



Security Certifications and Compliance Center

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Introduction to Apple security assurance

As part of our commitment to security, Apple regularly engages with third-party organizations to certify and attest to the security of Apple's hardware, software, and services. These internationally recognized organizations provide Apple with certifications that align with each major operating system release. In this way, they provide a measure of confidence—that is, security assurance—that the security needs of a system are being satisfied. For technical areas that aren't accepted under mutual recognition arrangements (MRAs) or that lack mature security certification standards, Apple is engaged with developing appropriate security standards. Our mission is to drive globally accepted, comprehensive coverage of security certification across all Apple hardware, operating systems, apps, and services.

Certifications are often necessary to meet the requirements of legislation, regulation, and industry norms. Services like Apple School Manager and Apple Business Manager are covered under Apple's ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 27018 certifications. All customers, including government agencies and enterprise and education organizations deploying Apple devices can use the hardware, operating system, software, and services certifications to support demonstrating compliance.

Hardware certifications

Because secure software requires a foundation of security built into hardware, all Apple devices—whether running iOS, iPadOS, macOS, tvOS, or watchOS—have security capabilities designed into silicon. These include custom CPU capabilities that power system security features and silicon dedicated to security functions. The most critical component is the Secure Enclave coprocessor, which appears on all modern iOS, iPadOS, watchOS, and tvOS devices, on all Mac computers with Apple silicon, and Intel-based Mac computers with the Apple T2 Security Chip. The Secure Enclave provides the foundation for encrypting data at rest, secure boot in macOS, and biometrics.

Apple's commitment to security assurance starts with the certification of the foundational security components in silicon, from the hardware root of trust, to the secure boot enforcement, to the Secure Enclave providing Secure Key Store, to the secure authentication with Touch ID and Face ID. The security features of Apple devices are made possible by the combination of silicon design, hardware, software, and services available only from Apple. Certification of these components is an important part of verifying the assurance that Apple provides.

For information on public certifications related to hardware and associated firmware components, see:

- [Security certifications for the Apple T2 Security Chip](#)
- [Security certifications for the Secure Enclave Processor](#)

Software and app certifications

Apple maintains independent certifications and attestations over its operating system and apps in conformance with the U.S. Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2/-3 for cryptographic modules and Common Criteria for operating systems, apps, and device services. The coverage of operating systems includes iOS, iPadOS, macOS, sepOS, T2 firmware, tvOS, and watchOS. For apps, independent certification will initially include the Safari browser and Contacts apps, with more apps to be certified in the future.

For information on public certifications related to Apple *operating systems*, see:

- [Security certifications for iOS](#)
- [Security certifications for iPadOS](#)
- [Security certifications for macOS](#)
- [Security certifications for tvOS](#)
- [Security certifications for watchOS](#)

For information on public certifications related to Apple *apps*, see:

- [Security certifications for Apple apps](#)

Service certifications

Apple maintains security certifications to support our customers, from enterprise to education. These certifications enable Apple customers to address their regulatory and contractual obligations when using Apple services with Apple hardware and software. These certifications provide our customers with an independent attestation over Apple information security, environmental and privacy practices for Apple systems.

For information on public certifications related to Apple *internet services*, see:

- [Security certifications for Apple internet services](#)

For questions about Apple Security and Privacy Certifications, contact security-certifications@apple.com.

Hardware security certifications

Apple hardware security certifications overview

Apple maintains U.S. Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 140-2/-3 Conformance Validation Certificates for sepOS and T2 firmware as well as other certifications. Apple starts with *certification building blocks* that apply broadly across multiple platforms where appropriate. One building block is the validation of corecrypto library, which is used for software and hardware cryptographic module deployments within Apple developed operating systems. A second building block is the certification of the Secure Enclave, which is embedded in many Apple devices. A third is the certification of the Secure Element (SE), found in Apple devices with Touch ID and devices with Face ID. These hardware certification building blocks form a foundation for broader platform security certifications.

Cryptographic algorithm validations

Validation of the implementation correctness of many cryptographic algorithms and related security functions is a prerequisite for FIPS 140-3 validation and supportive of other certifications. Validation is managed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Cryptographic Algorithm Validation Program (CAVP). Certificates of validation for Apple implementations can be found using the [CAVP search](#) facility. For more information, see the [Cryptographic Algorithm Validation Program \(CAVP\) website](#).

Cryptographic module validations: FIPS 140-2/3 (ISO/IEC 19790)

Apple's cryptographic modules have been repeatedly validated by the Cryptographic Module Validation Program (CMVP) as being conformant with U.S. Federal Information Processing Standard for cryptographic modules (FIPS 140-2) following each major release of the operating systems since 2012. After each major release, Apple submits the modules to the CMVP for validation of conformance with the standard. As well as being used by Apple operating systems and apps, these modules provide cryptographic functionality for Apple-provided services and are available for third-party apps to use.

Apple achieves **Security Level 1** each year for the software-based modules "Corecrypto Module for Intel" and "Corecrypto Kernel Module for Intel" for macOS. For Apple silicon, the modules "Corecrypto Module for ARM" and "Corecrypto Kernel Module for ARM" are applicable to iOS, iPadOS, tvOS, watchOS and to the firmware in the embedded Apple T2 Security Chip in Mac computers.

In 2019, Apple achieved the first FIPS 140-2 **Security Level 2** for the embedded hardware cryptographic module identified as "Apple Corecrypto Module: Secure Key Store," enabling US government approved use of the keys generated and managed in the Secure Enclave. Apple continues to pursue validations for the hardware cryptographic module with each successive major operating system release.

FIPS 140-3 was approved by the U.S. Department of Commerce in 2019. The most notable change in this version of the standard is the specification of ISO/IEC standards—in particular, ISO/IEC 19790:2015 and the associated testing standard ISO/IEC 24759:2017. The CMVP has initiated a transition program and has indicated that starting in 2020, cryptographic modules will begin to be validated using FIPS 140-3 as a basis. Apple cryptographic modules will aim to meet and transition to the FIPS 140-3 standard as soon as practicable.

For cryptographic modules currently in the testing and validation processes, the CMVP maintains two separate lists that may contain information about proposed validations. For cryptographic modules under testing with an accredited laboratory, the [Implementation Under Test List](#) may list the module. After the laboratory has completed testing and recommends validation by the CMVP, the Apple cryptographic modules appear in the [Modules in Process List](#). Currently, the laboratory testing is complete and is waiting for validation of the testing by the CMVP. Because the length of the evaluation process can vary, look at the above two process lists to determine the current status of Apple cryptographic modules between the date of a major operating system release and the issuance of the validation certificate by the CMVP.

Product certifications: Common Criteria (ISO/IEC 15408)

Common Criteria (ISO/IEC 15408) is a standard that's used by many organizations as a basis for performing security evaluations of IT products.

For certifications that may be mutually recognized under the international Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement (CCRA), see the [Common Criteria Portal](#). The Common Criteria standard may also be used outside the CCRA by national and private validation schemes. In Europe, mutual recognition is governed under the [SOG-IS agreement](#) as well as the CCRA.

The goal, as stated by the Common Criteria community, is for an internationally approved set of security standards to provide a clear and reliable evaluation of the security capabilities of Information Technology products. By providing an independent assessment of a product's ability to meet security standards, Common Criteria Certification gives customers more confidence in the security of Information Technology products and leads to more informed decisions.

Through the CCRA, [member countries](#) have agreed to recognize the certification of Information Technology products with the same level of confidence. Evaluations required before certification are extensive and include:

- Protection Profiles (PPs)
- Security Targets (STs)
- Security Functional Requirements (SFRs)
- Security Assurance Requirements (SARs)
- Evaluation Assurance Levels (EALs)

Protection Profiles (PPs) are documents that specify security requirements for a class of device types (such as Mobility) and are used to provide comparability between the evaluations of IT products within the same class. Membership of the CCRA, along with an increasing list of approved PPs, continues to grow on a yearly basis. This arrangement permits a product developer to pursue a single certification under any one of the certificate authorizing schemes and have it recognized by any of the certificate consuming signatories.

Security Targets (STs) define *what* will be evaluated when an IT product is being certified. The STs are translated to more specific *Security Functional Requirements (SFRs)*, used for evaluating the STs in more detail.

The Common Criteria (CC) also includes *Security Assurance Requirements*. One commonly identified metric is the *Evaluation Assurance Level (EAL)*. EALs group together frequently occurring sets of SARs and may be specified in PPs and STs to support comparability.

Many older PPs have been archived and are being replaced with targeted PPs, which are being developed and focus on specific solutions and environments. In a concerted effort to ensure continued mutual recognition across all CCRA members, international Technical Communities (iTCs) have been established to develop and maintain collaborative Protection Profiles (cPPs), which are developed from the start with involvement from CCRA signatory schemes. PPs targeted for user groups and mutual recognition arrangements other than the CCRA continue to be developed by appropriate stakeholders.

Apple began pursuing certifications under the updated CCRA with selected cPPs starting in early 2015. Since then, Apple has achieved Common Criteria certifications for each major iOS release and has expanded coverage to include the security assurance provided by new PPs.

Apple takes an active role within the technical communities focused on evaluating mobile security technologies. These include the iTCs responsible for developing and updating cPPs. Apple continues to evaluate and pursue certifications against current PPs and cPPs.

Apple platform certifications for the North America market are generally performed with the National Information Assurance Partnership (NIAP), which maintains a [list of projects currently in evaluation](#) but not yet certified.

In addition to the [general platform certificates](#) listed, other certificates have been issued in order to demonstrate specific security requirements for some markets.

Security certifications for the Secure Enclave Processor

Secure Enclave certification background

The Hardware Cryptographic Module—*Apple SEP Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module*—comes embedded in the Apple SOC that's in the following products: The Apple A series for iPhone and iPad, the M series for Mac computers with Apple silicon, the S series for the Apple Watch, and the T series security chip found in Mac Intel-based computers starting with iMac Pro introduced in 2017.

In 2018, Apple synced with the validation of the software cryptographic modules with the operating systems released in 2017: iOS 11, macOS 10.13, tvOS 11, and watchOS 4. The SEP hardware cryptographic module identified as the Apple SEP Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v1.0 was initially validated against FIPS 140-2 Security Level 1 requirements.

In 2019, Apple validated the hardware module against the FIPS 140-2 Security Level 2 requirements and updated the module version identifier to v9.0 to sync with the versions of the corresponding corecrypto User and corecrypto Kernel module validations. In 2019, this included iOS 12, macOS 10.14, tvOS 12, and watchOS 5.

In 2020 and 2021, Apple is pursuing validations for conformance with FIPS 140-3, and with additional assurance for security level 3 of the physical security requirements for the Apple silicon: A13, A14, S6 and M1 chips.

Apple also actively engages in the validation of the corecrypto User and corecrypto Kernel modules for each major release of an operating system. Validation of conformance can only be performed against a final released version.

