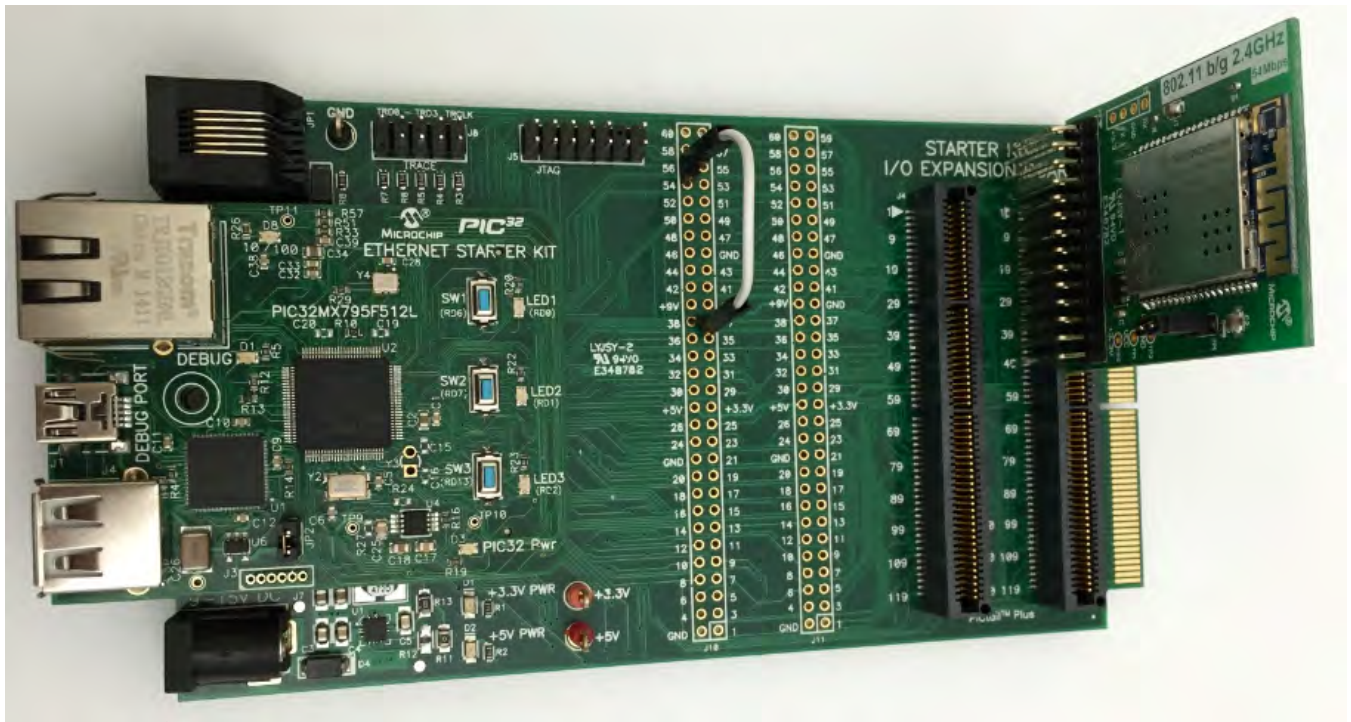
Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit with PIC32MX795F512L, MRF24WG0MA Wi-Fi G PICtail/PICtail Plus Daughter Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

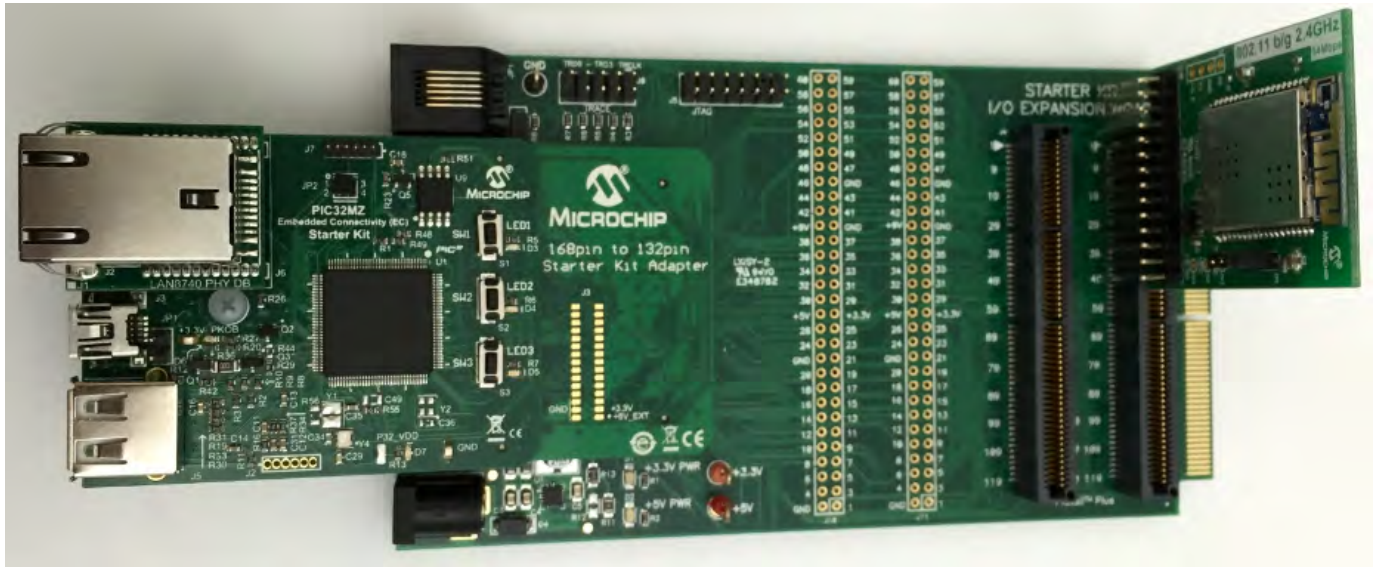
Configure the Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board jumper modifications, as described in the following figure:

On-board Jumper: J10/pin 56 to J10/pin 37 (white jumper cable)



PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit with PIC32MZ2048ECH144, MRF24WG0MA Wi-Fi G PICtail/PICtail Plus Daughter Board, and Starter Kit I/O Expansion Board

For the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit, the on-board jumper, J10/pin 56 to J10/pin 37 (white jumper cable) is not required. Configure the hardware as shown in the following figure:



Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration can be executed via Ethernet or Wi-Fi.

To use this demonstration, a USB cable needs to be connected to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the starter kit in use. When the demonstration runs, it will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. The demonstration can be executed once you have connected to this device through a standard terminal program, set the baud rate to 921,600 baud, and a valid IP address has been received by the device.

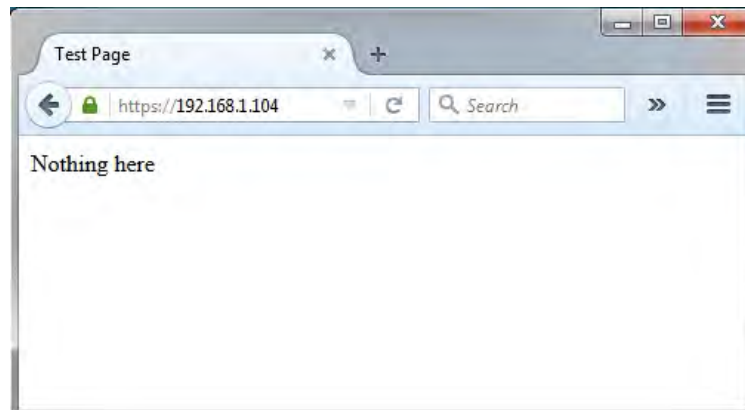
There are three commands available in the demonstration from the serial port:

- `openurl <url>` - The `<url>` argument must be a fully formed URL; for instance, `http://www.microchip.com/`
- `ipmode <mode>` - The `<mode>` argument selects the IP version. 0 - Any IP version, 4 - IPv4 only, 6 - IPv6 only
- `stats` - Output the statistics of the previous `openurl` run. Statistics such as how long each phase of the connection took, and how many bytes were transferred.

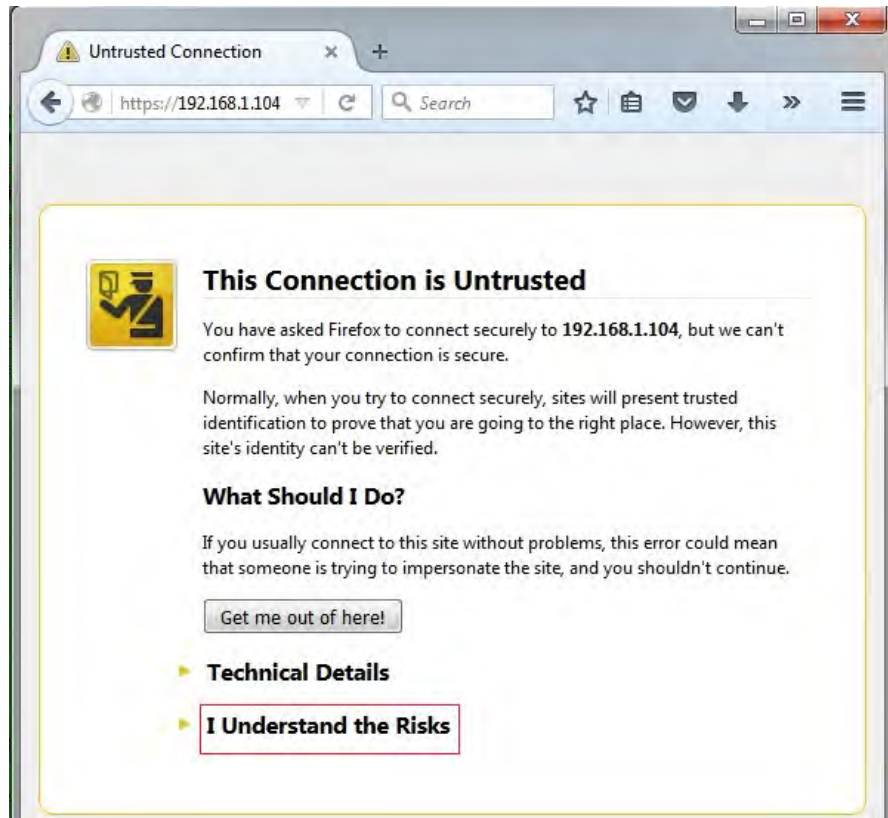
After the `openurl` command is input, the demonstration will make a DNS query, and then open a connection to the requested URL and perform a simple HTTP PUT command. The results will be sent to the serial port. If a `https` URL is specified, the connection will first undergo SSL negotiation before sending the HTTP PUT command.

If `ipmode` is set to '0' (Any), the demonstration will favor IPv6 over IPv4, which means it will look for the IPv6 address before the IPv4 address.

```
COM25:921600baud - Tera Term VT
netinfo
----- Interface <eth0/PIC32INT> -----
Host Name: MCHPBOARD_E - NBNS enabled
IPv4 Address: 0.0.0.0
Mask: 0.0.0.0
Gateway: 0.0.0.0
DNS: 0.0.0.0
MAC Address: 00:1e:c0:cc:59:77
IPv6 Unicast addresses:
Unknown
IPv6 Multicast addresses:
Unknown
dhcp is ON
Link is DOWN
----- Interface <wlan0/MRF24W> -----
Host Name: MCHPBOARD_W - NBNS enabled
IPv4 Address: 192.168.1.104
Mask: 255.255.255.0
Gateway: 192.168.1.1
DNS: 192.168.1.1
MAC Address: 00:1e:c0:13:f9:22
IPv6 Unicast addresses:
fe80:0:0:0:21e:c0ff:fe13:f922
IPv6 Multicast addresses:
ff02:0:0:0:0:1:ff13:f922
ff02:0:0:0:0:0:0:1
dhcp is ON
Link is UP
>Received a clear ssl connection
SSL Connection Opened: Starting Clear Text Communication
Received Data: 'GET / HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.1.104
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64; rv:42.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/42.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: keep-alive
,
Waiting for Client Connection on port: 443
```



