

Campus Wired LAN

Technology Design Guide



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Scope		

Preface



Pro ciency

Flexible Design

Access Layer

class-map match-any SCAVENGER-QUEUE

Step 3: Enable QoS by applying the access edge QoS macro that was defined in the platform configuration procedure. This macro generates a QoS configuration appropriate for the platform.

macro apply AccessEdgeQoS

All client-facing interfaces allow for an untrusted PC and/or a trusted Cisco IP phone to be connected to the switch and automatically set QoS parameters. When a Cisco IP Phone is connected, trust is extended to the phone, and any device that connects to the phone will be considered untrusted and all traffic from that device
Step 3: Save the running configuration that you have entered so it will be used as the startup configuration file Siig.4eech iip c C4.4(t)-8.4(a)3.9(t)-8.8lw6et69ch iip c C4.4(t)-8.4(a)3.9(t)-8.2(i)wea5ttX8(t)swite sge coreload

Design Overview

Figure 19 - Two-tier collapsed LAN core design

Figure 20 - Network services distribution layer

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Cisco Catalyst 6500-E and 6807-XL VSS

Cisco Catalyst 6880-X VSS

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Option 1:

Step 6:

```
class PRIORITY-QUEUE
    priority
 class CONTROL-MGMT-QUEUE
    bandwidth remaining percent 10
 class MULTIMEDIA-CONFERENCING-QUEUE
    bandwidth remaining percent 10
 class MULTIMEDIA-STREAMING-QUEUE
    bandwidth remaining percent 10
 class TRANSACTIONAL-DATA-QUEUE
    bandwidth remaining percent 10
    dbl
 class BULK-DATA-QUEUE
    bandwidth remaining percent 4
    dbl
 class SCAVENGER-QUEUE
    bandwidth remaining percent 1
 class class-default
    bandwidth remaining percent 25
    dbl
!
macro name EgressQoS
```
```
eigrp router-id [ip address of loopback 0]
eigrp stub summary
nsf
exit-address-family
```

Cisco Catalyst 6500 Series Switches do not require the ip routing

Figure 25 - Rendezvous point placement in the network

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Step 6:

On the standalone switch #1:

VSS-Sw1(config)#switch virtual domain 101

Step 1: Enable IP Multicast routing on the platform in the global configuration mode.

ip multicast-routing

Step 2: Configure a second loopback interface for RP functions on the core VSS switch. All routers point to this IP address on **loopback 1** for the RP. You configure the RP address from the core IP address space. Creating the RP on a second loopback interface allows for flexibility for potential RP migrations using Anycast RP operation. In the event you add a core layer to your existing network and the RP is currently configured on a distribution layer, you may want to move the RP to the core.

interface Loopback 1
ip address 10.4.40.252 255.255.255

Step 2: Configure a serfo tt Rh6.4(d iR)-4d-5.6(ca0.8(r)-34.9(f9(. Y)72.6([I)r)--5.6.3 Td[I)-11.2)-4.7(T)6.2(f)11.717 -1.

Step 1: Configure the Layer 3 interface.

macro apply EgressQoS channel-protocol lacp channel-group [number] mode active logging event link-status logging event trunk-status logging event bundle-status no shutdown

Step 4: Save the running configuration that you have entered so it will be used as the startup configuration file when your switch is reloaded or power-cycled.

copy running-config startup-config

exit-af-interface ! topology base exit-af-topology network
LAN Distribution Layer

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