Cryptographic module validation status

The Cryptographic Module Validation Program (CMVP) maintains the validation status of cryptographic modules under three separate lists depending on their current status:

- To be listed on the CMVP [Implementation Under Test List](#), the laboratory must be contracted with Apple to provide testing.
- After the testing has been completed by the laboratory, the lab has recommended validation by the CMVP, and the CMVP fees have been paid, the module is then added to the [Modules in Process List](#). The MIP List tracks the progress of the CMVP validation efforts in four phases:
 - *Review Pending*: Waiting for CMVP resource to be assigned.
 - *In Review*: CMVP resources are performing their validation activities.
 - *Coordination*: The lab and the CMVP are resolving any issues found.
 - *Finalization*: The activities and formalities related to issuing the certificate.
- After validation by the CMVP, the modules are awarded a certificate of conformance and added to the [validated cryptographic modules list](#). This includes:
 - Validated modules that are marked as [active](#).
 - After 5 years the modules are marked as [historical](#).
 - If the module certificate is revoked for some reason, then it is marked as [revoked](#).

In 2020, the CMVP adopted the international standard ISO/IEC 19790 as the basis for FIPS 140-3.

FIPS 140-3 certifications

Current status

The table below shows the 2020 and 2021 cryptographic modules that are currently being tested by the laboratory for conformance with FIPS 140-3.

Secure Key Store (SKS) associated with both 2020 and 2021 operating system releases have completed laboratory testing and have been recommended by the laboratory to the CMVP for validation. They are listed on the [Modules in Process List](#) and once validated will move to the [validated cryptographic modules list](#).

iOS 15 (2021) user space, kernel space, and Secure Key Store are undergoing laboratory testing. They are listed on the [Implementation Under Test List](#).

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple corecrypto Module v12 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with 2021 releases of iOS, iPadOS, macOS, tvOS, and watchOS <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (A9-A14, T2, M1, S3-S6) <i>Overall security level:</i> 2

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<p>Operating system release date: 2021</p> <p>Validation dates: —</p>	<p>Certificates: Not yet certified</p> <p>Documents:</p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p>Title: Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1</p> <p>Operating system: sepOS distributed with 2021 releases of iOS, iPadOS, macOS, tvOS, and watchOS</p> <p>Environment: Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware</p> <p>Type: Hardware(A13, A14, S6, M1)</p> <p>Overall security level: 2</p> <p>Physical security level: 3</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2020</p> <p>Validation dates: —</p>	<p>Certificates: Not yet certified</p> <p>Documents:</p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p>Title: Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1</p> <p>Operating system: sepOS distributed with 2020 releases of iOS, iPadOS, macOS, tvOS, and watchOS</p> <p>Environment: Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware</p> <p>Type: Hardware (A9-A14, T2, M1, S3-S6)</p> <p>Overall security level: 2</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2020</p> <p>Validation dates: —</p>	<p>Certificates: Not yet certified</p> <p>Documents:</p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p>Title: Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1</p> <p>Operating system: sepOS distributed with 2020 releases of iOS, iPadOS, macOS, tvOS, and watchOS</p> <p>Environment: Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware</p> <p>Type: Hardware(A13, A14, S6, M1)</p> <p>Overall security level: 2</p> <p>Physical security level: 3</p>

FIPS 140-2 certifications

The table below shows the cryptographic modules that have been tested by the laboratory for conformance with FIPS 140-2.

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date: 2019</i> <i>Validation dates: 2021-02-05</i>	<i>Certificates: 3811</i> <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title: Apple Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v10.0</i> <i>Operating system: sepOS for macOS 10.15 Catalina</i> <i>Type: Hardware</i> <i>Security level: 2</i>
<i>Operating system release date: 2018</i> <i>Validation dates: 2019-09-10</i>	<i>Certificates: 3523</i> <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title: Apple Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v9.0</i> <i>Operating system: sepOS for macOS 10.14 Mojave</i> <i>Type: Hardware</i> <i>Security level: 2</i>
<i>Operating system release date: 2017</i> <i>Validation dates: 2019-09-10</i>	<i>Certificates: 3223</i> <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title: Apple Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v1.0</i> <i>Operating system: sepOS for macOS 10.13 High Sierra</i> <i>Type: Hardware</i> <i>Security level: 2</i>

Common Criteria (CC) certifications

Apple actively engages in Common Criteria evaluations where suitable Protection Profiles cover the security functionality of Apple technology.

Common Criteria (CC) certification status

The U.S. scheme, operated by NIAP, maintains a list of [Products in Evaluation](#); this list includes products that are currently undergoing evaluation in the United States with a NIAP-approved Common Criteria Testing Laboratory (CCTL) and that have completed an Evaluation Kickoff Meeting (or equivalent) in which CCEVS management officially accepts the product into evaluation.

After products are certified, NIAP puts currently valid certifications on its [Product Compliant list](#). After 2 years, these certifications are reviewed for conformance with the current assurance maintenance policy. After the assurance maintenance date has expired, NIAP moves the certification listing to its [Archived Products list](#).

The [Common Criteria Portal](#) lists certifications that can be mutually recognized under the Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement (CCRA). The CC Portal may maintain products on the certified product list for 5 years; records are kept by the CC Portal for [archived certifications](#).

The table below shows the certifications that are currently being evaluated by a laboratory, or that have been certified as conforming with Common Criteria.

Operating system / Certification date	Scheme ID / Documents	Title / Protection Profiles
<i>Operating system:</i> sepOS <i>Certification date:</i> —	<i>Scheme ID:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Target Guidance Validation Report Assurance Activity Report	<i>Title:</i> Apple Secure Enclave [2020] <i>Protection Profiles:</i> CPP_DSC_V1.0 <i>Hardware:</i> Secure Enclave for (A9-A14, M1, T2, S3-S6) <i>Software:</i> sepOS distributed with iOS 14, iPadOS 14, macOS 11 Big Sur, tvOS 14, watchOS 7

Additional certifications

The table below shows certifications for the Secure Enclave that use neither Common Criteria nor FIPS 140-3.

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2019-12-07 to 2022-12-26	<i>Certificates:</i> CFNR201902910002 (P.R. China: Technology Certification of Mobile Financial Service) Chinese version English version	<i>Title:</i> Mobile Terminal Trusted Execution Environment <i>Operating system:</i> iOS 13.5.1 <i>Specification:</i> JR/T 0156-2017

Security certifications for the Apple T2 Security Chip

Cryptographic module validation background

Apple actively engages in the validation of Apple embedded software and hardware modules for each major release of an operating system. Validation of conformance can only be performed against a final module release version.

In 2020 the CMVP adopted the international standard ISO/IEC 19790 as the basis for U.S. Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 140-3.

In addition to having an Intel CPU, most Mac computers since 2017 also have a separate Apple T2 Security Chip, which is an Apple silicon-based system on chip (SoC). These Mac computers with a T2 chip use all five cryptographic modules for various on-device services.

- Corecrypto user module for Intel (used by macOS on Intel-based Mac computers)
- Corecrypto kernel module for Intel (used by macOS on Intel-based Mac computers)
- Corecrypto user module for ARM (used by the T2 chip)
- Corecrypto kernel module for ARM (used by the T2 chip)
- Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module (used by the embedded Secure Enclave coprocessor in the T2 chip)

Note: The Apple silicon-based modules running on the T2 chip are the same as those running on other Apple silicon, such as the Apple A series, S series, and M series.

Cryptographic module validation status

The Cryptographic Module Validation Program (CMVP) maintains the validation status of cryptographic modules under three separate lists depending on their current status:

- To be listed on the CMVP [Implementation Under Test List](#), the laboratory must be contracted with Apple to provide testing.
- After the testing has been completed by the laboratory, the lab has recommended validation by the CMVP, and the CMVP fees have been paid, the module is then added to the [Modules in Process \(MIP\) List](#). The MIP List tracks the progress of the CMVP validation efforts in four phases:
 - *Review Pending:* Waiting for CMVP resource to be assigned.
 - *In Review:* CMVP resources are performing their validation activities.
 - *Coordination:* The lab and the CMVP are resolving any issues found.
 - *Finalization:* The activities and formalities related to issuing the certificate.
- After validation by the CMVP, the modules are awarded a certificate of conformance and added to the [validated cryptographic modules list](#). This includes:
 - Validated modules that are marked as [active](#).
 - After 5 years the modules are marked as [historical](#).
 - If the module certificate is revoked for some reason, then it is marked as [revoked](#).

FIPS 140-3 certifications

Current status

2020 modules for user space, kernel space, and Secure Key Store have completed laboratory testing and have been recommended by the laboratory to the CMVP for validation. They are listed on the [Modules in Process List](#).

2021 modules for user space, kernel space, and Secure Key Store are undergoing laboratory testing. They are listed on the [Implementation Under Test List](#).

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12.0 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS for macOS 12 Monterey <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, User, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12.0 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS for macOS 12 Monterey <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Kernel, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12.0 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS for macOS 12 Monterey <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (T2) <i>Security level:</i> 2
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS for macOS 11 Big Sur <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, User, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS for macOS 11 Big Sur <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Kernel, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS for macOS 11 Big Sur on Intel <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware <i>Security level:</i> 2

FIPS 140-2 certifications

The table below shows the cryptographic modules that have been tested by the laboratory for conformance with FIPS 140-2.

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2019 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2021-03-23	<i>Certificates:</i> 3856 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto User Module v10.0 for ARM <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS for macOS 10.15 Catalina <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2019 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2021-03-23	<i>Certificates:</i> 3855 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v10.0 for ARM <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS for macOS 10.15 Catalina <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2019 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2021-02-05	<i>Certificates:</i> 3811 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v10.0 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS for macOS 10.15 Catalina <i>Type:</i> Hardware <i>Security level:</i> 2
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2018 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2019-04-23	<i>Certificates:</i> 3438 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto User Module v9.0 for ARM <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS for macOS 10.14 Mojave <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2018 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2019-04-11	<i>Certificates:</i> 3433 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v9.0 for ARM <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS for macOS 10.14 Mojave <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<p><i>Operating system release date:</i> 2018</p> <p><i>Validation dates:</i> 2019-09-10</p>	<p><i>Certificates:</i> 3523</p> <p><i>Documents:</i></p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p><i>Title:</i> Apple Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v9.0</p> <p><i>Operating system:</i> sepOS for macOS 10.14 Mojave</p> <p><i>Type:</i> Hardware</p> <p><i>Security level:</i> 2</p>
<p><i>Operating system release date:</i> 2017</p> <p><i>Validation dates:</i> 2018-03-09, 2018-05-22, 2018-07-06</p>	<p><i>Certificates:</i> 3148</p> <p><i>Documents:</i></p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p><i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto User Module v8.0 for ARM</p> <p><i>Operating system:</i> sepOS for macOS 10.13 High Sierra</p> <p><i>Type:</i> Software</p> <p><i>Security level:</i> 1</p>
<p><i>Operating system release date:</i> 2017</p> <p><i>Validation dates:</i> 2018-03-09, 2018-05-17, 2018-07-03</p>	<p><i>Certificates:</i> 3147</p> <p><i>Documents:</i></p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p><i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v8.0 for ARM</p> <p><i>Operating system:</i> sepOS for macOS 10.13 High Sierra</p> <p><i>Type:</i> Software</p> <p><i>Security level:</i> 1</p>
<p><i>Operating system release date:</i> 2017</p> <p><i>Validation dates:</i> 2018-07-10</p>	<p><i>Certificates:</i> 3223</p> <p><i>Documents:</i></p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p><i>Title:</i> Apple Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v1.0</p> <p><i>Operating system:</i> sepOS for macOS 10.13 High Sierra</p> <p><i>Type:</i> Hardware</p> <p><i>Security level:</i> 2</p>
<p><i>Operating system release date:</i> 2016</p> <p><i>Validation dates:</i> 2017-02-01</p>	<p><i>Certificates:</i> 2828</p> <p><i>Documents:</i></p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p><i>Title:</i> Apple iOS Corecrypto Kernel Module v7.0</p> <p><i>Operating system:</i> sepOS for macOS 10.12 Sierra</p> <p><i>Type:</i> Software</p> <p><i>Security level:</i> 1</p>
<p><i>Operating system release date:</i> 2016</p> <p><i>Validation dates:</i> 2017-02-01</p>	<p><i>Certificates:</i> 2827</p> <p><i>Documents:</i></p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p><i>Title:</i> Apple iOS Corecrypto Kernel Module v7.0</p> <p><i>Operating system:</i> sepOS for macOS 10.12 Sierra</p> <p><i>Type:</i> Software</p> <p><i>Security level:</i> 1</p>