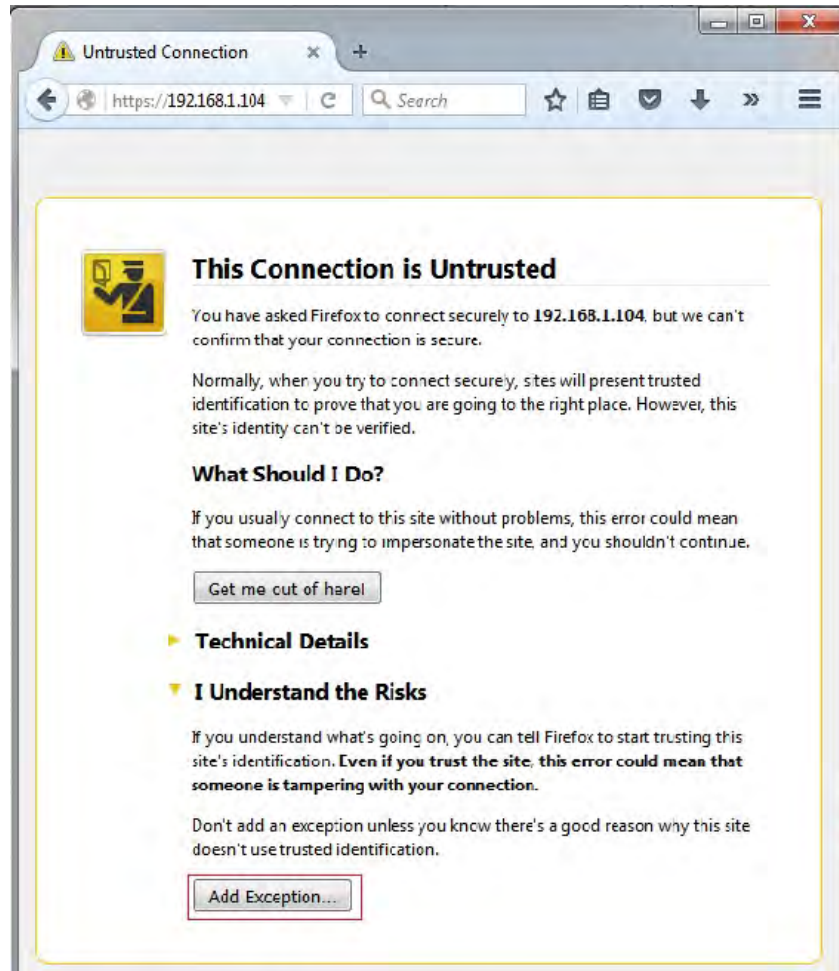

```
COM25-921600baud - Tera Term VT
File Edit Send CtrlAlt Window Help
>iwconfig
  domain:      FCC
  rts:         2347
  mode:        Managed (connected)
  channel list: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11
  channel:     1
  bssid:       00:22:6B:52:0D:3E
  ssid:        MicrochipDemoApp-uh
  powersave:   Disabled
  network:     Infrastructure
  retries:     255 (Retry Forever)
  security:    Open
  scan:        Active Scan
  mac:         00:1E:C0:13:F9:22
Try "iwconfig --help" or "iwconfig -h" for more information
>netinfo
----- Interface <eth0/PIC32INT> -----
Host Name: MCHPBOARD_E      - NBNS enabled
IPv4 Address: 0.0.0.0
Mask: 0.0.0.0
Gateway: 0.0.0.0
DNS: 0.0.0.0
MAC Address: 00:1e:c0:cc:59:77
IPv6 Unicast addresses:
  Unknown
IPv6 Multicast addresses:
  Unknown
dhcp is ON
Link is DOWN
----- Interface <wlan0/MRF24W> -----
Host Name: MCHPBOARD_W      - NBNS enabled
IPv4 Address: 192.168.1.104
Mask: 255.255.255.0
Gateway: 192.168.1.1
DNS: 192.168.1.1
MAC Address: 00:1e:c0:13:f9:22
IPv6 Unicast addresses:
  fe80:0:0:0:21e:c0ff:fe13:f922
IPv6 Multicast addresses:
  ff02:0:0:0:1:ff13:f922
  ff02:0:0:0:0:0:1
dhcp is ON
Link is UP
>Received a clear ssl connection
SSL Connection Negotiation Failed - Aborting
Waiting for Client Connection on port: 443
□
```



```
COM25:021600baud  Tera Term VT
File Edit Basic Config Window Help

>iwconfig
  domain:      FCC
  rts:         2347
  mode:        Managed (connected)
  channel list: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11
  channel:     1
  bssid:       00:22:6B:52:0D:3E
  ssid:        MicrochipDemo0app-uh
  powersave:   Disabled
  network:     Infrastructure
  retries:     255 (Retry Forever)
  security:    Open
  scan:        Active Scan
  mac:         00:1E:C0:13:F9:22
Try "iwconfig --help" or "iwconfig -h" for more information
>netinfo
----- Interface <eth0/PIC32INT> -----
Host Name: MCHIPBOARD_E - NEMS enabled
IPv4 Address: 0.0.0.0
Mask: 0.0.0.0
Gateway: 0.0.0.0
DNS: 0.0.0.0
MAC Address: 00:1e:c0:cc:59:77
IPv6 Unicast addresses:
  Unknown
IPv6 Multicast addresses:
  Unknown
dhcp is ON
Link is DOWN
----- Interface <wlan0/WRF24W> -----
Host Name: MCHIPBOARD_W - NEMS enabled
IPv4 Address: 192.168.1.104
Mask: 255.255.255.0
Gateway: 192.168.1.1
DNS: 192.168.1.1
MAC Address: 00:1e:c0:13:f9:22
IPv6 Unicast addresses:
  fe80:0:0:0:21e:c0ff:fe13:f922
IPv6 Multicast addresses:
  ff02:0:0:0:1:ff13:f922
  ff02:0:0:0:0:0:1
dhcp is ON
Link is UP
>Received a clear ssl connection
SSL Connection Negotiation Failed - Aborting
Waiting For Client Connection on port: 443

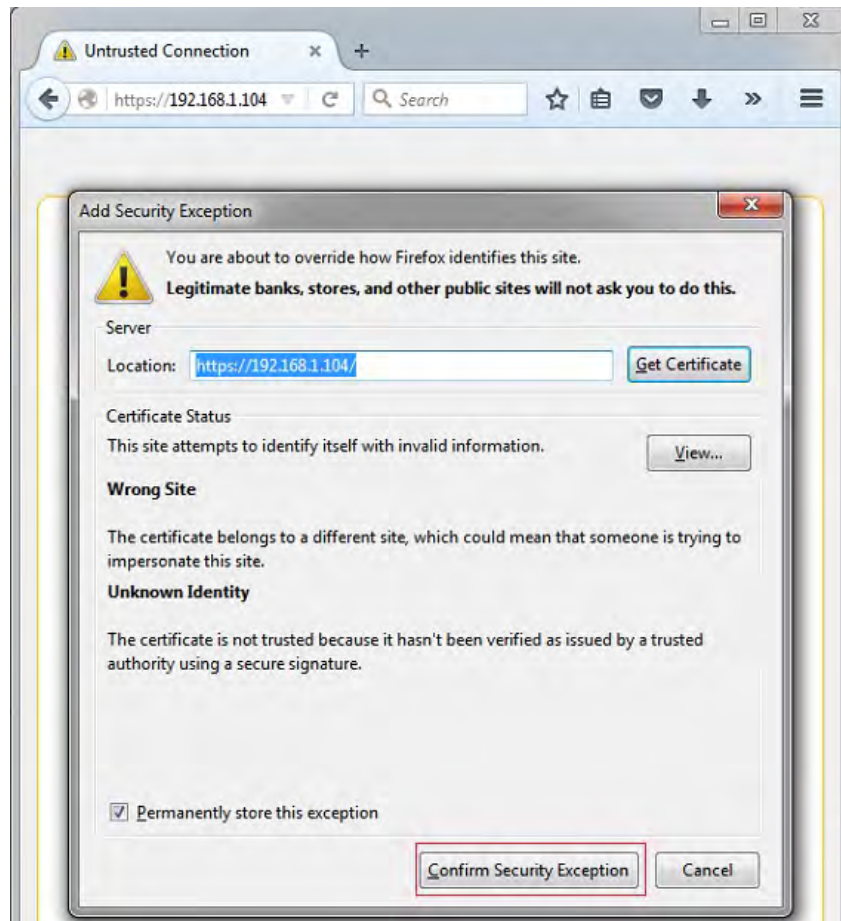
```



```

COM25:921600baud - Tera Term VT
File Edit Setup Control Window Help
>iwconfig
  domain:      FCC
  rts:         2347
  mode:        Managed (connected)
  channel list: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11
  channel:     1
  bssid:       00:22:6B:52:0D:3E
  ssid:        MicrochipDemoApp-vh
  pwrsave:     Disabled
  network:     Infrastructure
  retries:     255 (Retry Forever)
  security:    Open
  scan:        Active Scan
  mac:         00:1E:C0:13:F9:22
Try "iwconfig --help" or "iwconfig -h" for more information
>netinfo
----- Interface <eth0/PIC32INT> -----
Host Name: MCHPBOARD_E - NBNS enabled
IPv4 Address: 0.0.0.0
Mask: 0.0.0.0
Gateway: 0.0.0.0
DNS: 0.0.0.0
MAC Address: 00:1e:c0:cc:59:77
IPv6 Unicast addresses:
  Unknown
IPv6 Multicast addresses:
  Unknown
dhcp is ON
Link is DOWN
----- Interface <wlan0/MRF24W> -----
Host Name: MCHPBOARD_W - NBNS enabled
IPv4 Address: 192.168.1.104
Mask: 255.255.255.0
Gateway: 192.168.1.1
DNS: 192.168.1.1
MAC Address: 00:1e:c0:13:f9:22
IPv6 Unicast addresses:
  fe80:0:0:0:21e:c0ff:fe13:f922
IPv6 Multicast addresses:
  ff02:0:0:0:1:ff13:f922
  ff02:0:0:0:0:0:1
dhcp is ON
Link is UP
>Received a clear ssl connection
SSL Connection Negotiation Failed - Aborting
Waiting for Client Connection on port: 443

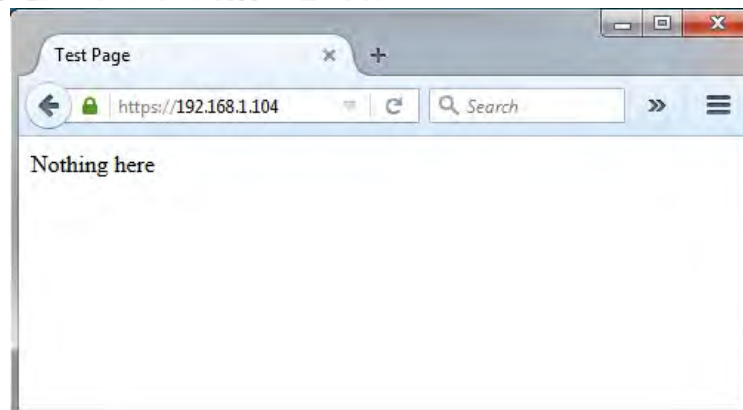
```



```

CCM25:921600baud  TeriTom-VT
DMS: 192.168.1.1
MAC Address: 00:1e:c0:13:f9:22
IPv6 Unicast addresses:
fe80:0:0:21e:c0ff:fe13:f922
IPv6 Multicast addresses:
ff02:0:0:0:1:ff13:f922
ff02:0:0:0:0:0:0:1
dhcp is ON
Link is UP
>Received a clear ssl connection
SSL Connection Negotiation Failed - Aborting
Waiting for Client Connection on port: 443
Received a clear ssl connection
SSL Connection Opened: Starting Clear Text Communication
Received Data: 'GET / HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.1.104
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64; rv:42.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/42.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: keep-alive
,
Waiting for Client Connection on port: 443
Received a clear ssl connection
SSL Connection Opened: Starting Clear Text Communication
Received Data: 'GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.1.104
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64; rv:42.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/42.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: keep-alive
,
Waiting for Client Connection on port: 443
Received a clear ssl connection
SSL Connection Opened: Starting Clear Text Communication
Received Data: 'GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.1.104
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64; rv:42.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/42.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: keep-alive
,
Waiting for Client Connection on port: 443
Received a clear ssl connection
SSL Connection Opened: Starting Clear Text Communication
Received Data:
Waiting for Client Connection on port: 443

```



wolfssl_tcp_client

wolfSSL TCP Client demonstration.

Description

This configuration demonstrates creating an Internet client that uses the MPLAB Harmony TCP API to create a TCP/IP connection to a Web server. The connection can either be clear text, or it can use SSL to encrypt the connection with wolfSSL. The demonstration can use either IPv4 or IPv6.

Wi-Fi Demonstration Matrix

Refer to [Wi-Fi Demonstration Configuration Matrix](#) for additional information.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the wolfSSL TCP Client Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `wolfssl_tcp_client.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/wolfssl_tcp_client`.



Warning

When using the Microchip Harmony Configurator (MHC), care must be taken when generating the code to *not* erase the USB descriptors in the `system_init.c` file.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>wolfssl_tcp_client.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/wolfssl_tcp_client/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstrates the wolfSSL TCP Client on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the wolfSSL TCP Client on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the wolfSSL TCP Client on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the wolfSSL TCP Client on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

To use this demonstration, a USB cable needs to be connected to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the starter kit in use. When the demonstration runs, it will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. The demonstration can be executed once you have connected to this device through a standard terminal program, set the baud rate to 921,600 baud, and a valid IP address has been received by the device.

There are three commands available in the demonstration from the serial port:

- `openurl <url>` - The `<url>` argument must be a fully formed URL; for instance, `http://www.microchip.com/`
- `ipmode <mode>` - The `<mode>` argument selects the IP version. 0 - Any IP version, 4 - IPv4 only, 6 - IPv6 only
- `stats` - Output the statistics of the previous `openurl` run. Statistics such as how long each phase of the connection took, and how many bytes were transferred.

After the `openurl` command is input, the demonstration will make a DNS query, and then open a connection to the requested URL and perform a simple HTTP PUT command. The results will be sent to the serial port. If a https URL is specified, the connection will first undergo SSL negotiation before sending the HTTP PUT command.

If `ipmode` is set to '0' (Any), the demonstration will favor IPv6 over IPv4, which means it will look for the IPv6 address before the IPv4 address.

wolfssl_tcp_server

wolfSSL TCP Server demonstration.

Description

This configuration demonstrates creating a simple Internet Web server, that operates with clear text (TCP Port 80), and with encrypted text (TCP Port 443). If IPv6 is enabled than the demonstration also serves both types of connections on IPv6. The Web server only serves one page with the text 'Nothing Here' to all Web clients.

Wi-Fi Demonstration Matrix

Refer to [Wi-Fi Demonstration Configuration Matrix](#) for additional information.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the wolfSSL TCP Client Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `wolfssl_tcp_server.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/tcpip/wolfssl_tcp_server`.



Warning

When using the Microchip Harmony Configurator (MHC), care must be taken when generating the code to *not* erase the USB descriptors in the `system_init.c` file.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>wolfssl_tcp_server.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tcpip/wolfssl_tcp_server/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk</code>	Demonstrates the wolfSSL TCP Server on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	<code>pic32mx_eth_sk2</code>	Demonstrates the wolfSSL TCP Server on the PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Demonstrates the wolfSSL TCP Server on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Demonstrates the wolfSSL TCP Server on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 Ethernet Starter Kit II

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

This section provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

The demonstration does not offer any additional functionality through the serial port; however, the current IP can be checked. As soon as a valid IP has been assigned through DHCP to the demonstration, it is ready to serve Web pages. Use any Web browser (i.e., Chrome, Internet Explorer, Firefox, etc.) to connect to the Web server with either `http://` or `https://`.

A USB cable can be connected to the micro-B USB connector on the bottom of the starter kit in use. This will create a USB CDC device on the USB bus. To communicate with the software, connect to this device through a standard terminal program and set the baud rate to 921,600 baud.

Test Applications

Test applications demonstrate the use of the MPLAB Harmony Test Harness and predefined test libraries.

