



# AP\* Statistics Practice Questions Using TI-Nspire™ Technology

Example 3: A new process for producing synthetic gems yielded a random sample of six stones weighing 0.43, 0.52, 0.46, 0.49, 0.60, and 0.55, respectively.

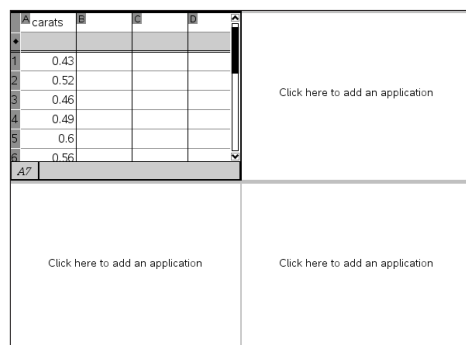
- Find a 95% confidence interval for the mean carat weight from this process.
- Test the claim that the mean weight is 0.55 carats against the counter claim that 0.55 is an overestimate.

Help from the TI-Nspire:

Select "ctrl" → "Page Layout" → "Select Layout" → "Layout 8"

Select "menu" → "Add Lists & Spreadsheet"

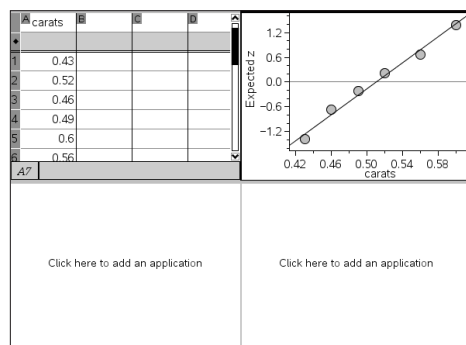
Name the column "carats" and enter the data.



Move to upper right quadrant. Select "Add Data & Statistics".

"Click to add variable" → choose "carats"

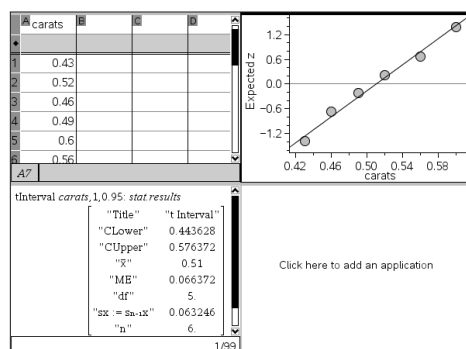
Select "menu" → "Plot Type" → "Normal Probability Plot"



Move to lower left quadrant. Select "Add Calculator".

Select "menu" → "Statistics" → "Confidence Intervals" → "t interval" →

Choose "Data" → "OK" → pick "carats" in List: → "OK"



From this TI-Nspire screen we can answer question (a):

Name the procedure: This is a one-sample  $t$ -interval for the mean.

Check the conditions: We are given that this is a random sample, and the Nspire gives a normal probability plot which makes the nearly normal condition reasonable.

Mechanics: The Nspire gives  $\bar{x} = 0.51$ ,  $s = 0.063246$ ,  $df = 5$ , and a confidence interval of  $(0.444, 0.576)$ .

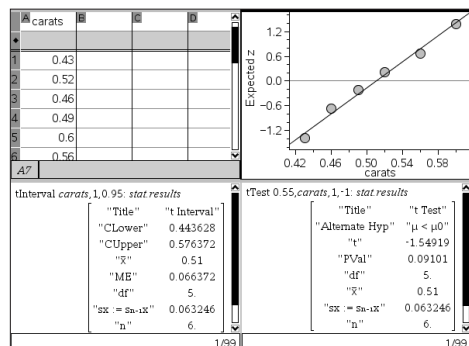
Conclusion in context: We are 95 percent confident that the mean carat weight is between 0.444 and 0.576.

Move to lower right quadrant. Select "Add Calculator".

Select "menu" → "Statistics" → "Stat Tests" → "t test" →

Choose "Data" → "OK" → put .55 in  $\mu_0$  → pick "carats" in List: →

Pick the Alternate Hyp to be " $H_a: \mu < \mu_0$ " → "OK"



From this Nspire screen we can answer question (b):

Identify the test and check the conditions: This is a one-sample  $t$ -test. We are given that we have a random sample, and the Nspire gives a normal probability plot which makes the nearly normal condition reasonable.

State the hypotheses:  $H_0: \mu = 0.55$ ,  $H_a: \mu < 0.55$

Mechanics: The Nspire gives  $t = -1.549$  and a  $P$ -value of 0.091.

Conclusion in context with linkage to the  $P$ -value: With  $P = 0.091 < 0.10$ , there is evidence at the 10% significance level that the mean carat is below 0.55. However, with  $P = 0.091 > 0.05$ , there is no evidence at the 5% significance level to dispute the 0.55 carat claim.