Operating system security certifications

Apple operating system security certifications overview

Apple maintains U.S. Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 140-2/-3 Conformance Validation Certificates for sepOS and T2 firmware as well as other certifications. Apple starts with *certification building blocks* that apply broadly across multiple platforms where appropriate. One building block is the validation of corecrypto, which is used for software and hardware cryptographic module deployments within Apple developed operating systems. A second building block is the certification of the Secure Enclave, which is embedded in many Apple devices. A third is the certification of the Secure Element (SE), found in Apple devices with Touch ID and devices with Face ID. These hardware certification building blocks form a foundation for broader platform security certifications.

Cryptographic algorithm validations

Validation of the implementation correctness of many cryptographic algorithms and related security functions is a prerequisite for FIPS 140-3 validation and supportive of other certifications. Validation is managed by the NIST [Cryptographic Algorithm Validation Program \(CAVP\)](#). Certificates of validation for Apple implementations can be found using the [CAVP search](#) facility.

Cryptographic module validations: FIPS 140-2/3 (ISO/IEC 19790)

The cryptographic modules in Apple operating systems have been repeatedly validated by the Cryptographic Module Validation Program (CMVP) as being conformant with U.S. Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 following each major release of the operating systems since 2012. After each major release, Apple submits all modules to the CMVP for full cryptographic validation. These validated modules provide cryptographic operations for Apple provided services and are available for third-party apps to use.

Apple achieves **Security Level 1** each year for the software-based modules “Corecrypto Module for Intel” and “Corecrypto Kernel Module for Intel” for macOS. For Apple silicon, the modules “Corecrypto Module for ARM” and “Corecrypto Kernel Module for ARM” are applicable to iOS, iPadOS, tvOS, watchOS and to the firmware in the embedded Apple T2 Security Chip in Mac computers.

In 2019, Apple achieved the first FIPS 140-2 **Security Level 2** for the embedded hardware cryptographic module identified as “Apple Corecrypto Module: Secure Key Store,” enabling US government approved use of the keys generated and managed in the Secure Enclave. Apple continues to pursue validations for the hardware cryptographic module with each successive major operating system release.

FIPS 140-3 was approved by the U.S. Department of Commerce in 2019. The most notable change in this version of the standard is the specification of ISO/IEC standards—in particular, ISO/IEC 19790:2015 and the associated testing standard ISO/IEC 24759:2017. The CMVP has initiated a transition program and has indicated that starting in 2020, cryptographic modules will begin to be validated using FIPS 140-3 as a basis. Apple cryptographic modules will aim to meet and transition to the FIPS 140-3 standard as soon as practicable.

For cryptographic modules currently in the testing and validation processes, the CMVP maintains two separate lists that may contain information about proposed validations. For cryptographic modules under testing with an accredited laboratory, the [Implementation Under Test List](#) may list the module. After the laboratory has completed testing and recommends validation by the CMVP, the Apple cryptographic modules appear in the [Modules in Process List](#). Currently, the laboratory testing is complete and is waiting for validation of the testing by the CMVP. Because the length of the evaluation process can vary, look at the above two process lists to determine the current status of Apple cryptographic modules between the date of a major operating system release and the issuance of the validation certificate by the CMVP.

Product certifications: Common Criteria (ISO/IEC 15408)

Common Criteria (ISO/IEC 15408) is a standard that's used by many organizations as a basis for performing security evaluations of IT products.

For certifications that may be mutually recognized under the international Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement (CCRA), see the [Common Criteria Portal](#). The Common Criteria standard may also be used outside the CCRA by national and private validation schemes. In Europe, mutual recognition is governed under the [SOG-IS agreement](#) as well as the CCRA.

The goal, as stated by the Common Criteria community, is for an internationally approved set of security standards to provide a clear and reliable evaluation of the security capabilities of Information Technology products. By providing an independent assessment of a product's ability to meet security standards, Common Criteria Certification gives customers more confidence in the security of Information Technology products and leads to more informed decisions.

Through the CCRA, [member countries](#) have agreed to recognize the certification of Information Technology products with the same level of confidence. Evaluations required before certification are extensive and include:

- Protection Profiles (PPs)
- Security Targets (STs)
- Security Functional Requirements (SFRs)
- Security Assurance Requirements (SARs)
- Evaluation Assurance Levels (EALs)

Protection Profiles (PPs) are documents that specify security requirements for a class of device types (such as Mobility) and are used to provide comparability between the evaluations of IT products within the same class. Membership of the CCRA, along with an increasing list of approved PPs, continues to grow on a yearly basis. This arrangement permits a product developer to pursue a single certification under any one of the certificate authorizing schemes and have it recognized by any of the certificate consuming signatories.

Security Targets (STs) define *what* will be evaluated when an IT product is being certified. The STs are translated to more specific *Security Functional Requirements (SFRs)*, used for evaluating the STs in more detail.

The Common Criteria (CC) also includes *Security Assurance Requirements*. One commonly identified metric is the *Evaluation Assurance Level (EAL)*. EALs group together frequently occurring sets of SARs and may be specified in PPs and STs to support comparability.

Many older PPs have been archived and are being replaced with targeted PPs, which are being developed and focus on specific solutions and environments. In a concerted effort to ensure continued mutual recognition across all CCRA members, international Technical Communities (iTCs) have been established to develop and maintain *collaborative Protection Profiles (cPPs)*, which are developed from the start with involvement from CCRA signatory schemes. PPs targeted for user groups and mutual recognition arrangements other than the CCRA continue to be developed by appropriate stakeholders.

Apple began pursuing certifications under the updated CCRA with selected cPPs starting in early 2015. Since then, Apple has achieved Common Criteria certifications for each major iOS release and has expanded coverage to include the security assurance provided by new PPs.

Apple takes an active role within the technical communities focused on evaluating mobile security technologies. These include the iTCs responsible for developing and updating cPPs. Apple continues to evaluate and pursue certifications against current PPs and cPPs.

Apple platform certifications for the North America market are generally performed with the National Information Assurance Partnership (NIAP), which maintains a [list of projects currently in evaluation](#) but not yet certified.

In addition to the [general platform certificates](#) listed, other certificates have been issued in order to demonstrate specific security requirements for some markets.

Security certifications for iOS



iOS certification background

Apple actively engages in the validation of Apple embedded software and hardware modules for each major release of an operating system. Validation of conformance can only be performed against a final released version.

iOS cryptographic module validation status

The Cryptographic Module Validation Program (CMVP) maintains the validation status of cryptographic modules under three separate lists depending on their current status:

- To be listed on the CMVP [Implementation Under Test List](#), the laboratory must be contracted with Apple to provide testing.
- After the testing has been completed by the laboratory, the lab has recommended validation by the CMVP, and the CMVP fees have been paid, the module is then added to the [Modules in Process \(MIP\) List](#). The MIP List tracks the progress of the CMVP validation efforts in four phases:
 - *Review Pending*: Waiting for CMVP resource to be assigned.
 - *In Review*: CMVP resources are performing their validation activities.
 - *Coordination*: The lab and the CMVP are resolving any issues found.
 - *Finalization*: The activities and formalities related to issuing the certificate.
- After validation by the CMVP, the modules are awarded a certificate of conformance and added to the [validated cryptographic modules list](#). This includes:
 - Validated modules that are marked as [active](#).
 - After 5 years the modules are marked as [historical](#).
 - If the module certificate is revoked for some reason, then it is marked as [revoked](#).

In 2020, the CMVP adopted the international standard ISO/IEC 19790 as the basis for FIPS 140-3.

FIPS 140-3 certifications

Current status

iOS 14 (2020) user space, kernel space, and Secure Key Store have completed laboratory testing and have been recommended by the laboratory to the CMVP for validation. They are listed on the [Modules in Process List](#).

iOS 15 (2021) user space, kernel space, and Secure Key Store are undergoing laboratory testing. They are listed on the [Implementation Under Test List](#).

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12 <i>Operating system:</i> iOS 15 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, User, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Overall security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12 <i>Operating system:</i> iOS 15 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Kernel, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Overall security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with iOS 15 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (A9-A14) <i>Overall security level:</i> 2
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with iOS 15 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (A13, A14, A15) <i>Overall security level:</i> 2 <i>Physical security level:</i> 3
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> iOS 14 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, User, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Overall security level:</i> 1

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> iOS 14 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Kernel, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Overall security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with iOS 14 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (A9-A14) <i>Overall security level:</i> 2
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with iOS 14 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (A13-A14) <i>Overall security level:</i> 2 <i>Physical security level:</i> 3

FIPS 140-2 certifications

The table below shows the cryptographic modules that are currently being tested and have been tested by the laboratory for conformance with FIPS 140-2.