Introduction

Test Applications Help

Description

This help file contains instructions and associated information about MPLAB Harmony Test applications, which are contained in the MPLAB Harmony distribution.

Applications

Provides instructions on how to run the Test applications.

test_sample

The MPLAB Harmony Test Sample demonstrates the use of the Test Harness to validate a sample library module.

Description

The Test Harness controls initialization and execution of each test, as well as the library it tests. The Test Harness accumulates results given to it by the test and determines an over-all pass or fail result. If debug system output is supported and configured, which, in this demonstration is not, these results will be displayed textually on the terminal display in use. Otherwise, as demonstrated in this application, a debugger must be used to determine the results.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Test Sample application.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `test_sample.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/tests/test_sample.`

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>test_sample.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/tests/test_sample/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config.`

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>e16mx795f512_freertos_interrupt</code>	None.	This configuration runs on the Explorer 16 Development Board with the PIC32MX795F512L PIM. It executes the included test in a FreeRTOS thread and runs the associated library in interrupt-driven mode.
<code>e16mx795f512_freertos_polled</code>	None.	This configuration runs on the Explorer 16 Development Board with the PIC32MX795F512L PIM. It executes the included test in a FreeRTOS thread and runs the associated library in a polled mode in a different thread.
<code>e16mx795f512_interrupt</code>	None.	This configuration runs on the Explorer 16 Development Board with the PIC32MX795F512L PIM. It executes the included test in a bare-metal (no-RTOS) "super" loop environment and runs the associated library in an interrupt-driven mode.
<code>e16mx795f512_polled</code>	None.	This configuration runs on the Explorer 16 Development Board with the PIC32MX795F512L PIM. It executes the included test and the library under test in a bare-metal (no-RTOS) "super" loop environment.

pic32mz_ec_sk_freertos_polled	None.	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit. It executes the included test in a FreeRTOS thread and runs the associated library in a polled mode in a different thread.
pic32mz_ec_sk_freertos_interrupt	None.	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit. It executes the included test in a bare-metal (no-RTOS) "super" loop environment and runs the associated library in an interrupt-driven mode.
pic32mz_ec_sk_interrupt	None.	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit. It executes the included test in a bare-metal (no-RTOS) "super" loop environment and runs the associated library in an interrupt-driven mode.
pic32mz_ec_sk_polled	None.	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit. It executes the included test and the library under test in a bare-metal (no-RTOS) "super" loop environment.
pic32mz_ef_sk_freertos_polled	None.	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit. It executes the included test in a FreeRTOS thread and runs the associated library in a polled mode in a different thread.
pic32mz_ef_sk_freertos_interrupt	None.	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit. It executes the included test in a bare-metal (no-RTOS) "super" loop environment and runs the associated library in an interrupt-driven mode.
pic32mz_ef_sk_interrupt	None.	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit. It executes the included test and the library under test in a bare-metal (no-RTOS) "super" loop environment.
pic32mz_ef_sk_polled	None.	This configuration runs on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit. It executes the included test and the library under test in a bare-metal (no-RTOS) "super" loop environment.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

Explorer 16 Development Board with the PIC32MX795F512L PIM

Before attaching the PIC32MX795F512L PIM to the Explorer 16 Development Board, ensure that the processor select switch (S2) is in the PIM Position.

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary for the PIM itself.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Application

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Test Sample application.

Description

To run the Test Sample application, select the desired configuration, build the application in Debug mode, program it to the associated hardware, and execute it under control of a debugger.

As the demonstration runs, the Test Harness Library accumulates results provided to it by the test. If System Debug output were supported and configured, the results would be displayed textually on the debug terminal display in use. However, depending upon the testing needs or the hardware used, it may not be possible to support a debug output method and none is supported in any of the configurations included in this demonstration. Therefore, it is necessary to utilize the debugger to analyze the TEST_HARNESS_DATA structure to determine the results of the test. When all tests are complete (or when a failure occurs), the Test Harness will execute a hard-coded breakpoint and stop. At that time, you may use the debugger to obtain the results.

The following members of this structure give the overall results once the test harness enters its Idle state:

- testsCount - This is the total number of tests executed
- testsPassed - This is the number of tests that reported no sub-test failures, resulting in an overall passing result
- result - This is the final result, which is true (1) if all sub-tests in all tests passed; otherwise, it is false (0).

USB Demonstrations

This section provides descriptions of the USB demonstrations.

Introduction

USB Library Demonstration Applications Help

Description

This distribution package contains a variety of USB-related firmware projects that demonstrate the capabilities of the MPLAB Harmony USB stack. This section describes the hardware requirement and procedures to run these firmware projects on Microchip demonstration and development boards.

To know more about the MPLAB Harmony USB stack and configuring the USB stack and the APIs provided by the USB stack, refer to the USB Library documentation.

Program, Data Memory, and Stack Component Memory

Refer to [USB Device Stack Demonstration Application Program and Data Memory Requirements](#) and [USB Device Stack Component Memory Requirements](#) for important memory information.

Pen Drive Tests

Refer to [USB MSD Host USB Pen Drive Tests](#) for information on the tests conducted on USB Flash devices.

USB Device Stack Demonstration Application Program and Data Memory Requirements


Provides information on program and data memory requirements, as well as pen drive test specifications.

Description

Program Memory and Data Memory Requirements with -O1 Optimization

The following table shows the program memory and data memory requirements of the USB Device Stack demonstration applications. All size figures are in bytes. Demonstration applications were compiled with the MPLAB XC32 C/C++ Compiler, v1.40, with -O1 optimization.

Demonstration Name		Program Memory Components			Data Memory Components	
		USB Stack	Other Drivers	System and Application	USB Stack	Others
cdc_com_port_single	PIC32MX	14048	0	5880	262	718
	PIC32MZ	18924	4328	11632	318	1410
cdc_com_port_dual	PIC32MX	13980	0	5776	262	1250
	PIC32MZ	18856	4328	10908	318	2166
cdc_serial_emulator	PIC32MX	13976	9100	5916	262	858
	PIC32MZ	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
cdc_serial_emulator_msd	PIC32MX	20380	12560	39540	438	1950
	PIC32MZ	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
cdc_msd_basic	PIC32MX	20392	3460	39444	494	1810
	PIC32MZ	25264	7788	45404	494	20438
hid_basic	PIC32MX	13988	0	5440	263	601
	PIC32MZ	18764	4328	10460	319	893
hid_joystick	PIC32MX	13432	0	5332	263	485
	PIC32MZ	18208	4328	10368	319	777
hid_keyboard	PIC32MX	14016	0	6196	263	581
	PIC32MZ	18792	4328	11048	319	873
hid_mouse	PIC32MX	13460	0	5972	263	497
	PIC32MZ	18236	4328	10964	319	793
hid_msd_basic	PIC32MX	20352	3460	39172	495	1861
	PIC32MZ	25232	7788	44216	495	20445
msd_basic	PIC32MX	17848	3460	38108	492	1348
	PIC32MZ	22632	7788	43996	492	20068
vendor	PIC32MX	12560	0	5660	324	560
	PIC32MZ	17356	4328	12080	324	1748

 **Note:** The `msd_basic`, `cdc_msdc_basic`, and the `hid_msdc_basic` demonstrations use the PIC32 program Flash memory as the MSD storage media. The difference in Data Memory requirements between the PIC32MX and PIC32MZ microcontrollers for these demonstration examples, is due to an application demonstration buffer whose size is equal to the erase page size of the PIC32 microcontroller. On the PIC32MX795F512L, this size is 4096 bytes. On the PIC32MZ2048ECH144, the erase page size is 16 KB.

Program Memory and Data Memory Requirements with -Os Optimization

The following table shows the program memory and data memory requirements of the USB Device Stack demonstration applications. All size figures are in bytes. Demonstration applications were compiled with the MPLAB XC32 C/C++ Compiler, v1.40, with `-Os` optimization.

Demonstration Name		Program Memory Components			Data Memory Components	
		USB Stack	Other Drivers	System and Application	USB Stack	Others
cdc_com_port_single	PIC32MX	12556	0	5656	262	718
	PIC32MZ	16840	4144	11076	318	1410
cdc_com_port_dual	PIC32MX	12548	0	5620	262	1250
	PIC32MZ	16832	4144	10448	318	2166
cdc_serial_emulator	PIC32MX	12504	7744	5880	262	858
	PIC32MZ	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
cdc_serial_emulator_msdc	PIC32MX	20380	12560	35080	438	1950
	PIC32MZ	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
cdc_msdc_basic	PIC32MX	17896	2884	39232	494	1810
	PIC32MZ	22172	7012	44868	494	20438
hid_basic	PIC32MX	12656	0	5344	263	601
	PIC32MZ	16784	4144	10060	319	893
hid_joystick	PIC32MX	12144	0	5304	263	485
	PIC32MZ	16272	4144	10040	319	777
hid_keyboard	PIC32MX	12664	0	6060	263	581
	PIC32MZ	16792	4144	10604	319	873
hid_mouse	PIC32MX	12152	0	5820	263	497
	PIC32MZ	16280	4144	10512	319	793
hid_msdc_basic	PIC32MX	18060	2884	39068	495	1861
	PIC32MZ	20352	7012	45788	495	20445
msdc_basic	PIC32MX	15776	2884	38044	492	1348
	PIC32MZ	19090	7012	44426	492	20068
vendor	PIC32MX	11452	0	5540	324	560
	PIC32MZ	15584	4144	10948	324	1748


USB Device Stack Component Memory Requirements

Provides memory requirements.

Description

The following table shows the Program and Data Memory requirements for individual components in the MPLAB Harmony USB Device Stack.

Device Stack Component	Program Memory	Data Memory
Device Layer	5688	184
CDC Function Driver	2420	64 + (36 * Queue Size)
MSD Function Driver	5352	217
HID Function Driver	2376	40 + (36 * Queue Size)
Vendor	912	8 + (36 * Queue Size)
PIC32MX USB Driver	5636	144 + (32 * Number of Endpoints)
PIC32MZ USB Driver	10244	192 + (32 * Number of Endpoints)

-  **Notes:**
1. Memory requirements (in bytes) for a single instance.
 2. Size measured for USB Device Stack Components in MPLAB Harmony.
 3. Data Memory does not include function call stack memory size.

USB MSD Host USB Pen Drive Tests

Provides pen drive test specifications.

Description

USB MSD Host USB Pen Drive Tests

The following table lists the commercially available USB pen drives, which have been tested to successfully enumerate with the MSD Host Driver in the MPLAB Harmony USB Host. Note that if the USB pen drive you are using is not included in the table, this indicates that this USB pen drive has not been tested with the MSD Host Driver. However, the USB pen drive could still potentially work with MSD Host Driver. Some USB pen drives in this table did not have their manufacturer or model data available. The USB Pen drives were tested with the msd_basic USB Host demonstration in the latest version of the MPLAB Harmony USB Host Stack.

VID	PID	Manufacturer	Model/Drive Capacity
0x1B1C	0x1A0F	Corsair Components	Flash Voyager Go 8 GB
0x03F0	0x0AB7	Hewlett-Packard	64 GB
0xABCD	0x1234	Microchip Technology Inc.	4 GB
0x125F	0xCB10	Adata	Dashdrive UV100 8 GB
0x8644	0x8003	Verico	T Series 16 GB
0x8564	0x1000	Transcend	USB 3.0 32 GB
0x0951	0x16A7	Dell	Kingston Technology 16 GB
0x0718	0x0704	Imation	16 GB Pen Drive
0x048D	0x1168	iBall	Jaldi 16 GB Pen Drive
0x058F	0x6366	Alcor	Micro AXL 32 GB
0x154B	0x005B	PNY	Cube 16 GB
0x0930	0x6544	Toshiba	Hatabusa Pen Drive 8 GB
0x058F	0x6387	Alcor	ZipMem 16 GB
0x090C	0x1000	Silicon Motion Inc.	Axl 8GB
0x18A5	0x0245	Verbatim	Store N Go Audio USB 8 GB
0x05DC	0xC75C	Lexar	USB Pen Drive 8 GB
0x1005	0xb113	Apacer	8 GB (AH233)
0x054C	0x06B0	Sony	8 GB
0x054C	0x0862	Sony	Micro Vault USM-V 8 GB
0x0781	0x557c	SanDisk	8 GB
0x1E4E	0x3257	Etron	iBall 16 GB
0x1EC9	0x0101	Moserbaer	Swivel 16 GB Pen Drive
0x0BDA	0x0109	SanDisk	Standard A and Mini-B connector 16 GB
0x1908	0x1320	ZBEL	Wrist Band Flash Drive 4 GB
0x0951	0x1665	Kingston	Data Traveler SE9 16 GB

USB HID Host Keyboard and Mouse Tests

Description

The following table lists the commercially available USB keyboards and mouse, which have been tested to successfully enumerate with the HID Host Driver in the MPLAB Harmony USB Host. Note that if the USB HID device you are using is not included in the table, this indicates that this USB HID device has not been tested, but could still potentially work with the HID Host Driver.

Type	Manufacturer	VID	PID	Device Details
Keyboard	Microsoft	0x045E	0x07B9	Microsoft wired 200.
	ProHT	0x1A2C	0x0C21	110 keys.
	HP	0x04D9	0x1702	K1500 standard keyboard.
	Zebronics	0x1A2C	0x0027	Standard keyboard.
	Logitech	0x046D	0xC31D	112 keys.
	Gear Head	0x04D9	0x2BA0	82 key, mini-USB keyboard plus integrated mouse.
	Intex	0x1C4F	0x0002	122 keys.
Mouse	HP	0x0461	0x4D0F	Three button mouse.
	Intex	0x1BCF	0x0007	Three button mouse.
	Anker	0x1BCF	0x0005	Five button mouse.
	TeraByte	0x10C4	0x8103	Three button mouse.
	Kensington	0x1BCF	0x0002	Five button mouse.
	Logitech	0x046D	0xC069	Five button mouse.
	Microsoft	0x045E	0x0797	Optical mouse 200, three buttons.
	Logitech	0x046D	0xC246	Nine button mouse.
	HP	0x03F0	0x0941	Three button mouse.
	Lenovo	0x1BCF	0x000A	Five button mouse.

Demonstration Application Configurations

This topic provides information on the available USB demonstration project configurations.

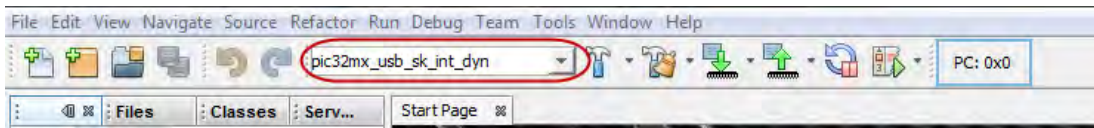
Description

The available USB Demonstration application MPLAB X IDE projects feature support for multiple configurations. Selecting these configurations allow for the demonstration projects to run across different PIC32 microcontrollers and development boards. The following project configurations are available:

Configuration name	Description
pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn	Selecting this configuration will set up the demonstration application to run on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II development board, with the PIC32MX795F512L microcontroller. The USB Stack will be configured for Interrupt mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for Dynamic operation mode.
pic32mx_usb_sk2_poll_dyn	Selecting this configuration will set up the demonstration application to run on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II development board, with the PIC32MX795F512L microcontroller. The USB Stack will be configured for Polled mode operation and the USB driver will be configured for Dynamic operation mode.
pic32mx_usb_sk3_int_dyn	Selecting this configuration will set up the demonstration application to run on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit III development board, with the PIC32MX470F512L microcontroller. The USB Stack will be configured for Interrupt mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for Dynamic operation mode.
pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_sta	Selecting this configuration will set up the demonstration application to run on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II development board, with the PIC32MX795F512L microcontroller. The USB Stack will be configured for interrupt mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for Static operation mode.
pic32mz_bt_audio_int_dyn	Selecting this configuration will setup the demonstration application to run on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit along with the a PIC32MZ20148ECH144 microcontroller. The USB Device stack will be configured for Interrupt mode of operation and the USB Driver will be configured for dynamic operation mode.
pic32mx_bt_sk_int_dyn	Selecting this configuration will set up the demonstration application to run on the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit development board, with the PIC32MX270F256D microcontroller. The USB Stack will be configured for Interrupt mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for dynamic operation mode.
pic32mz_da_sk_int_dyn	Selecting this configuration will set up the demonstration application to run on the PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit development board, with the PIC32MZ2064DAB288 microcontroller. The USB Stack will be configured for Interrupt mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for Dynamic operation mode.
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	Selecting this configuration will set up the demonstration application to run on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit development board, with the PIC32MZ2048ECH144 microcontroller. The USB Stack will be configured for Interrupt mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for Dynamic operation mode.
pic32mz_ec_sk_poll_dyn	Selecting this configuration will set up the demonstration application to run on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit development board, with the PIC32MC2048ECH144 microcontroller. The USB Stack will be configured for Polled mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for Dynamic operation mode.
pic32mz_ec_sk_meb2_int_dyn	Selecting this configuration will set up the demonstration application to run on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit, with the PIC32MZ2048ECH144 microcontroller board attached to the MEB II. The USB Stack will be configured for Interrupt mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for Dynamic operation mode.

pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	Selecting this configuration will set up the demonstration application to run on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit, with the PIC32MZ2048EFM144 microcontroller. The USB Stack will be configured for Interrupt mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for Dynamic operation mode.
pic32mz_ef_sk_poll_dyn	Selecting this configuration will set up the demonstration application to run on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit development board, with the PIC32MZ2048EFM144 microcontroller. The USB Stack will be configured for Polled mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for Dynamic operation mode.
pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn	Selecting this configuration will set up the demonstration application to run on the Explorer 16 Development Board along with the PIC32MX795F512L microcontroller Plug In Module and USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board. The USB Stack will be configured for Interrupt mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for Dynamic operation mode.
pic32mx460_pim_e16_int_dyn	Selecting this configuration will set up the demonstration application to run on the Explorer 16 Development Board along with the PIC32MX460F512L microcontroller Plug In Module and USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board. The USB Stack will be configured for Interrupt mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for Dynamic operation mode.
pic32mx470_curiosity	Selecting this configuration will set up the demonstration application to run on the PIC32MX470 Curiosity Development Board, with the PIC32MX470F512H microcontroller. The USB Stack will be configured for Interrupt mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for Dynamic operation mode.
pic32mz_ef_curiosity	Selecting this configuration will set up the demonstration application to run on the PIC32MZ EF Curiosity Development Board, with the PIC32MZ2048EFM100 microcontroller. The USB Stack will be configured for Interrupt mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for Dynamic operation mode.

The following figure shows how a configuration can be selected in MPLAB X IDE.



Alternatively, the active configuration can be selected in the Project Properties.

USB Device Demonstrations Matrix

The following table shows the availability of a configuration across available USB Device demonstration applications. **Green** indicates support. Red indicates no support.

Demo Apps \ Configurations	Configurations															
	pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn	pic32mx_bt_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk_meb2_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk2_poll_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk_poll_dyn	pic32mx460_pim_e16_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_sta	pic32mx_usb_sk3_int_dyn	pic32mz_bt_audio_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk_poll_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mx_125_sk_int_dyn	chipkit_wf32	chipkit_wifire
cdc_com_port_single	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
cdc_com_port_dual	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
cdc_serial_emulator	Red	Red	Green	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red
hid_basic	Green	Green	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red
hid_mouse	Green	Green	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red
hid_keyboard	Green	Green	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red
hid_joystick	Green	Green	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red
msd_basic	Green	Green	Red	Green	Red	Green	Red	Green	Red	Green	Red	Green	Red	Red	Red	Red
vendor	Green	Green	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red
hid_msd_basic	Green	Green	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red
cdc_serial_emulator_msd	Red	Red	Green	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red
cdc_msd_basic	Green	Green	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Green	Red	Red	Red
msd_sdcard	Red	Green	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red	Red

USB Host Demonstration Matrix

The following table shows the availability of a configuration across available USB Host demonstration applications. Green indicates support. Red indicates no support.

Configurations								
	pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk_meb2_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2_int_dyn	pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn	chipkit_wf32	chipkit_wifire
Demo Apps								
cdc_basic								
msd_basic								
cdc_msd								
hid_basic_mouse								
audio_speaker								
hub_msd								
hub_cdc_hid								
hid_basic_keyboard								

Demonstrations

The USB Demonstrations are grouped into USB Device Stack and USB Host Stack Demonstrations.

Device

This section describes the USB Device demonstrations.

Description

The MPLAB Harmony USB Device Stack demonstration applications uses LEDs on the development board to indicate the USB state of the device. The following table provides details on the development board specific LEDs and the USB Device State these indicate when active. This indication scheme is implemented by all USB Device Stack Demonstration applications.

USB Device State and LED Indication

Demonstration Board	Reset State	Configured State	Suspended State
Explorer 16 Development Board and PIM	D3, D4	D5	D4, D5
PIC32 USB Starter Kit II	LED1, LED2	LED3	LED2, LED3
PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit	LED1, LED2	LED3	LED2, LED3
PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit	LED1, LED2	LED3	LED2, LED3
PIC32 USB Starter Kit III	LED1, LED2	LED3	LED2, LED3
PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit	Red LED, Green LED	Blue LED	Green LED, Blue LED
PIC32MX470 Curiosity Development Board	LED1, LED2	LED3	LED2, LED3
PIC32MZ EF Curiosity Development Board	LED1, LED2	LED3	LED2, LED3

cdc_com_port_dual

Demonstrates a USB CDC device, emulating dual serial COM ports - one looping back into the other.

Description

This demonstration application creates a USB CDC Device that enumerates as two serial ports on the USB Host personal computer. This application demonstrates the ability of the MPLAB Harmony USB Device Stack to support multiple instances of the same Device class.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB CDC Device

Dual COM Port Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `cdc_com_port_dual.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/usb/device/cdc_com_port_dual`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>cdc_com_port_dual.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/usb/device/cdc_com_port_dual/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx460_pim_e16_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx460_pim+e16</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the Explorer 16 Development Board configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation. This configuration also requires PIC32MX460F512L Plug-In Module (PIM) and the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mx_bt_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_bt_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk3_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk3</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit III configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_sta</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II with the USB Driver configured for a static build configured for Interrupt mode and static operation.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mx470_curiosity</code>	<code>pic32mx470_curiosity</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration application to run on the PIC32MX470 Curiosity Development Board, with the PIC32MX470F512H microcontroller. The USB Stack will be configured for Interrupt mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for Dynamic operation mode.
<code>pic32mz_ef_curiosity</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_curiosity</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration application to run on the PIC32MZ EF Curiosity Development Board, with the PIC32MZ2048EFM100 microcontroller. The USB Stack will be configured for Interrupt mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for Dynamic operation mode.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II
Remove jumper JP2.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit
Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit
No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit III

Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit

Jumper J8 should either be shorted between pins 2 and 3 or should be completely open.

PIC32MX460F512L PIM

Jumper J10 should be removed. This plug-in module should be used along with the Explorer 16 Development Board and the USB PICtail Plus daughter board. The microcontroller PIM should be plugged into the PIM socket on the board. The USB PICtail Plus daughter board should be connected to the edge connector J9.

On the Explorer 16 Development Board:

- Switch S2 should be set to PIM
- Jumper JP2 should be in place

On the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board:

- Jumper JP1 should be in place
- Jumper JP2 and JP4 should be removed

On the PIC32MX460F512L PIM:

- Keep jumper J10 open
- Keep all jumpers in J9 open

PIC32MX470 Curiosity Development Board

Ensure that a jumper is placed at 4-3 on J8.

PIC32MZ EF Curiosity Development Board

Ensure that a jumper is placed at 4-3 on J8.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the CDC Dual COM Port demonstration.

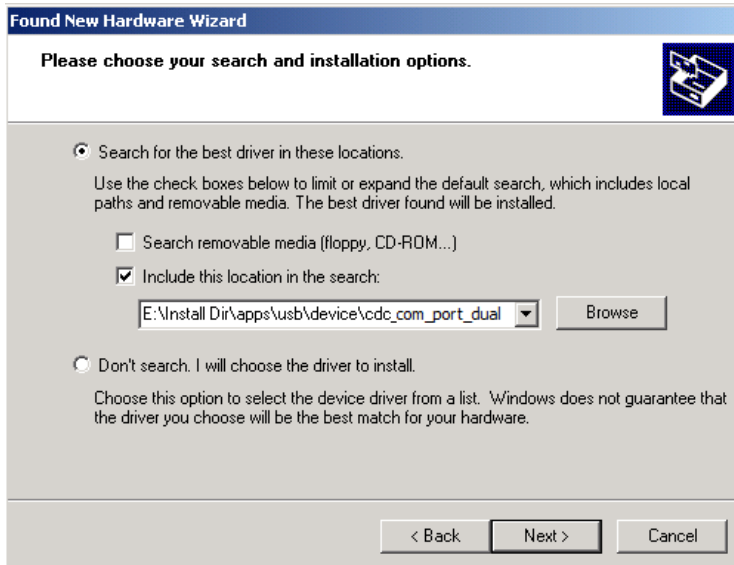
Description

This demonstration allows the device to appear like dual serial (COM) ports to the host. Do the following to run this demonstration:


1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the appropriate MPLAB X IDE project configuration based on the demonstration board. Refer to [Building the Application](#) for details.
2. Attach the device to the host. If the host is a personal computer and this is the first time you have plugged this device into the computer you may be prompted for a .inf file.



3. Select the "Install from a list or specific location (Advanced)" option. Specify the <install-dir>/apps/usb/device/cdc_com_port_dual/inf directory.



4. Once the device is successfully installed, open up two instances of a terminal program, such as HyperTerminal. Select the appropriate COM port for each of these terminal instance.
5. The LEDs on the demonstration board will indicate the USB state of the device, as described in the USB Device State and LED Indication Table in the [Device](#) section.
6. To run the demonstration, type a character or string in one terminal window. The same character or string appears on the second terminal window. Similarly, any character typed in the second window appears in the first window.

 **Note:** Some terminal programs, like HyperTerminal, require users to click the disconnect button before removing the device from the computer. Failing to do so may result in having to close and open the program again to reconnect to the device.

cdc_com_port_single

Demonstrates a USB CDC device, emulating a serial COM port.

Description

This demonstration application creates a USB CDC Device that enumerates as a single COM port on the host personal computer. The application demonstrates two-way communication between the USB device and the personal computer host.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB CDC Device Single COM Port Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `cdc_com_port_single.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/usb/device/cdc_com_port_single.`

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>cdc_com_port_single.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/usb/device/cdc_com_port_single/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config.`

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx460_pim_e16_int_dyn	pic32mx460_pim+e16	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the Explorer 16 Development Board configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation. This configuration also requires PIC32MX460F512L Plug-In Module (PIM) and the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board.
pic32mx_usb_sk2_poll_dyn	pic32mx_bt_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II with the USB Device Stack configured for Polled mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mx_usb_sk3_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk3	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit III configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_sta	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II with the USB Driver configured for Interrupt mode and static operation.
pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_da_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_da_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_poll_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit with the USB Device Stack configured for Polled mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn_micromips	pic32mz_ef_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured in microMIPS mode for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_poll_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit with the USB Device Stack configured for Polled mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mx_125_sk_int_dyn	pic32mx_125_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MX1/2/5 Starter Kit with the USB Device Stack configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

Remove jumper JP2.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit III

Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32MX460F512L PIM

Jumper J10 should be removed. This plug-in module should be used along with the Explorer 16 Development Board and the USB PICtail Plus daughter board. The microcontroller PIM should be plugged into the PIM socket on the board. The USB PICtail Plus daughter board should be connected to the edge connector J9.

On the Explorer 16 Development Board:

- Switch S2 should be set to PIM
 - Jumper JP2 should be in place
- On the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board:
- Jumper JP1 should be in place
 - Jumper JP2 and JP4 should be removed
- On the PIC32MX460F512L PIM:
- Keep jumper J10 open
 - Keep all jumpers in J9 open

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the CDC Single COM Port demonstration.