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2019 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2021-03-23	<i>Certificates:</i> 3856 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto User Module v10.0 for ARM <i>Operating system:</i> iOS 13 <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2019 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2021-03-23	<i>Certificates:</i> 3855 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v10.0 for ARM <i>Operating system:</i> iOS 13 <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2019 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2021-02-05	<i>Certificates:</i> 3811 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v10.0 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with iOS 13 <i>Type:</i> Hardware <i>Security level:</i> 2

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<p>Operating system release date: 2018</p> <p>Validation dates: 2019-04-23</p>	<p>Certificates: 3438</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance 	<p>Title: Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v9.0 for ARM</p> <p>Operating system: iOS 12</p> <p>Type: Software</p> <p>Security level: 1</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2018</p> <p>Validation dates: 2019-04-11</p>	<p>Certificates: 3433</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance 	<p>Title: Apple Corecrypto User Module v9.0 for ARM</p> <p>Operating system: iOS 12</p> <p>Type: Software</p> <p>Security level: 1</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2018</p> <p>Validation dates: 2019-9-10</p>	<p>Certificates: 3523</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance 	<p>Title: Apple Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v9.0</p> <p>Operating system: sepOS distributed with iOS 12</p> <p>Type: Hardware</p> <p>Security level: 2</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2017</p> <p>Validation dates: 2018-03-09, 2018-05-22, 2018-07-06</p>	<p>Certificates: 3148</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance 	<p>Title: Apple Corecrypto User Module v8.0 for ARM</p> <p>Operating system: iOS 11</p> <p>Type: Software</p> <p>Security level: 1</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2017</p> <p>Validation dates: 2018-03-09, 2018-05-17, 2018-07-03</p>	<p>Certificates: 3147</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance 	<p>Title: Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v8.0 for ARM</p> <p>Operating system: iOS 11</p> <p>Type: Software</p> <p>Security level: 1</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2017</p> <p>Validation dates: 2019-09-10</p>	<p>Certificates: 3223</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance 	<p>Title: Apple Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v1.0</p> <p>Operating system: sepOS distributed with iOS 11</p> <p>Type: Hardware</p> <p>Security level: 2</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2016</p> <p>Validation dates: 2017-02-01</p>	<p>Certificates: 2828</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance 	<p>Title: Apple iOS Corecrypto Kernel Module v7.0</p> <p>Operating system: iOS 10</p> <p>Type: Software</p> <p>Security level: 1</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2016</p> <p>Validation dates: 2017-02-01</p>	<p>Certificates: 2827</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance 	<p>Title: Apple iOS Corecrypto Kernel Module v7.0</p> <p>Operating system: iOS 10</p> <p>Type: Software</p> <p>Security level: 1</p>

Previous versions

Certificates greater than 5 years old are listed by the CMVP with [historical status](#). These previous iOS versions had cryptographic module validations:

- iOS 9 (corecrypto modules v6.0)
- iOS 8 (corecrypto modules v5.0)
- iOS 7 (corecrypto modules v4.0)
- iOS 6 (corecrypto modules v3.0)

Common Criteria (CC) certification background

Apple actively engages in the evaluation of iOS for each major release of the operating system. Evaluation can only be performed against a final publicly released version of the operating system. Prior to iPadOS 13.1, iPadOS was named iOS.

Common Criteria (CC) certification status

The U.S. scheme, operated by NIAP, maintains a list of [Products in Evaluation](#); this list includes products that are currently undergoing evaluation in the United States with a NIAP-approved Common Criteria Testing Laboratory (CCTL) and that have completed an Evaluation Kickoff Meeting (or equivalent) in which CCEVS management officially accepts the product into evaluation.

After products are certified, NIAP puts currently valid certifications on its [Product Compliant list](#). After 2 years, these certifications are reviewed for conformance with the current assurance maintenance policy. After the assurance maintenance date has expired, NIAP moves the certification listing to its [Archived Products list](#).

The [Common Criteria Portal](#) lists certifications that can be mutually recognized under the Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement (CCRA). The CC Portal may maintain products on the certified product list for 5 years; records are kept by the CC Portal for [archived certifications](#).

The table below shows the certifications that are currently being evaluated by a laboratory, or that have been certified as conforming with Common Criteria.

Current status

Laboratory testing for evaluations with NIAP for iOS 15 are under way. For the latest information, see [Products in evaluation \(NIAP\)](#) and the [Product Compliant List](#).

Operating system / Certification date	Scheme ID / Documents	Title / Protection Profiles
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 15 <i>Certification date:</i> —	<i>Scheme ID:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> —	<i>Title:</i> Apple iOS 15: iPhones <i>Protection Profiles:</i> Mobile Device Fundamentals (PP-Modules to be confirmed)
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 14 <i>Certification date:</i> 2021-09-01	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 11146 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Target Guidance Validation Report Assurance Activity Report	<i>Title:</i> Apple iOS 14: iPhones <i>Protection Profiles:</i> Mobile Device Fundamentals, VPN Client module, WLAN Clients PP Module, MDM Agent EP
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 13 <i>Certification date:</i> 2020-11-06	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 11036 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Target Guidance Validation Report Assurance Activity Report	<i>Title:</i> Apple iOS 13 on iPhone <i>Protection Profiles:</i> Mobile Device Fundamentals, VPN Client module, WLAN Clients EP, MDM Agent EP

Archived Common Criteria certifications for iOS

These previous iOS versions had Common Criteria validations. They are [archived by NIAP](#) according to the NIAP policy:

Operating system / Certification date	Scheme ID / Documents	Title / Protection Profiles
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 12 <i>Certification date:</i> 2019-03-14	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 10937 <i>Documents:</i> Security Target Guidance	<i>Title:</i> iPhone with iOS 12 <i>Protection Profiles:</i> Mobile Device Fundamentals, VPN Client module, Wireless LAN client EP, MDM Agent EP
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 11 <i>Certification date:</i> 2018-07-17	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 10851 <i>Documents:</i> Security Target Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple iOS 11 <i>Protection Profiles:</i> Mobile Device Fundamentals, Wireless LAN client EP, MDM Agent EP
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 10 <i>Certification date:</i> 2017-07-27	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 10782 <i>Documents:</i> Security Target, Guidance	<i>Title:</i> iOS 10.2 on iPhone and iPad Devices <i>Protection Profiles:</i> Mobile Device Fundamentals, Wireless LAN client EP, MDM Agent EP
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 10 <i>Certification date:</i> 2017-07-27	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 10792 <i>Documents:</i> Security Target, Guidance	<i>Title:</i> iOS 10.2 VPN Client on iPhone and iPad <i>Protection Profiles:</i> VPN Client PP
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 9 <i>Certification date:</i> 2016-10-14	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 10725 <i>Documents:</i> Security Target, Guidance	<i>Title:</i> iOS 9.3.2 with MDM Agent <i>Protection Profiles:</i> Mobile Device Fundamentals, MDM Agent EP
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 9 <i>Certification date:</i> 2016-10-13	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 10714 <i>Documents:</i> Security Target, Guidance	<i>Title:</i> OS VPN Client on iPhone and iPad <i>Protection Profiles:</i> VPN Client PP
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 9 <i>Certification date:</i> 2016-01-28	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 10695 <i>Documents:</i> Security Target, Guidance	<i>Title:</i> iOS 9 <i>Protection Profiles:</i> Mobile Device Fundamentals

Security certifications for iPadOS



iPadOS certification background

Apple actively engages in the validation of Apple operating systems for each major release of an operating system, using appropriate collaborative Protection Profiles, and FIPS 140-3 security levels. Validation of conformance can only be performed against a final released version.

Note: In 2019, the operating system for iPad devices was rebranded as iPadOS. Prior to iPadOS 13.1, iPadOS was named iOS.

iPadOS cryptographic module validation status

The Cryptographic Module Validation Program (CMVP) maintains the validation status of cryptographic modules under three separate lists depending on their current status:

- To be listed on the CMVP [Implementation Under Test List](#), the laboratory must be contracted with Apple to provide testing.
- After the testing has been completed by the laboratory, the lab has recommended validation by the CMVP, and the CMVP fees have been paid, the module is then added to the [Modules in Process \(MIP\) List](#). The MIP list tracks the progress of the CMVP validation efforts in four phases:
 - *Review Pending:* Waiting for CMVP resource to be assigned.
 - *In Review:* CMVP resources are performing their validation activities.
 - *Coordination:* The lab and the CMVP are resolving any issues found.
 - *Finalization:* The activities and formalities related to issuing the certificate.
- After validation by the CMVP, the modules are awarded a certificate of conformance and added to the [validated cryptographic modules list](#). This includes:
 - Validated modules that are marked as [active](#).
 - After 5 years the modules are marked as [historical](#).
 - If the module certificate is revoked for some reason, then it is marked as [revoked](#).

In 2020, the CMVP adopted the international standard ISO/IEC 19790 as the basis for FIPS 140-3.

FIPS 140-3 certifications

Current status

iPadOS 14 (2020) user space, kernel space, and Secure Key Store have completed laboratory testing and have been recommended by the laboratory to the CMVP for validation. They are listed on the [Modules in Process List](#).

iPadOS 15 (2021) user space, kernel space, and Secure Key Store are undergoing laboratory testing. They are listed on the [Implementation Under Test List](#).

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12 <i>Operating system:</i> iPadOS 15 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, User, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Overall security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12 <i>Operating system:</i> iPadOS 15 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Kernel, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Overall security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with iPadOS 15 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (A9-A14, M1) <i>Overall security level:</i> 2
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with iPadOS 15 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (A9-A14, M1) <i>Overall security level:</i> 2 <i>Physical security level:</i> 3
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> iPadOS 14 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, User, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Overall security level:</i> 1

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> iPadOS 14 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Kernel, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Overall security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with iPadOS 14 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (A9-A14, M1) <i>Overall security level:</i> 2
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with iPadOS 14 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (A9-A14, M1) <i>Overall security level:</i> 2 <i>Physical security level:</i> 3

FIPS 140-2 certifications

The table below shows the cryptographic modules that are currently being tested and have been tested by the laboratory for conformance with FIPS 140-2.

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2019 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2021-03-23	<i>Certificates:</i> 3856 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto User Module v10.0 for ARM <i>Operating system:</i> iPadOS 13 <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2019 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2021-03-23	<i>Certificates:</i> 3855 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v10.0 for ARM <i>Operating system:</i> iPadOS 13 <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2019 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2021-02-05	<i>Certificates:</i> 3811 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v10.0 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with iPadOS 13 <i>Type:</i> Hardware <i>Security level:</i> 2

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<p>Operating system release date: 2018</p> <p>Validation dates: 2019-04-23</p>	<p>Certificates: 3438</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance 	<p>Title: Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v9.0 for ARM</p> <p>Operating system: iOS 12</p> <p>Type: Software</p> <p>Security level: 1</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2018</p> <p>Validation dates: 2019-04-11</p>	<p>Certificates: 3433</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance 	<p>Title: Apple Corecrypto User Module v9.0 for ARM</p> <p>Operating system: iOS 12</p> <p>Type: Software</p> <p>Security level: 1</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2018</p> <p>Validation dates: 2019-9-10</p>	<p>Certificates: 3523</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance 	<p>Title: Apple Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v9.0</p> <p>Operating system: sepOS distributed with iOS 12</p> <p>Type: Hardware</p> <p>Security level: 2</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2017</p> <p>Validation dates: 2018-03-09, 2018-05-22, 2018-07-06</p>	<p>Certificates: 3148</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance 	<p>Title: Apple Corecrypto User Module v8.0 for ARM</p> <p>Operating system: iOS 11</p> <p>Type: Software</p> <p>Security level: 1</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2017</p> <p>Validation dates: 2018-03-09, 2018-05-17, 2018-07-03</p>	<p>Certificates: 3147</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance 	<p>Title: Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v8.0 for ARM</p> <p>Operating system: iOS 11</p> <p>Type: Software</p> <p>Security level: 1</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2017</p> <p>Validation dates: 2019-09-10</p>	<p>Certificates: 3223</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance 	<p>Title: Apple Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v1.0</p> <p>Operating system: sepOS distributed with iOS 11</p> <p>Type: Hardware</p> <p>Security level: 2</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2016</p> <p>Validation dates: 2017-02-01</p>	<p>Certificates: 2828</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance 	<p>Title: Apple iOS Corecrypto Kernel Module v7.0</p> <p>Operating system: iOS 10</p> <p>Type: Software</p> <p>Security level: 1</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2016</p> <p>Validation dates: 2017-02-01</p>	<p>Certificates: 2827</p> <p>Documents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance 	<p>Title: Apple iOS Corecrypto Kernel Module v7.0</p> <p>Operating system: iOS 10</p> <p>Type: Software</p> <p>Security level: 1</p>

Previous versions

Certificates greater than 5 years old are listed by the CMVP with [historical status](#). These previous iOS versions had cryptographic module validations:

- iOS 9 (corecrypto modules v6.0)
- iOS 8 (corecrypto modules v5.0)
- iOS 7 (corecrypto modules v4.0)
- iOS 6 (corecrypto modules v3.0)

Common Criteria (CC) certification background

Apple actively engages in the evaluation of iPadOS for each major release of the operating system. Evaluation can only be performed against a final publicly released version of the operating system.