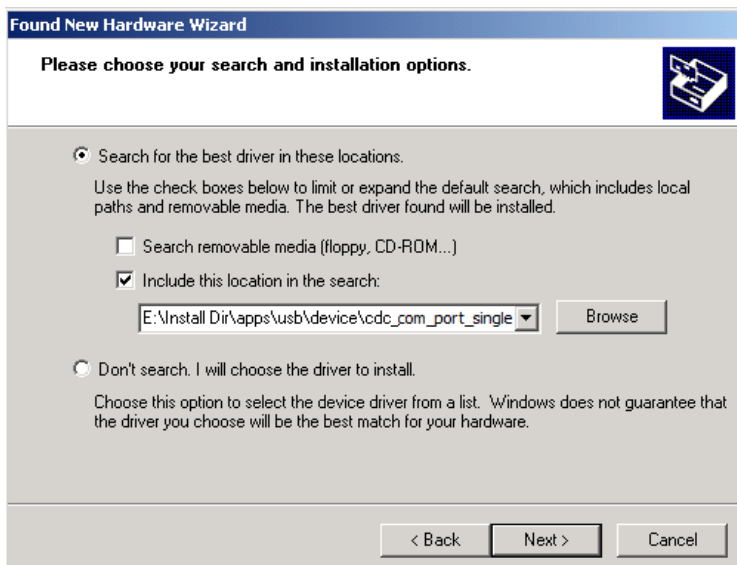
Description

This demonstration allows the device to appear like a serial (COM) port to the host. Do the following to run this demonstration:

1. First compile and program the target device. While compiling, select the appropriate MPLAB X IDE project configuration based on the demonstration board. Refer to [Building the Application](#) for details.
2. Attach the device to the host. If the host is a personal computer and this is the first time you have plugged this device into the computer, you may be prompted for a .inf file.



3. Select the "Install from a list or specific location (Advanced)" option. Specify the <install-dir>/apps/usb/device/cdc_com_port_single/inf directory.



4. Once the device is successfully installed, open up a terminal program, such as HyperTerminal and select the appropriate COM port. On most machines this will be COM5 or higher. Set the communication properties to 9600 baud, 1 Stop bit and No parity, with Flow Control set to None.

5. The LEDs on the demonstration board will indicate the USB state of the device, as described in the USB Device State and LED Indication Table in the [Device](#) section.
6. Once connected to the device, there are two ways to run this example project:
 - a) Typing a key in the terminal window will result in the attached device echoing the next letter. Therefore, if the letter 'b' is pressed, the device will echo 'c'.
 - b) If the push button is pressed, the device will echo "PUSH BUTTON PRESSED" to the terminal window.

The following table shows the switch buttons to be pressed for different demonstration boards.

Demonstration Board	Button
PIC32 USB Starter Kit II PIC32 USB Starter Kit III PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit	SW1
Explorer 16 Development Board	S3



Note: Some terminal programs, like HyperTerminal, require users to click the disconnect button before removing the device from the computer. Failing to do so may result in having to close and open the program again to reconnect to the device.

cdc_msd_basic

Demonstrates a composite USB device emulating a COM port and Flash drive.

Description

This demonstration application creates a composite USB Device that enumerates as a COM port and as Flash drive simultaneously.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB CDC MSD Composite Device Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `cdc_msd_basic.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/usb/device/cdc_msd_basic`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>cdc_msd_basic.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/usb/device/cdc_msd_basic/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II
 Remove jumper JP2.
 PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit
 Remove jumper JP1.
 PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit
 No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the USB CDC MSD Composite Device demonstration.

Description

This demonstration application creates a composite USB Device that works simultaneously as a CDC and as a MSD device. This application combines the functionality of the `cdc_com_port_single` and `msd_basic` demonstration applications into one device.

Refer to [Running the Demonstration](#) section of the `cdc_com_port_single` demonstration and the [Running the Demonstration](#) section of the `msd_basic` demonstration for details on exercising the CDC and MSD device features, respectively.

The LEDs on the demonstration board will indicate the USB state of the device, as described in the USB Device State and LED Indication Table in the [Device](#) section.

cdc_serial_emulator

This application demonstrates the use of the CDC device class in implementing a USB-to-Serial Dongle.

Description

This application demonstrates the use of the CDC device class in implementing a USB-to-Serial Dongle. The application enumerates a COM port on the personal computer. Data received through the CDC USB interface is forwarded to a UART. Data received on the UART is forwarded to the CDC USB interface. This emulates a USB-to-Serial Dongle.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB CDC Device USB-to-Serial Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `cdc_serial_emulator.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/usb/device/cdc_serial_emulator.`

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>cdc_serial_emulator.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/usb/device/cdc_serial_emulator/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config.`

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the Explorer 16 Development Board configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation. This configuration also requires the PIC32MX795F512L Plug-In Module (PIM) and the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board.

pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
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Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MX795F512L PIM)

Jumper J10 should be removed. Jumper J1 and J2 should connect to positions 1 and 2. This PIM should be used along with the Explorer 16 Development Board and the USB PICtail Plus daughter board. The microcontroller PIM should be plugged into the PIM socket on the board. The USB PICtail Plus daughter board should be connected to the edge connector J9.

On the Explorer 16 Development Board:

- Switch S2 should be set to PIM
- Jumper JP2 should be in place

On the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board:

- Jumper JP1 should be in place
- Jumper JP2 and JP4 should be removed

On the PIC32MX795F512L PIM:

- Keep jumper J10 open
- Keep all jumpers in J9 open
- Jumper J1 should be shorted between positions 1 and 2. This configuration is only applicable for the PIC32MX795F512L USB CAN PIM (MA320003), and not the PIC32MX795F512L USB PIM (MA320002).
- Jumper J2 should be shorted between positions 1 and 2. This configuration is only applicable for the PIC32MX795F512L USB CAN PIM (MA320003) and not the PIC32MX795F512L USB PIM (MA320002).

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the CDC Serial Emulator Demonstration.

Prior to using this demonstration, it is recommended to review the MPLAB Harmony Release Notes for any known issues. A PDF copy of the release notes is provided in the <install-dir>/doc folder of your installation.

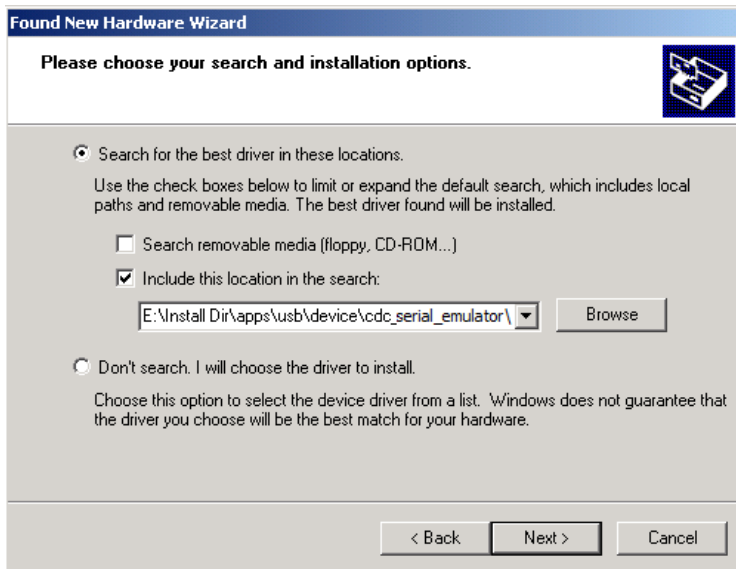
Description

This application demonstrates the use of the CDC Device class in implementing a USB-to-Serial Dongle. The application enumerates a COM port on the personal computer. Data received through the CDC USB interface is forwarded to a UART. Data received on the UART is forwarded to the CDC USB interface. This emulates a USB-to-Serial Dongle.

1. Open the project in MPLAB X IDE and select the desired configuration.
2. Build the code and program the device.
3. Depending on the hardware in use, do one of the following:
 - If you are using the Explorer 16 board, connect the mini-B device connector on the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board to the personal computer
 - If you are using the PIC32MZ EF starter kit, connect the micro-USB device connector to the personal computer

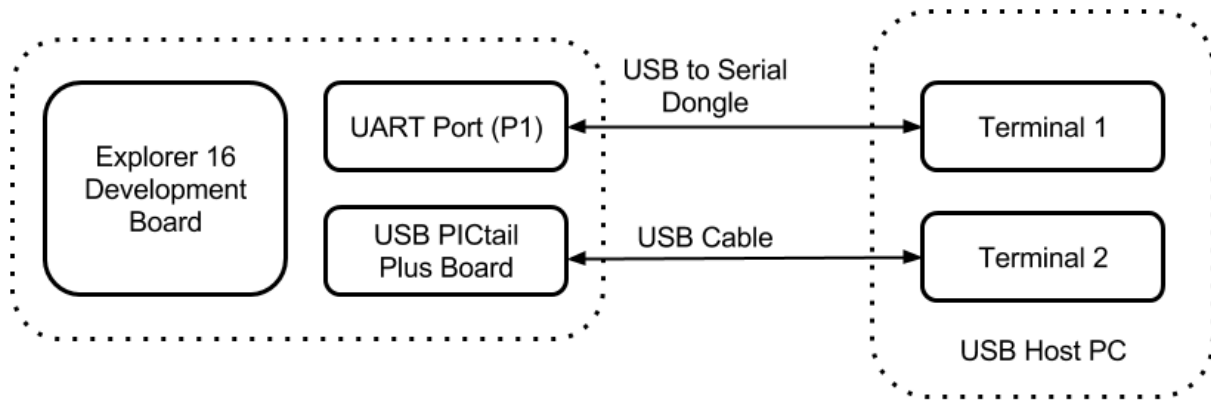


7. Select the "Install from a list or specific location (Advanced)" option. Specify the `<install-dir>/apps/usb/device/cdc_serial_emulator/inf` directory.



The LEDs on the demonstration board will indicate the USB state of the device, as described in the USB Device State and LED Indication Table in the [Device](#) section.

8. Open a terminal emulation program of your choice and select the enumerated USB COM port.
 9. Connect the USB-to-Serial Dongle to the same personal computer.
 10. Open another instance of the terminal emulation program and select the USB-to-Serial Dongle.
 11. Connect the serial connector of the USB-to-Serial Dongle to the UART connector (P1) on the Explorer 16 Development Board.
 12. Choose a baud rate of 9600, 1 Stop bit and no parity while opening both of the terminal emulation programs.
- The setup should be similar to the following diagram.



Any text entered into the terminal 1 program will be echoed on terminal 2 and vice versa.

cdc_serial_emulator_msd

Demonstrates a USB to Serial Dongle combined with a MSD class.

Description

This demonstration application creates a USB Device that combines the functionality of the `cdc_serial_emulator` and `msd_basic` demonstration applications.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the this demonstration application.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `cdc_serial_emulator_msd.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/usb/cdc_serial_emulator_msd`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>cdc_serial_emulator_msd.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/usb/device/cdc_serial_emulator_msd/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the Explorer 16 Development Board configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation. This configuration also requires the PIC32MX795F512L Plug-In Module (PIM) and the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MX795F512L PIM

Jumper J10 should be removed. Jumper J1 and J2 should connect to positions 1 and 2. This PIM should be used along with the Explorer 16 Development Board and the USB PICtail Plus daughter board. The microcontroller PIM should be plugged into the PIM socket on the board. The USB PICtail Plus daughter board should be connected to the edge connector J9.

On the Explorer 16 Development Board:

- Switch S2 should be set to PIM
- Jumper JP2 should be in place

On the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board:

- Jumper JP1 should be in place
- Jumper JP2 and JP4 should be removed

On the PIC32MX795F512L PIM:

- Keep jumper J10 open.
- Keep all jumpers in J9 open
- Jumper J1 should be shorted between positions 1 and 2
- Jumper J2 should be shorted between positions 1 and 2

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration functions as a composite USB Device that combines the features of the devices created by the `cdc_serial_emulator` and the `msd_basic` demonstration applications. Refer to [Running the Demonstration](#) section of the `cdc_serial_emulator` demonstration and [Running the Demonstration](#) section of the `msd_basic` demonstration for details on exercising the CDC and MSD functions, respectively.

The LEDs on the demonstration board will indicate the USB state of the device, as described in the USB Device State and LED Indication Table in the [Device](#) section.

hid_basic

This demonstration application creates a custom HID device that can be controlled by a personal computer-based utility.

Description

This application creates a custom HID device that can be controlled by a personal computer-based utility. The device allows the USB Host utility to control the LEDs on the board and query the status of a switch.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB HID Basic Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `hid_basic.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/usb/device/hid_basic.`

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>hid_basic.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/usb/device/hid_basic/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config.`

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx460_pim_e16_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx460_pim+e16</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the Explorer 16 Development Board configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation. This configuration also requires the PIC32MX460F512L Plug-In Module (PIM) and the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk3_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk3</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit III configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

Remove jumper JP2.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit III

Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32MX460F512L PIM

Jumper J10 should be removed. This plug-in module should be used along with the Explorer 16 Development Board and the USB PICtail Plus daughter board. The microcontroller PIM should be plugged into the PIM socket on the board. The USB PICtail Plus daughter board should be connected to the edge connector J9.

On the Explorer 16 Development Board:

- Switch S2 should be set to PIM
- Jumper JP2 should be in place

On the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board:

- Jumper JP1 should be in place
- Jumper JP2 and JP4 should be removed

On the PIC32MX460F512L PIM:

- Keep jumper J10 open
- Keep all jumpers in J9 open

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the HID Basic demonstration.

Description

This demonstration uses the selected hardware platform as a HID class USB device, but uses the HID class for general purpose I/O operations. While compiling, select the appropriate MPLAB X IDE project configuration based on the demonstration board. Refer to [Building the Application](#) for details.

Typically, the HID class is used to implement human interface products, such as mice and keyboards. The HID protocol, is however, quite flexible, and can be adapted and used to send/receive general purpose data to/from a USB device. Using the HID class for general purpose I/O operations is quite advantageous, in that it does not require any kind of custom driver installation process. HID class drivers are already provided by and are distributed with common operating systems. Therefore, upon plugging in a HID class device into a typical computer system, no user installation of drivers is required, the installation is fully automatic.

The LEDs on the demonstration board will indicate the USB state of the device, as described in the USB Device State and LED Indication Table in the [Device](#) section.

HID devices primarily communicate through one interrupt IN endpoint and one interrupt OUT endpoint. In most applications, this effectively limits the maximum achievable bandwidth for full speed HID devices to 64 kBytes/s of IN traffic, and 64 kBytes/s of OUT traffic (64 kB/s, but effectively "full duplex").

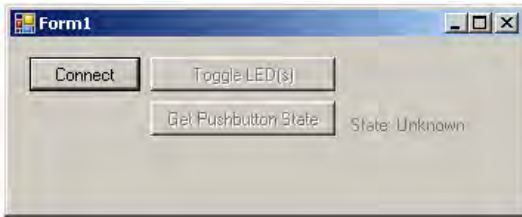
The `GenericHIDSimpleDemo.exe` program, and the associated firmware demonstrate how to use the HID protocol for basic general purpose USB data transfer.

Before you can run the `GenericHIDSimpleDemo.exe` executable, you will need to have the Microsoft® .NET Framework Version 2.0 Redistributable Package (later versions are probably acceptable, but have not been tested) installed on your computer. Programs that were built in

the Visual Studio® .NET languages require the .NET redistributable package. The redistributable package can be freely downloaded from Microsoft's website. Users of Windows Vista® operating systems will not need to install the .NET framework, as it comes preinstalled as part of the operating system.

Launching the Application

To launch the application, simply double click the executable `GenericHIDSimpleDemo.exe` in the `<install-dir>\apps\usb\device\hid_basic\bin` directory. A property sheet similar to the following should appear:



Note: If instead of this window, an error message appears while trying to launch the application, it is likely the Microsoft .NET Framework Version 2.0 Redistributable Package has not yet been installed. Please install it and try again.

Send/Receive Packets

To begin sending/receiving packets to the device, you must first find and connect to the device. As configured by default, the application is looking for HID class USB devices with VID = 0x04D8 and PID = 0x003F. The device descriptor in the firmware project meant to be used with this demonstration uses the same VID/PID. If you plug in a USB device programmed with the correct precompiled .hex file, and click **Connect**, the other push buttons should become enabled. If clicking **Connect** has no effect, it is likely the USB device is either not connected, or has not been programmed with the correct firmware.

Clicking **Toggle LED(s)** should send a single packet of general purpose generic data to the HID class USB peripheral device. The data will arrive on the interrupt OUT endpoint. The firmware has been configured to receive this generic data packet, parse the packet looking for the Toggle LED(s) command, and should respond appropriately by controlling the LED(s) on the demonstration board.

The Get Pushbutton State option will send one packet of data over the USB to the peripheral device (to the interrupt OUT endpoint) requesting the current push button state. The firmware will process the received Get Pushbutton State command, and will prepare an appropriate response packet depending upon the pushbutton state.

The following table shows the button that has to be pressed on the demonstration board to see the change in the push button state.

Demonstration Board	Button
PIC32 USB Starter Kit II	SW1
PIC32 USB Starter Kit III	
PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit	
PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit	
Explorer 16 Development Board	S3

hid_joystick

Demonstrates a USB HID device emulating a joystick.

Description

This demonstration application creates a custom HID joystick. This application is only intended to demonstrate creation of Joystick HID Report descriptors and may not be a definite end solution. The end application requirements may need the report descriptor to be modified.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB HID Joystick Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `hid_joystick.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/usb/device/hid_joystick`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
hid_joystick.X	<install-dir>/apps/usb/device/hid_joystick/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx460_pim_e16_int_dyn	pic32mx460_pim+e16	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the Explorer 16 Development Board configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation. This configuration also requires the PIC32MX460F512L Plug-In Module (PIM) and the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board.
pic32mx_usb_sk3_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk3	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit III configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

Remove jumper JP2.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit III

Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32MX460F512L PIM

Jumper J10 should be removed. This plug-in module should be used along with the Explorer 16 Development Board and the USB PICtail Plus daughter board. The microcontroller PIM should be plugged into the PIM socket on the board. The USB PICtail Plus daughter board should be connected to the edge connector J9.

On the Explorer 16 Development Board:

- Switch S2 should be set to PIM
- Jumper JP2 should be in place

On the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board:

- Jumper JP1 should be in place
- Jumper JP2 and JP4 should be removed

On the PIC32MX460F512L PIM:

- Keep jumper J10 open
- Keep all jumpers in J9 open

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the USB HID Joystick demonstration.

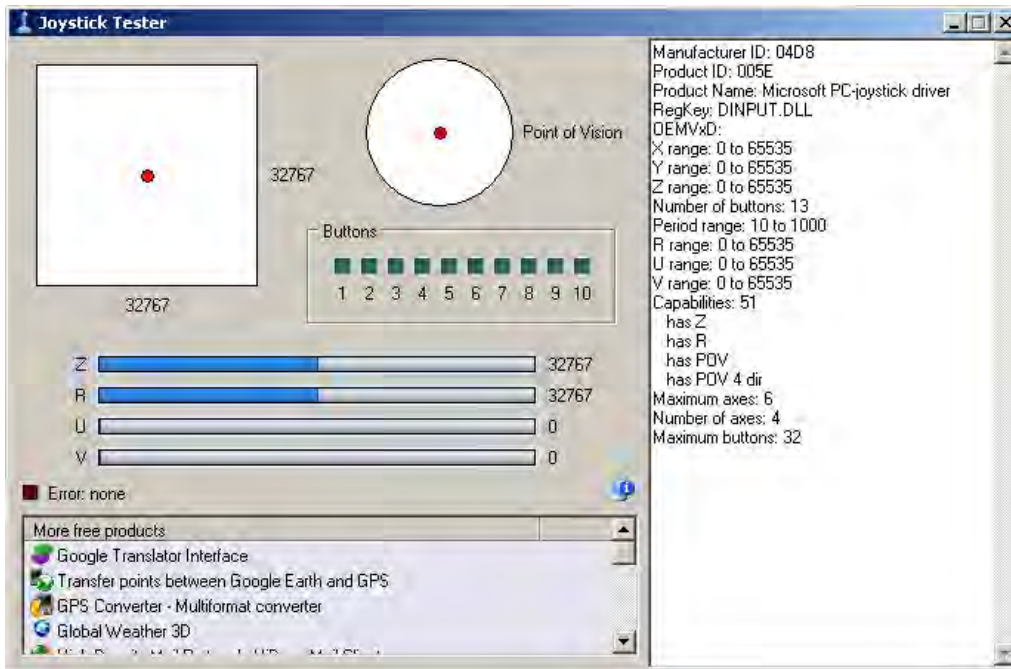
Description

This demonstration uses the selected hardware platform as a USB Joystick. Select the appropriate MPLAB X IDE project configuration based on

the demonstration board. Refer to [Building the Application](#) for details.

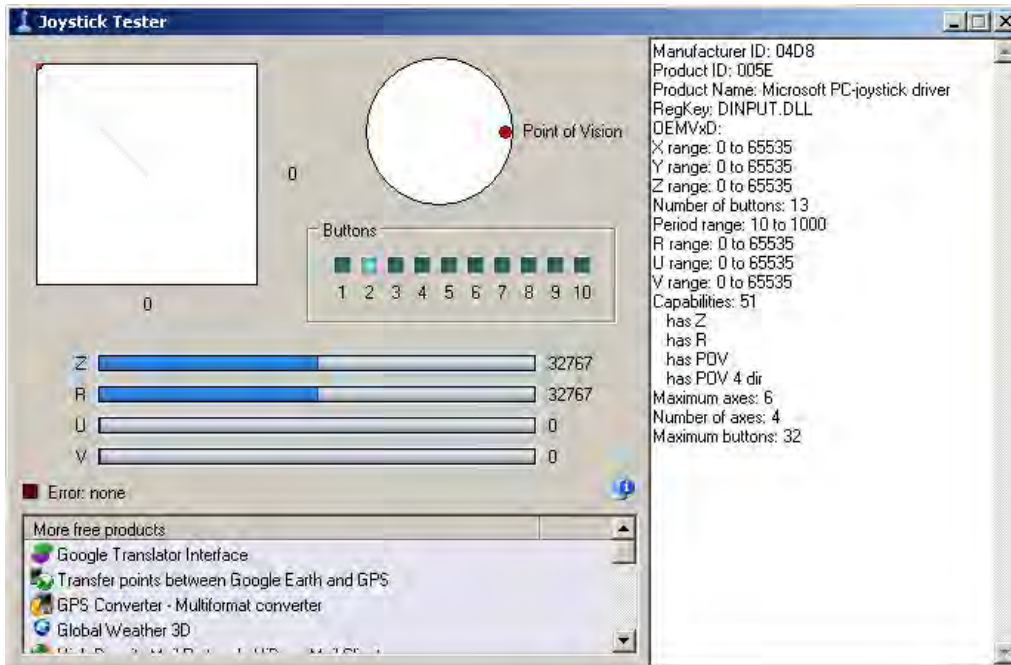
The LEDs on the demonstration board will indicate the USB state of the device, as described in the USB Device State and LED Indication Table in the [Device](#) section.

To test the joystick feature, navigate to the <install-dir>/apps/usb/device/hid_joystick/bin directory and open JoystickTester.exe:



Pressing the button will cause the device to:

- Indicate that the "x" button is pressed, but no others
- Move the hat switch to the "east" position
- Move the X and Y coordinates to their extreme values



The Following table shows the button that has to be pressed on the demonstration board to emulate the joystick.

Demonstration Board	Button
PIC32 USB Starter Kit II	SW1
PIC32 USB Starter Kit III	
PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit	
PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit	

Explorer 16 Development Board

S3

hid_keyboard

Demonstrates a USB HID device, emulating a keyboard.

Description

This demonstration application creates a Generic HID keyboard. Pressing a key on the board emulates a keyboard key press.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB HID Keyboard Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `hid_keyboard.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/usb/device/hid_keyboard`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>hid_keyboard.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/usb/device/hid_keyboard/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx460_pim_e16_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx460_pim+e16</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the Explorer 16 Development Board configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation. This configuration also requires the PIC32MX460F512L Plug-In Module (PIM) and the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk3_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk3</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit III configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

Remove jumper JP2.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit III

Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32MX460F512L PIM

Jumper J10 should be removed. This plug-in module should be used along with the Explorer 16 Development Board and the USB PICtail Plus daughter board. The microcontroller PIM should be plugged into the PIM socket on the board. The USB PICtail Plus daughter board should be connected to the edge connector J9.

On the Explorer 16 Development Board:

- Switch S2 should be set to PIM
- Jumper JP2 should be in place

On the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board:

- Jumper JP1 should be in place
- Jumper JP2 and JP4 should be removed

On the PIC32MX460F512L PIM:

- Keep jumper J10 open
- Keep all jumpers in J9 open

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the USB HID Keyboard demonstration.

Description

This demonstration uses the selected hardware platform as a USB keyboard. While compiling, select the appropriate MPLAB X IDE project configuration based on the demonstration board. Refer to [Building the Application](#) for details.

The LEDs on the demonstration board will indicate the USB state of the device, as described in the USB Device State and LED Indication Table in the [Device](#) section.

Before pressing the button, select a window in which it is safe to type text freely. Pressing the button on the demonstration board will cause the device to print a character on the screen.

The following table shows the button that has to be pressed on the demonstration board to print a character.

Demonstration Board	Button
PIC32 USB Starter Kit II	SW1
PIC32 USB Starter Kit III	
PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit	
PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit	
Explorer 16 Development Board	S3

hid_mouse

Demonstrates a USB HID device, emulating a mouse pointing device.

Description

This demonstration application creates a USB HID based two-button mouse device. When connected, the device emulates mouse operation by moving the cursor in a circular pattern.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB HID Mouse Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `hid_mouse.x` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/usb/device/hid_mouse`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
hid_mouse.X	<install-dir>/apps/usb/device/hid_mouse/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx460_pim_e16_int_dyn	pic32mx460_pim+e16	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the Explorer 16 Development Board configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation. This configuration also requires the PIC32MX460F512L Plug-In Module (PIM) and the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board.
pic32mx_usb_sk3_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk3	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit III configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_da_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_da_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

Remove jumper JP2.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit III

Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32MX460F512L PIM

Jumper J10 should be removed. This plug-in module should be used along with the Explorer 16 Development Board and the USB PICtail Plus daughter board. The microcontroller PIM should be plugged into the PIM socket on the board. The USB PICtail Plus daughter board should be connected to the edge connector J9.

On the Explorer 16 Development Board:

- Switch S2 should be set to PIM
- Jumper JP2 should be in place

On the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board:

- Jumper JP1 should be in place
- Jumper JP2 and JP4 should be removed

On the PIC32MX460F512L PIM:

- Keep jumper J10 open
- Keep all jumpers in J9 open

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the HID Mouse Demonstration.

Description

This demonstration uses the selected hardware platform as a USB mouse. While compiling, select the appropriate MPLAB X IDE project configuration based on the demonstration board. Refer to [Building the Application](#) for details.

The LEDs on the demonstration board will indicate the USB state of the device, as described in the USB Device State and LED Indication Table in the [Device](#) section.

Before connecting the board to the computer through the USB cable please be aware that the device will begin moving the mouse cursor on the computer. There are two ways to stop the device from allowing the cursor to continue to move. The first way is to disconnect the device from the computer. The second is to press the correct button on the hardware platform. Pressing the button again will cause the mouse cursor to start moving in a circle again.

The following table shows the button that has to be pressed on the demonstration board to stop the circular motion:

Demonstration Board	Button
PIC32 USB Starter Kit II	SW1
PIC32 USB Starter Kit III	
PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit	
PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit	
PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit	
Explorer 16 Development Board	S3

hid_msd_basic

Demonstrates a HID Device Class and MSD class composite USB Device.

Description

This demonstration application creates a USB Device that combines the functionality of the hid_basic and msd_basic demonstration applications.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the this demonstration application.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `hid_msd_basic.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/usb/device/hid_msd_basic`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>hid_msd_basic.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/usb/device/hid_msd_basic/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Select this configuration to run the demonstration application on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Select this configuration to run the demonstration application on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	Select this configuration to run the demonstration application on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
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Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

Remove jumper JP2.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the demonstration.