Common Criteria (CC) certification status

The U.S. scheme, operated by NIAP, maintains a list of [Products in Evaluation](#); this list includes products that are currently undergoing evaluation in the United States with a NIAP-approved Common Criteria Testing Laboratory (CCTL) and that have completed an Evaluation Kickoff Meeting (or equivalent) in which CCEVS management officially accepts the product into evaluation.

After products are certified, NIAP puts currently valid certifications on its [Product Compliant list](#). After 2 years, these certifications are reviewed for conformance with the current assurance maintenance policy. After the assurance maintenance date has expired, NIAP moves the certification listing to its [Archived Products list](#).

The [Common Criteria Portal](#) lists certifications that can be mutually recognized under the Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement (CCRA). The CC Portal may maintain products on the certified product list for 5 years; records are kept by the CC Portal for [archived certifications](#).

The table below shows the certifications that are currently being evaluated by a laboratory, or that have been certified as conforming with Common Criteria.

Current status

Laboratory testing for evaluations with NIAP for iPadOS 15 are under way. For the latest information, see [Products in evaluation \(NIAP\)](#) and the [Product Compliant List](#).

Operating system / Certification date	Scheme ID / Documents	Title / Protection Profiles
<i>Operating system:</i> iPadOS 15 <i>Certification date:</i> 2019-03-14	<i>Scheme ID:</i> — <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Target Guidance Validation Report Assurance Activity Report	<i>Title:</i> iPad with iOS 12 <i>Protection Profiles:</i> Mobile Device Fundamentals, VPN Client module, Wireless LAN client EP, MDM Agent EP
<i>Operating system:</i> iPadOS 14 <i>Certification date:</i> 2021-09-01	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 11147 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Target Guidance Validation Report Assurance Activity Report	<i>Title:</i> Apple iPadOS 14: iPads <i>Protection Profiles:</i> Mobile Device Fundamentals, VPN Client module, Wireless LAN client EP, MDM Agent EP
<i>Operating system:</i> iPadOS 13 <i>Certification date:</i> 2020-11-06	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 11036 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Target Guidance Validation Report Assurance Activity Report	<i>Title:</i> iPadOS 13 on iPad Mobile Devices <i>Protection Profiles:</i> Mobile Device Fundamentals, VPN Client module, Wireless LAN client EP, MDM Agent EP

Previous versions

These previous iOS versions had Common Criteria validations. They are [archived by NIAP](#) according to the NIAP policy:

- iOS 12 (Scheme ID: 10937)
- iOS 11 (Scheme ID: 10851)
- iOS 10 (Scheme ID: 107782, 10792)
- iOS 9 (Scheme ID: 10725, 10714, 10695)

Security certifications for macOS



macOS certification background

Apple actively engages in the validation of Apple operating systems for each major release of an operating system, using appropriate collaborative Protection Profiles, and FIPS 140-3 security levels. Validation of conformance can only be performed against a final released version.

macOS cryptographic module validation status

The Cryptographic Module Validation Program (CMVP) maintains the validation status of cryptographic modules under three separate lists depending on their current status:

- To be listed on the CMVP [Implementation Under Test List](#), the laboratory must be contracted with Apple to provide testing.
- After the testing has been completed by the laboratory, the lab has recommended validation by the CMVP, and the CMVP fees have been paid, the module is then added to the [Modules in Process \(MIP\) List](#). The MIP List tracks the progress of the CMVP validation efforts in four phases:
 - *Review Pending*: Waiting for CMVP resource to be assigned.
 - *In Review*: CMVP resources are performing their validation activities.
 - *Coordination*: The lab and the CMVP are resolving any issues found.
 - *Finalization*: The activities and formalities related to issuing the certificate.
- After validation by the CMVP, the modules are awarded a certificate of conformance and added to the [validated cryptographic modules list](#). This includes:
 - Validated modules that are marked as [active](#).
 - After 5 years the modules are marked as [historical](#).
 - If the module certificate is revoked for some reason, then it is marked as [revoked](#).

In 2020, the CMVP adopted the international standard ISO/IEC 19790 as the basis for FIPS 140-3.

For Apple Mac computers, the table below shows which cryptographic modules are applicable to which Mac technology.

Cryptographic module	Mac computers with Apple silicon	Mac computers with the Apple T2 Security Chip	Intel-based Mac computers without the Apple T2 Security Chip
Apple silicon User Space	✓		
Apple silicon Kernel	✓		
Intel User Space		✓	✓
Intel Kernel		✓	✓
Secure Key Store	✓	✓	

FIPS 140-3 certifications

In 2020, Apple released Mac computers that are based on Apple silicon. The applicability of cryptographic modules to either Apple silicon or Intel-based Mac computers are indicated in the Module Info column in the table below.

Note: Apple T2 Security Chips are included in many Intel-based Mac computers. For information about T2 chip certifications see [Security certifications for the Apple T2 Security Chip](#).

macOS ssh client

OpenSSH can be configured to use FIPS 140-3 validated modules for select FIPS 140-3 algorithms. Organizations can run a signed and notarized installer that is available from [Apple](#) with the password *FIPS140Mode*. The installer places two files on the Mac:

- *fips_ssh_config*: Placed in `/private/etc/ssh/ssh_config.d/`
- *fips_sshd_config*: Placed in `/private/etc/ssh/sshd_config.d/`

macOS then uses these files to limit the ciphers available to OpenSSH to only those which have been validated by NIST and ensures that the OpenSSH client uses the platform-provided, validated, cryptographic module. Administrators can also create their own files. For more information, see the `apple_ssh_and_fips` man page in macOS 12.0.1 or later.

Current status

macOS 11 Big Sur user space, kernel space, and Secure Key Store have completed laboratory testing and have been recommended by the laboratory to the CMVP for validation. They are listed on the [Modules in Process List](#).

macOS 12 Monterey user space, kernel space, and Secure Key Store are undergoing laboratory testing. They are listed on the [Implementation Under Test List](#).

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12.0 <i>Operating system:</i> macOS 12 Monterey on Apple silicon <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, User, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12.0 <i>Operating system:</i> macOS 12 Monterey on Apple silicon <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Kernel, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12.0 <i>Operating system:</i> macOS 12 Monterey on Intel <i>Environment:</i> Intel, User, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12.0 <i>Operating system:</i> macOS 12 Monterey on Intel <i>Environment:</i> Intel, Kernel, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12.0 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with macOS 12 Monterey on Apple silicon, sepOS distributed with macOS 12 Monterey on Intel with T2 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (M1 and T2) <i>Security level:</i> 2

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<p>Operating system release date: 2021</p> <p>Validation dates: —</p>	<p>Certificates: Not yet certified</p> <p>Documents:</p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p>Title: Apple Corecrypto Module v12.0</p> <p>Operating system: sepOS distributed with macOS 12 Monterey on Apple silicon</p> <p>Environment: Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware</p> <p>Type: Hardware (M1)</p> <p>Security level: 2</p> <p>Physical security level: 3</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2020</p> <p>Validation dates: —</p>	<p>Certificates: Not yet certified</p> <p>Documents:</p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p>Title: Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1</p> <p>Operating system: macOS 11 Big Sur on Intel</p> <p>Environment: Intel, User, Software</p> <p>Type: Software</p> <p>Security level: 1</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2020</p> <p>Validation dates: —</p>	<p>Certificates: Not yet certified</p> <p>Documents:</p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p>Title: Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1</p> <p>Operating system: macOS 11 Big Sur on Intel</p> <p>Environment: Intel, Kernel, Software</p> <p>Type: Software</p> <p>Security level: 1</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2020</p> <p>Validation dates: —</p>	<p>Certificates: Not yet certified</p> <p>Documents:</p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p>Title: Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1</p> <p>Operating system: macOS 11 Big Sur on Apple silicon</p> <p>Environment: Apple silicon, User, Software</p> <p>Type: Software</p> <p>Security level: 1</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2020</p> <p>Validation dates: —</p>	<p>Certificates: Not yet certified</p> <p>Documents:</p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p>Title: Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1</p> <p>Operating system: macOS 11 Big Sur on Apple silicon</p> <p>Environment: Apple silicon, Kernel, Software</p> <p>Type: Software</p> <p>Security level: 1</p>
<p>Operating system release date: 2020</p> <p>Validation dates: —</p>	<p>Certificates: Not yet certified</p> <p>Documents:</p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p>Title: Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1</p> <p>Operating system: macOS 11 Big Sur on Apple silicon</p> <p>Environment: Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware</p> <p>Type: Hardware (M1)</p> <p>Security level: 2</p>

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with macOS 11 Big Sur on Apple silicon <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (M1) <i>Security level:</i> 2 <i>Physical security level:</i> 3

FIPS 140-2 certifications

The table below shows the cryptographic modules that are currently being tested and have been tested by the laboratory for conformance with FIPS 140-2.

macOS 10.15 Catalina user space, kernel space, and Secure Key Store have completed laboratory testing and have been recommended by the laboratory to the CMVP for validation. They are listed on the [Modules in Process List](#).

Note: Apple T2 Security Chips are included in many Intel-based Mac computers. For information about T2 chip certifications see [Security certifications for the Apple T2 Security Chip](#).