Description

This demonstration functions as composite USB Device that combines the features of the devices created by the hid_basic and the msd_basic demonstration applications. Refer to [Running the Demonstration](#) section of the hid_basic demonstration and [Running the Demonstration](#) section of the msd_basic demonstration for details on exercising the HID and MSD functions, respectively.

The LEDs on the demonstration board will indicate the USB state of the device, as described in the USB Device State and LED Indication Table in the [Device](#) section.

msd_basic

Demonstrates a USB MSD Device emulating a Flash Drive.

Description

This demonstration application creates a Flash drive using the Mass Storage Device Class.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB MSD Basic Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the msd_basic.X project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

<install-dir>/apps/usb/device/msd_basic.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
msd_basic.X	<install-dir>/apps/usb/device/msd_basic/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_bt_sk_int_dyn	pic32mx_bt_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

pic32mx_usb_sk2_poll_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II with the USB Device Stack configured for Polled mode and dynamic operation..
pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mx_usb_sk3_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk3	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit III configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_poll_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit with the USB Device Stack configured for Polled mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_poll_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Polled mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

Remove jumper JP2.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit III

Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32 Bluetooth Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper settings required.

PIC32MX460F512L PIM

Jumper J10 should be removed. This plug-in module should be used along with the Explorer 16 Development Board and the USB PICtail Plus daughter board. The microcontroller PIM should be plugged into the PIM socket on the board. The USB PICtail Plus daughter board should be connected to the edge connector J9.

On the Explorer 16 Development Board:

- Switch S2 should be set to PIM
- Jumper JP2 should be in place

On the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board:

- Jumper JP1 should be in place
- Jumper JP2 and JP4 should be removed

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the USB MSD Basic demonstration.

Description

This demonstration uses the selected hardware platform as a logical drive on the computer using the internal Flash of the device as the drive storage media. Connect the hardware platform to a computer through a USB cable. The device should appear as a new drive on the computer named "Drive Name". The drive can be used to store files.

The LEDs on the demonstration board will indicate the USB state of the device, as described in the USB Device State and LED Indication Table in the [Device](#) section.



Note: Reprogramming the development board will cause any stored files to be erased.

msd_fs_spiflash

This application demonstrates accessing the SPI Flash connected to the PIC32 device as a media by multiple clients.

Description

This application demonstrates accessing the SPI Flash connected to the PIC32 device as a media by multiple clients. When connected via USB to the Host Computer, the SPI Flash is shown as the storage media. The Host writes files to the media, which is later accessed by the application running on the PIC32 device using the File System.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB MSD File System SPI Flash Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `msd_fs_spiflash.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/usb/device/msd_fs_spiflash`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>msd_fs_spiflash.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/usb/device/msd_fs_spiflash/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>bt_audio_dk_int_dyn</code>	<code>bt_audio_dk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 Bluetooth Audio Development Kit
Ensure that switch S1 is set to PIC32_MCLR.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the USB MSD File System SPI Flash demonstration.

Description

This demonstration shows an example of:

- Accessing the media attached to PIC32 by multiple clients
- Application running on the PIC32 firmware accesses the media using the MPLAB Harmony File System

When connected to the USB Host the very first time, the user is expected to format the media and create a file named `FILE.TXT` in the root directory of the media. The user can update the file to provide input for the application to glow the LEDs present on the development kit. The application running on the PIC32 reads and interprets the data present in the file and accordingly turns ON or OFF the LEDs LED8 and LED9 of the development kit. The format of input in the file `FILE.TXT` should be as follows:

- For turning ON an LED:
 - LED8:1
 - LED9:1
- For turning OFF an LED:
 - LED8:0

- LED9:0

After having set the appropriate values in the file, the user can then press and release the wwitch SW1 located on the development kit for the MPLAB Harmony File System running on the PIC32 to act upon the contents of the file.

The FS state machine of the demonstration is only triggered by the switch SW1. When the user presses and releases SW1 the following occurs:

- LED5 is turned ON to indicate that the FS state machine is running
- The USB is detached
- The file system on the SPI Flash is mounted
- The contents of `FILE.TXT` is read and acted upon. Depending on the values set in the file, the LEDs are either turned ON or OFF.
- Next, the file system is unmounted and the USB is reattached
- LED5 is turned OFF to indicate that FS state machine is no longer running
- If LED6 is turned ON during any part of the demonstration, this indicates the demonstration has failed

msd_sdcard

Demonstrates data transfer from a SD card and a computer through USB MSD.

Description

This application demonstrates the usage of a SD card reader through the USB Mass Storage Device (MSD) class to transfer data between a computer and SD card. High-Speed USB is used for communication between the Host computer and the PIC32 device, while a SD card is used as the storage medium.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB MSD SD Card Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `msd_sdcard.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/usb/device/msd_sdcard`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>msd_sdcard.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/usb/device/msd_sdcard/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit connected to the MEB II. The media drivers are configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit and Multimedia Expansion Board II (MEB II)

No hardware related configuration or jumper settings required.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the USB MSD SD Card demonstration.

Description

This demonstration uses the selected hardware platform as a logical drive on the computer using the SD card as the drive storage media. Connect the hardware platform to a computer through a USB cable. The device should appear as a new drive on the computer named "Drive Name". The drive can then be used to store files.

The LEDs on the demonstration board will indicate the USB state of the device, as described in the USB Device State and LED Indication Table in the [Device](#) section.

vendor

Demonstrates a custom USB Device created by using the USB Device Layer Endpoint functions.

Description

This demonstration application creates a custom USB device using the USB Device Layer Endpoint functions.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the Vendor USB Device Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `vendor.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/usb/device/vendor`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>vendor.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/usb/device/vendor/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx460_pim_e16_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx460_pim+e16</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the Explorer 16 Development Board configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation. This configuration also requires the PIC32MX460F512L Plug-In Module (PIM) and the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk3_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk3</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit III configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

Remove jumper JP2.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit III

Remove jumper JP1.

PIC32MX460F512L PIM

Jumper J10 should be removed. This plug-in module should be used along with the Explorer 16 Development Board and the USB PICtail Plus daughter board. The microcontroller PIM should be plugged into the PIM socket on the board. The USB PICtail Plus daughter board should be connected to the edge connector J9.

On the Explorer 16 Development Board:

- Switch S2 should be set to PIM
- Jumper JP2 should be in place

On the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board:

- Jumper JP1 should be in place
- Jumper JP2 and JP4 should be removed

On the PIC32MX460F512L PIM:

- Keep jumper J10 open
- Keep all jumpers in J9 open

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the Vendor USB Device demonstration.

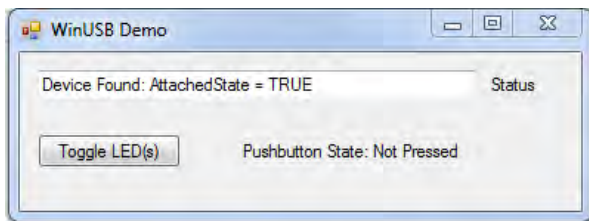
Description

The Vendor device can be exercised by using the WinUSB PnP Demonstration application, which is provided in your installation of MPLAB Harmony.

The LEDs on the demonstration board will indicate the USB state of the device, as described in the USB Device State and LED Indication Table in the [Device](#) section.

This application allows the state of the LEDs on the board to be toggled and indicates the state of a switch (pressed/released) on the board.

To launch the application, double click `WinUSB PnP Demo.exe` located in `<install_dir>/apps/usb/device/vendor/bin`. A dialog box similar to the following should appear:



Pressing the Toggle LED button will cause the LED on the board to toggle. The Pushbutton State field in the application indicates the state of a button on connected USB Device. Pressing the switch on the development board will update the Pressed/Not Pressed status of the Pushbutton State field.

Demonstration Board	Button
PIC32 USB Starter Kit II	SW1
PIC32 USB Starter Kit III	
PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit	
PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit	
Explorer 16 Development Board	S3

Host

This section describes the USB Host demonstrations.

audio_speaker

This application demonstrates the use of the Audio v1.0 Host Class Driver to enumerate and operate an audio speaker device.

Description

This application demonstrates the use of the Audio v1.0 Host Class Driver to enumerate and an audio speaker device. The application uses the USB Host Layer and Audio 1.0 class driver to enumerate an Audio v1.0 USB device. The demonstration host application then operates and uses the functionality of the attached audio speaker device.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB Device Audio Speaker Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `audio_speaker.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/usb/host/audio_speaker`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>audio_speaker.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/usb/host/audio_speaker/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

JP2 should be in place.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

JP1 should be in place and the Ethernet plug-in board should be removed.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the USB Host Audio v1.0 Basic Demo.

Description

This application demonstrates the use of the Audio v1.0 Host Class Driver to enumerate and operate an Audio v1.0 Device. The application uses the USB Host layer and Audio v1.0 class driver to enumerate a Audio v1.0 USB device. The demonstration host application then operates and uses the functionality of the attached Audio v1.0 Device.

Prior to using this demonstration, it is recommended to review the MPLAB Harmony Release Notes for any known issues. A PDF copy of the release notes is provided in the `<install-dir>/doc` folder of your installation.

1. Open the project in MPLAB X IDE and select the desired project configuration.

2. Build the code and program the device.
3. Attach a commercially available USB speaker to the board.
4. LED1 is turned ON if the attached device is accepted by the Audio 1.0 class driver.
5. The speaker should produce a 1 kHz sine wave.
6. LED2 will continue blinking if the demonstration application cannot accept the device.
7. Press switch SW1 to mute the audio.
8. Press switch SW2 to unmute the audio

cdc_basic

This application demonstrates the use of the CDC Host Class Driver to enumerate and operate a CDC Device.

Description

This application demonstrates the use of the CDC Host Class Driver to enumerate and operate a CDC Device. The application uses the USB Host layer and CDC class driver to enumerate a CDC USB device. The demonstration host application then operates and uses the functionality of the attached CDC Device.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB CDC Host Basic Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `cdc_basic.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/usb/host/cdc_basic`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>cdc_basic.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/usb/host/cdc_basic/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_poll_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Polled mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_poll_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Polled mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

JP2 should be in place.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

JP1 should be in place and the Ethernet plug-in board should be removed.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the USB Host CDC Basic Demo.

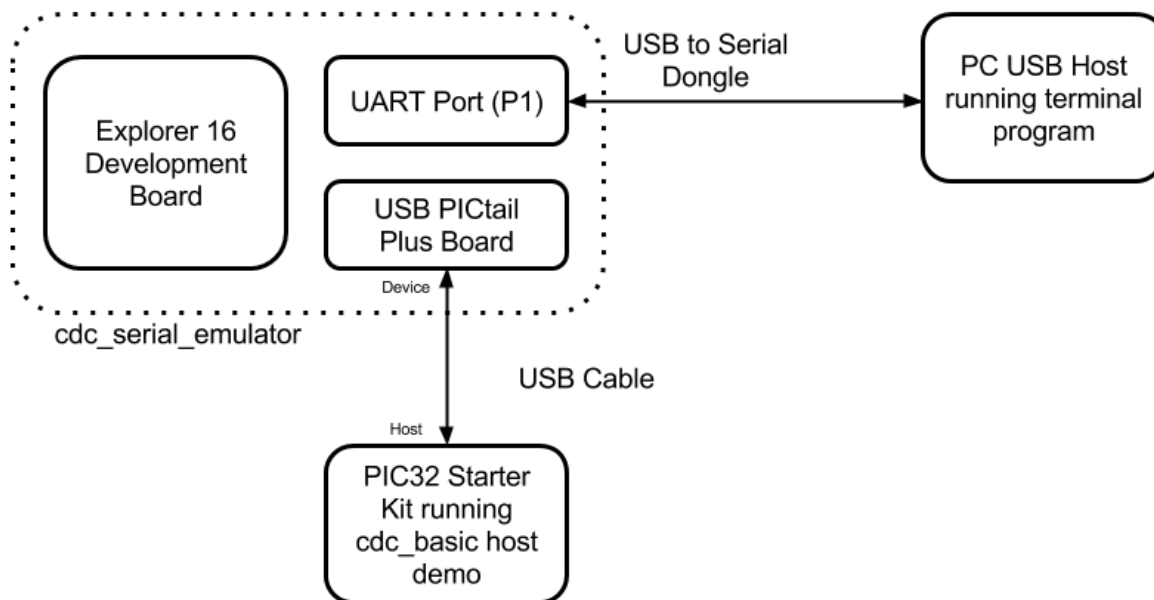
Description

This application demonstrates the use of the CDC Host Class Driver to enumerate and operate a CDC Device. The application uses the USB Host layer and CDC class driver to enumerate a CDC USB device. The demonstration host application then operates and uses the functionality of the attached CDC Device.

Prior to using this demonstration, it is recommended to review the MPLAB Harmony Release Notes for any known issues. A PDF copy of the release notes is provided in the `<install-dir>/doc` folder of your installation.

1. Open the project in MPLAB X IDE and select the desired project configuration.
2. Build the code and program the device.
3. Follow the directions for setting up and running the `cdc_serial_emulator` USB device demonstration.
4. Connect the UART (P1) port on the Explorer 16 Development Board (running the `cdc_serial_emulator` demonstration) to a USB Host personal computer via a commercially available Serial-to-USB Dongle.
5. Start a terminal program on the USB Host personal computer and select the Serial-to-USB Dongle as the communication port. Select the baud rate as 9600, no parity, 1 Stop bit and no flow control.
6. Connect the mini – B connector on the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board, of the `cdc_serial_emulator` demonstration setup, to the Type-A USB host connector on the starter kit.
7. A prompt (LED :) will be displayed immediately on the terminal emulation program.
8. Pressing either the 1, 2, or 3 key on the USB Host keyboard will cause LED 1, 2, or 3 on the PIC32 Starter kit (running the USB CDC Host application) to switch on, respectively.
9. The prompt will again be displayed on terminal emulation program, and step 8 can be repeated.

The setup should be similar to the following diagram.



The `cdc_serial_emulator` demonstration emulates a USB-to-Serial Dongle. The CDC Host (running the `cdc_basic` demonstration application) sends the prompt message to the CDC device. The CDC device forwards the prompt to the UART port from where it is transmitted to the personal computer USB Host through the USB-to-Serial Dongle. A key press on the personal computer USB Host is transmitted to the CDC device, which in turn presents the key press data to the CDC host. The `cdc_basic` demonstration then analyzes the key press data and switches on the respective LED.

cdc_msdc

Demonstrates host support for multiple device classes.

Description

This demonstration application creates a USB Host that can support different device classes in one application.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for this USB CDC MSD Host Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `cdc_msd.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/usb/host/cdc_msd`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>cdc_msd.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/usb/host/cdc_msd/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

JP2 should be in place.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

JP1 should be in place and the Ethernet plug-in board should be removed.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the USB CDC MSD demonstration.

Description

This demonstration application creates a USB Host application that enumerates a CDC and a MSD device. This application combines the functionality of the Host `cdc_basic` and `msd_basic` demonstration applications into one application. If a CDC device is connected, the demonstration application behaves like the `cdc_basic` host application. If a MSD device is connected, the demonstration application behaves like the `msd_basic` host application.

Refer to [Running the Demonstration](#) section of the host `cdc_basic` demonstration and the [Running the Demonstration](#) section of the host `msd_basic` demonstration for details on exercising the CDC and MSD host aspects of the demonstration.

hid_basic_keyboard

Demonstrates using the USB HID Host Client driver with the Keyboard Usage driver to facilitate the use of a USB HID Keyboard with a PIC32 USB Host.

Description

This application demonstrates the use of the USB HID Host Client Driver to enumerate and operate a HID keyboard device. The application uses the USB Host layer, HID Client driver and HID Keyboard Usage driver to enumerates a USB keyboard and understand keyboard press release events.

The keyboard events are displayed using a terminal emulator on a personal computer.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB HID Basic Keyboard Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `hid_basic_keyboard.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/usb/host/hid_basic_keyboard`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>hid_basic_keyboard.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/usb/host/hid_basic_keyboard/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx795_pim+e16</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation on the PIC32MX795F512L PIM connected to the Explorer 16 Development Board with the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board attached.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Explorer 16 Development Board:

- Switch S2 should be set to PIM

USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board:

- Jumper the Host Enable pins
- Device Enable and OTG Enable should be open

PIC32MX795F512L Plug-in Module (PIM):

- Keep jumper J10 open
- Keep all jumpers in J9 open
- Jumper J1 should be shorted between positions 1 and 2. This configuration is only applicable for the PIC32MX795F512L USB CAN PIM (MA320003), and not the PIC32MX795F512L USB PIM (MA320002).
- Jumper J2 should be shorted between positions 1 and 2. This configuration is only applicable for the PIC32MX795F512L USB CAN PIM

(MA320003) and not the PIC32MX795F512L USB PIM (MA320002).

For the pic32mx795_pim_e16_int_dyn configuration:

1. Ensure that the PIC32MX795F512L PIM is connected properly to the PIM socket on the Explorer 16 Development Board.
2. Connect the Serial Port connector on the Explorer 16 Development Board to a PC using a Serial-to-USB converter cable.
3. Connect the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board to the horizontal edge connector (J9) of the Explorer 16 Development Board.

For the pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn configuration:

Connect the USB to the UART connector (J11) on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit to a PC using a USB micro cable.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the USB HID Basic Keyboard demonstration.

Description

1. Open the project in MPLAB X IDE and select the project configuration.
2. Build the code and program the device.
3. Launch a terminal emulator, such as Tera Term, and select the appropriate COM port and set the serial port settings to 115200-N-1.
4. If a USB keyboard is not connected to the Host connector using J4 on the USB PICtail Plus Daughter Board, the terminal emulator window will show the *Connect Keyboard* prompt.
5. Attach a USB keyboard to the Host connector of the target hardware. The message, *Keyboard Connected*, will appear in the terminal emulator window.
6. Begin typing on the keyboard and the appropriate keys should be displayed on the serial terminal. Subsequent press and release of modifier keys (i.e., CAPS LOCK, NUM LOCK, etc.) will result in the appropriate keyboard LEDs to turning ON and OFF.
7. Disconnecting the keyboard will result in the message, *Connect Keyboard*.



hid_basic_mouse

Demonstrates USB Host application support for a USB HID mouse.

Description

This application demonstrates the use of the USB HID Host Client Driver to enumerate and operate a HID mouse device. The application uses the USB Host layer, HID Client driver and HID Mouse Usage driver to enumerates USB mouse and understand mouse generated data.

Mouse-specific events are demonstrated by cursor movements on the MEB II display screen. Mouse button clicks are indicated by LEDs.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB Host HID Basic Mouse Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `hid_basic_mouse.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/usb/host/hid_basic_mouse`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
hid_basic_mouse.X	<install-dir>/apps/usb/host/hid_basic_mouse/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mz_ec_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ec_sk+meb2	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and the MEB II.
pic32mz_ef_sk_meb2	pic32mz_ef_sk+meb2	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and the MEB II.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit and MEB II

1. Ensure that the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit is securely fastened into the MEB II expansion board.
2. JP1 on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit should be in place.
3. The Ethernet plug-in module on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit should be removed.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit and MEB II

Ensure that the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit is securely fastened into the MEB II expansion board.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the USB Host HID Basic Mouse demonstration.

Description

This application demonstrates the use of the HID Host Client Driver to enumerate USB HID mouse and establish communication with the mouse. The application uses the USB Host layer, HID client driver and the MPLAB Harmony Graphics Library to enumerate a USB HID mouse and capture mouse-specific events on the USB Host side.

Prior to using this demonstration, it is recommended to review the MPLAB Harmony Release Notes for any known issues. A PDF copy of the release notes is provided in the <install-dir>/doc folder of your installation.

1. Open the project in MPLAB X IDE and select the desired project configuration.
2. Build the code and program the device.
3. If a USB mouse is not connected to the USB Host connector on the PIC32MZ EC/EF Starter Kit, the display on the MEB II will show a "Connect Mouse" prompt on a red background.
4. Attach a USB mouse to the Host connector on the PIC32MZ EC/EF Starter Kit. The "Connect Mouse" prompt will disappear and the cursor (a small white dot) will appear on the screen.
5. Moving the mouse will move the cursor. Mouse button clicks will toggle LEDs on the MEB II.

Refer to the following table for LED indication details.

Mouse Click	MEB II
Left	D3
Right	D4
Middle	D5
Lower Left	D6
Lower Right	D7

6. Disconnecting the mouse will cause the "Connect Mouse" prompt to reappear.

hub_cdc_hid

Demonstrates the enumeration of a HID mouse and CDC emulator device via an external hub.

Description

This application demonstrates the capability of the USB Host Stack to access and manage multiple USB Devices through a Hub. The demonstration application enumerates a HID mouse and CDC emulator device via an external hub. The host will demonstrate the communication from the CDC emulator device and the HID mouse.

Building the Application

This topic identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB Host HUB CDC HID Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `hub_cdc_hid.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/usb/host/hub_cdc_hid`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
hub_cdc_hid.X	<install-dir>/apps/usb/host/hub_cdc_hid/firmware

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

JP2 should be in place.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

JP1 should be in place and the Ethernet plug-in board should be removed.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the USB Host HUB CDC HID demonstration.

Description

This application demonstrates the capability of the USB Host Stack to access and manage multiple USB Devices through a Hub. The demonstration application enumerates a HID mouse and CDC emulator device via an external hub. The host will demonstrate the communication from the CDC emulator device and the HID mouse.

1. Open the project in MPLAB X IDE and select the desired project configuration.
2. Build the code and program the device.
3. Connect a hub to the Type A Host connector on the desired board.
4. Connect a mouse to a spare port on the hub.
5. Connect the CDC emulator device to another spare port on the hub.
6. Click the mouse to toggle LEDs on the starter kit.
7. On the personal computer, open a terminal emulator. At the prompt, (LED:), enter 1, 2, or 3 to toggle the LEDs on the starter kit.

hub_msd

This application demonstrates the capability of the USB Host stack to support multiple MSD device through a hub.

Description

This application demonstrates the use of the Hub Driver and the MSD Host Client Driver, with File System, to support multiple MSD devices and Hub. The demonstration application copies a file from one pen driver into another pen drive.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB Host Hub MSD Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `hub_msd.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is

`<install-dir>/apps/usb/host/hub_msd`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
hub_msd.X	<code><install-dir>/apps/usb/host/hub_msd/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn	pic32mx_usb_sk2	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ec_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn	pic32mz_ef_sk	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

JP2 should be in place.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

JP1 should be in place and the Ethernet plug-in board should be removed.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit


No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the USB Host Hub MSD demonstration.

Description

This application demonstrates the capability of the USB Host Stack to access and manage multiple USB Devices through a Hub. The demonstration application copies a file from one USB pen drive (i.e., a USB Flash storage device) to another USB pen drive, where these pen drives are attached to a hub.

 **Note:** The demonstration will search for a file named `file.txt` on any of the connected pen drives. Such a file should be created on one of the pen drives through any suitable method.

1. Open the project in MPLAB X IDE and select the desired project configuration.
2. Build the code and program the device.
3. Connect a hub to the Type A Host connector on the desired board.
4. Connect a USB Pen drive containing an arbitrary file named `file.txt` to a spare port on the hub.
5. Connect another USB pen drive to another spare port on the hub.
6. The application will copy the file `file.txt` from the drive containing this file to the other drive. The copied file will be renamed as `newfile.txt`. LED 2 on the demonstration board will illuminate to indicate completion of the file transfer.
7. Disconnect the drives and confirm demonstration success by inserting them into a personal computer and verifying the file transfer completed as expected.

The demonstration application will always be in state where it waits for two pen drives to be connected to the hub and at least one of these pen drives contains a file named `file.txt`.

msd_basic

This application demonstrates the use of the MSD Host Class Driver to write a file to USB Flash Drive.

Description

This application demonstrates the use of the MSD Host Class Driver to write a file to a USB Flash drive. The application uses the USB Host layer, MSD class driver and the MPLAB Harmony File System Framework to enumerate a USB Flash drive and to write a file to it.

Building the Application

This section identifies the MPLAB X IDE project name and location and lists and describes the available configurations for the USB MSD Host Class Driver Demonstration.

Description

To build this project, you must open the `msd_basic.X` project in MPLAB X IDE, and then select the desired configuration.

The following tables list and describe the project and supported configurations. The parent folder for these files is `<install-dir>/apps/usb/host/msd_basic`.

MPLAB X IDE Project

This table lists the name and location of the MPLAB X IDE project folder for the demonstration.

Project Name	Location
<code>msd_basic.X</code>	<code><install-dir>/apps/usb/host/msd_basic/firmware</code>

MPLAB X IDE Project Configurations

This table lists and describes the supported configurations of the demonstration, which are located within `./firmware/src/system_config`.

Project Configuration Name	BSP Used	Description
<code>chipkit_wf32</code>	<code>chipkit_wf32</code>	Demonstration running on the chipKIT WF32 Development Board.
<code>chipkit_wifire</code>	<code>chipkit_wifire</code>	Demonstration running on the chipKIT Wi-FIRE Development Board.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk2</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit II configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mx_usb_sk3_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mx_usb_sk3</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32 USB Starter Kit III with the PIC32MX470F512L microcontroller configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_da_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_da_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Graphics (DA) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ec_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ec_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity (EC) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.
<code>pic32mz_ef_sk_int_dyn</code>	<code>pic32mz_ef_sk</code>	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration on the PIC32MZ Embedded Connectivity with Floating Point Unit (EF) Starter Kit configured for Interrupt mode and dynamic operation.

pic32mx470_curiosity	pic32mx470_curiosity	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration application to run on the PIC32MX470 Curiosity Development Board, with the PIC32MX470F512H microcontroller. The USB Stack will be configured for Interrupt mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for Dynamic operation mode.
pic32mz_ef_curiosity	pic32mz_ef_curiosity	Select this MPLAB X IDE project configuration to run the demonstration application to run on the PIC32MZ EF Curiosity Development Board, with the PIC32MZ2048EFM100 microcontroller. The USB Stack will be configured for Interrupt mode operation and the USB Driver will be configured for Dynamic operation mode.

Configuring the Hardware

Describes how to configure the supported hardware.

Description

PIC32 USB Starter Kit II

JP2 should be in place.

PIC32 USB Starter Kit III

JP1 should be in place.

PIC32MZ DA Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MZ EC Starter Kit

JP1 should be in place and the Ethernet plug-in board should be removed.

PIC32MZ EF Starter Kit

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

chipKIT WF32 Wi-Fi Development Board

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

chipKIT Wi-FIRE Development Board

No hardware related configuration or jumper setting changes are necessary.

PIC32MX470 Curiosity Development Board

- Ensure that a jumper is placed at 4-3 on J8
- Place a jumper on J13 to drive VBUS in Host mode

PIC32MZ EF Curiosity Development Board

- Ensure that a jumper is placed at 4-3 on J8
- Place a jumper on J13 to drive VBUS in Host mode

Running the Demonstration

Provides instructions on how to build and run the USB Host MSD Basic demonstration.

Description

This application demonstrates the use of the MSD Host Class Driver to write a file to USB Flash drive. The application uses the USB Host layer, MSD class driver and the MPLAB Harmony File System Framework to enumerate a USB Flash drive and to write a file to it.

Prior to using this demonstration, it is recommended to review the MPLAB Harmony Release Notes for any known issues. A PDF copy of the release notes is provided in the <install-dir>/doc folder of your installation.

1. Open the project in MPLAB X IDE and select the desired project configuration.
2. Build the code and program the device.
3. With the code running, attach a USB Flash drive to the Host connector on the desired starter kit.
4. The demonstration application will then create a file named `file.txt`. It will then write the text "Hello World" to this file, and then close the file.
5. The demonstration will then move to Idle mode, which is indicated when LED2 on the starter kit illuminates.

6. The USB Flash drive can then be attached to a USB Host personal computer to verify the demonstration application operation.
7. Steps 3 through 6 can be repeated.
8. If the USB Flash drive already contains a file with the name `file.txt`, the demonstration application will append the text "Hello World" to the end of the file contents.
9. LED1 on the starter kit illuminates if the file creation or write failed.

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