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2019 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2021-03-24	<i>Certificates:</i> 3859 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto User Space Module for Intel (ccv10) <i>Operating system:</i> macOS 10.15 Catalina <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2019 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2021-03-24	<i>Certificates:</i> 3858 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v10.0 for Intel (ccv10) <i>Operating system:</i> macOS 10.15 Catalina <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2018 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2019-04-12	<i>Certificates:</i> 3402 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto User Module v9.0 for Intel <i>Operating system:</i> macOS 10.14 Mojave <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2018 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2019-04-12	<i>Certificates:</i> 3431 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v9.0 for Intel <i>Operating system:</i> macOS 10.14 Mojave <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2017 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2018-03-22	<i>Certificates:</i> 3155 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto User Module v8.0 for Intel <i>Operating system:</i> macOS 10.13 High Sierra <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2017 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2018-03-22	<i>Certificates:</i> 3156 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v8.0 for Intel <i>Operating system:</i> macOS 10.13 High Sierra <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1

Previous versions

These previous OS X and macOS versions had cryptographic module validations. Those greater than 5 years old are listed by the CMVP with [historical status](#):

- macOS 10.12 Sierra
- OS X 10.11 El Capitan
- OS X 10.10 Yosemite
- OS X 10.9 Mavericks
- OS X 10.8 Mountain Lion
- OS X 10.7 Lion
- OS X 10.6 Snow Leopard

Common Criteria (CC) certification background

Apple actively engages in the evaluation of macOS for each major release of the operating system. Evaluation can only be performed against a final publicly released version of the operating system.

Common Criteria (CC) certification status

The U.S. scheme, operated by NIAP, maintains a list of [Products in Evaluation](#); this list includes products that are currently undergoing evaluation in the United States with a NIAP-approved Common Criteria Testing Laboratory (CCTL) and that have completed an Evaluation Kickoff Meeting (or equivalent) in which CCEVS management officially accepts the product into evaluation.

After products are certified, NIAP puts currently valid certifications on its [Product Compliant list](#). After 2 years, these certifications are reviewed for conformance with the current assurance maintenance policy. After the assurance maintenance date has expired, NIAP moves the certification listing to its [Archived Products List](#).

The [Common Criteria Portal](#) lists certifications that can be mutually recognized under the Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement (CCRA). The CC Portal may maintain products on the certified product list for 5 years; records are kept by the CC Portal for [archived certifications](#).

The table below shows the certifications that are currently being evaluated by a laboratory, or that have been certified as conforming with Common Criteria.

Current status

Evaluations with NIAP for macOS 11 and macOS 12 using the General Purpose Operating System and Full Disk Encryption (FDE) (AA and EE) Protection Profiles are under way.

For the latest information, see [Products in evaluation \(NIAP\)](#) and the [Product Compliant List](#).

Operating system / Certification date	Scheme ID / Documents	Title / Protection Profiles
<i>Operating system:</i> macOS 12 Monterey <i>Certification date:</i> —	<i>Scheme ID:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> —	<i>Title:</i> Apple FileVault 2 with macOS 12 Monterey <i>Protection Profiles:</i> CPP_FDE_AA_V2.0E, CPP_FDE_EE_V2.0E (PPs to be confirmed)
<i>Operating system:</i> macOS 12 Monterey <i>Certification date:</i> —	<i>Scheme ID:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> —	<i>Title:</i> macOS 12 Monterey <i>Protection Profiles:</i> PP_OS_V4.21 (PPs to be confirmed)
<i>Operating system:</i> macOS 11 Big Sur <i>Certification date:</i> —	<i>Scheme ID:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Target Guidance Validation Report Assurance Activity Report	<i>Title:</i> Apple FileVault 2 with macOS 11 Big Sur <i>Protection Profiles:</i> CPP_FDE_AA_V2.0E, CPP_FDE_EE_V2.0E

Operating system / Certification date	Scheme ID / Documents	Title / Protection Profiles
<p>Operating system: macOS 11 Big Sur Certification date: —</p>	<p>Scheme ID: Not yet certified Documents: Certificate Security Target Guidance Validation Report Assurance Activity Report</p>	<p>Title: Apple macOS 11 Big Sur Protection Profiles: PP_OS_V4.21</p>
<p>Operating system: macOS 10.15 Catalina Certification date: 2021-04-29</p>	<p>Scheme ID: 11078 Documents: Certificate Security Target Guidance Validation Report Assurance Activity Report</p>	<p>Title: Apple FileVault 2 on T2 computers running macOS 10.15 Catalina Protection Profiles: CPP_FDE_AA_V2.0E, CPP_FDE_EE_V2.0E</p>
<p>Operating system: macOS 10.15 Catalina Certification date: 2020-09-23</p>	<p>Scheme ID: 11077 Documents: Certificate Security Target Guidance Validation Report Assurance Activity Report</p>	<p>Title: macOS 10.15 Catalina Protection Profiles: PP_OS_V4.21</p>

Security certifications for tvOS



tvOS certification background

Apple actively engages in the validation of cryptographic modules associated with each major release of tvOS. Validation of conformance can only be performed against a final released version.

tvOS cryptographic module validation status

The Cryptographic Module Validation Program (CMVP) maintains the validation status of cryptographic modules under three separate lists depending on their current status:

- To be listed on the CMVP [Implementation Under Test List](#), the laboratory must be contracted with Apple to provide testing.
- After the testing has been completed by the laboratory, the lab has recommended validation by the CMVP, and the CMVP fees have been paid, the module is then added to the [Modules in Process \(MIP\) List](#). The MIP List tracks the progress of the CMVP validation efforts in four phases:
 - *Review Pending*: Waiting for CMVP resource to be assigned.
 - *In Review*: CMVP resources are performing their validation activities.
 - *Coordination*: The lab and the CMVP are resolving any issues found.
 - *Finalization*: The activities and formalities related to issuing the certificate.
- After validation by the CMVP, the modules are awarded a certificate of conformance and added to the [validated cryptographic modules list](#). This includes:
 - Validated modules that are marked as [active](#).
 - After 5 years the modules are marked as [historical](#).
 - If the module certificate is revoked for some reason, then it is marked as [revoked](#).

In 2020, the CMVP adopted the international standard ISO/IEC 19790 as the basis for FIPS 140-3.

FIPS 140-3 certifications

Current status

tvOS 14 (2020) user space, kernel space, and Secure Key Store have completed laboratory testing and have been recommended by the laboratory to the CMVP for validation. They are listed on the [Modules in Process List](#).

tvOS 15 (2021) user space, kernel space, and Secure Key Store are undergoing laboratory testing. They are listed on the [Implementation Under Test List](#).

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12 <i>Operating system:</i> tvOS 15 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, User, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Overall security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12 <i>Operating system:</i> tvOS 15 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Kernel, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Overall security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with tvOS 15 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (A10, A12) <i>Overall security level:</i> 2
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> tvOS 14 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, User, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Overall security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> tvOS 14 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Kernel, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Overall security level:</i> 1

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with tvOS 14 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (A10, A12) <i>Overall security level:</i> 2

FIPS 140-2 certifications

The table below shows the cryptographic modules that are currently being tested and have been tested by the laboratory for conformance with FIPS 140-2.

tvOS 13 (2019) user space, kernel space, and Secure Key Store have completed laboratory testing and have been recommended by the laboratory to the CMVP for validation. They are listed on the [Modules in Process List](#).

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2019 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2021-03-23	<i>Certificates:</i> 3856 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto User Module v10.0 for ARM <i>Operating system:</i> tvOS 13 <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2019 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2021-03-23	<i>Certificates:</i> 3855 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v10.0 for ARM <i>Operating system:</i> tvOS 13 <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2019 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2021-02-05	<i>Certificates:</i> 3811 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v10.0 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with tvOS 13 <i>Type:</i> Hardware <i>Security level:</i> 2
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2018 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2019-04-23	<i>Certificates:</i> 3438 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v9.0 for ARM <i>Operating system:</i> tvOS 12 <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2018 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2019-04-11	<i>Certificates:</i> 3433 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto User Module v9.0 for ARM <i>Operating system:</i> tvOS 12 <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<p><i>Operating system release date:</i> 2018</p> <p><i>Validation dates:</i> 2019-9-10</p>	<p><i>Certificates:</i> 3523</p> <p><i>Documents:</i></p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p><i>Title:</i> Apple Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v9.0</p> <p><i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with tvOS 12</p> <p><i>Type:</i> Hardware</p> <p><i>Security level:</i> 2</p>
<p><i>Operating system release date:</i> 2017</p> <p><i>Validation dates:</i> 2018-03-09, 2018-05-22, 2018-07-06</p>	<p><i>Certificates:</i> 3148</p> <p><i>Documents:</i></p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p><i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto User Module v8.0 for ARM</p> <p><i>Operating system:</i> tvOS 11</p> <p><i>Type:</i> Software</p> <p><i>Security level:</i> 1</p>
<p><i>Operating system release date:</i> 2017</p> <p><i>Validation dates:</i> 2018-03-09, 2018-05-17, 2018-07-03</p>	<p><i>Certificates:</i> 3147</p> <p><i>Documents:</i></p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p><i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v8.0 for ARM</p> <p><i>Operating system:</i> tvOS 11</p> <p><i>Type:</i> Software</p> <p><i>Security level:</i> 1</p>
<p><i>Operating system release date:</i> 2017</p> <p><i>Validation dates:</i> 2019-09-10</p>	<p><i>Certificates:</i> 3223</p> <p><i>Documents:</i></p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p><i>Title:</i> Apple Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v1.0</p> <p><i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with tvOS 11</p> <p><i>Type:</i> Hardware</p> <p><i>Security level:</i> 2</p>

Security certifications for watchOS



watchOS certification background

Apple actively engages in the validation of cryptographic modules associated with each major release of watchOS. Validation of conformance can only be performed against a final released version.

watchOS cryptographic module validation status

The Cryptographic Module Validation Program (CMVP) maintains the validation status of cryptographic modules under three separate lists depending on their current status:

- To be listed on the CMVP [Implementation Under Test List](#), the laboratory must be contracted with Apple to provide testing.
- After the testing has been completed by the laboratory, the lab has recommended validation by the CMVP, and the CMVP fees have been paid, the module is then added to the [Modules in Process \(MIP\) List](#). The MIP List tracks the progress of the CMVP validation efforts in four phases:
 - *Review Pending*: Waiting for CMVP resource to be assigned.
 - *In Review*: CMVP resources are performing their validation activities.
 - *Coordination*: The lab and the CMVP are resolving any issues found.
 - *Finalization*: The activities and formalities related to issuing the certificate.
- After validation by the CMVP, the modules are awarded a certificate of conformance and added to the [validated cryptographic modules list](#). This includes:
 - Validated modules that are marked as [active](#).
 - After 5 years the modules are marked as [historical](#).
 - If the module certificate is revoked for some reason, then it is marked as [revoked](#).

In 2020, the CMVP adopted the international standard ISO/IEC 19790 as the basis for FIPS 140-3.

FIPS 140-3 certifications

Current status

watchOS 7 (2020) user space, kernel space, and Secure Key Store have completed laboratory testing and have been recommended by the laboratory to the CMVP for validation. They are listed on the [Modules in Process List](#).

watchOS 8 (2021) user space, kernel space, and Secure Key Store are undergoing laboratory testing. They are listed on the [Implementation Under Test List](#).

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12 <i>Operating system:</i> watchOS 8 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, User, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Overall security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12 <i>Operating system:</i> watchOS 8 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Kernel, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Overall security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with watchOS 8 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (S3, S4, S5, S6) <i>Overall security level:</i> 2
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2021 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v12 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with watchOS 8 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (S6) <i>Overall security level:</i> 2 <i>Physical security level:</i> 3
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> watchOS 7 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, User, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Overall security level:</i> 1

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> watchOS 7 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Kernel, Software <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Overall security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with watchOS 7 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (S3, S4, S5, S6) <i>Overall security level:</i> 2
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2020 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Module v11.1 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with watchOS 7 <i>Environment:</i> Apple silicon, Secure Key Store, Hardware <i>Type:</i> Hardware (S6) <i>Overall security level:</i> 2 <i>Physical security level:</i> 3

FIPS 140-2 certifications

The table below shows the cryptographic modules that are currently being tested and have been tested by the laboratory for conformance with FIPS 140-2.

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2019 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> 3856 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto User Module v10.0 for ARM <i>Operating system:</i> watchOS 6 <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2019 <i>Validation dates:</i> —	<i>Certificates:</i> 3855 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v10.0 for ARM <i>Operating system:</i> watchOS 6 <i>Type:</i> Software <i>Security level:</i> 1
<i>Operating system release date:</i> 2019 <i>Validation dates:</i> 2021-02-05	<i>Certificates:</i> 3811 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Policy Crypto Officer Guidance	<i>Title:</i> Apple Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v10.0 <i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with watchOS 6 <i>Type:</i> Hardware <i>Security level:</i> 2

Dates	Certificates / Documents	Module info
<p><i>Operating system release date:</i> 2018</p> <p><i>Validation dates:</i> 2019-04-23</p>	<p><i>Certificates:</i> 3438</p> <p><i>Documents:</i></p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p><i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v9.0 for ARM</p> <p><i>Operating system:</i> watchOS 5</p> <p><i>Type:</i> Software</p> <p><i>Security level:</i> 1</p>
<p><i>Operating system release date:</i> 2018</p> <p><i>Validation dates:</i> 2019-04-11</p>	<p><i>Certificates:</i> 3433</p> <p><i>Documents:</i></p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p><i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto User Module v9.0 for ARM</p> <p><i>Operating system:</i> watchOS 5</p> <p><i>Type:</i> Software</p> <p><i>Security level:</i> 1</p>
<p><i>Operating system release date:</i> 2018</p> <p><i>Validation dates:</i> 2019-9-10</p>	<p><i>Certificates:</i> 3523</p> <p><i>Documents:</i></p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p><i>Title:</i> Apple Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v9.0</p> <p><i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with watchOS 5</p> <p><i>Type:</i> Hardware</p> <p><i>Security level:</i> 2</p>
<p><i>Operating system release date:</i> 2017</p> <p><i>Validation dates:</i> 2018-03-09, 2018-05-22, 2018-07-06</p>	<p><i>Certificates:</i> 3148</p> <p><i>Documents:</i></p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p><i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto User Module v8.0 for ARM</p> <p><i>Operating system:</i> watchOS 4</p> <p><i>Type:</i> Software</p> <p><i>Security level:</i> 1</p>
<p><i>Operating system release date:</i> 2017</p> <p><i>Validation dates:</i> 2018-03-09, 2018-05-17, 2018-07-03</p>	<p><i>Certificates:</i> 3147</p> <p><i>Documents:</i></p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p><i>Title:</i> Apple Corecrypto Kernel Module v8.0 for ARM</p> <p><i>Operating system:</i> watchOS 4</p> <p><i>Type:</i> Software</p> <p><i>Security level:</i> 1</p>
<p><i>Operating system release date:</i> 2017</p> <p><i>Validation dates:</i> 2019-09-10</p>	<p><i>Certificates:</i> 3223</p> <p><i>Documents:</i></p> <p>Certificate</p> <p>Security Policy</p> <p>Crypto Officer Guidance</p>	<p><i>Title:</i> Apple Secure Key Store Cryptographic Module v1.0</p> <p><i>Operating system:</i> sepOS distributed with watchOS 4</p> <p><i>Type:</i> Hardware</p> <p><i>Security level:</i> 2</p>

Software security certifications

Apple software security certifications overview

Apple maintains U.S. Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 140-2/-3 Conformance Validation Certificates for sepOS and T2 firmware as well as other certifications. Apple starts with *certification building blocks* that apply broadly across multiple platforms where appropriate. One building block is the validation of corecrypto, which is used for software and hardware cryptographic module deployments within Apple developed operating systems. A second building block is the certification of the Secure Enclave, which is embedded in many Apple devices. A third is the certification of the Secure Element (SE), found in Apple devices with Touch ID and devices with Face ID. These hardware certification building blocks form a foundation for broader platform security certifications.

Product certifications: Common Criteria (ISO/IEC 15408)

Common Criteria (ISO/IEC 15408) is a standard that's used by many organizations as a basis for performing security evaluations of IT products.

For certifications that may be mutually recognized under the international Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement (CCRA), see the [Common Criteria Portal](#). The Common Criteria standard may also be used outside the CCRA by national and private validation schemes. In Europe, mutual recognition is governed under the [SOG-IS agreement](#) as well as the CCRA.

The goal, as stated by the Common Criteria community, is for an internationally approved set of security standards to provide a clear and reliable evaluation of the security capabilities of Information Technology products. By providing an independent assessment of a product's ability to meet security standards, Common Criteria Certification gives customers more confidence in the security of Information Technology products and leads to more informed decisions.

Through the CCRA, [member countries](#) have agreed to recognize the certification of Information Technology products with the same level of confidence. Evaluations required before certification are extensive and include:

- Protection Profiles (PPs)
- Security Targets (STs)
- Security Functional Requirements (SFRs)
- Security Assurance Requirements (SARs)
- Evaluation Assurance Levels (EALs)

Protection Profiles (PPs) are documents that specify security requirements for a class of device types (such as Mobility) and are used to provide comparability between the evaluations of IT products within the same class. Membership of the CCRA, along with an increasing list of approved PPs, continues to grow on a yearly basis. This arrangement permits a product developer to pursue a single certification under any one of the certificate authorizing schemes and have it recognized by any of the certificate consuming signatories.

Security Targets (STs) define *what* will be evaluated when an IT product is being certified. The STs are translated to more specific *Security Functional Requirements (SFRs)*, used for evaluating the STs in more detail.

The Common Criteria (CC) also includes *Security Assurance Requirements*. One commonly identified metric is the *Evaluation Assurance Level (EAL)*. EALs group together frequently occurring sets of SARs and may be specified in PPs and STs to support comparability.

Many older PPs have been archived and are being replaced with targeted PPs, which are being developed and focus on specific solutions and environments. In a concerted effort to ensure continued mutual recognition across all CCRA members, international Technical Communities (iTCs) have been established to develop and maintain collaborative Protection Profiles (cPPs), which are developed from the start with involvement from CCRA signatory schemes. PPs targeted for user groups and mutual recognition arrangements other than the CCRA continue to be developed by appropriate stakeholders.

Apple began pursuing certifications under the updated CCRA with selected cPPs starting in early 2015. Since then, Apple has achieved Common Criteria certifications for each major iOS release and has expanded coverage to include the security assurance provided by new PPs.

Apple takes an active role within the technical communities focused on evaluating mobile security technologies. These include the iTCs responsible for developing and updating cPPs. Apple continues to evaluate and pursue certifications against current PPs and cPPs.

Apple platform certifications for the North America market are generally performed with the National Information Assurance Partnership (NIAP), which maintains a [list of projects currently in evaluation](#) but not yet certified.

In addition to the [general platform certificates](#) listed, other certificates have been issued in order to demonstrate specific security requirements for some markets.

Security certifications for Apple apps

Apple apps certification background

Apple actively engages in security certifications of Apple apps using appropriate Common Criteria Protection Profiles (PPs). These evaluations build on the hardware and operating system certifications that Apple has gained.

In 2018, Apple initiated application security evaluations for key applications running on iOS 11 with the Safari browser and Contacts apps. Apple continued these evaluations on apps running on iOS 12, iOS 13 and iPadOS 13.1. In 2021 coverage for apps running in macOS 11 is being added.

Cryptographic module certification status

Apple apps listed here use the cryptographic modules for the applicable operating system. For more information, see [Security certifications for iOS](#), [Security certifications for iPadOS](#), and [Security certifications for macOS](#).

Common Criteria (CC) certification status

The U.S. scheme, operated by NIAP, maintains a list of [Products in Evaluation](#); this list includes products that are currently undergoing evaluation in the United States with a NIAP-approved Common Criteria Testing Laboratory (CCTL) and that have completed an Evaluation Kickoff Meeting (or equivalent) in which CCEVS management officially accepts the product into evaluation.

After products are certified, NIAP puts currently valid certifications on its [Product Compliant list](#). After 2 years, these certifications are reviewed for conformance with the current assurance maintenance policy. After the assurance maintenance date has expired, NIAP moves the certification listing to its [Archived Products list](#).

The [Common Criteria Portal](#) lists certifications that can be mutually recognized under the Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement (CCRA). The CC Portal may maintain products on the certified product list for 5 years; records are kept by the CC Portal for [archived certifications](#).

The table below shows the certifications that are currently being evaluated by a laboratory, or that have been certified as conforming with Common Criteria.

Current status

- Evaluations with NIAP that are published as being under way are listed on [Products in evaluation \(NIAP\)](#).
- Evaluations that have completed and have been validated are listed on the NIAP [Product Compliant List](#).

Operating system / Certification date	Scheme ID / Documents	Title / Protection Profiles
<i>Operating system:</i> macOS 11 Big Sur <i>Certification date:</i> —	<i>Scheme ID:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Target Guidance Validation Report Assurance Activity Report	<i>Title:</i> macOS 11 Big Sur: Contacts <i>Protection Profiles:</i> PP for Application SW, EP for Web Browsers
<i>Operating system:</i> macOS 11 Big Sur <i>Certification date:</i> —	<i>Scheme ID:</i> Not yet certified <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Target Guidance Validation Report Assurance Activity Report	<i>Title:</i> macOS 11 Big Sur: Safari <i>Protection Profiles:</i> PP for Application SW, EP for Web Browsers
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 14, iPadOS 14 <i>Certification date:</i> 2021-08-20	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 11191 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Target Guidance Validation Report Assurance Activity Report	<i>Title:</i> Apple iOS 14 and iPadOS 14: Contacts <i>Protection Profiles:</i> PP for Application SW, EP for Web Browsers
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 14, iPadOS 14 <i>Certification date:</i> —	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 11192 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Target Guidance Validation Report Assurance Activity Report	<i>Title:</i> Apple iOS 14 and iPadOS 14: Safari <i>Protection Profiles:</i> PP for Application SW, EP for Web Browsers
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 13, iPadOS 13 <i>Certification date:</i> 2020-06-05	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 11060 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Target Guidance Validation Report Assurance Activity Report	<i>Title:</i> Apple iOS 13 and iPadOS 13: Safari <i>Protection Profiles:</i> PP for Application SW, EP for Web Browsers
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 13, iPadOS 13 <i>Certification date:</i> 2020-06-05	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 11050 <i>Documents:</i> Certificate Security Target Guidance Validation Report Assurance Activity Report	<i>Title:</i> Apple iOS 13 and iPadOS 13: Contacts <i>Protection Profiles:</i> PP for Application SW

Archived Common Criteria certifications for Apple apps

Operating system / Certification date	Scheme ID / Documents	Title / Protection Profiles
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 12 <i>Certification date:</i> 2019-06-12	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 10960 <i>Documents:</i> Security Target Guidance	<i>Title:</i> iOS 12 Safari <i>Protection Profiles:</i> PP for Application SW, EP for Web Browsers
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 12 <i>Certification date:</i> 2019-02-28	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 10961 <i>Documents:</i> Security Target Guidance	<i>Title:</i> iOS 12 Contacts <i>Protection Profiles:</i> PP for Application SW
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 11 <i>Certification date:</i> 2018-11-09	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 10916 <i>Documents:</i> Security Target Guidance	<i>Title:</i> iOS 11 Safari <i>Protection Profiles:</i> PP for Application SW, EP for Web Browsers
<i>Operating system:</i> iOS 11 <i>Certification date:</i> 2018-09-13	<i>Scheme ID:</i> 10915 <i>Documents:</i> Security Target Guidance	<i>Title:</i> iOS 11 Contacts <i>Protection Profiles:</i> PP for Application SW

Security certifications for Apple internet services

Apple maintains certifications in compliance with the ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 27018 standards to enable Apple customers to address their regulatory and contractual obligations. These certifications provide our customers with an independent attestation over Apple's Information Security and Privacy practices for in-scope systems.

ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 27018 are part of a family of Information Security Management System (ISMS) standards published by the [International Organization for Standardization \(ISO\)](#). As part of Apple's ISMS, all Annex A control requirements have been included in the Statement of Applicability as defined within the ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 27018 standards. Apple undergoes an independent attestation by an accredited registrar on an annual basis.

ISO/IEC 27001

ISO/IEC 27001 is an Information Security Management System standard specifying requirements for establishing, implementing, maintaining, and continuously improving an organization's Information Security Management System. The ISO/IEC 27001 standard includes the following security domains covered by Apple's ISO/IEC certifications:

- Information security policies
- Organization of information security
- Asset management
- Human resources security
- Physical and environmental security
- Communications and operations management
- Access control
- Information systems acquisition, development, and maintenance
- Information security incident management
- Business continuity management
- Compliance

ISO/IEC 27018

ISO/IEC 27018 is a code of practice for the protection of personally identifiable information (PII) in public cloud environments. The ISO/IEC 27018 standard includes the following security domains covered by Apple's ISO/IEC certifications:

- Consent and choice
- Purpose legitimacy and specification
- Collection limitation
- Data minimization
- Use, retention, and disclosure limitation
- Accuracy and quality
- Openness, transparency, and notice
- Individual participation and access
- Accountability
- Information security
- Privacy compliance

Apple services covered by ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 27018

Apple's ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 27018 certifications cover the following services:

- Apple Business Chat
- Apple Business Manager
- Apple Push Notification service (APNs)
- Apple School Manager
- Claris Connect
- FaceTime
- FileMaker Cloud
- iCloud
- iMessage
- iWork services
- Managed Apple IDs
- Schoolwork
- Siri

Certifications

Evidence of Apple's ISO/IEC 27001 and 27018 certifications are available at our registrar.

To view Apple's certifications, go to the [Certificate and Client Directory search](#) on the British Standards Institution (BSI) website, enter Apple in the Company search field, click the Search button, then select the search results to view the certificates.

Note: Information about products not manufactured by Apple, or independent websites not controlled or tested by Apple, is provided without recommendation or endorsement. Apple assumes no responsibility with regard to the selection, performance, or use of third-party websites or products. Apple makes no representations regarding third-party website accuracy or reliability. [Contact the vendor](#) for additional information.

macOS Security Compliance Project

The [macOS Security Compliance Project \(mSCP\)](#) is an [open source](#) effort to provide a programmatic approach to generating security guidance. This is a joint project of federal operational IT Security staff from the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Defense Information Systems Agency (DISA), and Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL). The project uses a set of tested and validated controls for macOS and maps these controls against any security guide supported by the project. Additionally, this project can be used as a resource to easily create customized security baselines of technical security controls by leveraging a library of tested and validated atomic actions (configuration settings). The project outputs customized documentation, scripts, configuration profiles and an audit checklist based on the baseline used.

The mSCP can produce output content to be used in conjunction with management and security tools to achieve compliance. Configuration settings in this project support the following guidance baselines:

Organization	Supported baselines
National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Special Publication (SP) 800-53 , Recommended Security Controls for Federal Information Systems and Organizations, Revision 5	800-53 High , 800-53 Moderate , 800-53 Low
National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Special Publication (SP) 800-171 , Protecting Controlled Unclassified Information in Nonfederal Systems and Organizations Rev.2	800-171
Defense Information Systems Agency (DISA) macOS 11 STIG , Apple macOS 11 Security Technical Implementation Guide	STIG
Committee on National Security Systems Instruction (CNSSI) 1253, Security Categorization and Control Selection for National Security Systems	1253

Additional information:

- A baseline to review all rules in the project is available [here](#).
- To learn more about the project and usage, see the [macOS Security Compliance Project wiki](#).
- To set up the project for use, see: [Getting to Know the macOS Security Compliance Project, Part 1](#) and [Getting to Know the macOS Security Compliance Project, Part 2](#).
- If you're interested in supporting the development of the project, see the [contributor guidance](#).

Document revision history

Date	Summary
October 27, 2021	Topics updated: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Security certifications for the Secure Enclave Processor• Security certifications for iOS• Security certifications for macOS
August 17, 2021	Topics updated: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Security certifications for the Secure Enclave Processor• Security certifications for the Apple T2 Security Chip• Security certifications for iOS• Security certifications for iPadOS• Security certifications for macOS• Security certifications for tvOS• Security certifications for watchOS• Security certifications for Apple apps• Security certifications• macOS Security Compliance Project
April 26, 2021	Topic added: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• macOS Security Compliance Project Topics updated: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Security certifications for the Apple T2 Security Chip: New FIPS 140-2 certification, 3811• Security certifications for the Secure Enclave Processor: New FIPS 140-2 certification, 3811 and new table for additional certifications.• Security certifications for iOS: New FIPS 140-2 certifications, 3811, iOS 14 Scheme ID 11146 in evaluation• Security certifications for iPadOS: New FIPS 140-2 certifications, 3811, iPadOS 14 Scheme ID 11147 in evaluation• Security certifications for macOS: New FIPS 140-2 certification, 3811.• Security certifications for tvOS: New FIPS 140-2 certifications, 3811.• Security certifications for watchOS: New FIPS 140-2 certifications, 3811.• Security certifications for Apple apps: Updates to Common Criteria status, and new table for archived Common Criteria certifications.

Glossary

Apple Business Manager A simple, web-based portal for IT administrators that provides a fast, streamlined way for organizations to deploy Apple devices that they have purchased directly from Apple or from a participating Apple Authorized Reseller or carrier. They can automatically enroll devices in their mobile device management (MDM) solution without having to physically touch or prepare the devices before users get them.

Apple Push Notification service (APNs) A worldwide service provided by Apple that delivers push notifications to Apple devices.

Apple School Manager A simple, web-based portal for IT administrators that provides a fast, streamlined way for organizations to deploy Apple devices that they have purchased directly from Apple or from a participating Apple Authorized Reseller or carrier. They can automatically enroll devices in their mobile device management (MDM) solution without having to physically touch or prepare the devices before users get them.

collaborative Protection Profile (cPP) A Protection Profile developed by an international Technical Community, a group of experts charged with the creation of cPPs.

Common Criteria (CC) A standard that establishes the general concepts and principles of IT security evaluation and specifies a general model of evaluation. It includes catalogues of security requirements in a standardized language.

Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement (CCRA) A mutual recognition arrangement that establishes the policies and requirements for international recognition of certificates issued in accordance with the ISO/IEC 15408 series or Common Criteria standards.

corecrypto A library that provides implementations of low-level cryptographic primitives. Note that corecrypto does not directly provide programming interfaces for developers and is used through APIs provided to developers. The corecrypto source code is publicly available to allow for verification of its security characteristics and correct functioning.

cryptographic module The hardware, software, and/or firmware that provide cryptographic functions and meet the requirements of a stated cryptographic module standard.

Cryptographic Algorithm Validation Program (CAVP) An organization operated by NIST to provide validation testing of Approved (for example, FIPS-approved and NIST-recommended) cryptographic algorithms and their individual components.

Cryptographic Module Validation Program (CMVP) An organization operated by the U.S. and Canadian governments to validate conformance with the FIPS 140-3 standard.

Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) Publications developed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology, either when required by statute, or when there are compelling federal government requirements for cybersecurity, or both.

Full Disk Encryption (FDE) Encryption of all data on a storage volume.

Information Security Management System (ISMS) A set of information security policies and procedures governing the boundaries of a security program designed to protect a scope of information and systems by systematically managing information security throughout the information and or system's life cycle.

Implementation under Test (IUT) A cryptographic module being tested by a laboratory.

international Technical Community (ITC) A group responsible for developing Protection Profiles or collaborative Protection Profiles under the auspices of the Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement (CCRA).

IPsec VPN Client In a Protection Profile, a client that provides a secure IPsec connection between a physical or virtual host platform and a remote location.

mobile device management (MDM) A service that lets the user remotely manage enrolled devices. After a device is enrolled, the user can use the MDM service over the network to configure settings and perform other tasks on the device without user interaction.

Modules in Process (MIP) A list maintained by the Cryptographic Module Validation Program (CMVP) of cryptographic modules currently in the CMVP validation process.

National Information Assurance Partnership (NIAP) An organization of the U.S. government responsible for operating the U.S. implementation of the Common Criteria standard and managing the NIAP Common Criteria Evaluation and Validation Scheme (CCEVS).

National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) A part of the U.S. Department of Commerce responsible for advancing measurement science, standards, and technology.

Protection Profile (PP) A document specifying the security problem and the security requirements for a particular class of products.

Secure Element (SE) A silicon chip embedded in many Apple devices that supports functions such as Apple Pay.

Secure Enclave Processor (SEP) A coprocessor fabricated within a system on chip (SoC).

Security Level (SL) The four overall security levels (1–4) that are defined within ISO/IEC 19790 to describe sets of applicable security requirements. Level 4 is the most stringent.

Security Target (ST) A document that specifies the security problem and security requirements for a particular product.

sepOS The Secure Enclave firmware, based on an Apple-customized version of the L4 microkernel.

Senior Officials Group Information Systems Security (SOG-IS) A group that manages a mutual recognition agreement between several European nations.

Statement of Applicability (SOA) A document that describes the security controls implemented in the scope of an ISMS, produced in support of an ISO/IEC 27001 certification.

system on chip (SoC) An integrated circuit (IC) that incorporates multiple components into a single chip.

T2 An Apple security chip included in some Intel-based Mac computers since 2017.

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